Tarrant County Public Health Division of Epidemiology and Health Information

Tarrant County Influenza Surveillance Weekly Report CDC Week 27: July 03—July 09, 2022

Influenza Activity Code: County and State Levels

Tarrant County: Week 27

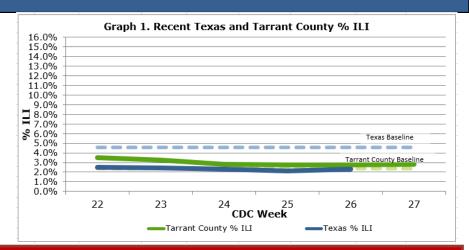
Sporadic

Tarrant County: Week 26

Sporadic

Texas: Week 26

Minimal

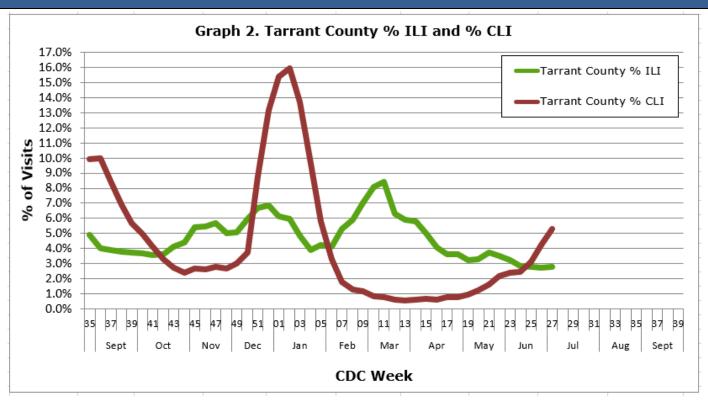


NOTE: The COVID-19 outbreak unfolding in the United States may affect healthcare seeking behavior which in turn would impact ILI data.

Respiratory Virus Activity Summary

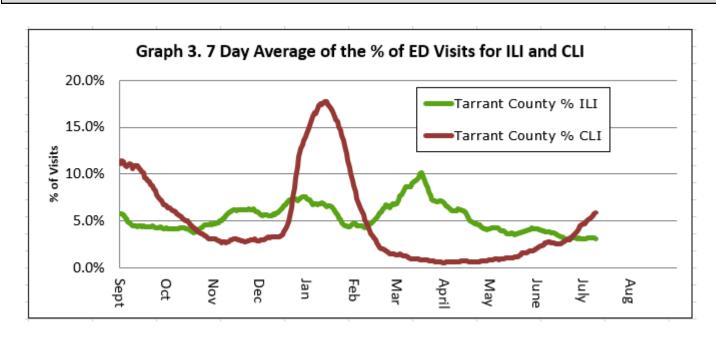
- The percentage of reported influenza-like illness (ILI) in Tarrant County remained at 2.8% in week 26 and week 27 and is currently above the 2021-2022 Tarrant County baseline (2.4%).
- Due to school closures for summer break, no absenteeism information is available for week 27.
- The percentage of flu test positives in Tarrant County increased from 0.4% in Week 26 to 0.9% in Week 27.
- Based on data from the Electronic Surveillance System for the Early Notification of Community -based Epidemics, the percentage of patients hospitalized following ER visits who were diagnosed with influenza was 0.2% in week 27.
- During the 2021-2022 influenza season, as of Week 27, 0 Tarrant County influenza-associated pediatric deaths have been reported. As of Week 26 0 influenza-associated pediatric deaths have been reported in Texas, with a total of 32 reported in the United States for 2021-2022.
- During the 2021-2022 influenza season, 0 influenza outbreaks have been reported in Tarrant County within institutions in Tarrant County.
- Since last report, 23 surveillance specimens were tested. Cumulatively this season, the North Texas Regional Laboratory at Tarrant County Public Health has tested 805 surveillance specimens and of these, 260 have been positive for influenza and 122 have been positive for SARS-CoV-2.
- In Texas during Week 26 the proportion of outpatient visits for ILI, 2.3%, was below the state baseline of 4.6%.
- Nationally during Week 26, 1.4% of specimens tested and reported to the CDC were positive for influenza. The proportion of outpatient visits for ILI (1.7%) was below the national baseline (2.5%). The proportion of deaths in Week 27 attributed to pneumonia, influenza, and COVID-19 from the National Center for Health Statistics (8.8%) was above the epidemic threshold (5.8%).

Influenza Like Illness (ILI) and COVID-19 Like Illness (CLI)

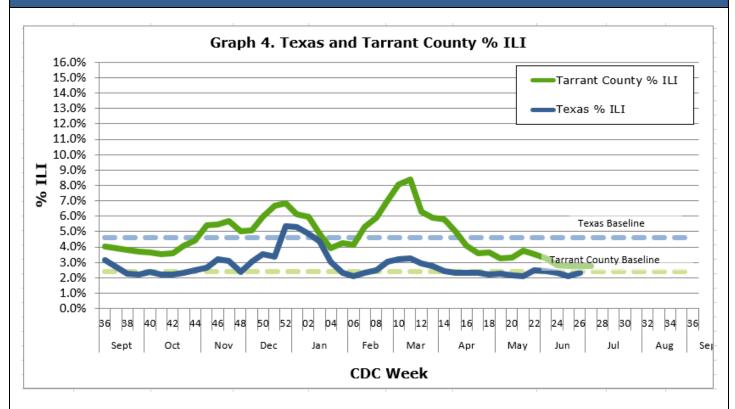


COVID-19-like illness is defined as visits with a mention of Fever AND (Cough OR Shortness of Breath OR Difficulty Breathing) AND NOT (Influenza Diagnosis). These counts do not reflect confirmed diagnosis of COVID-19.

NOTE: Tarrant County ILI and CLI activity are assessed using information available from the Electronic Surveillance System for the Early Notification of Community-based Epidemics (ESSENCE). ILI and CLI visits are determined by identifying key terms and codes within the chief complaint field (i.e. the patients stated reason for visit), and diagnosis code field (i.e. ICD-9-CM and ICD-10-CM codes).

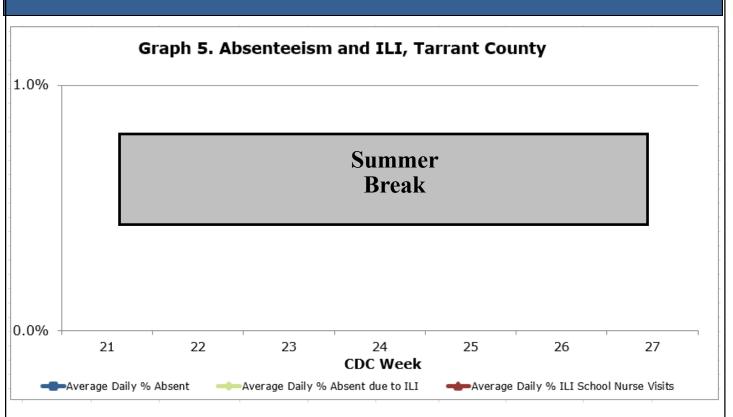






In Week 26, 2.8% of visits to health care providers were due to ILI. ILI levels are currently above the county established baseline of 2.4% and are higher than the state of Texas levels from the week prior.





Due to school closures for summer break, no absenteeism information is available for week 27.

Table 1. Influenza Test Results, Tarrant County

| CDC Week Number | 25 | 26 | 27 |
|-------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| # Influenza Tests Performed | 2089 | 1385 | 1783 |
| % Influenza Positive | 1.5% | 0.4% | 0.9% |
| # Influenza A Positive | 21 | 4 | 7 |
| % Influenza A Positive | 65.6% | 66.7% | 43.8% |
| # Influenza B Positive | 11 | 2 | 9 |
| % Influenza B Positive | 34.4% | 33.3% | 56.3% |
| # Non-differentiated Positive | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| % Non-differentiated Positive | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |

NOTE: Tarrant County influenza test results are reported weekly by influenza surveillance participants. For CDC Week 27, rapid influenza test results were reported by 08 hospitals.

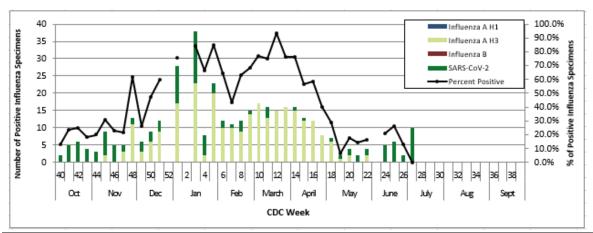
Influenza and SARS-CoV-2 Test Results

Table 2. North Texas Regional Laboratory: Respiratory Virus Results¹

| | Current Week | 2021-2022 Season |
|---|--------------|------------------|
| Number of Specimens Tested | 23 | 805 |
| Positive Specimens | 10 (43.5%) | 382 (47.5%) |
| Influenza A | 0 (0.0%) | 260 (68.1%) |
| Influenza A H1 | 0 (0.0%) | 0 (0.0%) |
| Influenza A H3 | 0 (0.0%) | 258 (99.2%) |
| Influenza A, Inconclusive subtype | 0 (0.0%) | 2 (0.8%) |
| Influenza A, Unsubtypeable ² | 0 (0.0%) | 0 (0.0%) |
| Influenza B | 0 (0.0%) | 0 (0.0%) |
| Influenza B Yamagata ³ | - | - |
| Influenza B Victoria ³ | - | - |
| Influenza B, Inconclusive | - | - |
| SARS-CoV-2 ⁴ | 10 (100.0%) | 122 (31.9%) |
| Inconclusive ⁵ | 0 | 0 |

Laboratory results based on real-time PCR analysis; information is for the 2020-2021 season. Influenza A subtype not determined; further analysis pending

Graph 6. North Texas Regional Laboratory: Influenza and SARS-CoV-2 Virus Results¹



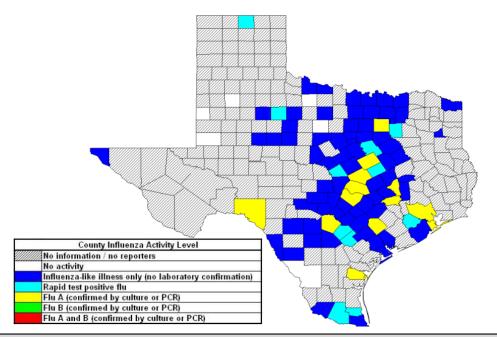
| | Current Week | 2021-2022 Season |
|-----------------------------|--------------|------------------|
| Number of Specimens Tested | 19 | 630 |
| Positive Specimens | 11 (57.8%) | 442 (70.1%) |
| Influenza A | 0 (0.0%) | 204 (46.1%) |
| Influenza B | 0 (0.0%) | 0 (0.0%) |
| SARS-COV-2 | 7 (36.8%) | 70 (15.8%) |
| Respiratory Syncytial Virus | 1 (5.2%) | 30 (6.7%) |
| Adenovirus | 0 (0.0%) | 18 (4.1%) |
| Human Metapneumovirus | 0 (0.0%) | 21 (4.75%) |
| Parainfluenza-1 | 0 (0.0%) | 0 (0.0%) |
| Parainfluenza-2 | 0 (0.0%) | 3 (0.67%) |
| Parainfluenza-3 | 0 (0.0%) | 17 (3.84%) |
| Rhinovirus | 3 (15.7%) | 94 (20.5%) |
| Inconclusive ⁴ | 0 (0.0%) | 1 (0.2%) |

NOTE: Percentages do not add up to 100% due to co-infections. 48 specimens tested positive with a co-infection: Parainfluenza-3/ RSV (1), Rhinovirus/RSV (5), Rhinovirus/Human Metallis, 40 spectinis tested positive with a co-infection: Paramitlenza-s/ RSV (1), Rhinovirus/RSV (5), Rhinovirus/Human Metapneumovirus (4), SARS-CoV-2/Ahinovirus (2), Parainfluenza-3/Rhinovirus (4), Adenovirus (2), Human Metapneumovirus/Adenovirus (1), SARS-CoV-2/Rhinovirus (2), Parainfluenza-3/Rhinovirus (4), Influenza A/H3/Rhinovirus (12), Adenovirus/Rhinovirus/Human Metapneumovirus (1), SARS-CoV-2/Influenza A/H3 (9), SARS-CoV-2/Adenovirus/Rhinovirus (2), Influenza A/H3/Adenovirus (3), Influenza A/H3/RSV/Rhinovirus (1), Influenza A/ H3/Parainfluenza-3 (1), SARS-COV-2/RSV (1)

³ Influenza B genotyping is only included in current week column if genotyping occurred in the same week as original PCR testing.
⁴ Specimens that contain influenza co-infections with SARS-CoV-2 are not included in the SARS-CoV-2 positive specimen count
⁵Inconclusive for influenza A and influenza B; not included in positive specimens count.

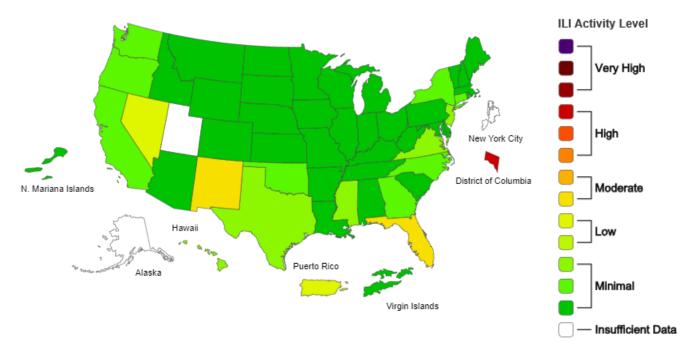
Texas and National Influenza and ILI Activity

Map 1: Texas County Specific Influenza Activity, CDC Week 26



Influenza activity level corresponds to current MMWR week only and does not reflect previous weeks' activity. The majority of influenza cases are not reportable by law to the Texas Department of State Health Services. This map contains data from sentinel sites and does not represent all influenza cases in the state. Positive laboratory results are reported according to specimen collection date or date received in the lab if the former is unknown. https://www.dshs.texas.gov/IDCU/disease/influenza/surveillance/2020-2021.aspx

Map 2: ILINet Activity Indicator Map, CDC Week 26



Data collected in ILINet are used to produce a measure of ILI activity by state. Activity levels are based on the percent of outpatient visits in a state due to ILI and are compared to the average percent of ILI visits that occur during spring and fall weeks with little or no influenza virus circulation. This map uses the proportion of outpatient visits to health care providers for influenzalike illness to measure the ILI activity level within a state. It does not, however, measure the extent of geographic spread of flu within a state. Therefore, outbreaks occurring in a single city could cause the state to display high activity levels. Data collected in ILINet may disproportionately represent certain populations within a state, and therefore, may not accurately depict the full picture of influenza activity for the whole state. http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/

The Tarrant County Influenza
Surveillance Weekly Report is
available on the Tarrant County Public
Health web site at:

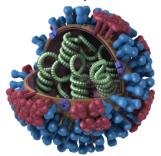
flu.tarrantcounty.com

If you have questions or comments regarding influenza surveillance, please contact:

Nuri Hamby, MPH
Influenza Surveillance Specialist
NJHamby@tarrantcounty.com

Tarrant County Public Health Influenza Surveillance Epidemiology and Health Information

1101 South Main Street, Suite 2200 Fort Worth, TX 76104



Veerinder (Vinny) Taneja, MBBS; MPH *Director, Tarrant County Public Health*

NOTE:

Influenza-like Illness (ILI) is defined as fever (temperature $\geq 100^{\circ}$ F) plus a cough OR a sore throat, in the absence of a known cause other than influenza.

Tarrant County reporting quadrants consist of Northwest, Northeast, Southwest and Southeast regions within the boundaries of Interstate 35 and Interstate 30.

Tarrant County ILI baselines were determined using a similar method as the Centers for Disease Control Prevention Regional ILI baselines and Texas Department of State Health Services Texas baseline. Regional ILI baselines are determined by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and can be accessed at http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/overview.htm

Additional information regarding Tarrant County, Texas and national ILI activity can be accessed at

flu.tarrantcounty.com

https://www.dshs.texas.gov/IDCU/disease/influenza/surveillance/2021-2022.aspx

http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/

Russ Jones, MPH
Division Manager & Chief Epidemiologist
Epidemiology and Health Information
Tarrant County Public Health

Main Epidemiology Division Number: (817) 321-5350 Disease Reporting Fax Number: (817) 850-2366