TARRANT COUNTY PUBLIC HEALTH DATA BRIEF



SUDDEN UNEXPECTED INFANT DEATH (SUID) IN TARRANT COUNTY

- **Sudden unexpected infant death** (SUID) is a category of deaths occurring among infants less than 1 year of age and **includes three causes of death**:
 - Accidental suffocation and strangulation in bed (ASSB)
 - Sudden infant death syndrome (SIDS)
 - Other ill-defined and unspecified causes (unknown)
- For the five years from 2016 to 2020, there were 125 SUID deaths in Tarrant County
- Using the SUID category is customary for surveillance as it allows for consistent monitoring of mortality trends and comparisons across jurisdictions as *reporting practices may vary*
 - Figure 4 shows the differences between overall SUID rates among selected Texas counties
 - Figure 5 shows the variation in the specific causes of death among SUID cases in these counties

The SUID rate among non-Hispanic black infants (1.91) was significantly higher than Hispanic and non-Hispanic white infants (0.70 and 0.67) for 2016-2020



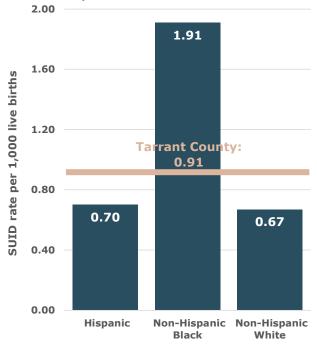
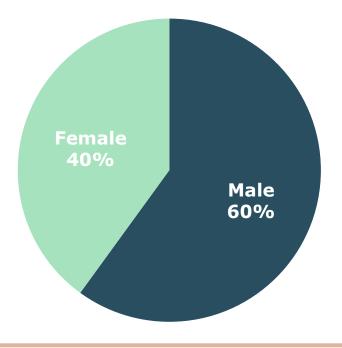
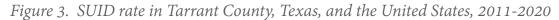


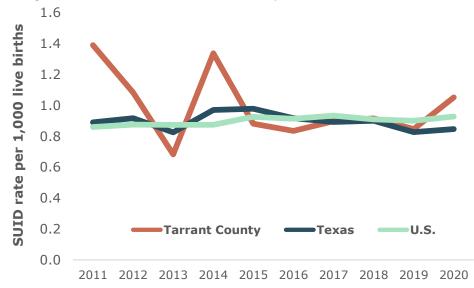
Figure 2. Proportion of Tarrant County SUID cases by gender, 2016-2020



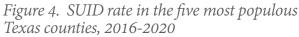
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In 2020 Tarrant County had 1.05 SUID cases per 1,000 live births, which was higher than Texas (0.85) and the U.S. (0.93)



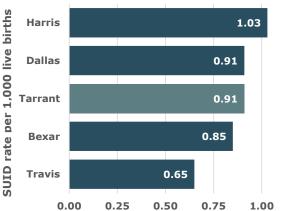
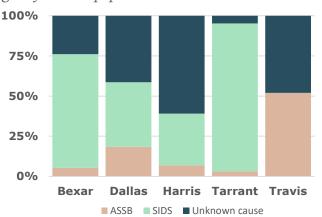


Figure 5. Proportion of SUID cases by cause of death among the five most populous Texas counties, 2016-2020



Harris, Dallas, Tarrant, and Bexar counties had *similar SUID rates* in 2016-2020, yet the *specific causes of death* among these SUID cases *varies between these counties*. While some variation is expected, the degree of variation appears to support the theory that *practices in classifying these cases differ between providers and communities*. This is why we use the SUID category to describe and compare our community to others rather than a specific cause of death.

1.25

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Percent of SUID deaths b specific cause of death

American Academy of Pediatrics recommendations to reduce the risk of SIDS and other sleep-related infant deaths

- Babies should be put on their backs to sleep
- Use a *firm, flat, noninclined sleep surface* with only tight fitted sheets
- Keep soft objects and loose bedding out of crib
- Babies should sleep in their parents' room, but not in their parents' bed
- Breastfeed as much and as long as possible
- Consider offering a pacifier at nap time and bedtime
- Keep baby *away from smoke or nicotine exposure* during pregnancy and after birth
- Avoid overheating and head covering in infants
- Pregnant women should obtain regular prenatal care and infants should attend all well-child visits

Cook Children's and Safe Baby Sleep Council [https://cookchildrens.org/health-resources/safety/Pages/safe-infant-sleep.aspx]

Data sources: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, American Academy of Pediatrics Data Brief provided by: Division of Epidemiology and Health Information