

"Climbing the Family Tree"

Indexed

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1963

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# Climbing The Family Tree

January 6, 1963  
—Genealogy: Questions And Answers—  
by Hugh S. Watson, Jr.

SUNDAY, 6 JANUARY 1963

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

We Have Heard Of "The Field Of The Cloth Of Gold," 1520 A.D. All Of Our Lives And We Have Some Virginia Families Which Descend From Those Who Attended. Since we have a record of one of the ancestors attending this colorful event and coming from one of the barons who signed the Magna Charta in 1215 A.D. we shall give the lineage. Strange to also is the fact that the North and the South in America were joined in marriage as shown in this lineage. The noted Harrison family of "Berkeley" on-the-James in Charles City County, Virginia comes from these named ancestors.

We shall begin with the Baron de Quincy a signer of the Charta:

1. Saier de Quincy, Magna Charta Surety, 1215 A.D., was born 1155, died in the Holy Land (being a Crusader to that land), 2 Nov. 1219, 1st Earl of Winchester, 1207-1219, crusader, 1219; married before 1173, Margaret de Beaumont, died 12 Jan. 1235-6, a descendant of Isabel de Vermandois, Hugh Magnus of France, Leader of the First Crusade, 1096, and of Charlemagne; they had,

2. Roger de Quincy, died 24 April 1264, 2nd Earl of Winchester, Constable of Scotland; married Helen of Galloway, daughter of Alan of Galloway, Named in the Magna Charta, 1215; they had,

3. Margaret de Quincy, died abt. 12 March 1280-1281; married ca. 1238, William de Ferrers, buried 31 May 1254, Earl of Derby; they had,

4. Joan Ferrers, died 19 March 1309-10; married 1287, Sir Thomas de Berkeley, died 23 July 1321, son of Maurice de Berkeley, born 1218, died 1281, and Isabel, dau. of Richard Fitz Roy, bastard son of King John of England; they had,

5. Sir Maurice de Berkeley, born 1281, died May 1326, Lord Berkeley of Berkeley Castle; married (1st) 1289, neither be-

is your name  
*Marchand?*



THE NAME MARCHAND OR MARCAND COMES FROM OLD FRANCE AND MEANS "A TRADESMAN OR MERCHANT."

ing over eight years of age, Eva La Zouche (Such early marriages were arranged by parents during that period — Editor); they had,

6. Milicent de Berkeley (also called Ella), died after 1322; married (1st) John Maltravers, born ca. 1290, died 1364, Lord Maltravers, Knight, 22 May 1306, son of Sir John de Maltravers (or Mautravers) and Eleanor de Gorges; they had,

7. Sir John Maltravers, died 22 January 1348-9; married Gwentlin, died 1375; they had,

8. Eleanor Maltravers, born 1345, died 1405; married Sir John Fitz Alan; they had,

9. Joan Fitz Alan, of Arundel, died 1407; married (1st) Sir William de Brien; married (2nd) ca. 1401, Sir William de Echyngham, of Echyngham, County Suffolk, England, died 1412; they had,

10. Sir Thomas de Echyngham, of Echyngham, died 1444; married a dau. of Knyvet of County Norfolk; they had,

11. Sir Thomas de Echyngham, of Echyngham, died 1482; married Margaret West, daughter of Sir Reynold de West; they had,

12. Margaret de Echyngham, died 1481; married Sir William Blount, died 14 April 1471, Knight of the Shire of Derby, 1467, son of Sir Walter Blount, Knight of the Garter, Baron Mountjoy, Treasurer of England, and Ellen, daughter of Sir John Byron of Clayton; this couple had,

13. Elizabeth Blount, married Sir Andrews Windson, Knight of the Bath, died 20 March 1543, Baron of Stanwell, County Middlesex, Member of Parliament; attend the "Field of the Cloth of Gold," 1520 A.D.; they had,

14. Edith Windson, married George Ludlow, Esq., his will proved 4 February 1580-1, of Hill Deverell, Wiltshire, Sheriff of Wiltshire, 1567, son of William and Jane (Moore) Ludlow; they had,

15. Thomas Ludlow, of Maiden

ARMS: Gules, a lion rampant argent, within a bordure engrailed of the second.

CREST: An anchor in pale or. MOTTO: "Anchor fast anchor."

This Gray family coat-of-arms has been used by the New England family of the name and they descend from Robert Gray, who was born about

1634 and died 1718, being from England and settling after 1658 in Andover, Mass. by 1659. This Robert Gray married in 1669, Hannah Holt; they had,

Robert Gray, who was dead by the year 1718, who had married Miriam Lovejoy; they had,

Robert Gray, who was born 1706 and died in 1767, who had married Lydia Peabody; they had,

Robert Gray, who was born in 1729, and died in 1806; he



Gray

they had,

Dr. Peter Tufts Gray, born 1790 and died 1839, who settled as a physician in the town of Jefferson, Maine. He married Elizabeth Kennedy; they had,

Oliver Crosby Gray, LL.D., who was born 1831 and died 1906 becoming during his lifetime a professor at the University of Arkansas; he married in 1858, Virginia Lafayette Davis.

married the widow Abigail Chandler; they had,

Reverend Robert Gray, who was born in 1761 and died 1822. He attended Harvard and received his A. B. degree in 1786 and thereafter was a Congregational Minister, though he became a soldier during the Revolutionary War. He married Lydia Tufts;

is your name  
*Pettiford?*



ORIGINALLY AN ENGLISH NICKNAME, PETTIFORD MEANT "THE IRON-FOOTED PERSON."

Bradley, Dinton, and Baycliffe, Wiltshire, buried at Dinton, 25 November 1607, his will proved June 1608; married Jane Pyle, daughter of Thomas Pyle; they had,

16. Deputy-Governor Roger Ludlow, baptised at Dinton, 7 March 1590, died Dublin, Ireland, 1666; attended Balliol College, 1610; came to New England in America, 1630, Deputy-Governor of Massachusetts, 1634, and of Connecticut, 1639, 1642, and 1648; married Mary Cogan; they had,

17. Sarah Ludlow, born Fairfield, Connecticut, 1639; married 1656, the Reverend Nathaniel Brewster of Brookhaven, Long Island, New York;

16. Gabriel Ludlow, Esq. (brother of Roger), lawyer, ca. 1637, died ca. 1639; married Phyllis;

17. Sarah Ludlow, died Lancaster County, Virginia, ca. 1668; married Colonel John Carter, of "Corotoman," Lancaster County, Virginia; member of the Governor's Council; they had,

18. Colonel Robert Carter, of "Corotoman," born ca. 1663, died 1732, Speaker, Councillor, and Acting Governor of Virginia; married ca. 1688, Judith, GAL. 2 — FAMILY TREE .. list daughter of Colonel John Armistead; they had,

19. Anne Carter, married 1722, Benjamin Harrison, of "Berkeley," on-the-James, Charles City County, Virginia, member of the House of Burgesses, died 1744-5. (Ancestors of General William Harrison and General Benjamin Harrison, Presidents of the United States.)

(Editor's Note: The above

is your name  
*Oberman?*



OBERMAN, A GERMAN NAME, MEANS "ONE WHO ACTED AS FOREMAN OR SUPERVISOR."

generation numbers were shown in order to show the connection between brothers from Nos. 17 through No. 19. The duplication of Nos. 16 and 17, but with different given names only gives more data on the family as under Roger and Gabriel

Ludlow one can see were brothers; the two Sarah Ludlow girls under No. 17 were 1st cousins and these were given to clarify the name of Sarah and who was married to whom. — Editor).

(Reference for the above: "The Magna Charta Sureties, 1215," by Arthur Adams and Frederick Lewis Weis, pages 60, 72, and 73, published in Boston, Mass. 1955).

**HUNNICUTT FAMILY**  
HUNNICUTT FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA. This continues from the previous issue and this is the 27th issue of the series. We shall also continue with the will of Margaret Hunnicutt, widow of the deceased Augustine (2) Hunnicutt, his will having been dated 10 March 1708-9 and proved 2 May 1710 in Surry Co., Va. as given in previous issues; he named wife Margaret, daughters Katherine and Ann and son Augustine (3) Hunnicutt as legatees.

ENTRY NO. 17. Will of Margaret Hunnicutt, recorded in Surry Co., Va. Will Book 1715-1739, page 132 on July 16, 1718; the will was dated 23 August, 1717 as is given in full as follows:

"In the name of God, Amen, The last Will and Testament of Margaret Hunnicutt of Lawnes Creek Parish in Surry County (Va.), being sick and weak in

body but of perfect and sound disposing memory, do ordain this my last will and Testament. In premise, I bequeath my soul to God, hoping me the merits of Jesus Christ to have everlasting salvation. Item, my body to the earth to be decently buried to the discretion of my Executors as shall hereafter be named as for what worldly goods God hath bestowed upon me, my debts and funeral charges being paid, I bestow and give as followeth. I give to my daughter Elizabeth, the wife of Edward Rowell, one feather bed and bolster, rugg, blankets, sheats and curtains and valliants now standing in my outward room and to her son Richard Rowell, one yearling heifer."

"I give to my daughter, Mary, wife of Bray Hargrove, one cow and two pewter dishes. I give to Margaret Hargrove one ewe."

"I give to my daughter, Katherine, the wife of Charles Pitt, one cow and to her daughter Anne, one yearling heifer."

"I give to my daughter, Anne, wife of Augustine Berryman, three female cattle upwards of two years old, and one feather bed and furniture belonging to it ant two ewes and one ram and six chairs and one table with drawer in it and one warming pan and a spitt and one pewter tankard, one brass candle stick, one brass kettle, preety large, and one skillet of about a gallon and one small and two iron potts, the biggest and the lease with pott hooks and one pott rack and four pewter basons, one dozen plates, and three poringers, one brass

is your name  
*Maloney?*



MALONEY, AN IRISH NAME, MEANS "GRAND-SON OF MAOLDOMHNAIGH, ONE DEVOTED TO SLINDY OR TO THE CHURCH."

## Rules Of Genealogical Feature

1. Send all letters to Daily Press, Newport News, Va.: name and address of sender must be given.
2. Questions and answers must be clearly slated on large size paper 8 1/2 by 11 inches, written double-spaced in ink or typed on one side of paper only; postal cards and small paper not acceptable; 3 question only.
3. Answers will be through the column only. Correspondents making reply must give answers using data pertinent and brief.
4. Answers will be published from other readers as research by editor is too time-consuming; however, the editor will assist when possible. This feature is a clearing house for readers. The editor reserves the right to retain and edit questions and number of questions and date that question appeared. If answers are to be forwarded, must be accompanied by plain stamped envelope, not stamps only.

is your name  
*Olivier?*



OLIVIER, A NAME OF FRENCH ORIGIN, MEANS "ONE WHO OWNED AN OLIVE GROVE."

is your name  
*Marino?*



MARINO, A NAME OF ITALIAN ORIGIN, MEANS "THE DESCENDANT OF MARINUS (OF THE SEA)."



ladle and two painted cups and one pye plate, one salt seller and all my earthen ware and two stonejuggs, a pair of bellows, a pair of tongues, a flesh fork, a grid iron, a spice mortar and pestle, and one large chest and one sacyr (?) and one box iron and heaters, one dozen of spoons, one meal sifter, a pole, a piggon, a powdering tub, a washingtubb, and best gound (gown) and prticoat."

"I give to Martha, the daughter of my son, Augustine (3) Hunnicutt, six plates, a brass candlestick and a wrought tankard."

"Item. I give to my daughter Anne, the wife of Augustine Berryman, one good pewter dish and two old pewter dishes, one chafein dish and one looking glass, one hour glass, one pewter bottle and one lanthorn (lantern)."

"My wearing clothes I give to be equally divided between my four daughters as they shall think fit and convenient."

"I give to Anne, the wife of Augustine (3) Hunnicutt, one brass kettle about three gallons and a pair of sheats and to her daughter, Martha, one ring with stone in it; the remainder of my estate not here given, my debts paid, I give to my son Augustine (3) Hunnicutt and appoint my son Augustine (3)

is your name  
*Nagy?*



*NAGY, A NAME OF HUNGARIAN ORIGIN, MEANS "THE BIG MAN."*

*W. J. BENT*

Hunnicutt my hole and sole executor of this my last will and testament as witness my hand and seal this twenty-third (23rd) day of August, one thousand seven hundred and seventeen (1717). Signed, Margaret (her mark) Hunnicutt."

"Signed and sealed and declared in the presence of Robert Berryman, Thomas Waller."

"At a court held at Southwarke, for the County of Surry, July 16, 1718, the above mentioned will of Margaret Hunnicutt, deceased, was presented in Court by Augustine (3) Hunnicutt, Exor. thereof who made oath thereto and being proved by the oaths of Thomas Waller and Robert Berryman, witness thereto the same was ordered to be recorded by, Jno. Allen, Clerk of Court."

19 August, 1718, Surry Co., Va. Book 1715-1730, pages 144 and 145, Inventory of the estate of Margaret Hunnicutt, returned by Augustine A (his mark) Hunnicutt.

(We note that the children of Augustine (2) Hunnicutt were named in his will as being Katherine, Ann and Augustine (3) Hunnicutt; however, we note that the wife, Margaret, of Augustine (2) Hunnicutt named more children, they being: Elizabeth, wife of Edward Rowell; Mary, wife of Bray Hargrove; as well as, Katherine, wife of Charles Pitt; Anne, wife of Augustine Berry-

man; and Augustine (3) Hunnicutt. This would indicate only one thing and that is to state, she, Margaret, the widow of Augustine (2) Hunnicutt had been married previously and had Elizabeth, wife of Edward Rowell and Mary, the wife of Bray Hargrove (this name eventually became Hargrave); the name of the 1st husband of Margaret Hunnicutt may be found in the records, but to this date this editor has not found same. There may be another deduction, however, not a strong proof, but since the daughters of Margaret named Elizabeth and Mary may have

been very successfully married and taken care of in other personal gifts at a previous time, the names of would not have been given in the will of Augustine (2) Hunnicutt; this does not seem likely. — Editor).

ENTRY NO. 13. — Year 1718, October 6, Surry Co., Va. Book 1715-1730, page 173 — Inventory of Estate of William Hunnicutt: at the Mussack (cows, steers, etc.); at the Three Creeks (heifers, cows, calves, bull, shoats, sow, piggs, etc.); returned by William Thompson, John Deberry, James Nicholson. Signed Elizabeth "(her mark) Hunnicutt. (Note: This William

Hunnicutt was evidently born 1676-1677, since he was a Tithable with John Hunnicutt in the year 1690; and John Hunnicutt was surely his father. — Editor).

This Hunnicutt family data to be continued in next issue as 28th of the series.

## Feature Abbreviation Key

Each question is numbered; question numbers suffixed with (a), (b) or (c) indicate more than one question, such as, A102 (c); answers appearing generally in future issues carry the number of the questions; a number in parenthesis between a given name and surname, such as, "Col. Wm. (4) Allen," indicates the 4th generation in America; a given name in parenthesis with thereafter, such as, (Thoms-3, Wm-2, Samuel-1), show names of 1st, 2nd and 3rd generations in America and same with letter, such as (Thomas-A, Samuel-B.) show generations back in a foreign country; a lady's name with name in parenthesis, such as Martha (Thompson) Warren, indicates Thompson was maiden name; initials at end of question are those of sender and brief address. ABBREVIATIONS: anc.—ancestry or ancestor; dec'd.—deceased; b.—born; d.—died; ca.—approximate date; abt.—about; betw.—between; fa.—father; dau.—daughter; child.—children; m.—married; mar.—married; m.—(1st)married 1st, etc.; gr-gr son—great-great-grandson, etc.

is your name  
*Mauzet?*



*A NAME OF GERMAN ORIGIN, MAUZET MEANS "ONE WHO BUILDS WITH STONE ... A MASON."*

*W. J. BENT*



SUNDAY, 13 JANUARY 1963

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

WE SHALL ALSO SHOW THAT THERE WERE PASSENGERS OF THE SHIP "MAYFLOWER" WHO WERE OF ROYAL DESCENT, SUCH AS MILES STANDISH, WHO CAME TO THE MASSACHUSETTS COLONY IN NEW ENGLAND IN THE YEAR 1620.

We shall give his lineage back to the Barons, Lords and Nobles named in the Magna Charta, 1215 A.D., as follows:

1. William D'Aubigny, named in the Magna Charta, 1215 A.D., died March 1220-1, was a Crusader, was Earl of Arundel; married Mabel of Chester, daughter of Hugh, Earl of Chester. Both William and Mabel are descendants of Charlemagne; they had,

2. Cicely D'Aubigne, married Roger de Mohaut, died 18 June 1260, the 2nd son of Eustace de Arden, Baron of Hawarden, hereditary seneschal of the County of Chester; they had,

3. Leuca de Mohaut, married Philip de Orreby, born ca. 1190, died ca. 1230, son of Sir Philip de Orreby, Knight, Justicar of Chester, and Amma de Coventre; they had,

4. Agnes de Orreby, only daughter, who married Sir Walkelin de Arderne, Knight, died ca. 1265, Justicar of Chester; they had,

5. Sir John de Arderne, name of wife unknown; they had,

6. Matilda de Arderne, who married John de Legh of Booths, County Chester, died 1324-25, son of John de Legh and Ellen de Corona; they had,

7. John de Legh, of Booths, living 1327-1377, who married ca. 1337, Elizabeth de Sandback, only daughter of Richard de Sandback; they had,

8. Matilda de Legh, only daughter and heir, who married Sir Richard Radcliffe of Ordsall, bailiff of Rochdale, drowned at Rossendale, 19 July 1380, son of Sir John and Joan (de Holand) Radcliffe. Sir Richard Radcliffe died possessed of the manors of Ordsall, Hope, and Shoresworth, part of Flexton, and lands in Salford and Tothholes; they had,

9. Sir John de Radcliffe, Knight, of Ordsall, born Ordsall in the year 1356, and died 8 August 1422, lord of the manor of Ordsall, 1380-1422; he married in 1375, Margaret de Trafford, died August 1434, dau. of Sir Henry de Trafford; they had,

10. Sir John de Radcliffe, Knight, of Ordsall, born at Ordsall manor, 1377, died Hope manor, 26 July 1442, lord of the manors of Ordsall and Hope, 1434-1442; married ca. 13 March 1396, Clemency, dau. of Hugh Standish of Duxbury and Alice Standish of Standish.

(Reference for the Standish lineage above and connections was taken from "The Magna Charta Sureties," pages 108 and 109 by Adams and Weis, published 1955).

Now we shall show how the Standish lineage directly connects with this of the royal descent: (listed in generation by number from the first of the line as No. 1 begins with Cerdic, King of the West Saxons year of 515-534, being a Saxon earldorman who founded a settlement on the coast of Hampshire, England in 495, assumed the title of King of the West Saxons in 519, and becoming the ancestor of the English royal line) —

19. Aethelred II, the Redeless, King England, 979-1016 A.D.; married 1st, the year 985, Alfflaed, dau. of Thored; they had,

20. Alfgifu (Elgiva), who married (3rd) Uchtred, Earl of Northumberland, murdered 1016 A.D., son of Siward, Earl of Northumberland; they had,

21. Ealdgth (Edith), who married Maldred, slain in battle, 1045 A.D., Lord of Carlisle and Allerdale (and half-brother of Duncan, King of Scots, 1034-1040 A.D.O., son of Crinan the Thane and Bethoc, dau. of Malcolm II, King of Scots; this couple had,

22. Gospatric I, born ca. 1040, died 1074-5, Earl of Northumber-

land, 1067-1072, 1st Earl of Dunbar, 1072-1075, Lord of Carlisle and Allerdale, visited Rome, 1061 1061 A.D.; married a sister of Edmund; they had,

23. Gunnilca, married Orm, son of Ketel, Baron Kendal; held the manor of Seaton, also the towns of Camberton, Graysother and Flemingsby; they had,

24. Gospatric, died 1179, of High Ireby, Lord of Workington in Coupland; exchanged his lands with his cousin, William I de Lancaster (son of Gilbert, 4th Baron Kendal, son of Ketel, Baron Kendal, son of Eldred, Baron Kendal) for lands of William de Lancaster at Workington in Coupland; they had,

25. Thomas, died Dec. 7, 1152, Lord of Workington in Coupland; married Grace; they had,

26. Ada, who married (1st) William le Fleming, born ca. 1150, died 1203, of Aldingham, son of Michael le Fleming II, died 1186, and Christian de Stainton, dau. of Gilbert, Lord of Stainton in Kendal, and probably son of William I de Lancaster; she married (2nd) William le Boteler, Lord of Warrington; they had,

27. Sir Michael le Fleming III, born 1197, who married Agatha, dau. of Henry Fitz Hervey, Lord Ravensworth; they had,

28. William de Fleming of Aldingha (wife's name not given); they had,

29. Eleanor (Alicia) le Fleming, Lady of Aldingham, who married Sir Richard Cansfield, Knt., Lord of Cansefield and Farleton, County Lancaster; they had,

30. Agnes, Lady of Aldingham, died 1293; married Sir Robert de Haverington, County Cumberland; they had,

31. Sir John de Harington, Knt., born 1281, died July 2, 1347, of Aldingham, Cancefield and Farleton, knighted May 22, 1306, Baron and Member of Parliament, 1326-1347; married Joan (probably Joan Dacre); they had,

32. Sir John Harington, died 1359, of Farleton, Melling Parish, co. Lancaster (younger brother of Sir Robert de Harington, Knt.); married Katherine Banastre, dau. of Sir Adam Banastre, Knt.; they had,

33. Sir Nicholas Harington of Farleton, born 1345, living 1397; married Isabel English, dau. of Sir William English, of County Cumberland; they had,

34. Sir James Harington, Knt., of Blackrod, Justice of the Peace and soldier at Agincourt, 1415; married Ellen Urswick, dau. of Thomas Urswick of Urswick Esq.; they had,

35. Sir Richard Harington, of Blackrod and Westleigh, died 1466-7; married Elizabeth Bradshagh (or Bradshaw), born 1402, of Blackrod in Westleigh, dau. of Sir William Bradshagh, died

1415, and granddaughter of the heiress of Sir John de Verdon, Knt., in 1437; they had,

36. Sir William Harington, died Aug. 12, 1488; married 1442, Elizabeth Pilkington, dau. of Edmund Pilkington and Elizabeth Booth, dau. of Sir Thomas Booth, Knt.; they had,

37. Sir James Harington, born 1448 (age 40 yrs. in 1480), died June 26, 1479, of Wolfage and Brixworth, County Northampton, gent.; married Isabella Radcliffe, died June 20, 1479, dau. of Sir Alexander Radcliffe of Ordsall, Knt.; they had,

38. Alice Harington, born ca. 1480, living 1537; married ca. Aug. 16, 1498, Ralph Standish, of Standish, Esq., born ca. 1479 (age 28 in 1507), died 1538, eldest son and heir of Sir Alexander Standish of Standish, Knt., and Sybyl de Bold, dau. of Sir Henry Bold of Bold, Knt.; they had,

39. Roger Standish, Esq., of Standish, County Lancaster, mentioned in Earwaker, dated March 24, 1513-14, as third son of Ralph Standish of Standish, Esq.

(Reference for the Standish line is from "Ancestral Roots of Sixty Colonists," pages 49-51 by Frederick Lewis Weis, published 1951).

## QUESTIONS

A892 (A). HICKS. I am seeking all available data and information with ancestry of Dr. Hicks, who practiced medicine in Scott County between 1820-1850; had sons, Elijah, Claiborne, and Elisha (born January 6, 1825). What was the given name of this Dr. Hicks? Who was his wife? Were there other children of Dr. Hicks, if so, what are their names? From where did Dr. Hicks come?

(B). SELSOR - HICKS. Wish all data available on one Mr. Selsor, who probably resided in Scott County, Virginia; was a slaveholder and landowner of said county. This Mr. Selsor had a daughter, Sarah, who married Elisha Hicks, son of the above mentioned Dr. Hicks.

(C). PUTNAM. Wish the ancestry with names of the parents of John S. Putnam, born Sept. 12, 1838, in Ross County, Ohio. Want data on the family name of these Putnams, born in Virginia, who migrated from Virginia to Ross County, Ohio about 1820-1840. (R. H. P., Visalia, Calif.).

## HUNNICUTT FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA.

This is the 28th of the series on this Hunnicutt family data. We shall continue with the new Entry No. 19, showing a deed to Augustine (3) Hunnicutt:

ENTRY No. 19 — Year 1718, November 19, Surry County Book 1715-1730, page 159 — Indenture, Carter Crafford (this is the correct spelling of this name — Editor) to Augustine (3) Hunnicutt for 13 pounds 10 shillings, for 100 acres of land in Lawnes Creek Parish. Beginning on Carter's Swamp at a marked Elm tree, a line tree between the aforesaid land and the land Katherine Berriman lives on standing near the place formerly called the Ovens Mouth, so up the run of the said swamp to a marked hickory tree, a corner tree between the aforesaid land and ye land of Mr. Benjamin Chapman's, thence near a NW (northwest) course along the said Chapman's line to a marked red oak sapling standing by the side of the main road which goes

from the run called Monks Run up to the place called Sunk en Marsh, thence down the said road to a marked oak standing by the side of the said road, a line tree between the said Katherine Berriman and the aforesaid land, thence near a SE (southeast) course by a line of marked trees to the aforesaid elm tree at the beginning. Witnesses, John Simmons, Joseph Allen, Thomas Eldridge, recorded January 21, 1718-1719. (Note: We call to the reader's attention that the deed was made Nov. 19, 1718, but recorded Jan. 21, 1719, though the old style of 1718-1719 is shown — Editor).

ENTRY No. 19 (Cont.) — We

find on the same page of the Book 1715-1730, page 159, of Surry Co., Va. the same deed, but worded differently:

1718, Nov. 19, Book 1715-1730, page 159 — Indenture, Carter Crafford to Augustine (3) Hunnicutt; for 13 pounds 10 shillings — 100 acres. All right, title use, interest and revision. Bounded: beginning at marked Elm Tree standing by the side of the path at a run called Monks Run thence up said run to a marked elm a line tree between the land I now live on and the aforesaid land in the possession of Katherine Berriman near ye place formerly called ye Ovens Mouth thence up a line of marked trees

near a NW (northwest) course to a marked oak standing by the side of the aforesaid path thence down the said path to the place begun, the said 100 acres now in tenure of Katherine Berriman, the said Katherine Berriman hath thereof a lease for years in being. Witnesses: John Simmons, Jos. L. Allen, Thomas Eldridge. Sarah Crafford relinquished dower; recorded January 25, 1718-1719. (Note: This would show that Katherine Berriman had interest in the property, as well as, the Sarah Crafford — Editor).

(This Hunnicutt family data will be continued in the next issue as No. 29 in the series.)



ARMS: Sable, on a chevron engrailed three crosses pattee fitchee argent, as many fleurs-de-lis gules.

CREST: A heron's head erased sable, guttee d'or in the beak gules, a fish argent.

This is that of Richard Smith of London, England, 1509 A. D., but has been used by the New Eng-

land family of Nicholas Smith who died 1673. He came from England in the year 1658 and settled at the township of Ipswich in the Massachusetts Colony. He later was in Exeter, New Hampshire. This settler married before the date of 1660, Ann, whose last name is not known exactly, however, it has been thought that she was a Miss Hodgdon, who died in the year 1667. Nicholas Smith married as his 2nd wife, the widow Dole, who was a Miss Mary Shatswell. By the 1st wife Mary, Nicholas Smith had,

Nicholas Smith, who was born in 1661 and died 1716. He



RICHARD SMITH (London, Eng., um)

was also of Exeter, New Hampshire. He married 2nd, in the year 1695, Mary Gordon, who was born in 1668. This couple had,

Nicholas Smith, who died in the year 1758. He also was of Exeter, New Hampshire and later of Brentwood. He married

1st, in the year 1723, Judith Gilman, who died in the year 1753. This couple had,

Robert Smith, born in the year 1724 and died in 1815, but he was of New Hampton, New Hampshire. He was a patriot during the Revolutionary War becoming a 1st Lieutenant. This Robert Smith married prior to the mentioned war and about the year 1759, Abigail Cass, who was born in 1724 and died in 1816. Note that they were born the same year, but died one year apart. Abigail Cass was the daughter of Joseph Cass and wife Phoebe Nason. This Joseph Cass was the son of John Cass and wife Martha Philbrick.



# Climbing The Family Tree — Genealogy:

SUNDAY, 20 JANUARY 1963

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

LORD DELAWARE OF THE EARLY VIRGINIA COLONY HAD RELATIVES WHO CAME TO THE NEW ENGLAND COLONY OF PLYMOUTH. THEY WERE A WELL CONNECTED FAMILY AND DESCEND FROM KING EDWARD I OF ENGLAND AND EARLIER KINGS.

We shall give this lineage from King Henry I of that country:

Edward, the Atheling, born 1016, died 1057; married Agathe (of Hungary); they had,

Margaret (St. Margaret of Scotland), born 1045, died Nov. 16, 1093; married at Dunfermline, 1068-9, Malcolm III Canmore, King of the Scots, 1058-1093, born 1031 died Nov. 13, 1093; they had,

Matilda of Scotland, born 1079, died May 1, 1118; married Nov. 11, 1100, Henry I, Beauclerc, King of England, 1100-1135, born 1070, died Dec. 1, 1135; they had,

Matilda, born 1104, died Sept. 10, 1167; married Apr. 3, 1127, Geoffrey V. Plantagenet, Count of Anjou, Duke of Normandy, born Aug. 24, 1113, d. Sept. 7, 1151. (She was the widow of Henry V, Emperor of Germany). This couple had,

Henry II, King of England, Oct. 25, 1154-1189, called Curt Mantel, born Mar. 5, 1132-3, died July 6, 1189; married May 18, 1153, Eleanor of Aquitaine, born 1123, died Mar. 3, 1204; they had,

John, Lackland, King of England, 1199-1216, b. Dec. 24, 1166, died Oct. 19, 1216; m. — 2nd, Aug. 24, 1200, Isabella of Angoulême, b. 1188 and d. May 31, 1246; they had,

Henry III, King of England, 1216-1272, b. Winchester, Oct. 1, 1207, d. Westminster, Nov. 16, 1272; m. — Jan. 14, 1237, Eleanor of Provence, b. 1217, D. Amesbury, Jan. 24, 1291; they had,

Edward I, King of England, 1272-1307, b. Westminster, June 17, 1239, d. near Carlisle, July 7, 1307, crowned Aug. 19, 1274; m. — 1st, Oct. 1254, Eleanor of Castile, died 1290, they had,

Edward II, King of England, 1307-1327, b. Vaernarvon, Wales, Apr. 25, 1284, d. near Gloucester, Sept. 21, 1327; m. — Isabella of France; they had,

Edward III, King of England, 1327-1377, b. Windsor, Nov. 13, 1312, d. Richmond, June 21, 1377; m. — York, Jan. 24, 1328, Philippa of Hainaut, b. 1312, d. Aug. 15, 1369, dau. of Count William of Hainaut and Holland; they had,

John of Gaunt, b. Ghent, 1340, d. Leicester Castle, Feb. 1399, Duke of Lancaster; m. — (3rd) Jan. 1396, Catherine (Roet) Swynford, b. 1350, d. May 10, 1403, dau. of Sir Paon Roet, a Gascon, and widow of Sir Hugh Swynford. This couple had,

John Beaufort, Marquis of Somerset, b. ca. 1370, d. Apr. 21, 1410; married ca. Apr. 23, 1399, Margaret de Holland; they had,

Edmund Beaufort, Marquis of Dorset, Duke of Somerset, Lieut. General of France, Normandy and Guienne, b. ca. 1406, slain at St. Albans, May 22, 1455; m. — ca. 1435, Eleanor (Beauchamp) Ros, widow of Thomas, Lord Ros, and dau. of Richard Beauchamp, Earl of Warwick; they had,

Eleanor Beaufort, d. Aug. 16, 1501, Countess of Wiltshire; m. — (2ndly) ca. 1465, Sir Robert Spencer, Knight, of Spencercombe, County Devon, b. ca. 1435, living in 1502; they had,

Margaret Spencer, b. 1472; m. — ca. 1490, Thomas Cary, of Chilton Foliot, b. ca. 1460; they had,

William Cary, b. ca. 1495, d. June 22, 1528, Gentleman of the Privy Chamber and Esquire of the Body of King Henry VIII; m. — Jan. 31, 1420-1, Mary Boleyn, sis-

ter of Queen Anne. This couple had,

Mary Cary, d. Jan. 15, 1568-9, Chief Lady of the Bedchamber of Queen Elizabeth I; married ca. 1539, Sir Francis Knollys, Knight of the Garter, b. ca. 1514, d. July 19, 1596 of Totherfield Greys, County Oxford; they had,

Anne Knollys, living Aug. 30, 1608; married Nov. 19, 1571, Sir Thomas West, Lord Delaware; they had,

Penelope, born Sept. 9, 1582, died ca. 1619; married ca. 1599, Herbert Pelham, b. ca. 1580, died Bos. on, County Lincoln, July 20, 1624, of Hastings, County Sussex, and Boston, County Lincoln; they had,

Herbert Pelham, Esquire, born ca. 1600, died 1674, emigrated to New England, 1639-1640, its Treasurer of Harvard College, 1643, Commissioner of the United Colonies, 1645; m. — (1st) Jemima Waldegrave; married (2ndly) Elizabeth (Bosville) Harlekenden; they had,

Penelope Pelham, bapt. Bures, 1633; married Governor Josias Winslow, of Plymouth Colony.

(We can see from the above the close ties with the two colonies as to blood relationship. Also notice that the above Herbert Pelham was Commissioner of the United Colonies in the year 1645; this could have been done with the connections he had with the Virginia Colony.—Editor. Reference for the above lineage: "Ancestral Roots of Sixty Colonists who came to New England between 1623 and 1650," by Frederick Lewis Weiss, pages 19-21, published 1951).

### QUESTIONS

A896. PATTERSON. Wish the names of the daughters of William Patterson of Baltimore, Maryland, who married Dorcas Spear; one daughter Mary of Elizabeth married William English and also wish data on this

ARMS: Azure, a chevron or, between three boar's heads erased.

CREST: A boar's head erased.

This arms has been used by the family named French which settled in the Massachusetts Colony. They descend from John French, who was born 1612 and died 1692 having come from England to Dorchester, Mass. in the year 1630. He then removed to Braintree about 1640. He married a lady by the name of Grace, whose surname is not known to this editor. Grace died in 1681; he married 2ndly, Elinor Thompson, daughter of Rev. William Thompson, she being the widow of William Veazey. It might be of interest to our readers, that Rev. William Thompson (Sr. or Jr.) came to Virginia and settled in Surry County, Va. and later was in the county of Northern Neck Virginia, where he was one of the administrators of the will of Augustine Washington, grandfather of the President George



FRENCH

Washington. John French and Elinor Thompson had,

Thomas French, who was born 1657 and died in 1717; he married Elizabeth Belcher, who died in the year 1718. They had,

Moses French, who was born in 1699 and died in the year 1768 of

the township of Braintree in Massachusetts. He married in 1730, Esther Thayer; they had,

Moses French, Jr., born 1731 and died 1807, who was patriotic to the colonists and served during the Revolutionary War as Captain. He married in the year 1756, Elizabeth Hobart, born 1739 and died 1822. They had,

Moses French (III), born 1769 and died in the year 1842. He married in 1790, Eunice Vinton, born 1771 and died 1834. They had,

John Allen French, born 1800 and died 1859, who married in the year 1826, Lucy Perkins Spear, born 1805 and died 1881.

William Patterson and also his daughter who married William English. His son Robert was the father of Elizabeth who married Jerome Bonaparte. Wish data on the name of English and Patterson.

(B.) OLIVER - BUCK. Wish parentage of Frances Oliver Buck, born May 22, 1726 in Virginia and died Feb. 25, 1795 in Wilkes County, Georgia. She married in Virginia on Dec. 14, 1744 to John Wingfield, Jr., who was born in Virginia on July 20, 1723 and died in Wilkes County, Georgia, December 3, 1793. Could

she have been the widow Buck, when she married John Wingfield? Wish all data available on Frances Oliver Buck.

(C.) TERRELL - OXFORD. Joel Terrell born in Virginia, December 1700. He was married to Sarah Elizabeth Oxford of Virginia. He died in 1758. Wish the names of the parents of this Sarah Elizabeth Oxford. She is said to have had Higgins and Buford ancestry.

(D.) DARLING. Wish data on John Darling, born 1777. He had a daughter Laurinda Darling, born February 22, 1806 in New York State and married there Dr. Enoch Kenyon Maxson. She died December 12, 1888 in Iowa. Wish data on this line of John Darling. (V.B.S., San Diego, California).

### HUNNICUTT

HUNNICUTT FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA. This continues as the 30th of the series of data covering this Hun-

nucutt family. We shall use Entry No. 20.

ENTRY NO. 20 — 1720, August 6, Book 1715-1730, page 279. Estate of Olive Chambers appraised by William Edwards, Aug. (AH his mark) 4 Hunnicutt and Martin Johnson. (Note: Olive Chambers was born Olive Ruffin. Her husband was William Chambers, who died 1718. His will names son, John, son, William all land I now possess, if not issue, plantation I now live on to daughter, Martha, one tract of Blackwater to daughters Mary and Olive. Daughter Elizabeth, (son William is 18 years of age). The will was not signed, but proved by William Edwards & Robert Ruffin, 16 July 1718 — Question, did son William have issue?) (William Chambers was a Tithable in the household of Augustine (1) Hunnicutt and Augustine (2) Hunnicutt before 1700 (Editor).

1720, Surry Co., Book 1715-1730, page 323. Will of William Phillips; names son John, plantation given by her father, Mathew Swan; son William, the plantation purchased of James Briggs (where Simon Murfey lately lived); son, Mathew Phillips, land purchased of Carter Crafford lying on North side of my spring branch, North on Col. Philip Ludwell and from the head of my spring branch by a line of marked trees to the path, which goes from Richneck to Chippokes (land which Mathew

Swan gave daughter Sarah now wife to Carter Carfford) (Note: It is from this Carter Crafford that the family of Craffords of Warwick County, Va., now the City of Newport News, Va. descend.—Editor).

1721, May 17 — Surry Co., Va. Book 1715-1730, page (?) — Estate of Thomas Waller, decd., Thos Waller administrator; signed Augustine (3) Hunnicutt, Carter Crafford and Nicholas Thompson.

(Note on the above — We shall give the will of Thomas Waller, which mentions: sons, Thomas, William, John; daughters Katherine & Sarah Waller, Mary, Elsie, Elizabeth. The five children John, Thomas, William, Katherine and Sarah; Exr., son Thomas; witnesses, Wm. Drew, William Allen, dated 1 February 1720-1, probated 19 April 1721.) (Note: Elizabeth Hart, wife of Thomas Hart, gives power of attorney to Thos. Waller to release dower land Hart deeded to Robert Flake, November 7, 1704, Surry Co., Va. Order Book, page 260).

1721, July 19, Surry Co., Va. Book 1715-1730, page 350 — Estate of William Hunnicutt, 1718; paid for funeral charges; clerk's fees 170; paid Wm Thompson 180; paid secretary's fees 40; paid M. Thos Walton 173, whose inventory of his estate was in Isle of Wight Co., Va. in 1754; paid Mr. George Norsworthy 15, whose will was in Isle of Wight Co., Va. 1724-5;

## Rules Of Genealogical Feature

1. Send all letters to Daily Press, Newport News, Va.: name and address of sender must be given.
2. Questions and answers must be clearly slated on large size paper 8½ by 11 inches, written double-spaced in ink or typed on one side of paper only; postal cards and small paper not acceptable; 3 question only.
3. Answers will be through the column only. Correspondents making reply must give answers using data pertinent and brief.
4. Answers will be published from other readers as research by editor is too time-consuming; however, the editor will assist when possible. This feature is a clearing house for readers. The editor reserves the right to retain and edit questions and number of questions and date that question appeared. If answers are to be forwarded, must be accompanied by plain stamped envelope, not stamps only.

DAILY PRESS, Newport News, Va., Sun., Jan. 20, 1963

3D

## Feature Abbreviation Key

Each question is numbered; question numbers suffixed with (a), (b) or (c) indicate more than one question, such as, A102 (c); answers appearing generally in future issues carry the number of the questions; a number in parenthesis between a given name and surname, such as, "Col. Wm. (4) Allen," indicates the 4th generation in America; a given name in parenthesis with there-after, such as, (Thoms-3, Wm-2, Samuel-1), show names of 1st, 2nd and 3rd generations in America and same with letter, such as (Thomas-A, Samuel-B.) show generations back in a foreign country; a lady's name with name in parenthesis, such as Martha (Thompson) Warren, indicates Thompson was maiden name; initials at end of question are those of sender and brief address. ABBREVIATIONS: anc.—ancestry or ancestor; dec'd.—deceased; b.—born; d.—died; ca.—approximate date; abt.—about; betw.—between; fa.—father; dau.—daughter; child.—children; m.—married; mar.—married; m.—(1st)married 1st, etc.; gr-gr son—great-great-grandson, etc.



paid Mr. Benj. Chapman 304;  
paid Mr. Benj. Chapman cash;  
paid James Nicholson and Jno  
Deberry, appraisers. Signed by  
John (HH) his mark Upchurch (or  
Upshur, examined July 19, 1721  
by Nicholas Maget and John Tyus.

(Note: This William Hunnicutt  
was the son of John Hunnicutt  
who had married the daughter  
of Thomas Warren of the "War-  
ren House" or "Smith's Fort  
Plantation" or "Rolfe Property,"  
which ever one prefers.—Editor).

1725, July 21, Surry Co., Va.  
Book 1715-1730, page 591. — Since  
the Thompson family was con-  
nected with many of the early  
families of Va. and descend from  
Rev. William Thompson, one of  
the wealthiest men in Surry Coun-  
ty and who at one time lived in  
Northern Neck, Va., and was one  
of the administrators of the es-  
tate of Augustine Washington,  
grandfather of President George  
Washington, we shall give the  
will of Nicholas Thompson. The  
will mentions no land, but names  
sons Nicholas and John, daughters  
Ann and Mary; and names wife  
Eleanor, the will was dated 4  
Augus' 1723, and probated July  
21, 1725; witnesses: Anne Math-  
ews and Dan. Eelbank.

1725, September 15, Surry Co.,  
Va. Book 1715-1730, page 602 —  
Inventory of Estate of Nicholas  
Thompson, signed by John Ruf-

fin. Carter Crafford, Augustine (3)  
Hunnicutt. For the years 1699-1702  
of the Tithe List, Nicholas Thomp-  
son was shown as being with Wil-  
liam Holt; for the year 1700 Nich-  
olas Thompson was listed with  
Thomas Drew).

1727, April 19, Surry Co., Va.  
Book 1715-1730, page 607. Will of  
Mary Phillips (she was the widow  
of William Phillips given in 1720,  
same book on page 323 and shown  
in this issue — Editor). The will  
of Mary Phillips names: daugh-  
ter Mary Edwards, wife of John  
Edwards, my plantation for life,  
then to daughter Ann Phillips,  
daughter Elizabeth Hancocke  
wife of William Hancocke; sons,  
William and Swann Phillips,  
granddaughter Ann Edwards;  
granddaughter Mary Hancocke,  
niece Mary Crafford, daughter of  
Carter Crafford; Exec., Carter  
Crafford; dated 28 March 1727;  
witnesses, William Newsom, Sam-  
uel Taylor and John Ruffin; pro-  
bated April 19, 1727. (Note: Mary  
Phillips was widow of William  
Phillips as stated above, who  
died 1720; Mary Phillips was the  
daughter of Mathew Swann, who  
died 1702; her sister Elizabeth  
married John Drew; and her sis-  
ter Sarah married Carter Craf-  
ford.—Editor).

This series will be continued in  
the next issue of this as the 31st  
of the series.



# Climbing The Family Tree

— Genealogy:

SUNDAY, 27 JAN. 1963  
HISTORICAL RARITIES

AND THE RECORDS WERE SAID TO HAVE BEN LOST. Due to the energetic work of some of the members of the Virginia Genealogical Society, they have brought to the public some obscure records, as well as, records that have never been published before.

The name of the book is "Virginia Marriages in Rev. John Cameron's Register and Bath Parish Register." It is a work that merits the praise of those who are looking for data in the counties of Prince George and Dinwiddie, Virginia. We know that records of these named counties are very few and any data concerning them is a find for the searcher on family names. So, we shall quote from the Preface of this fine work:

"The destruction of almost all the court records of Dinwiddie and Prince George counties, Virginia, has made genealogical research in this area difficult. The assembling of these few extant marriage records by the Project Committee of the Virginia Genealogical Society in the first of a projected series of volumes relating to the burned counties, is an event of import. The members of the Committee, Mrs. Emma R. Matheny, Chairman, Mrs. Joyce H. Lindsay, Mrs. Isobel B. Woodson, and Mrs. Helen K. Yates, are setting an example for the Society to follow."

"Dinwiddie County, although formed from Prince George in 1752, has no court records prior to the fire of 1833 other than one Order Book 1789-91 and a Surveyors' Plat Book 1755-1865. The parent county of Prince George has little more preserved before 1865—Deeds and Wills 1713-28, 1759-60, 1787-92; Inventories and accounts 1835-41; Deeds 1842-46, 1851-58; Court Orders 1714-20, 1737-40, 1811-14; and Surveyors' records 1711-24, 1794-1879."

"The Rev. Dr. John Cameron was rector of Bristol Parish, the eastern parish of Dinwiddie County, from 1784 until January 1794. In this period he began a register listing the marriages he performed, which he continued while rector of Nottoway Parish, Southampton County, 1794-96, and of Cumberland Parish, Lunenburg County, until his death in 1815. Earlier records of Bristol Parish were printed in "The Vestry Book and Register of Bristol Parish, Virginia, 1720-1789 (Richmond, Va., 1898)," transcribed by Churchill Gibson Chamberlayne."

"The Register of Bath Parish, the western parish of Dinwiddie County, 1827-97, which also includes records of Saint Andrew's Parish, Brunswick County, contains marriages for the 1826-37

and 1846-55, as well as baptisms and burials."

"It is fortunate that these two manuscript volumes have been preserved. A few other Dinwiddie County marriages recorded in the Deed and Order Books have been added to help complete the record. These and other lists such as that of fourteen Dinwiddie marriages, 1818-1819, published in The Virginia Magazine of History and Biography, volume 50, page 67, represent virtually all public marriage records for this area."

"Also included are 161 marriage bonds of Prince George County which somehow survived the destruction of that county's records and are preserved at the Court House at Prince George."

"Many will find members of their family in this volume. It is for them that the Virginia Genealogical Society was established and to help them that its efforts are directed." — Signed—John Frederick Dorman.

Those who will avail themselves of this rare collection of marriage records will find family names such as — Adams, Allen, Alley, Anderson, Anderton, Andrews, Atkinson (Roger, Jr.), Avery, Badger, Baird, Glover, Heath, Riddlehurst, Harrison, Crump, Withers, Jeffries, Lee, Perkenson, McLeane, Epes, Eppes, Glover, Shepher, Cogbill, Nash, Ledbetter, Banister, Barker, Barnes, Bass, Baugh, Baxter, Bedingfield, Best, Beville, Binard, Belcher, Blackwell, Blakely, Hobbs, Bland, Long, Nash, Bacon, Poythress, Patrick, White, Mitchell, Thweatt, Bolling, Hunnicutt, Bottom, Burwell, Walker, Lessenberry, and

Bragg, Gilliam, Brandom, Brander, Bratton, Bristow, Broadnax, Holmes, Brockwell, Bromley, Browder, Brown, Cabaniss, Seegood, Hattaway, Carter, Crenshaw, Butts, Butler, Burge, Hall, Billups, Cartwright, Cattle, Chambliss, Chapman, Chappell, Claiborne, Clark, Clayton, Coleman, Cole, Colley, Comer, Cook, Cooper, Cotton, Craig, Cralle, Barlow, Cross, Moody, and,

Stout, Cummins, Currie, Daniel, Cavenport, Dinton, Dixon, Dyson, Wells, Pettus, Stainback, Butterworth, Hackney, Fisher, Fitzgerald, Field, Gibbs, Geddy, Traylor, Harris, Hatch, Hatcher, Heartwell, Woodleif, Hood, Killingsworth, Lanthrop, Pritchard, Jackson, Jolly, Thompson, Morgan, Meanly, Meade, Meachen, Milby, etc.

Copies of this fine book may be obtained from — Virginia Genealogical Society, Post Office Box 53, Richmond 1, Virginia at a very nominal fee.—Editor.

## QUESTIONS

A897. HARPER - BROOKS.

ARMS: Argent, a fess gules, between three holly leaves proper.

CREST: A dexter arm in armour fessways issuant out of a cloud, the hand holding a thistle, all proper.

This arms has been used by the family of the name of Irvin, which settled in Pennsylvania. They descend from the Irvin Clan of Newton and from "The Fighting" Laird of Newton, which was near Warwick in Scotland. The closeness of the property was to England for the estate was lying partly in England and partly in Scotland. He had,

Margaret Irvin, who was established and married at the family home "Newton". She married John Miller, who died 1814, who came from Scotland and settled in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, being one of the elders of the Presbyterian Church. He was much loved since he aided so greatly during the epidemic of yellow fever scourge. This couple had,

Julia Ruch Miller, born 1795 and died 1854, who married



IRVIN

the Rev. George Junkin, born 1790 and died 1868, who was of New Kingston, Penna. He attended and graduated from Jefferson College in the year 1813 and later removed to New York City, where he established the first Sunday School in that city in the year of 1814. He was later in Milton,

Pa. by the year 1818. He was also interested in writing and became editor of the "Religious Farmer" from 1828-1829. He also founded the Milton Academy in 1830. He was also connected with the Presbyterian Synod and later became the First President of Lafayette College in 1832. This Rev. George Junkin was descended from,

Joseph Junkin, born 1725 and died 1777 of Huguenot ancestry, who married at Oxford, Penna. in 1743, Elizabeth Wallace; they had,

Capt. Joseph Junkin, born 1750 and died 1825 of Cumberland Co., Pa. who married Eleanor Cochran in 1779 and had Rev. George Junkin above.

Would appreciate any available information concerning Major Harper, the following are the only known facts:

Major Harper is shown on the Personal Property Tax List for King and Queen County, Va., in the year of 1826, as an able-bodied worker above 21 years of age. The fifth Census of the Population Schedule of the U.S. for King & Queen Co. for the year 1830 shows Major Harper as the head of a family having three sons under five years of age.

The Eighth Census of the Population Schedule of the U.S. for Northumberland County, V., for the year 1860, shows George W. Harper, age 33, occupation of overseer, place of birth King & Queen County, Va., his wife Elizabeth, two sons James B. (age 3) and Lucius L. (age 1). In this household is also shown Andrew J. Harper, age 32, occupation, born in King — Queen County. The marriage records of Northumberland County, Va., located at Heathsville, Virginia,

## Rules Of Genealogical Feature

1. Send all letters to Daily Press, Newport News, Va.: name and address of sender must be given.
2. Questions and answers must be clearly slated on large size paper 8½ by 11 inches, written double-spaced in ink or typed on one side of paper only; postal cards and small paper not acceptable; 3 question only.
3. Answers will be through the column only. Correspondents making reply must give answers using data pertinent and brief.
4. Answers will be published from other readers as research by editor is too time-consuming; however, the editor will assist when possible. This feature is a clearing house for readers. The editor reserves the right to retain and edit questions and number of questions and date that question appeared. If answers are to be forwarded, must be accompanied by plain stamped envelope, not stamps only.

is your name  
Ahern?



AHERN OR AHERNE, OF IRISH ORIGIN, MEANS "THE GRANDSON OF EACHTIGHEARNA, THE HORSE OWNER."

©1948 TSE

Kellogg 2-5

show the birthplace of George and Andrew Harper as King & Queen County and the names of their parents as Major Harper and Peggy (Brooks) Harper.

Andrew Harper married Virginia C. Crowther, October 2, 1862, and had a daughter Laura Ella. George Harper, who died in the Civil War in 1864 at Orange Courthouse, Virginia, married Elizabeth Longworth on Dec. 20, 1855, and had three sons, James B., born in 1857, Lucius L., born in 1859, and George W., born in 1861.

Subsequent records pertaining to the descendants of George Harper are available, but the records of the King & Queen County, Va. Court were destroyed during the Civil War and no information can be found of Major Harper and other son shown in the King & Queen Population Census of 1830: (three sons under 5 years of age — George was 3 and Andrew was 2 years of age in 1830).

I am particularly anxious to locate any data pertaining to Major Harper, his parents and his son and the descendants of this son, other than Andrew and George. (B.H.M., Hampton, Va.).

## ANSWERS

A801. BROCKWAY - HARVEY (HERVY). David Brockway was born 19 July 1837 in Southwick, Mass., or Hartford, Conn. His parents were Denison Brockway and Perly Harvey (Hervy) Brockway who married 19 May 1833, at Hartford, Conn. Perly was born 19 July 1811, near Farmington, Conn. She died 21 October 1852, and is buried in Cedar Grove Cemetery, Norfolk, Virginia. Ref-



erences: Records of Hartford (Conn.) Health Dept.; Gravestone Inscription and Records of Cedar Grove and Elmwood Cemeteries, Norfolk, Virginia, compiled by Anna Mae Rowe; and the American Beacon, Norfolk, Virginia, 22 October 1832.

Information is asked about Perly Harvey Brockway who died 21st October 1852, and is buried in Cedar Grove Cemetery in Norfolk, Virginia. She is said to have had relatives in Richmond and Norfolk, Virginia. Who were her Virginia relatives? Who were her parents? Who put the tombstone at her grave? (G.J.R., Hampton, Va.).

**HUNNICUTT FAMILY**  
SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA  
This continues as the 31st of the series on the name of the Hunnicutt family. We shall continue sub-heading Entry No. 20.

ENTRY No. 20 (Cont.).—1727. May 7, Surry County, Va. Book 1715-1730, page 723 — Inventory of Estate of Mary Phillips; returned by Carter Crafford, sworn to by John Newsum, Wm Drew, Augustine (3) (A his mark) Hunnicutt. (John Newsum married Sarah Crafford, daughter of Carter and Sarah (Swann) Crafford, thus a niece of Mary Phillips. Wm Drew was grandson of Thomas Drew who died 1734; Thomas and John Drew were brothers; John Drew married Elizabeth Swann, sister of Mary (Swann) Phillips. Mary Phillips whose estate was inventoried was the widow of William Phillips.—Editor).

1728, July 17—Surry County, Va. Book 1715-1730, page (?) — Will of Thomas Crews; son, Wm.,

is your name  
*Beasley?*



**BEASLEY OR BEESLEY**  
OF OLD ENGLISH ORIGIN,  
MEANS "A DWELLER IN  
THE MEADOW OR WOOD  
WHERE BEES ABOUND."

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Katzen

80 acres of land where I live; son, Thomas, 120 acres called "Haystack"; son, John, a tract called "Grays," which I bought of Henry & Catherine Jones & Wm Dennis and Sam'l Jenkins (could this be Judkins?—Editor), 100 acres. If unborn child be a boy he is to have 1/2 of a tract of land on N. side of Cypress Swamp (part I bought from Ann Warren, widow of Allen Warren) 300 acres. If (unborn child) a girl, the land to remain in common. Daughter, Elizabeth Crews. A new Bible to son, William, to Thomas Williams, and to John (3) Hunnicutt. Wife, Mary. Ex-trx.; witnesses, Wm Williams, Walter White, John Chapman. Will dated 21 Jan. 1727-28; probated 17 July 1728. The inventory by Mary Crews, signed by Nich. Maget, Robert Watkins, Wm. Gray, Jr. (Could this Mary Crews have been a Miss Mary Judkins?—Editor). (Note: In 1733, Jan. 9, Richard Rowell, wife Mary, and Ann Warren deed land that fits "land to remain in common" to Wm Gray, Jr., page 260).

(More in regard to above: Will of Thomas Crews, dated 12 Feb. 1696-7, probated 1 March 1697-8, mentions son, Thomas, remaining part of land; three daughters, Elizabeth, Catherine, Feeby or Phebe; wife, Pheebie (sic); witnesses, David Andrews, Wm Foster. In the appraisal of the estate, Phebe Kiggins, Ex-trx., May 15, 1698).

1731, date (?), Surry Co., Va. Book 1730-34, page 129 — Indenture or deed, deed of gift, Robert Hunnicutt of Prince George Co., Va. to Wyke Hunnicutt of Surry Co. — patent dated 1713

(page mutilated).

1722, Oct. 17, Isle of Wight Co., Va., Deed Bk. 4, pg. 202 — Indenture, John Hunnicutt of Isle of Wight to John Thorp — 20 pounds — 200 acres on S. side of Three Creeks at the mouth of Georges Branch, bounding on John Dorches corner tree including the plantation whereon the ad John Hunnicutt (sic) formerly lived. Signed John Hunnicutt (by signature); witnesses, Wm Gray, Jr., Jos. Clinch, Robert Gray; recorded, Oct. 24, 1722.

ENTRY 21 — 1732, Oct. 19, Isle of Wight Co., Va., Book 4, page 203 or 205 — Indenture, John (3) Hunnicutt of Isle of Wight to Augustine (3) Hunnicutt of Surry, 3 shillings — 150 acres beginning at a pine tree on the N. side of Georges Branch on the main road, John (3) Hunnicutt's line. Signed, John (3) Hunnicutt (signature), as witness. Release says term of one year.

(More in regard to the above).

—Oct. 17, 1714, Wm Gray, Jr. indenture to Wm Seward a tract on Lower side of Three Creeks and adjacent to John Dorches. May 21, 1720, Wm Seward, Isle of Wight Co., Va. from Joseph Seward, 15 pounds — 85 acres S. side Nottoway River and Three Creeks; a patent of Joseph Seward 1713; July 20, 1724, Samuel Seward to John Dorches 85 acres S. side Nottoway River and Three Creeks; April 1, 1743, Sam'l Seward, Walter Bailey and wife Eliz. deed to Timothy Thorpe a tract on S. side of Three Creeks adjoining Thorpe, John Brewer, Ben'l Seward, Sam'l Seward, willed by father (the father was Wm Seward) duoden Isle of Wight C., Va., with sons Benjamin, Samuel, daughters, Sarah, Elizabeth, & Mary).

is your name  
*Altman?*



OF GERMAN ORIGIN,  
THE NAME **ALTMAN**  
OR **ALTMANN** MEANS  
"THE OLD SERVANT."

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Katzen



Feb. 3 - Missing



## STEVENS

The first breach of promise suit in English America. This first suit it is to be noted was a man against a woman.

The record reads: "Captain Samuel Jordan, of Jordan's Journey, died in 1623, and it is recorded that only three or four days after his death, Rev. Grivell Pooley began making overtures, looking towards consummating marriage with the widow, Mrs. 'Sysley Jordan.' He persuaded Captain Isaac Madison to accompany him to the home of the widow to assist him in broaching the subject. Rejected, he paid a second visit and reported to Madison that she had contracted herself. Madison was induced to accompany him the second time to witness the widow's pledge."

"Madison, in reporting what took place, states that, on being received at the house, the Rev. Pooley asked for a dram and the widow ordered a servant to fetch it, but Pooley declared he would not accept it unless it be prepared and 'fetched' by her fair hand. When she agreed to this, Madison and Pooley followed her into the room. It is to be presumed that both gallant gentlemen failed not to drink the fair Sysley's health, and it was then, it is reported, Pooley took hold of the widow's hand and repeated these words: 'I, Grivell Pooley, take thee, Sysley, to me wedded wife, to have and to hold till death us do part, and, thereto, I plight thee my troth.' Still holding her hand he continued the form of words as if she were speaking: 'I, Sysley, take thee, Grivell, to my wedded husband, to have and to hold till death us do part.'"

### Secret Too Much

Madison says that she did not repeat the words, but that they drank to each other and Pooley kissed her, exclaiming: 'I am thine and thou art mine, until death us separate'. It seems that the young widow then insisted that Pooley and Madison keep secret what had transpired, else gossip would make light of her accepting such attention so soon after her husband's death, and Pooley asserted that 'Before God he would not reveal it till she thought the time fitting.' The secret was too much for the infatuated swain and he informed his friends of his good fortune, whereupon the incensed Sysley contracted herself to William Ferrar (Farrer), a brother of the John and Nicholas Farrer, previously mentioned as prominently connected with the Virginia Company."

"On June 14, 1623, Pooley instituted against the widow the first breach of promise suit in English America. The case was argued before a court consisting of Governor Wyatt, Sir George Yeardley, George Sandys, Ralph Hamor, John Pountis and Roger Smith, sitting as a 'Council of State'. The trial was continued over to the November term. At this hearing, 'The Council in Virginia (not knowing how to decide so nice a difference, our devines not taking upon them pressily to determine whether it be a formal and legal contract), referred the case to the Company in England (meaning the Virginia Company), desiring the resolution of the Civil Lawyers thereon and a speedy return thereof.'"

"As a precaution against fu-

ture occurrences, the court decreed that it was contrary to the ecclesiastical laws of the realm of England for a woman to contract herself to (two) several men at the XX same time, whereby much trouble doth grow between parties, and the Governor and Council of State much disquieted. To prevent the like offense to others, it is by the Governor and Council, ordered in Court that every minister give notice in his church, to his parishioners, that what man or woman soever shall use any words or speech, tending to the contract of marriage, though not right or legal, yet may so entangle and breed struggle in their consciences, shall for the third offense undergo either corporal punishment, or the punishment by fine, or otherwise, according to the guilt of the persons so offending."

### Permitted to Marry

"The reader will note that punishment was placed for the 'third offense,' not the first and second, therefore, it is to be presumed the fair Sysley, not having been charged with more than 'two offenses,' was permitted to marry the man of her choice and lived happily ever afterwards."

Reference for the above: "Colonial Virginia", pages 107-109, by William Broadus Cridlin, published 1923 in Richmond, Va.).

### BOOK REVIEW

Shockoe Hill Cemetery Records, Richmond Va. Vol. 2. This the second volume of this fine work compiled by Miss A. Bohmer Rudd, a noted genealogist.

This new work covers the cemetery records from Jan. 1, 1851, to Dec. 31, 1960. The book size is 8½ by 11 inches, cloth bound having 285 pages and completely indexed. The introduction of Vol. 1 and the foreword in both Vol. 1 and two contain many exceedingly valuable historical and biographical notes about the persons interred in this cemetery. The introduction was written by the compiler, Alice Bohmer Rudd, and the foreword in both volu-

mes was written by Dr. Earl G. Swem, eminent historian.

Much history and genealogy is given on the tombstones, such as place of birth, place of death, date of birth and date of death, sex, married or single, widow or widower, and name of wife or husband.

Monument Unveiled  
A monument was unveiled in 1938 to the Blue and Gray unknown soldiers of the Confederate and Union Armies. There are 220 Confederate Soldiers and 377 Union soldiers recorded, and hundreds of other soldiers of whom no burial record was made.

One who is searching for data on Virginia would and should have such a volume among his or her Virginia collection for reference. This Vol. 2, as well as Vol. 1 should be each and every library where there are genealogical records for the library's readers.

Copies of these volumes may be obtained from Miss A. Bohmer Rudd, 1608 Park Road, NW Washington 10, D.C. at \$12.50 for Vol. 1, \$15 per copy for Vol. 2. Special discount is given to libraries and historical societies.

### HUNNICUTT FAMILY

Hunnicutt Family of Surry County, Virginia. This continues as the 33rd in the series of articles on this family. We shall continue with the will of Augustine (3) Hunnicutt under Entry No. 22 as stated in the previous issue.

Entry No. 22 (Cont.) will dated 14 July 1743 and probated 19 October 1743 on page 451 of Surry Co. Va. will Book 1738 - 1754 —Continuing —I give and bequeath to my daughter Mary, one bed and furniture, five pounds cash, one large iron pott (sic), two sheep and five hundred pounds of tobacco.

Item. My will and desire is that after my just debts and legacies be paid that the rest and remainder of my estate be equally divided between my sons John and Robert, my daughters Martha and Mary without appraisalment.

Item. I do hereby constitute and appoint my sons John and



STEVENS

name is not known to this editor; they had.

Erasmus Stevens, who died in 1690, having had ensign of the First Company of Foot Soldiers of Marblehead, Mass. He married Elizabeth Clarke, daughter of Captain Thomas Clarke. This couple had,

Erasmus Stevens,

born in the year 1686 and died in 1750. This gentleman was a lieutenant in the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company. He married in 1707, Persis Bridge, who was born 1683 and was daughter of Samuel Bridge of Boston, Mass. This couple had,

Ebenezer Stevens, born 1726 and died 1793, married in the year 1750, Elizabeth Weld, who was born 1727, daughter of Edmund Weld. This couple had,

Ebenezer Stevens, born 1751 and died in the year 1823. He was a Lt. Col. in the Continental Army and was also a member of the group at the "Boston Tea Party" upsetting the tea, which had been taxed in excess by the British. He was a Major General during the War of 1812. Among the honored, he was a founder of the Society of Cincinnati. He married as his second wife, in 1784, Lucretia (Ledyard) Sands, born 1754 and died 1848.

Robert to be my Exrs. of this my last will & testament. In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my seal and hand this fourteenth day of July, one thousand seven hundred and forty three (14 July 1743). Signed, Augustine (3) A his mark) Hunnicutt.

Signed and sealed and declared to be the Last Will & Testament of Augustine (3) Hunnicutt in the presence of Wm Seward.

At a court held for Surry County the 19th day of October 1743, the above last will and testament of Augustine (3) Hunnicutt was presented in court by the Exrs. therein named who made oath thereto, according to law and the same being proved by the oath of Wm Seward thereto is by the court ordered to be recorded.

1744, May 18, Surry Co., Va. Will Book 1738-1754, page 672, Inventory of Estate of Augustine (3) Hunnicutt by John Hunnicutt and Robert Hunnicutt, Exrs., dated March 31, 1743-4, returned May 18, 1744.

(Note re the above will of Augustine (3) Hunnicutt & Inventory of his estate: The will showed that this Augustine (3) Hunnicutt was of Southwarke Parish in Surry Co., Va.; that he had sons Augustine (4) Hunnicutt, John (4) Hunnicutt, Robert (4) Hunnicutt and daughters Martha (4) Hunnicutt, and Mary (4) Hunnicutt. That, some of the items mentioned in the will of Augustine (3) Hunnicutt's will included items as listed in the will of his mother Martha Hunnicutt probated 1708, July 16,

in Surry Co., Va. Will Book 1715-1738, page 132 and will of Hunnicutt (2) Hunnicutt as probated 1716 May, Surry Co., Va. Will Book 1709 - 1715, page 6, though these parents show that they were of Lawnes Creek Parish of Surry Co., Va. Then again to further prove that they are one and the same family is the fact that the eldest daughter was named Martha for the mother for it was the general rule that when a will was written the eldest child was named first as was Augustine (4) Hunnicutt. People in that era did move to plantations which fit their living conditions better. So we conclude that Augustine (3) Hunnicutt was the only son of Augustine (2) Hunnicutt and wife Katherine. —Editor).

ENTRY No. 22, 1734, November 13, Surry Co., Va. Book 1730-1738, page 629.—Indenture (dead), Henry Foster to William Gray, Jr., 300 acres of land whereon Henry Foster lately lived beginning at Gray's Creek at mouth of Cross Creek, up said Cross Creek to Mill Swamp to a red oak that di-

vides said land & Cross land whereon Richard Rowell now lives, than E. (east) along that dividing line of Cross to Augustine Hunnicutt's spring, thence down the said Augustine Hunnicutt's spring run to the middle neck gutt then down the said Middle Neck Gutt to ye mouth thereof on the aforesaid Gray's Creek to the 1st station. Witnesses, John Groves, Francis Sharp, Thos. Person. (This will show that the land in question was in Southwarke Parish of Surry Co., Va. and that Hunnicutt owned land in that Parish.—Editor).

1735, November 6, Surry Co., Va. Book 1730-38, page 508.—Indenture (dead)—From Roger Williams and Thomas Williams to Augustine (4) Hunnicutt—8 pounds—for 150 acres of land in Southwarke Parish, Land Roger Williams, Sr. willed to son Roger, Oct. 12, 1706, beginning at a White Oak, a corner tree of Capt. Wm Brown, E. (east) along Brown's line to a Poplar — thence along Morrell's line to the Church line—along the Church line to Capt. Richd. Cocke. Witnesses, Jo. Jordan, Wm Clinch.

(Notes about the above: Roger Williams, patent Book & of land page 490, patents 150 acres land near Southwarke Church, adjacent to Major Swem, David Andrews, Luke Mezell & Wm Foreman. Said land was formerly granted Wm Thompson, Oct. 21, 1684, Oct. 20, 1688. Roger Williams' will names: sons, Roger, George, Samuel; wife, Mary; witnesses, Nich. Smith, Benj. Foreman, Rand. Revell; Estate appraised by Wm Newsum, Jno Phillips, and Wm Newitt. Note: George Williams was a tithable in 1673; Roger Williams, Jr. was a tithable in 1689; and John Hill's was a tithable with George Williams in the year 1688.—Editor).

(Note: The estate of George Williams in 1780 was signed by Nathaniel Harrison and Samuel Thompson).

(Note re above Rogers Williams, Jr.: The will of Roger Williams (Jr.) dated 7 Aug. 1744, probated 30 March 1744-5, states that wife to use lands for life, then to son Thomas; Daux., Elizabeth Bage, Mary Lancaster, wife of Lawrence Lancaster, and Jane Williams; granddaus, Eliz. Lucy Bage; witnesses, Wm Jordan, John Sharpe, and Robert (Gray).

(Note re Catherine Williams, wife of Roger Williams, Jr.: Will of Catherine Williams, dated 7 Nov. 1749, probated 15 Jan. 1752, names Three Children, Thomas Williams, Elizabeth Norris, Mary Lancaster; grandsons, Burwell Sharpe, Hartwell Kleg Williams; granddaus, Catherine Jane Bage, Mary Williams; witnesses, Joshua Proctor, Robert Gray, Mary Friswell (could this not be Friswell). The estate of Thos. Bage, has Elizabeth Bage as Admrx., July 2, 1769, signed by John Watkins, Nich. Witherington, and William Foster. Then Thos Bage estate, Elizabeth Bage, Admrx., 30 March 1743-3, signed, Richard Andrews, Henry Watkins, and Robert Warren. So this may have been the wife living to a very old age or that the son of Thos. Bage may have married also a wife named Elizabeth.—Editor).

This Hunnicutt family data will be continued in the next issue as serial No. 34.



## HISTORICAL RARITIES

FEW OF US HAVE SEEN THE NAMES OF THE HEROES OF THE WAR OF 1812. We have found some of them from Virginia and are from the Petersburg, Virginia Volunteers, so in order to bring them to our readers we shall list them:

Officers: Richard McRae, Captain; William Tisdale, 1st Lt.; Henry Gary, 2nd Lt.; Shirley Tisdale, Ensign;

Sergeants: James Stevens, Robert B. Cook, Samuel Stevens, John Henderson;

Corporals: N. B. Spottswood, Joseph Scott, John Perry, Thomas G. Scott, Joseph Nobles, George T. Clough;

Musicians: Daniel Eshon, James Jackson;

Privates: Andrew Andrews, Robert Angel, John Bignall (Bagnall), Edward Branch, Thomas B. Bigger, Robert Blick, George Burge, William Burton, Daniel Booker, George Booker, Richard Booker;

Thomas Clarke, Reuben Clements, Moses Clements, James G. Chalmers, Edw'd Cheniworth, James Cabiness, Edward H. Coghill, Samuel Cooper, William R. Chives, George Craddock;

Laven Dunton, George P. Digges, Grief Drummond, Alfred O. Eggleston;

George W. Grimes, Leroy Graves, Edmund M. Giles, Frederick Gary;

William Harrison, Nath'l Harrison, John C. Hill;

William Lacy, William Lamb, Benjamin Lawson, Alfred Lorraine, Herbert C. Lofton, William Lanier, William R. Leigh;

David Mann, Nicholas Massenburg, Anthony Mullen, Ben'jn Middleton, Roger Mallory, Joseph Mason, Edward Mumford; James Pace, James Peterson, Richard Pool;

James Farrar, John Frank; Edmunds Gee, James Gary, George Grundy;

Benjamin Pegram, T. W. Perry;

James R. Richardson, John Rawlings; George P. Raybourne, George Richards;

James Cureton; John Shore, John Shelton, John H. Smith, John Spratt, Richard Sharp, Robert Stevens, Ezra Stith, Thomas Scott, John H. Saunders;

John Tracey; Daniel Worsham, Charles Wynne, Nath'l H. Wills, Thomas Worsham, Samuel Williams, James Williams, William Watkins, John F. Wiley, Daniel Williams;

James Jeffers.

(The above list of soldiers of the War of 1812 from the Petersburg, Va. Volunteers from the "Virginia Argus," October 29, 1812 and listed again in Vol. XLVII (No. 4), pages 330-332, October, 1939 of "The Virginia Magazine of History and Biography".)

Note regarding the above: This is given from the article which precedes the list in the publication: "A company of volunteers, popularly known as the 'Petersburg Volunteers' composed of ninety-four young men from Dinwiddie County, eight youths of the first families, and connections in the County of Amelia, some of them possessing independent fortunes who had enrolled as privates, and one from Chesterfield County, Virginia, embarked in the service of their country, October 21, 1812, and consecrated their valor at the battle of Fort Meigs".

## SPENCER

ARMS: Quarterly, argent and gules in two and three, a fret or, over all on a bend sable three escallops of the first.

CREST: Out of a ducal coronet or, a griffin's head argent, gorged with a bar gemella gules, between two wings expanded or, the second.

This arms has been used by the New England family of the name of Spencer and descend from Gerard or Jared Spencer who was born in 1614 and died in 1685, who came from England and settled in Newton, Mass. in the year of 1633. He was a founder of Hartford, Conn. and this was in the year 1636. He was an ensign in the militia for Lynn, Mass. in 1656 and of Haddam in 1662. He was a prominent citizen and represented his community at the General Court in 1674 and some years thereafter. It was thought that he married about the year 1637, Hannah, whose last name is not known to this editor; they had,

Nathaniel Spencer, who died after the year 1722, who was of Haddam, Conn. being a planter there. He married 1st in the year 1681, Lydia Bailey, daughter of John Bailey of Hartford, Conn. This couple had,

Nathaniel Spencer, was born in 1684 and died in 1767, who was also of Haddam, Conn. He was in the service of his colony and served as sergeant in the Train Band. He married in 1703 a lady by the name of Hannah also whose last name this editor does not know. They had,

Nathaniel Spencer, born 1723 and died 1803, who was of New Haven, Conn. He married 1st, in the year 1744, Elizabeth Lee, she died in year 1762 having been the daughter of John Lee. This couple had,

Jonathan Spencer, who was born 1745, who was also of Haddam.



## QUESTIONS

A895. PCKS - ROBBINS - MC LEMORE - EXUM - SUGARS - GOODRICH - FAIN - HAWKINS - OSBOR NLOCKETT - SYMES - THROWER. Want data on Alford, Willie Clifton, John Pippin (Franklin, N. C.); William Hicks, Thomas Robbins (Warren County, N.C.); Abraham McLemore (Bertie Co., N. C.); William Exum, John Sugars, Capt. John Goodrich (Isle of Wight Co., Va.); Richard Fain, John Smith, Hawkins, Towns, Osborn, Lockett (Goochland, Cumberland, Prince Edward Counties, Va.); Adam Symes, Hezekiah Thrower (Brunswick Co., Va.); Nicholas, McLemore (Surry Co., Va.); James Lockhart, Samuel Mitchiner, William Wildner (Johnston Co., N. C.). (North Carolina).

A896. BLAIR - JENNINGS - REID - ROBERTS - EWINGS. Want data on: James Bair, brother of Revs. John (1720-1771) & Samuel Blair (1712-1751) of Pennsylvania; John Jennings (Va. & S. C.), who married, Theresa Reid, dau. of Revolutionary War soldier Reuben Reid; Oba Roberts, who m. Margaret, dau. of Capt. Samuel Ewings, Rev. War soldier (Laurens District, S. C. to Alabama early in 1800's; Joshua Hooper, 1789, who married Jane Roberts (Ala., Miss.); Jacob Jones of the American Revolution (N. C. & S. C.). (Texas).

A897. SANFORD - DURRETT. Want names of parents of Robert Sanford, died 1787 (Orange Co., Va.) and wife Ann Durrett, dau. of Richard Durrett, died 1784 (Albemarle Co., Va.). (California).

A898. REVOLUTIONARY WAR RECORDS OF VIRGINIA. Want to know the books covering Virginia Revolutionary War soldiers and if they include any data about the children. It is understood that there are pub-

lished books from old records; can anyone give me the names of these books?—"Interested." Warwick Co., Newport News, Va.).

A899. ALABAMA FAMILIES. Many of my family moved from North and South Carolina into Alabama about 1810 and are too many to list here. During the 2nd World War some of us moved back to Va. and now we want records of the early settlers in Alabama. Are there any records published on Alabama names and locations in that state?—(Virginia).

## ANSWERS

A897. REVOLUTIONARY WAR RECORDS OF VIRGINIA This editor is very happy to assist with this question, since the following listed books are located in the Newport News, (Va.) Public Library; the title of the books, as well as, the library code numbers will be given: "Revolutionary Soldiers of Virginia," shown in the Virginia State Library Report (1911-1912), the Code No. V027.5; "Roster of Virginia Daughters of American Revolution 1892-1936," Code No. V929.9755-V4819; "Virginia Soldiers of 1776," by Louis A. Burgess (3 Vols), Code No. V929-B912; "Revolutionary War Records (Va.)," by G. Marcus Brumbaugh, Code No. V929.4-B834; "Historical Register of Officers of the Continental Army, 1776-1782," by Francis B. Heitman, Code No. V929.4-H365. The 3 vols. of "Virginia Soldiers of 1776," by Burgess includes many names of children of the soldiers and officers; however, there are a few errors in the index.

HUNNICUTT FAMILY HUNNICUTT FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA This continues as the 34th of the series of this family data on the Hunnicutt name. We

shall continue with Entry No. 24.

ENTRY No. 24.—Year 1737, January 29—(papers from an old desk of Randolph Hunnicutt in South Carolina, which were checked and copied by Mrs. Leila devarneise, a Hunnicutt descendant of Atlanta, Ga., in the year 1928, and which are now supposed to be in the possession of Mrs. Charles E. Bell, 22214 West McVigors Street, Detroit, Michigan. This apparent deed of gift of household goods reads as follows: "This day fairly bargained sold & delivered to Joan Hunnicutt one feather bed valued at one & six pence, a mare & fine valued at two & six pence current money of Virginia. Signed Augustine (his mark) Hunnicutt." (Note: This sale was apparently more or less a gift from father to son in order to make the sale legal. This Augustine (3) Hunnicutt was most certain the father of Joan (4) Hunnicutt named in the will of his father which was given under Entry No. 22 in issue of February 3, 1963 and recorded in Surry Co., Va. Will Book 1730-1738, pg. 451 on Oct. 19, 1743 in which he, Augustine (3) Hunnicutt names among sons, Joan (4) Hunnicutt. We know that some of the Hunnicutt family moved into North Carolina during the middle of the 1700's and this could have been the John (4) Hunnicutt who eventually moved to North Carolina.—Editor).

1737, March 14, Deed Book 1730-1738, page 457. Indenture (deed), from Augustine (3) Hunnicutt to Wm. Gray, 150 acres—consideration of 5 pounds money. All tract of land whereon John (4) Hunnicutt now lives in Southwarke Parish, beginning at a white oak corner tree to Inarps (Thorpe) line — to Robert Warren's line — Wm. Brown, Jr.'s line — to Richard Cocke, thence to 1st station, being all that tract of land the said said Augustine (3) Hunnicutt purchased of Roger and Thomas Williams. Signed, Augustine (- his mark) Hunnicutt; witnesses, Richard Andrews, James Nicholson, John Hunnicutt, Edmund Gray; recorded Oct. 19, 1737. Memorandum on 14 March possession given Wm Gray, Signed Augustine (- his mark) Hunnicutt. (Note: This would show that Augustine (3) Hunnicutt sold the same land that he had purchased on 1735, Nov. 6 as shown in Entry No. 23 of the Feb. 10, 1963 issue. This deed also shows that Augustine (3) Hunnicutt sold the land in March 1737; he was disposing of some of his holdings due to his age for he died in 1743.—Editor).

1737, December 20—Surry Co., Va. Deed Book 1730-1738, page 856. Indenture (deed) from Aug-

ustine (3) Hunnicutt (sic) of Lawnes Creek Parish to Augustine (4) Hunnicutt, Junr. of Same parish for "natural love and affection and for better maintenance, 277 acres of land commonly called Hopewell being now in the tenure of Augustine (4) Hunnicutt, Jrr. Signed Augustine Hunnicutt; witnesses John Ruffin, Richard Cocke. (Note: This would show that he gave land to his son earlier and did not give him much in his will of 1743, since (Augustine (4) Hunnicutt was the eldest son; and Augustine (3) gave land to his other sons in his will, which was recorded Oct. 19, 1743, Surry Co., Va., Will Book 1738-1754, page 451, at which time he stated he was of Southwarke Parish, Surry County, Va. Some person have stated that there were two Augustines in Surry County at the same time, but this editor is of the belief that there surely two Augustine Hunnicutts in Surry Co. at the same time, but that they were father and son. With this above given deed of gift "for natural love and affection" giving land and then not giving him land in the will as was given the brother of Augustine (4) Hunnicutt this would clearly show that this was the same family only that land was in another parish of the same county; and at the time of the death of Augustine (3) Hunnicutt he could have moved to southwarke Prish with his son Augustine (4) Hunnicutt or son John (4) Hunnicutt.—EDITOR).

ENTRY No. 25.—1738, February 13, Surry Co., Va. Will Book 1730-1738, page 797. Estate of Augustine Berriman: Paid to Carter Crawford, Marely, Mr. Newsum, Benjamin Bell, Augustine Hunnicutt, Aphriam Eley, Joseph Delk; signed Ann Berriman, Entrx.

(Will of Augustine Berriman; names, wife Ann; sons, John, Joseph, William; divides estate among three sons and three daughters (not named), dated 23 October 1735, probated 21 April 1736, with witnesses, Henry McDonnae, Wm Drew, John Thompson).

(Will of Ann Berriman, wife of the above Augustine Berriman; names, sons, John, Joseph, William; daughters, Lucy, Ann and Margaret Berryman, dated 11 August 1748, probated 15 November 1748, with witnesses, Joseph Edwards, and John Edwards).

(Note: The two above wills of Augustine Berryman and wife Ann Berriman will show that Augustine Hunnicutt was connected with this family and it is quite possible that he married Ann Berriman.

This Hunnicutt data will be continued in the next issue as the 35th in the series on this name.

## Rules Of Genealogical Feature

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2. Questions and answers must be clearly stated on large size paper 8½ by 11 inches, written double-spaced in ink or typed on one side of paper only; postal cards and small paper not acceptable; 3 questions only.
3. Answers will be through the column only. Correspondents making reply must give answers using data pertinent and brief.
4. Answers will be published from other readers as research by editor is too time-consuming; however, the editor will assist when possible. This feature is a clearing house for readers. The editor reserves the right to retain and edit questions and number of questions and date that question appeared. If answers are to be forwarded, must be accompanied by plain stamped envelope, not stamps only.



# Climbing The Family Tree

—Genealogy: Questions  
And Answers

By HUGH S. WATSON JR.

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

**DID YOU KNOW THAT KING JAMES THE FIRST, GRANTED A CHARTER AUTHORIZING COUNCILS IN THE VIRGINIA COLONY?**

Since this is an interesting fact not known to many persons as to how the governing body was set up in the Virginia Colony, it shall be given here.

"On July 4, 1621, King James, The First, granted the fourth charter to the London Company. It authorized 'two supreme councils, in Virginia, for better government of the said colony.' One was designed as 'the Council of State,' whose office was to assist the Governor with 'care, advice and circumspection.' The first appointees of the Council of State were Sir Francis Wyatt, Governor of Virginia; Captain Francis West, Sir George Yeardley, knight; Sir William Neuse, knight-marshal of Virginia; George Sandys, treasurer; George Thorpe, deputy of the college; Captain Thomas Neuse, deputy for the company; Rev. Robert Pawlet, Mr. Leech, Captain Nathaniel Powell, Christopher Davidson, secretary; Dr. Potts, physician to the company; Roger Smith, John Berkeley, John Rolph, Ralph Hamor, John Pountis, Mitchell Eapworth, Mr. Harwood and Samuel Macock. The members of the council were to reside 'about or near the Governor' and were to meet quarterly. The other council was to consist of the House of Burgesses and members of the Council of State. This council was to be called 'once yearly and no oftener,' unless for extraordinary occasion. It was to be called 'the General Assembly,' a name still used for our Legislature. This provision in the charter was a confirmation of the Letters Patent under which the House of Burgesses met in 1619."

"The General Assembly was granted 'free power to treat, consult and conclude as well of all emergent occasions, concerning the public weal (will) of the said colony, and every part thereof, as also to make, ordain and enact such general laws and orders for the behoof of the said colony and every part thereof."

(Reference for the above: "Colonial Virginia" by William Broadus Cridle, pages 60-61).

## QUESTIONS

**A900. PECK-LINDSLY-BALL-DODD - HARRISON - ROBINSON.** Could any of our readers assist with any information concerning these ancestors? My ancestor was Henry Peck and my line of descent from his is as follows:

Henry Peck, settled in New Haven, Conn. in 1638; died 1651; he had,

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## ROBINSON

**ARMS:** Vert, on a chevron between three bucks trippant or, as many trefoils of the field.

**CREST:** A buck trippant proper.

This arms has been used by the family name of Robinson from Scotland and they descend from Thomas Robinson, born 1676 and died about the year 1740. He was the son of John Robinson, who was born in 1650 and was of Hillock Villa, Meikle Gowane, Scotland and married Janet Ferguson, daughter of William Ferguson. The mentioned John Robinson was a son of John Robinson, a son of John, a son of James, a son of John, a son of George, a son of George of Edinburgh, Scotland. This last named George Robinson was a customer of woollens and cloths and comptroller in the year of 1456.

The Thomas Robinson, born 1676 came from Colonaire, Ulster County, Ireland to Hanover, Dauphin County, Pennsylvania in the year 1726. He was the Thomas Robinson, who married in Londonderry in 1697, Sarah Gilbert, daughter of Phillip Gilbert. They had, Phillip Robinson, born 1698 and died 1770, who came to America with his father and lived in the same place. He was a millwright and furnished supplies to the colonial government during the French and Indian Wars, as well as, during the Revolutionary War. He had,

George Robinson, born 1727 and died 1814, who went to Sherman Creek, Cumberland Co., Pennsylvania about the year 1753 and later was a residence in Lexington, Ky. He stayed during the American Revolution. He married Ann Wiley in 1743 and married a second time to Mary Martin.



ROBINSON

## ANSWERS

**A897. HARPER-BROOKS.** I am interested in the item No. A897. Harper-Brooks in Sunday, January 27th, 1963, genealogical column of the Daily Press.

I feel sure that the Major Harper of King and Queen County, Virginia is an ancestor of mine.

My father is Junsford Cecil Harper, born July 31, 1881, in King and Queen County, who is the son of Fannie Cosby and Claybrook Harper. Claybrook Harper was born May 25, 1838 and died January 29, 1900. He is buried at Maitaponi Baptist Church Cemetery, King & Queen Co., Virginia.

Claybrook Harper's father was Richard Harper whose date of birth and death I do not know nor do I know his wife's given name; she was a Miss Coleman.

I am interested in securing data on the Harper line of descent and if permissible, shall like to contact, personally, the sender of this question to your paper. (R. C. H., Gloucester, Va.).

## HUNNICUTT FAMILY

**HUNNICUTT FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA.** This continues as the 35th article in the series. We shall continue with the newly numbered Entry No. 26.

**ENTRY No. 26—Year 1738.** May 15, Hartwell Hunnicutt, son of John & Jemima Hunnicutt, was born May 15, 1738 (From the family Bible of John (4) Hunnicutt, whose family moved into North Carolina and later into the deep Southland area of Miss. This Hartwell Hunnicutt is not to be confused with another Hartwell (5) Hunnicutt, son of Augustine (4) Hunnicutt, brother of the above mentioned John (4) Hunnicutt. These two named Hartwell Hunnicutt men would then have first cousins to one another; one a son of John (4) Hunnicutt and the other was the son of Augustine (4) Hunnicutt. The Hartwell (5) Hunnicutt, son of Augustine (4) Hunnicutt was raised in Surry County and remained in that county in Virginia—Editor).

1740, December 22—Isle of Wight County, Va., Book No. 4, 365—Will of Zeakeil Matthews;

names son, Zeakeil; son, Edward; James Bennett; daughter, MARTHA HUNNICUTT; daughter, Priscilla Morgan; daughter, Elizabeth To my wife and seven children, viz, Elizabeth, Sarah, Mary, Unity, Edmond, Moses, Enos. Wife, Extr.; witnesses, Nathaniel Ridley; will dated March 21, 1738-9, probated December 22, 1740. (NOTE: Now, just who could this daughter, Martha Matthews, married as a Hunnicutt; could this Martha Hunnicutt have been the wife of Augustine (3) Hunnicutt, whose will was given under Entry No. 22? The will of this Augustine (3) Hunnicutt dated his will 14 July 1743 and recorded in Surry Co., Va. Surry Will Book 1738-54, page 431 on Oct. 19, 1743; he mentioned a wife, but did not give the name of her, however, he named his daughter as Martha as his first among the names of daughters indicating that the daughter was named for her mother; this was a natural thing to do among the early settlers.—Editor).

1741, January 25, Elizabeth Hunnicutt, daughter of John & Jemima Hunnicutt, was born the 25th day of January 18-41 (Family Bible mentioned above and now in the possession of J. D. Hunnicutt of New Orleans, a copy of which is in the Archives Department of the Virginia State Library in Richmond, Va. This John (4) Hunnicutt was named in the will of his father as mentioned above in this Entry No. 26 and this is the line of Hunnicutts that moved South into North Carolina and further South.—Editor).

1742, March 10, Surry Co., Va. Deed Book 1741-1746, page 38.—Indenture (deed), Wm Gray of New Kent Co., (Va.), and Giber Gray of Surry Co., Va., a tract Wm Gray purchased of Henry Foster, 100 acres beginning at the mouth of Cross Creek—Mill Swamp—a corner tree at Crewland whereon Richard Rowell now lives, E. (east) along line of Crewes to Augustine Hunnicutt's Spring, then down the said Augustine Hunnicutt's Spring run to middle neck gutt, down gutt to mouth of Grays Creek, up creek to 1st station; witnesses, Thomas Gray, John Dorich, Benjamin Nicholson. (Note: This data is given since this will show that one member of the Gray family had moved into New Kent County, Virginia and placed the land of Augustine Hunnicutt. Some persons have wondered what connection the Gray family of New Kent County, Va. had with that of Surry Co., Va.; this will solve the problem for future search.—Editor).

1741, Sept. 9, Surry Co., Book 1738-1754, page 367 Indenture (deed) from Wm. Crews and wife Margaret and Richard Rowell to William Clinch, 100 acres of land on Grays Creek, adjoining the land of the orphan (orphan) of John Hartwell and Wm Crews Signed, Wm Crews (signature) Martha (her mark) Crews; witnesses, Joseph John Clinch, Elizabeth Clinch. (Note: This deed is given since the families of Rowell and Clinch were connected with the family of Hunnicutt; also the given name of Hartwell is given to sons of John (4) Hunnicutt and Augustine (4) Hunnicutt, but to this time this editor has found no definite record to show just why the name of Hartwell was given to each of these sons. A name was generally not given unless

there was some strong connection, so how did the family of Hartwell become connected with the family of Hunnicutt?—Editor).

1743, April 21, Surry Co., Va. Will Book 1738-1754, page 408. Will of Thomas Drew; names —son David, land bought of Samuel Taylor and Col. Allen; son Thomas, 150 acres of land called "Nocotink, whereon I now live & 150 acres out of a tract bought of Wm Ruffin, joining plantation whereon I now live; to son John, rest of land bought of Wm Ruffin; to daughter Mary 20 pounds when 18; to daughter Faith 20 pounds when 18; names Charles Binns and Benjamin Bell overseers of all children. Three sons to be exors. Will dated 13 February 1737-8; witnesses, Chas. Binns, Wm Holt, Benjamin Bell, Thomas Binns. Probated 21 April 1742.

1742, April 30, Order Book, 1741-1744, page 29. — Ordered that Nicholas Thompson, John Cokes, John Thompson and Augustine (4) Hunnicutt, or any three of them, appraise the estate of Thomas Drew, deceased. (Note: Thomas Drew was born 1685, son of Thomas, born 1658, died 1734, and grandson of Richard Drew.—Editor).

(Note regarding the land of Thomas Drew—The will of Robert (3) Binns, names: wife, plantation for life, then to son Robert; sons, Robert & William, and at Pocotink, or Bowling Green Swamp—to Wm Rowlands path—to Sunken Marsh; Eastward to son Robert, the other part to son William; daughter Elizabeth's first born child—dated 4 May 1683, probated July 4, 1683. The will of Elizabeth Ruffin names daughter Jane Ruffin, sons William & Robert (mentions agreement over the house), dated 29 July 1711, and probated August 18, 1714. Then we have the will of Robert Ruffin, naming wife Elizabeth; sons, Joseph John, Benjamin, and Edmund; daughters, Mary, Martha, & Elizabeth; will dated 13 April 1720 and probated 13 February 1720-21. We note that there is a given name of "Joseph John," a son of Robert Ruffin and we have also noted that a given name among the Church family is Joseph John Clinch.—Editor).

Entry No. 27—Year 1743 January 18, Surry Co., Va. Deed Book 1741-1746, page 38.—Indenture (deed) from Roger Williams to John Hunnicutt, for 5 pounds, 150 acres whereon John Hunnicutt now lives, on 150 acres whereon John Hunnicutt (4) Hunnicutt now lives, on the head of the Cross Creek, beginning at a white oak corner tree between Capt. Richard Cock's land and Capt. Wm Brown's thence Southly along Capt. Cock's line to a corner tree of Robert Warren's land. Thence Westly along Robert Warren's line to a corner tree to Charles Wholeworth's (Holds-worth) land then Northly along Wholeworth's line to a corner tree of Capt. Brown's Land, then Ely along Capt. Brown's to the beginning. Signed, Roger Williams, Catrin Williams; witnesses, John Tyus, Donj. Nicholson, Jos. King. (Note: This given since it shows where John (4) Hunnicutt's land was located. If we also recall that Roger Williams was with the Hunnicutt family during other transaction of business and that Williams was at one time living in the home of the Hunnicutt family.—Editor).



# Climbing The Family Tree

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## HISTORICAL RARITIES

And the Virginia Colonists wanted to change the settlement of Jamestown on the account of health reasons in the year 1611. "In a letter to the Prime Minister, Dale (Governor) stated: 'I have surveyed a convenient, strong, healthie and sweet seate to plant the new toen in, from whence might be no more remove of the principal seate; and in that form to build, as might accomodate the inhabitants, and the Title and Name which it hath pleased the Lords, all readie to appoint for it.' The name selected by the Privy Council had been Henrico (Henricus; Henricopodis) in honor of Henry, Prince of Wales, the patron of the Company. The Prince of Wales was an enthusiastic supporter of the plan to colonize Virginia, and his untimely death, November 16th, 1623, was a great loss to the colony. Had he lived, and succeeded to Crown, the history of Virginia would have been much less full of tragedies and sufferings of its founders.'

"It was Dale's intention to erect five fortifications for the protection of the colony, viz—Point Comfort (Fort Alfernone now Fort Monroe at Hampton, Va.), Kiskiack, Jamestown, Henrico, and at the Falls (now Richmond). He requested that a standing army of two thousand be sent from England. The army was never dispatched, but, with the aid of political prisoners sent over, Dale began preparing the defense of the new town, to secure it against the Indians, 'kn the midst of whom he was resolved to set down, "as he was convinced that a settlement at Henrico would command the security of that part of the colony situated above its site. Having selected the site, Dale returned to Jamestown, secured the approval of Lieutenant Governor Gates, and returned September, with about three hundred men, to the place selected. It was reported that "within ten days he had fortified seven acres of ground, which in honor of the Noble Prince Henrie (whose royal heart was ever strongly affected to that section) he called by the name of Henrico." Strong watch-towers were constructed at each corner of the town (five); also a 'fair and handsome church and store houses.' By the middle of January 1612, he had constructed houses for himself and men, and made 'Henrico much better and of more worth than all the work ever since the Colony began, therein done.' (It was reported that the first stories of these houses were constructed of brick, burnt in that vicinity)." (Reference: "Colonial Virginia" pages 42 & 43, by William Broadus Crudlin).

## QUESTIONS

A902. ARMISTEAD. "Mr. Lee of the newspaper office in Newport News has referred me to you."

"During the early part of this year you did an article on the Armistead family, which appeared in the local paper. I would like a copy of this article. Whatever you charge for this service, I surely would be agreeable." (H. K. Armistead, Jr., Box 35, Churchland, Virginia). (NOTE: To the knowledge of this editor, no such article appeared on the name of Armistead; however, there did appear an article on the family of Moore of York County, Virginia.—EDITOR).

A903. TANKERSLEY. Would



like all the data I can obtain on the Tankersley family, especially those who lived in Haywood County, North Carolina about the years 1800 to 1835 and later moved to Gilmer County, Georgia about 1835. (P. G. T., Bristol, Tenn.).

A904. DEANS-DEAN. "I am trying to get information, and facts in regards to the family name of Deans here in New England. There have been for years many stories as to the origin of the Deans in England, and this country. I know we have a coat-of-arms, but have never seen it."

"There is a large number of Deans; they are all over the entire country. We would like to know when the first Deans landed in this country, and where they settled, also where they came from in England, and did they hold office, and hold estates in England, etc."

"We will appreciate your valuable information very much, and will be pleased to receive it." (J. A. D., Providence, R. I.).

A905. CRUMP. Robert Crump was in Stokes County, North Carolina, Census (what year? Editor). He was head of household, having 3 males over 16 years of age, meaning Robert and 2 sons; 4 males under 16 years and five females (wife, 4 daug. and one slave). (This does not seem to add up—Editor).

Robert Crump entered land, Surry County, North Carolina, 10/3/1778 Robert Crump received land grants in 1784; one of 400 acres; and one for 300 acres. He bought 200 acres of land in Surry County, N. C.

Robert Crump sold seven different tracts of land in 1804 amounting to approximately 900 acres in Stokes Co., North Carolina; Stokes Co. was formed from Surry Co., N. C. (Was the above date a question or was it an answer to a previous question, if so, could you not give the reference from which the data was taken; this could be so helpful.—Editor). (H. F. C., Toccoa, Georgia).

A906. FORESTER - MCKEE - MCGEE - OLINGER - NELSON. Wish the names of the parents of William Forester and the place from where he came in England or Scotland. From the data I have, it appears that William Forester came to

America in 1775 with the Army of King George, he being either from England or Scotland.

William Forester never returned there, but married a girl named Jennett McKee or McGee, who had also come from England or Scotland; they had ten children: Sarah Forester, B. 10/12/1783; Peter Forester, born March 1789; David Forester, born Dec. 2, 1791; died July 15, 1877 who married Anna —, who died Nov. 5, 1876; George Forester, born Jan. 31, 1794; William Forester, born May 1796; Jane Forester, born Sept. 1798; Alexander Forester (from whom I descend), born May 3, 1800; John Forester, born 1802; Mary Forester, born May 1804; and Joseph Forester, born May 1905.

William Forester, the 5th child, was drowned in the North Fork of Holston River, ten miles from its spring; in part of Virginia. In what part of Virginia is this spring located? This William Forester was buried in the forest near Bryant Creek, Wythe County, Virginia.

Jennett McGee or McKee Forester died in 1832 and was buried at the same place of her son William; William Forester, Sr., the father, died soon thereafter in 1832 and was buried by his son and wife.

The only marriages that I have collected are: David Forester the 3rd child, who married Ann Clinger, daughter of John and Nancy Clinger, and had nine children. Alexander Forester, the 7th child, married Susannah Nelson (?), and it is believed that they had 12 children.

The Rev. George Easterly baptized all of the children of Anna and David Forester, except 2 and they were baptized by their father, David, who was confirmed in the Christian faith after the Lutheran order in 1860.

Would like the place of birth with dates also parents of the first mentioned William Forester also data on his wife. (G. F. F., Cottonwood, California).

A907. GREEN—WILLIS-RANSOM-BUKE. Want names of parents of Edward Green, who was also known as Colonel Thomas Edward Green, who moved from Brunswick County, Virginia and settled in Warren County, North Carolina about the year 1700. It is believed he married Nancy Willis, daughter of Plummer Willis, and wife, Drusilla Ransom, both of Warren County, North Carolina.

Edward Green had a daughter Mary, who married William Raleigh Duke in 1735. They had issue: Green Duke, Winifred Duke, Mary Duke, Nannie Duke, Tamer Duke, and Sally Duke. The Duke family was from Virginia and also of Butts Co., North Carolina.

(B). TOMLIN (TOMLYN). Wish names of parents of Mat-

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## VANCE

ARMS: Argent, on a bend gules, three mullets or.  
CREST: A lion rampant, holding in the dexter paw a scale.  
MOTTO: Be faithful.

This arms has been used by the Virginia family, which settled in Winchester. They descend from Rev. John (Vans) Vance, who was a direct descendant of Robert Bruce, King of Scotland. Rev. Vance was rector of Kilmacrenan. He married Elizabeth McDowell. They had,

Dr. Lancelot (Launce) Vance, who was surgeon and became a member of the Londonderry Regiment. The name of his wife is not known to this editor. He had,

John Vance, who was of Coagh and this gentleman married Agnes Reyney. They had,

Andrew Vance, who was born in County Caven, Ireland, and was the progenitor of this line in America for he came to this country in 1700 and settled in Winchester, Virginia in the year 1735. His residence was on Opecon Creek. He married Elizabeth Colvia. They had,

Samuel Vance, who was born in the year 1692 and died in 1778, being of Abingdon, Washington County, Virginia. He married Sarah Colville. Note the similarity of the names of his mother and his wife, however, they are not the same. This couple had,

Capt. Robert Vance, born 1728 and died in the year 1813, who was of Moon Township in Pennsylvania and was there by the year 1750. He among those said to have been with General Braddock, but it is known that he was at the surrender of Fort Duquesne. He also saw service for his country during the American Revolution being named lieutenant and later captain for the 9th and 13th Virginia Cavalry. He was granted 4,000 acres of land on the Big Miami River as payment for his services. He married in the year 1775 Jean White, born 1746 and died 1824.

thew Tomlyn, whose will was dated 1684 and probated 1686, Isle of Wight County, Virginia. He had issue: Matthew Tomlyn, Jr., and daughter Mary. This Mary Tomlyn married John Turner, whose will is recorded in Isle of Wight County, Va. in 1708. (This question entered by Lt. E. V. Smith, 4702A, Prichard Place, Fort Knox, Kentucky).

## ANSWERS

A932. ARMISTEAD. To the knowledge of this editor, no article covering the family of Armistead has been published in this feature during the early part of this year. There may have been a question relating to the name of Armistead, but this editor does not have an index of this feature, so cannot assist you with an answer. If you are interested in the name of Armistead, why not enter an inquiry covering the names of the family of Armistead in which you are interested with approximately the dates of their residence in Virginia on in what locality.—EDITOR.

A934. DEANS-DEAN. Since you are looking for the name of Dean and you are living in the area of New England, it might be of assistance for you to search in the New England Historical and Genealogical Magazine; there will be found much data on the name of Deans and Dean. It is also suggested that you look in the beautifully printed volumes published under the name of "Americans Illustrated" and published by the American Historical Society; therein you will find in one of the volumes the New England family of Dean and also the coat-of-arms in color; I do not recall the volume number at this time, but it is there.—EDITOR.

## BOOK REVIEW

"COLLECTION OF UNRECORDED WILLS, NORFOLK COUNTY, VIRGINIA, 1711-1800," compiled by Mrs. Elizabeth B. Wingo of 1230 Manchester Avenue, Norfolk, 8, Virginia.

Mrs. Wingo an outstanding genealogist in Tidewater, Virginia has gone to the effort and labor of love by compiling the records of Norfolk County, Virginia, which have never been recorded in the books of the named county. These records and data are of great value to the searcher in the said county, since they would not be indexed in manner of a book or available to the public.

Mrs. Wingo states in her "Forward" of the book, "Research revealed that there were almost one hundred unrecorded wills and depositions among the Norfolk County, Norfolk Town and Norfolk Borough records from 1711 to 1800. These have copied by me for this collection."

Just to list some of the names of the maker of the wills or depositions, they are: James Avery, James Bachelder, Joseph Beily, Paul Balletine, Jeremiah Beck, Abraham Besely, Tucker Best, William Beverly, Richard Bicardick, Mary Bland, William Bressie, Junior, Henrietta Bret, John Brown, Abraham Bruce, William Bustin, Margaret Butt, William Butt, Lemuel Butt, Anthony Butt, Elizabeth Calloway, John Cherry, Lewis Conner, Francis Deall, Charles Denby, Edward Dial, Eros Eastwood, Richard Edmunds, Edward Etheridge, Lydia Fentress, John Fulford, Richard Gammon, James Gordon, Moses Granberry, Edward Grant, Thomas Hodges, Hannah Holladay, Sarah Hollowell, George Isdell, Mary Ivy, Hester Kenewin, Jaques Labadie, John Lambert, Lydia Langley, Thomas Langley, William Langley, Mary Lines, Alexander Lisbon, John Ludgall, John Maccoy, Peter Malbone, Simo Matthias, Duncan McNeill, Christopher Mercer, Thomas Miers, John Miller, and others.

HUNNICUTT FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA. The series covering the Hunnicutt family will continue in the next issue of this feature.





Mar 10 Missing



## Climbing

# The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON

### HISTORICAL RARITIES POOR OLE ABE, THE PRESIDENT, EVEN THE YANKEE NEWSPAPERS RIBBED HIM.

The following is taken from the Visalia Equal Rights of Jan. 16, 1863 and is as follows:

"SENSATION. — A correspondent of the Chicago Post states that Old Abe (The President) has taken extraordinary precautions to save himself from assassination. A large body of cavalry accompanies him wherever he goes. Now this is all mere bosh about any one wishing to assassinate the old wretch. From the inauguration of Washington (The President) down to the beginning of Abraham's reign, no American President ever insulted his countrymen by having a bodyguard, after the fashion of European tyrants. Mr. Lincoln was the first on this continent to assume the style and airs of Bomba, and we blush to say there are thousands so lost to the dignity of the American name as to applaud this disgraceful conduct of the President. And this imbecile creature, quaking with craven fear, is the second Jackson! The comparison is enough to make the bones of the imperial Tennessean rattle in their coffin!"

THE AMERICAN PEOPLE ALWAYS SEEM TO WANT TO CHANGE IN THE HEADS OF THE GOVERNMENT. It was in 1863 and it seems so during this century.

We take this article from a newspaper of 100 years ago being the Hackettstown (N. J.) Gazette of Jan. 1, 1863. It reads as follows:

"The people know now that the Administration at Washington is responsible, and they will not be satisfied until the Administration is absolutely changed — changed in men, changed in views, changed in spirit, changed in policy."

"If there were any plain constitutional method of compelling the resignation of President, and Vice - President, and placing a new man in the seat of Abraham Lincoln, the people would demand that. They are a Constitutional loving people today, as they have been throughout the war, and they recognize the necessity, the duty of standing firmly by the President as long as he remains President. But if Abraham Lincoln and Hannibal Hamlin should resign, and Congress order a new election at once, there can be no doubt that the people of the United States would accept the event as the consummation of their most ardent desires and the means of saving the nation. They do not expect that. But they do desire—not Democrats, not conservative men, but the people of all parties, Republicans more loudly than any one else—they do desire that the President should at one and wholly change his entire Administration. A half-way patching up of the Cabinet will but lead to a renewal of the old wrong. There are members of the Cabinet who might well be in a new Cabinet, but the construction should be new. Every



man should resign, and a new ministry be called by the President, who will conduct public affairs on public principles, and who will advise the President as American patriots, and not as selfish politicians."

"We speak with great plainness of speech. This is the hour for such speaking."

### QUESTIONS

A910. SPEIGHT - HARE-NORFLEET. Wish information available on these: Honore Speight, Dau. of William Speight (Spite), recipient of several Virginia Land Grants beginning April 1701, Nansemond Co., Va., later lived in Perquimans Co., North Carolina. Wm Speight was a son of Francis Speight, born 1614, who came to Virginia in 163 to Nansemond County. Wm Speight's sons included Wm Speight, Jr., and Thomas Speight who died 1737. Connection sought to Wm. H. Speight, born 1781 in North Carolina, Nancy, born 1783 in N. C., both living in Haywood County, Tenn. in 1850. Honore Speight married Moses Hare (see deed from her father) and Moses Hare's will of 1793, which names sons: Elisha Hare, Joseph Hare, John Hare, Moses Hare, and one daughter Bridget (Hare Small.)

Moses Hare (is believed to have been born in Virginia, son of John and Sarah Hare) served with his son, Moses Hare, Jr., in the North Carolina Militia in 1754 under Capt. Charles King, his nephew; served as Chowan County, N. C. juror in 1739-1740 at the same time as Wm Speight; in 1769-71 Moses Hare served in the Assembly from Beaufort Co., N. C., at the same time with Edward Hare (believed to have been his cousin) from Bertie County, N. C., whose service began in 1767 from Hertford Co., N. C. John Maule of Beaufort Co., N. C., married Moses Hare's sister, Elizabeth of Virginia, and in his will, December 11, 1773, named wife Elizabeth, son Moses; daughters, Elizabeth, Anne, Penelope, and Jamima; and as executor, "my brother-in-law, Moses Hare." John Maule was a son of Patrick Maule, and nephew of Col. Wm Maule.

Elisha Hare, whose birth date is unknown to the inquirer, however, about 1780 he was named guardian for Mourning Norfleet, born Oct. 9, 1779 (ten months after her father's will was made daughter of Jacob and Elizabeth Norfleet of Gates Co., North Carolina. On December 28, 1790 Elisha Hare married Easther Norfleet, sister of his ward, Jacob Norfleet's will was probated

August 1780, naming Elizabeth, the widow, son, Kinchen Norfleet, who was born Sept. 12, 1775; daughters, Easther, Elizabeth, Pleasant Lawrence; brother, Abraham Norfleet; the estate was divided pursuant to court order in 1781 with the division signed by Edward Arnold, Jethro Ballard and James Norfleet, apportioned between Elizabeth Norfleet, Pleasant L. Norfleet, Kinchen Norfleet, Mourning Norfleet and Easther Norfleet, in that order. Would like to hear from descendants of these people since signatures on other documents indicate a family connection between Arnold and Ballard families. Also hope to prove Revolutionary War civil, patriotic or military service for Moses Hare, Elisha Hare, or Jacob Norfleet.

(B). DAVIS. Wish information on: Miles McDonald Davis, born in Norfolk Va. in 1803, orphaned with a brother and sister; Miles was apprenticed to a shoemaker to learn the trade at which he worked until 1828; in November of that year he married Rebecca Hare, daughter of Elisha Hare and Easther (Norfleet) Hare of Gates County, N. C. His parents may have been Miles Davis and Sarah Calloway Davis, who married September 26, 1798, Bertie Co., North Carolina, with bondsman John Williams, and witness, George Gray. Sarah is believed to have been the daughter of Thomas Calloway, grandson of Caleb Calloway, who moved to Albemarle Section of North Carolina in 1660; need proof of her parentage.

(C.) HOLCOMBE-KINCHEEN-GREEN. The "Holcombe Immigrants to Virginia" section of McPherson's book "Holcombes" states that the wife of Wm Holcombe of St. Stephen's Parish, Virginia, might have been among other names, Green or Kinchen, because of the prevalence of these as Christian names through seven to eleven generations. Would like Holcombe family data from Virginia and

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3. Answers will be through the column only. Correspondents making reply must give answers using data pertinent and brief.

4. Answers will be published from other readers as research by editor is too time-consuming; however, the editor will assist when possible. This feature is a clearing house for readers. The editor reserves the right to retain and edit questions and number of questions and date that question appeared. If answers are to be forwarded, must be accompanied by plain stamped envelope.

## VON STUCK

ARMS: Azure, three bars wavy argent, in chief a demilobster naissant gules.

CREST: Out of a ducal coronet or, three ostrick plumes argent and azure.

This Von Stuck arms has been used by the family of Stuck (Stick), which settled in Pennsylvania. They descend from Johann Kaspar (Stuck) Stick, who was born about 1752 and died in 1814, having come from Pomerania and Hesse Cassel, Germany in the year 1775. He settled in the area of Sherman, Mannheim Township in York County, Pennsylvania. This gentleman married in 1776, Margaretta Sherman. They had,

Henry Stick, born in 1808 and died 1882, was of York County, Penn. and there established "Stick's Tavern." He was prominent in the area where he was associated with the merchantile business and was in the banking business. Not only did he have these accomplishments, but was president of two insurance companies. He married in the year 1836, Mary Ann Thoman, born 1815 and died 1903. This couple had,

Henry Silas Stick, born 1848 and died 1917, who was also of Sticks, York County, Pennsylvania, where he was postmaster. He was also prominent in educational affairs of his community having founded two schools, one being Glenville Academy in Glenville, Penn. He married in 1869, Rebecca Koller originally of a prominent German family.



VON STUCK

North Carolina. I wish to connect with Lourana Holcomb, born 1815 in North Carolina, who later lived in Tenn., then Arkansas, and had a nephew named Oliver Alfred Philip Nicholas Holcomb, born January 10, 1845 in Tenn., who also moved to Arkansas. It is believed her parents can be traced because Lourana Holcomb's mother lived to be eighty or more years old. Also wish the Green and Kinchen connections with the name of the family of Holcombe, also Gibsons, Wilsons and Norfleet from Va. and North Carolina. (T. M., Little Rock, Ark.).

A911 CLAIBORNE-MAURY. I wish substantiating evidence of the parentage of Daniel Claiborne, born 1710 - 20 in King William County, Va. He is reputed to be the son of Thomas Claiborne of "Romanceke", King William County, Virginia and Anne Fox. Daniel Claiborne married Mary Maur, daughter of Rev. James Maury of the "Parson's Cause". Daniel Claiborne would be the great-grandson of Colonel William Claiborne.

Thank you for giving readers of the Daily Press the opportunity for sharing data and information of mutual interest. (W. Q. W., Hampton, Virginia).

### HUNNICUTT FAMILY

HUNNICUTT FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA. This continues as the 37th in the series of articles on the family of Hunnicutt. We shall continue with the new Entry No. 29.

ENTRY No. 29 —Year 1744, June 12, Surry Co., Va. Deed Book 1741 - 46, page 233 —Indenture (deed) —from Thomas Binford of Henrico Co., Va., Peter Binford of Prince George Co., Va. —Deed to James Gee and Wike (Wyke) Hunnicutt of Surry Co., Va., 200 acres a part in Prince George Co., part in Surry Co., on S. (South) side of the Blackwater Swamp on a branch of the Warwick Swamp, bounded by James Gee & Wike Hunnicutt, revised by last will & testament of James Binford to two sons, Thomas & Peter. Consideration 12 pounds; witnesses, Richard Bland, Thomas Eldridge, Wm Raines, Adam Heath. (Note: This Wike Hunnicutt was a kin of the Hunnicutts of Surry.—Editor).

1744, July 9, Deed Bk. 1841-46, page 230. —Indenture (deed)

from David Drew to William Alexander, 19 pounds, for 150 acres beginning at Pocotink Swamps at John Ruffins, down said swamp to the mouth of the Green Swamp, thence up the Green Swamp to John Hunnicutt's line, along Hunnicutt's line to Ruffin. Witnesses, Nicholas Thompson, Stephen Simmons, John Moore. (Note: This will show that the Thompson and Hunnicutt families lived close to one another; also were close to John Ruffin.—Editor).

1745, May 1.—John Hunnicutt, son of John and Jemima Hunnicutt, was born. (From family Bible of the Hunnicutt family that moved to North Carolina and further south. It is now in possession of J. D. Hunnicutt of New Orleans, La. —Editor).

1745, Nov. 20, Deed Bk., 1738-54, page 369. Indenture, John Drew, Jr., of Isle of Wight Co., Va. deeds to William Alexander of Surry Co., Va. for 30 pounds 150 acres beginning at Pocotink Swamp to Carter Crafford's line, Captain John Ruffin's. Witnesses, David Drew, Carter Crafford. (Note: This same land was deeded to Dolphin Drew, January 15, 1750, see page 54. Book 1749-53.

1745, Nov. 20, Book 1738-54, page 371, Indenture, John Drew Jr., Isle of Wight Co., Va. deeds to Carter Crafford, 300 acres; Sarah Drew, wife.

1746, April 16, Surry Co., Va. Book 1738-54, page 441. Indenture, John Drew, Isle of Wight, deeds to David Alexander for 11 pounds — 100 acres of land beginning at Wm Alexander's; witnesses, Jno Newsum, James Wilson, Jr., Wm Newsum, Jr.

1746, April 16, Surry Co., Va. Book 1738-54, page 29. Will of Richard Rowell; names, sons, Robert and Richard Rowell, land in Brunswick Co., Va. to be equally divided. Land in Surry Co. to be sold when sons are of age and money divided equally between two sons and wife. Wife, Mary, Extr.; witnesses, Joseph John Clinch, William Clinch; will dated 18 October 1743, and probated in Surry Co., 16 April 1746. (Note The Hunnicutt and Rowells were kin of one another.—Editor).

Inventory for the above will of Richard Rowell was returned by Joseph John Clinch, John Watkins and Gilbert Gray.

(This Hunnicutt family data will be continued as the 38th in the series of articles on this family in the next issue.—Editor).



MAR 24 Missing



' Mar 31 missing



## Climbing

# The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON



### HISTORICAL RARITIES

ONE HUNDRED YEARS AGO THERE WAS TALK OF MOVING THE FEDERAL CAPITOL FOR THIS WAS DURING THE CIVIL WAR. This information was taken from the southern newspaper, "Southern Confederacy" of Atlanta, Ga., and dated Jan. 2, 1863. The article reads:

"Removal of the Federal Capitol:"

"The policy of removing the Yankee Capitol from the banks of the Potomac (river) has been of late much agitated by the Northern press. The military reasons are thus set forth by the Washington correspondent of the Chicago times:

"It is argued, on one hand, that after the rebellion is put down, and the insurgents disbanded, and the Union restored, the mere security of the city will require not only an immense garrison of troops to be constantly maintained here, and the forts around the city to be kept in constant order, but also the erection at once—now—of many additional fortifications. The proper defense of the city, even under present circumstances, and in view of a possible foreign war, requires even now the immediate fortifications of the whole of Chesapeake Bay, and the Potomac and Patuxent rivers, to an extent that will make it impossible for an enemy's fleet to sail up the two latter. An examination of a good map will show why this is so. And our experience in 1812, and in the fall of 1861, will afford lessons on the subject which we would be mad indeed not to profit by."

"The erection of these naval defenses (and they must be works combining the strong points of Fortress Monroe (Hampton, Va.) and the Rebel Fort Darling) will cost, with suitable armaments, untold millions; and to garrison and defend them, and to support their defenders, will require, at the lowest computation, including the forces of Washington, 90,000 well trained troops. (It is necessary to keep here now 150,000.)"

"We have yet probably many centuries of national glory and power before us. If we can afford to spend \$3,000,000 a day, or \$900,000,000 a year, in conducting this war, it will be easy to appropriate the expenses of forty days, or \$120,000,000 for the removal of the capitol."

"It is said that Philadelphia, or New York, or Chicago, or Detroit, or Buffalo will either one afford a far more eligible site for a permanent national capitol than Washington."

"Neither of these cities have any such thing as Arlington Heights frowning upon it, and inviting the erection of hostile batteries."

"Either of them possesses such advantages for defense that it can be made impregnable (which neither New York nor Philadelphia now is). The proximity of these two cities to the seaboard, and their exposure to the terrible assaults of steel mailed vessels (a danger to which this city is most culpably left exposed), are ob-

jections which do not exist in the cases of the lake cities. Canada will one day (and that speedily after the rebellion is over) be ours. And even if it should not be, there are means at our disposal now for preventing any hostile fleet from entering Lake Ontario; while our ability to prevent the passing into Lake Erie, Lake Huron and Lake Michigan is doubled, trebled and quadrupled."

(Editor's Note: Please note in the above article, that during the period of 100 years ago, some of our writers were thinking that Canada would become a part of the United States; to date as we know, they have not. Also note that there was a mention of the steel vessels of that era for we can remember the Merrimac and Monitor ships, which fought off the shores of Hampton Roads between Norfolk and Newport News.

### QUESTIONS

A943. HITE-MOODY. I am interested in the family name of Hite. I found your name in the scrapbook of clippings from The Virginia Gazette's Genealogical Column.

I wrote to Mrs. Dorothy Wulfeck, the present editor, and she said she did not have the files on the past items.

I am interested in the Answer No. 2265 of June 1952 covering the name of Hite. The item said among other things that Joist Hite and Anna Marie DuBois

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had 9 children, then it went on to name them: Mary, Elizabeth, Magdalena and here the data went on with the Christman line and never got back to tell who the other six children were. If you have this answer on file could you give me the name of the person who sent in the answer?

I have a particular case, Minnie Hite Moody in her book, "Long Meadows" names eight children.

There has always been a tradition in our family that they were descendants of Joist Hite and Anna Marie Du Bois Hite. That the spelling of the name was changed from Hite to Hight because Thomas and his father had a falling out over politics.

So Thomas is not mentioned in "Long Meadows" or in the will of Joist Hite. However, an article in the West Virginia Historical Magazine, January 1963 suggested there might have been a Joseph and a Thomas among the children. Thomas Hight was born Jan. 17, 1726. This date puts him at the same time as the Hite children. About number 7, being younger than Jacob, and older than Abraham Hite, children of Joist. Could any readers assist. (Mrs. Marion L. Martin, P.O. Box 283, Salem, Indiana).

A944. ISBELL. Several years ago I was much interested in securing the Genealogy or History of the Isbell family. I corresponded with Isbells by surname in Texas; Isbell, Alabama; Tenn.; New York; St. Louis, Mo. I have had quite an extended correspondence with a Dr. Kenneth M. McDonald, Sneed Junior College, Boaz, Ala., whose mother was a Miss Isbell. He divided the Isbells in the North and Isbells in the South, but was frank to say he had little information except Isbells in Caroline County, Va.

I understand there are several books published on the Isbell family; one by Mrs. Mary Isbell Scott of St. Louis, I think and another by Mrs. Edna Mason. However, I understand there isn't much about the Isbell in Virginia. I have always understood that the Isbells came from England, but Mr. McDonald states the Isbells were French Huguenot origin and went to England during the Anti-Protestant troubles in France.

I did go to the courthouse in Louisa County, Va., and found some history of Joseph Isbell (the record shows dead in 1793, naming his issue, one being a son Robert T. Isbell showing the estate being settled in 1833. Joseph Isbell, I presumed to be my great-grandfather, David Whitaker Isbell, and his issue which includes my father, Clifford Gilmore Isbell. This is about all I can find. Can you assist me on the Isbell family? (Thomas Winn Isbell, 654 Glyndon Lane, Richmond, Virginia).

### Answers

A937. HARPER-BROOKS. In reply to the item No. A897 covering the names of Harper and Brooks in Sunday, Feb. 24, 1963, genealogical feature column of The Daily Press:

I believe I can contact the

sender of this question with the children of this Harper of King and Queen Co., Va., who is buried at Mattaponi Baptist Church Cemetery, King and Queen County, with these dates, born May 23, 1838 and buried Jan. 29, 1905.

The inquiry was signed "R.C.H., Gloucester, Va." I personally knew the Brooks who are buried in the Harper section in the Mattaponi Baptist Church Cemetery, King and Queen County, Virginia. (The sender of this data was Alma Gibson, Rt. No. 14, Curumer, Virginia).

A937. HARPER-BROOKS. The name of the person who submitted the answer on the family of Harper, as well as, the family of Brooks was Mr. Richard C. Harper, Box 306, Gloucester, Virginia and it may be helpful to contact this gentleman. In the event that some data may be gathered and sent to the mentioned Mr. Richard Harper, would the sender please forward a copy to the newspaper to complete the record for posterity.—Editor.

A937. HARPER-BROOKS. I am writing in reference to my article, which appeared as item No. A897, Harper-Brooks, in the genealogical column of the Daily Press on January 27, 1963. An answer to said article was published in the genealogical column on Feb. 24, 1963 by R. C. H., Gloucester, Virginia. This party requested permission to contact me regarding same, so therefore, it would be greatly appreciated if you would forward my name and address to said party in the enclosed stamped envelope. (Mrs. Bernice Harper Massenburg, 47 Court St., Hampton, Virginia).

Hannicutt Family  
HUNNICUTT FAMILY OF SURRY CO., VA. This continues as the 29th article on the Hannicutt family. We shall use Entry No. 41 for this group of data.

ENTRY NO. 41, Surry Co., Va., 1740, Nov. 14, Deed Book 1740-1753, page 48. Indenture (dead)—Charles Binnis, wife Judith, dead in James Derrington of Isle of Wight Co., Va., 180 pound consideration, 322 acres, being 2/3rds of land well known as Bruton's land. Bounded on East side by Pocomok Swamp near Bennita Bridge, marked

trees that parts the land from Wm. Batts, to edge of White Marsh Pogonson, thence N by E to Robert Hannicutt's line, from thence W to David Drew's mill pond on Green Swamp, down run of said swamp to Pocomok Swamp, to 1st station. Witnesses: David Drew, Samuel Bennit, Robert Hannicutt, Charles Binnis, Jr. (Note: In the year 1802, James Derrington sold to James Edwards 122 acres; and in 1812 Solomon Pantour sold to Josiah Holliman, the land James Derrington died seized of.—Editor).

1740, Nov. 15, Surry Co., Va. Book 1740-1753, page 43. Indenture (dead) from Charles Binnis and wife Judith, to Robert Hannicutt, for 50 pounds consideration, 147 acres being in Southwark Parish (which is the same land the said Hannicutt now lives on) bounded beginning at the Green Swamp, thence South by West to David Drew's mill pond on Green Swamp, up the run of said swamp to 1st station. Witnesses: David Drew, Samuel Bennit, Charles Binnis, Jr., and James Derrington.

1752, Jan. 1, Surry Co., Va. Book 1740-1753, p. 412. Indenture, John Hannicutt, Southwark Parish deeds in Wm. Clinch for 27 lbs., 10 shillings—120 acres beginning at a corner tree of Col. Rich. Cocke, Chas. Holmworth, Mary Brown—running Suley a line of marked trees between this land and the land of the said Cocke to a corner tree of Richard Andrews—along Andrews line to Mrs. Clinch's line—along her line the same course to the said Holmworth line—thence N, along Holmworth line—E, along Brown line to 1st station; signed John Hannicutt; wit.—Henry Smith, John Nicholson, Jr., Robert Nern; wife Jermina Hannicutt, relinquished dower. (Note: Elizabeth Nerns is called daughter in will of Catherine Williams, 1732; John Nicholson called son in will of Robert Nicholson who makes friend, Rich. Cocke overseer in 1719/20. Wm. Clinch deeds same land to John Batts, July 6, 1754, Book 1750-1760, p. 192. In Elizabeth Nerns's will, names daughter Mary Bage and speaks of last husband Robert Nern—in Book 1773, page 218.—Editor).

This Hannicutt data will continue in next issue as article 44.

## SEELY

ARMS: Sable, a lion passant guardant, between two branches argent, CREST: A lion rampant or.

This arms has been used by the New England family of Seely and the descent from Robert Seely (sometimes spelled Seely) who was born about 1600 and died in 1687, who with his wife and son Mary came to Salem, Mass. with Governor Winthrop in the year 1630. This Robert Seely was an officer during the Pequot War in 1637. Also Robert Seely was a founder of Waterbury, Mass., as well as, New Haven, Conn. and Middletown and Fairfield, Conn., and later of Huntington, Long Island, New York, then to Elizabethtown, New Jersey. Robert and Mary Seely, had,

Obadiah Seely, who was born in the year 1635 and died in 1677, who was of Stamford, Conn. He married Mary Wight, who was a widow; they had,

Obadiah Seely, born in 1660 and died in 1679, who was also of Stamford. He married Esther Stevens, the daughter of Thomas Stevens. This couple had,

Obadiah Seely, born (date unknown in this edition), but died in 1703, being of Stamford, Conn. He married in the year 1692, Susanna Finch, the daughter of Samuel Finch. This couple had,

John Seely, born 1695 and died in 1756, who was also identified with Stamford, Conn. He married in the year 1730, Abigail Hildes, the daughter of Stephen Hildes. This couple had,

Abijah Seely, born 1733 and died in 1808, being identified with New Canaan, Conn. He married about the year 1757, Lydia Hoyt; they had,

Abijah Seely, born 1763 and died in 1829, who was a resident of New Canaan, Conn. He married in 1790, Johanna Bates, the daughter of John Bates.





## HISTORICAL RARITIES

SO THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES WAS BLAMED 100 YEARS AGO FOR THE FEELING IN THE ARMY AND THE YANKEES DID NOT WISH JEFFERSON DAVIS TO RULE OVER THEM. THEY ALSO DID NOT LIKE THE GENERAL.

We quote from the Hackettstown (N.J.) Gazette of Jan. 8, 1863, which read as follows:

"THE FEELING IN THE ARMY.—Jon. Lyman W. Coe, Republican Senator from the Fifth District of Connecticut, and Chairman of the Legislative Committee sent to Fredericksburg (Va.), writes home as follows:

"You have no idea of the depression there is in the army as the result of this third attempt to go to Richmond. That it is a complete failure, but one thing is certain:—that there will have to be different management, or we shall have Jeff Davis to rule over us. I dare not write what I think to you, from what I can gather in the limited time I have had for observation and thought,—but this is certain, that the President has got to stop acting as Commander-in-Chief, a part of his Cabinet be removed, and another man placed at the head of the army: politicians in and out of Congress silenced; and more than all, the people take hold of the interests of the country, stop carrying on the war for selfish ends, and also all keep quiet and let the army alone."

"I have found but one opinion in the army about the merits of Generals. The army, almost to a man, are for McClellan, and if you expect the army to conquer a peace, you have got to give them a choice. It is as clear to them as the sunshine, and that too with the best friends of Burnside, who is much respected by all, that he has not the capacity for the moving of an army of this magnitude."

## QUESTIONS

A945 ROBERTSON-TOWNES PMX PROCTOR. Can you or any of your readers give me the lineage of the two different Robertson family lines in Chesterfield County, Va., or place me in contact with someone who can help me with one or both.

I am trying to establish my descent from Rev. George Robertson, rector of Bristol Parish of Dinwiddie, Va. from 1683 to 1793 through an Isaac Mills Robertson, the great grandson of the above, who moved to Shelby County, Ky., from Chesterfield County, Va. His first wife was Sarah Ann Robertson, daughter of William Robertson (b. 1680-d. 1774) of the "Scotch Bill" Robertson line and wife, Sarah Townes.

I wish to know the name of Rev. George Robertson's wife or wives; and in particular the wife who was the mother of his sons, James and John Robertson.

I wish to know the name of the wives and names of children of both James and John Robertson, sons of the above Rev. George Robertson.

We have been told that we

descend from one John Robertson, son of James Robertson, son of Rev. George Robertson.

Isaac Mills Robertson, who is known as both Isaac and Mills Robertson, went to Kentucky in 1789. He had son Archibald Robertson, born Jan. 29, 1780, died June 5, 1824, who married Nov. 16, 1805 Mary Proctor, born Feb. 7, 1786 and died Aug. 11, 1856.

Any data that is available will be appreciated. (C.B.K., Belle Haven, Alexandria, Va.)

A946. WEST - DE SURRENCY - SORRENCY. Wish data on David West also his wife and children; they were of Kent County, Dela. David West's will was probated in Kent County, Del., Oct. 6, 1773 and mentions children: Benjamin, Joseph, Mary Varnum and Ann West Surrency.

Ann West married before 1770, Samuel De Surrency, a Revolutionary War soldier, who descended from Floren De Surrency and wife Ann Bolton, dau. of John Bolton, Floren De Surrency's will was probated in 1723 at Charlotte, South Carolina, naming sons, Jacob and Samuel. Would like the line of descent from Rev. Soldier, Samuel to Floren De Surrency.

The children of Samuel and Ann (West) Surrency were: David, Jacob, Samuel and Jemima, who were raised in Westmoreland Co., Penna. by an uncle Thomas Fletcher, a Revolutionary War Soldier, who married their mother, Ann West Surrency, in 1776 and had one daughter, Mary Fletcher, born in Westmoreland Co., Pa., July 21, 1777. Would like to exchange data with descendants of the above line. (C.A.R., San Jose, Cal.)

A947. SORLEY - Warner - Lewis. "I always enjoy your column, "Climbing the Family Tree" in the Newport News Daily Press newspaper. I have made some splendid contacts with many people interested in genealogy. Now, I would like to contact someone who might know the whereabouts of Mr. Merrow Edgerton Sorley, who wrote the book, "The Lewis of Warner Hall, Gloucester County, Virginia." He wrote the book in 1935. At that time he was a captain in the U. S. Engineer Corps. He should be retired by now.

Any information regarding Mr. Sorley or his family will be greatly appreciated. W. Presley Davis, Stovall, Granville County, N. C.)

## ANSWERS

POINTER - WRIGHT. Cyrus Christian Pointer, born Sept. 17, 1815 married Martha Dey Wright. I do not have the descendants of Cyrus Christian Pointer, but I do have some of his ancestors, so am wondering if this will be of any help. He was the son of Michael and Mildred Pointer.

Michael Pointer, second son of Michael and Dorothy DuVal Pointer was born a twin with his brother William on March 14, 1763. He married Mildred Stevens and their children were: John Armistead, Elizabeth Washington, Seth, Michael Smith and William DuVal (twins), Harriett Reed, Henry Stevens, Fanny Ester, Thomas, Susannah Armistead, Dorothy DuVal, Sarah Stevens and Cyrus Christian. Michael Pointer died Sept. 14, 1836 and his wife, Mildred, died June 25, 1846. I

have a copy of their will and testament, which is very interesting. I will give below the dates of birth and other information of each of the above mentioned children of Michael and Mildred Pointer:

1. John Armistead Pointer, born Oct. 27, 1793.
2. Elizabeth Washington Pointer, born March 7, 1795; married one Mr. Robertson and had children: Harriett and Margaret Ann.
3. Seth Pointer, born Jan. 13, 1797; married Grace Harwood and had issue: Michael Thomas, Mildred Stevens, John William, Samuel DuVal, and Lucy Virginia.
4. Michael Smith Pointer, born a twin with his brother William DuVal on Dec. 26, 1798; married Mary E. Wood in 1833 and had issue: James DuVal, Albert Michael, John W., and Lucile. Mary E. (Wood) Pointer died 1859 and William DuVal Pointer died in 1872.

5. Harriett Reed Pointer, born March 23, 1801; married Christopher Whiting and had children: Henry, and Mariah Susan Whiting.

6. Henry Stevens Pointer, born April 14, 1803; married Frances D. Leigh and had children: Michael William, Joseph John Franklin, Lucenia Frances, Elizabeth Ann, and Henry Ella. Henry Stevens Pointer died 1849.

7. Fanny Ester Pointer, Feb. 16, 1865; married a Mr. Mitchell and made their home in Richmond, Va.

8. Thomas Pointer, born Oct. 1, 1807 and died April 23, 1825.

9. Susannah Armistead Pointer, born June 1, 1810.

10. Dorothy DuVal Pointer, born Feb. 9, 1812; married Richard Henry Leigh.

11. Sarah Stevens Pointer, born Jan. 1, 1814 and died Oct. 23, 1814.

12. Cyrus Christian Pointer, born Sept. 17, 1815 and married Martha Dey Wright.

My line is through Henry Stevens Pointer and Frances Leigh Pointer. These were my maternal great-grandparents. Their daughter, Henry Ella Pointer, my grandmother, married Americus V. Rowe of King William County, Va. She was born Jan. 6, 1850 and married in 1873. Their children were: Estelle, Herman, Irvin, Nettie, Luther, Vashti and two others who died very young being named Jasper and Clarence.

I can go further with this line coming up to the present day, but have no further information on Cyrus Christian Pointer as to his descendants. (Thanks to Mr. Richard C. Harper, Box 366, Gloucester, Va.)

## HUNNICUTT

HUNNICUTT FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA. This continues as the 40th in the Series of articles on this Hunnicutt family. We shall also continue with ENTRY No. 41.

ENTRY No. 41 (Cont.). 1752, Oct. 10. Surry Co., Va., Book 1749-1753, page 524. Indenture (deed) from John Drew, Jr. to Thomas Binns, for consideration of 5 pounds for 50 acres beginning at a tree between Carter Crafford and John Davis on Mirey Branch; witnesses, John Ruffin and David Saunders. (Note: This

Binns family is connected with the Hunnicutt family and this deed is entered here in order to locate some land later in connection with the Hunnicutt land).

1752, August 20. Surry Co. Va. Book 1754-1768, page (?). The Estate of James Sampson Clark, appraised by Joseph Hart, Thos. Lane, Robert Hunnicutt and returned Dec. 18, 1754. The Will of this James Sampson Clark names wife Joyce; and names children: Lucy, Sampson, Ann, Patty, daughters, Mary Clark, Elizabeth Clark, Sarah Clark; sons, William, and James. Leaves plantation bought of Wm Flake to son James; witnesses, Newitt Edwards, John Deloach, Thomas (torn off). This will was dated 25 (???) 1752, and probated 20 August 1754. (Note: We will note the Hunnicutt name is also given in this instrument and we will find at a later date that Newitt Edwards is connected with the Hartwell Hunnicutt line.

1753, April 17. Surry Co., Va. Book 1738-1754, between pages 835 and 865. Accounts Current, estate of Thomas Edwards with and by Elizabeth Edwards, who is the wife. Paid the following: Patty Seward, William Seward, pers Mrs. Carrils book, Robert Hunnicutt (0:17:1½), James Derring, Jordan Thomas, Joseph Hart, Nicho: Thomas and Thomas Lane appraisers fees by sale of two Negroes named Mordecai and Sue. (Note: We shall see that the Hartwell Hunnicutt family line is direct from this Thomas Edwards and wife Elizabeth in a future issue. This assists us to establish the lineage.

1754, North Carolina State Records, Vol. 22, page 372: Austin (Augustine) Hunnicutt in Captain Osborn Jeffrey's Company, Granville County, North Carolina Militia. (Note: This would show that one of the Augustine Hunnicutt men went to North Carolina on or before the year 1754.

1754, Isle of Wight Co., Va. Deed Book 9, page 226. These persons were witness Robert Hunnicutt, Jordan Thomas, James Hancock, and John Wren to deed from Jordan Thomas to Joseph Goodrich.

1754, Isle of Wight Deed Book 9, page 227. These, Robert Hunnicutt, Jordan Thomas, James Hancock, John Jordan, Richard Jones, and Francis Wren were witnesses to deed from Joseph Goodrich to John Wren. (Note: These last two mentioned deeds were recorded on pages of deed book next to one another.

1755, June 18. Surry Co., Va. Book 1753-1757, pages, 119, 131, and 178, The Children of John Hunnicutt were order by the court to be bound out on December 18, 1754. (Note: These children were those of the John Hunnicutt who apparently went into North Carolina. The names of the children have been given during this series of articles; his wife being named Jemima; these children were under age to have been bound out to others.

This series of articles will be continued in the next issue of this feature as No. 41 on this Hunnicutt family.

## SMITH

ARMS: Sable, a chevron between three griffins rampant or; on a chief of the last, three fleurs-de-gules.

CREST: A talbot per pale or and sable, in the mouth a rose proper leaved vert.

This arms has been used by the New England family of Smith, as well as, another arms. The family apparently descends from Nicholas Smith, who died in the year 1673. He came from England in the year 1658.

This Nicholas Smith settled in Ipswich Mass. of New England. He later was in the town of Exeter, New Hampshire. He married prior to the year 1660, Ann, whose surname is not definitely known to this editor, however, she was thought to have been the daughter of one Mr. Hodgdon. She died in the year 1667. Nicholas Smith married as his second wife, Mary Shatswell, who apparently was the widow Dole.

Nicholas Smith has by his first wife, a son,

Nicholas Smith, born 1661 who died 1716, and was of the town of Exeter, New Hampshire. He married as his 2nd wife in the year 1695, Mary Gordon, who was born in 1668. This couple had,

Nicholas Smith (III), who died 1758 being also of Exeter, New Hampshire, however, he was also of the settlement of Brentwood, New Hampshire. He married 1st, in the year 1723, Judith Gilman, who died in 1753. This couple had,

Robert Smith, was born in 1724 and he died in the year 1815 being of New Hampton, New Hampshire. This patriot served his country as 1st Lieutenant during the Revolutionary War. He married between the year 1758 and 1759, Abigail Cass, who was born in 1724 and died in 1816. Abigail Cass was the daughter of Joseph Cass and wife Phoebe Nason. This last mentioned Joseph Cass was the son of John Cass and wife Martha Philbrick.



ROBERT SMITH



## The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

Jefferson Davis thought the war was to be over in the year 1863 with the Mississippi River as his bargaining and focal point for any armistice.

The newspaper heading, "The Future Speculations," as taken from the New York Herald of January 19, 1863, reads as follows:

"The policy of Jeff Davis, as expressed in his message, may be summed up in a few words. It is simply to do as he has been doing. He asks no foreign intervention, he proposes nothing new, he merely advises perseverance and fortitude, and assures his following that this will be the closing year of the war."

"We shall find, therefore, in the acts and declarations of Jeff. Davis immediately preceding the issue of this message, the details of his policy for the future. All his anxiety, his plans, his hopes, have recently seemed to center upon one point, and that point is Vicksburg. In other words the grand scheme of the rebels at present is to retain the practical possession of the Mississippi River. This they believe to be only the more essential because they imagine that the war is nearly over. It were useless to demonstrate how preeminently important it is for the rebels to control the Mississippi during the continuance of the war. But if the war should suddenly cease, and the Confederacy be recognized, either by an armistice or through foreign intervention, how much more important would the control of the Mississippi be then? The West would be at the mercy of the South and would have its choice of the two alternatives — to submit to or to unite with the Confederacy."

"Those who have carefully considered the signs of the times can have but little doubt that if the Confederacy were a recognized power, and help the Father of Waters in its possession, the western States would unite with the South, perhaps en masse, but probably one by one, under the Confederate Constitution, which permits any state to join or leave the Confederacy at pleasure."

"But say General Banks and others of like opinions, the East and West are linked together by great railroads, and this connection cannot be broken, because the West must have access to the Atlantic, and the East must have access to the products of the West. All this is true; but the question is, whether the central states would not go with the western States, if the latter refused to remain out of the Confederacy and without the Mississippi. Now England would thus be left solitary and desolate, and the southern, western and central States would form a new Union under the Montgomery constitution. Stranger things than such a reconstruction have occurred within the last two years."

## WILLIAM SPENCER, GENL.

Refer to March 24, 1963 issue of this feature: The article covering William Spencer, Genl.,



who came to the Virginia Colony in the ship, Susan Constant, in the first group of May 1607, has been acknowledged by Mrs. Thomas Hoskins Warner of Tappahannock, Virginia, since she furnished the data. She writes as follows:

"Thank you for your kind words. As you know I have been working on and looking for records regarding William Spencer (1601) for several years. Regarding some of his descendants, we have found absolute proof; some others, strong circumstantial evidence; but I still have no proof as to who were the parents of Secretary Nicholas Spencer. I have read several accounts of his parentage, but they seem to me to be put together from bits of information that may or may not be relevant. Since I have proof of my descent from William Spencer of Jamestown, and since Mr. Warner appears to be descended from him on one line and from Col. Nicholas Spencer of Westmoreland on another, I am very much interested in them both."

"Since I saw you I have completed the transcription of the Orphans Court Book of Henrico County (Va.), 1677-1739. It is packed with genealogical data. Much of it is written with the very old style penmanship which few people can read. And the almost three-hundred year old paper in the original is too frail to withstand use. For these reasons Mr. Warner gave me a photostatic copy of the whole book for a Christmas present, and my transcription will go to the publisher within a week. It has been checked and double checked for accuracy."

"As soon as convenient, would you not please publish this correction regarding Col. (Secretary) Nicholas Spencer of Westmoreland. I simply do not know whether or not he was descended from the first William Spencer. He is not the same man as Nicholas Spencer, son of William (Spencer, gent.) (Note: Mrs. Warner is speaking of William Spencer, gent. who came to Jamestown in 1607 with Capt. John Smith.—Editor)."

"I have found proof that Alice is not the mother of Nicholas." Signed—Pauline Pearce Warner (Mrs. Thomas Hoskins Warner) of Tappahannock, Virginia.

## QUESTIONS

4948. WEST-HARTLEY. Would like date as to the parentage and children of Robert West, born Dec. 1797, Larhyle (Carlyle), Kentucky, and died May 26, 1863; married April 8, 1829,

to Hannah Hartley (born 1799, died Oct. 19, 1883, Carlyle, Kentucky). They had a son Benjamin Franklin West, born May 14, 1842, married on March 9, 1870 at Bethel, Kentucky, to Harrietta Alice Jones, born March 13, 1852, the daughter of Thomas Jones and Mary Moore Byrum of Westmoreland Co., Penna.

(B.) JONES THOMPSON. Would like data on Franklin Jones and his wife Nancy Thompson of Bath County, Kentucky. The names of their parents and list of children are: Franklin Jones, born Jan. 4, 1767, Bath County, Ky.; married June 1790 Nancy Thompson, Bath Co., Ky., born there July 6, 1772, having only known son, Thomas Jones, born Bath County, Ky., Nov. 4, 1796, who married as his 2nd wife Mary Moore Byrum on July 4, 1814, died Sept. 22, 1833, dau. of Valentine Byrum and Ruth Fletcher of Westmoreland Co., Penna. (C. A.R., San Jose, Calif.).

4950. WATSON-WALLACE-ABDELL. Do you have any information on the following Watson family? I am trying to find something about my great-grandfather also data on my great-great grandfather. I am enclosing a diagram showing what information I have. I would like to know the names of the brothers and sisters of Thomas T. Watson. Where in Maryland did Daniel and Sarah R. Watson live? Do you know the name of the parents of Samuel Watson.

Samuel Watson married Sarah R. or Sallie — and had John W. (?); perhaps Jane (who married a Mr. Stacey); and Samuel J. Watson, born April 26, 1834, died Oct. 31, 1923; and Thomas T. Watson, born about 1827.

Thomas T. Watson (born abt. 1827) married Mary Frances Wallace and had: George Thomas Watson (1857-1919); Rosa Frances Watson (1862-1921); Mary Jane Watson (born 1854); John William Watson (1854-189—).

John William Watson (born 1854) married Mary Esther Abdell and had: Edna; Edith; Annie; Ruth, died July 14, 1898; Sadie Watson (m. P.L. Brittingham); Leon Watson (m. Ray Charleston); Melson Watson (m. Hilda Hunt); Raymond Wallace Watson (m. Cara Thelma Redder). (E.M.S., Hampton, Va.). (Note: This editor is not connected with these Watsons).

## HUNNICUTT

Hunnicut family of Surry County, Virginia, and continues as the 41st in the series of articles on this name. We shall continue with Entry No. 41.

ENTRY No. 41 (Cont.). 1755, January 21, Surry Co., Va. Book, 1754-1768, page 39. The will of John Thompson (this will was presented by Ann Thompson); it names 900, William, land bought of John Hunnicutt together with 100 acres bounding on the land of Samuel Fretlow and Abraham Mitchell; son, Robert Thompson; daughters,

AIMS. Or, on a fess sable, between three hearts gules, as many phases of the field.

CREST. A demi-wild Irish savage holding in the dexter hand a heart and in the sinister a dart, all proper.

This McCord Arms has been used by the family, which settled in Pennsylvania. They descend from William McCord, born about 1680 and died in 1756, being the son of John McCord, who died in the year 1715; John being of Argyle. His John McCord was active and took part in wars as did his father. The Chieftan James McCorda, died in 1689 and was from Argyle on the Isle of Skye being killed in Battle of Killcrankie Pass during the Revolution of 1689. The first mentioned William McCord was from Sharrstown, Ulster County, Ireland in the year 1726 and later settled as a first settler of Pennsylvania. He was known for his activity in building McCord's Fort of Hamilton Township in Franklin County, Penna. in the year 1755; he was killed by the Indians. To the memory of this William McCord has been placed a monument at the site of the battle. This William McCord had,

John McCord, born about 1718, who followed his father to the land of fortune, America, and settled in Sherman's Valley, Pennsylvania. He married Ann, but the surname of this wife is not known to this editor. There is an interesting story about this wife Ann for it related that she was captured by the Indians in 1756, when they attacked Fort McCord. The Indians took her to Kitchitiny and from there she was rescued in about six months of the time Colonel John Armstrong and his forces destroyed the fortress. This couple had,

Sgt. William McCord, born 1748 and died 1833, who settled in E. Perry Co., Penna. He enlisted and was named sergeant in 1776 in the Continental Army. He married in 1785, Agnes McKinney.

Elizabeth and Anne; wife and son, John, executors; the will is dated 27 March 1754; witnesses, Benjamin Coker, Augustine Hunnicutt (his signature), John Hunnicutt (his signature); the will was probated 21 January 1755. The estate was appraised by Carter Crafford, John Crafford, John Hunnicutt, July 15, 1755.

1756, January 17, Surry Co., Va. Book 1753-1757, page 246. Indenture (deed) from James Ransom, wife Amey, and Gwathney Ransom, of Isle of Wight Co., Va., of the 1st part, deed to Benjamin Coker, 100 acres assigned by Roger Deike to Robert Reynolds in 1671 who will 30 January 1703 to widow then to grandson Nicholas, by Nicholas to daughter Mary who married Thomas Waller, by Waller in 1728 to James Ransom, will to son James in 1743. Also 100 acres formerly Samuel Corwell who deeded in 1742 to Grizel Ransom, witness, Joseph Hargrave, Robert Hunnicutt, Wm Thompson, John Ingram, Barnes Clary.

1757, March 15, Surry Co., Va. Book—Estate of James Clark, appraised by Richard Rowell, Robert Hunnicutt, Thomas Lane. The will of this named James Clark, names loving wife and unborn child with wife executor; witnesses, Bridgett Bennett, Robert Hart, dated December 9, 1756, probated March 15, 1757. The Exrs. being dead administration was granted to Robert Hart.

1757, October 18, Surry Co., Va.—William Clark's estate appraised by Nicholas Thompson, Robert Hunnicutt, Samuel Denzel. Signed Mary Clark.

1757, Dec. 29, Surry Co., Va. Book 1754-1768, page 124. The will of John Edwards; names, wife Mary (who was perhaps a Miss Phillips); daughter, Mourning; sons, William Phillips Edwards, John Edwards, Arthur Edwards; sons-in-law, David Alexander, Augustine Hunnicutt; in-law John Berryman; wife and son-in-law, Augustine Hunnicutt, executors; witnesses, Will Saller, Carter Crafford, Thomas Coggins. Dated 5 November

1757, and probated 26 Dec. 1757; estate appraised at amount of 26-11-4 by Edmund Waller, Nicholas Paulson, John Newsom. (Augustine Hunnicutt signed the inventory of the estate with his own signature). (Note: one John Berryman married Elizabeth Judkins, daughter of William Judkins in 1719, when John Berryman, wife Elizabeth deed to Samuel Judkins one-half (1/2) of a tract on Grays Creek, a patent of Robert Judkins, and to daughters Elizabeth and Hannah by William).

1758, March 30 to Dec. 18, Surry Co., Va. Book 1753-1757, page 431. Indenture (deed) from Dolphin Drew, wife Mary, of Isle of Wight Co., Va. deed to Benjamin Phillips, for 25 pounds 150 acres on Pocotink Swamp adjacent to John Ruffin, mouth of Green Swamp, up Green Swamp to John Hunnicutt's line, along Hunnicutt's line to Ruffin, to 1st station. (Note: Thomas Edwards, died 1703-3, naming son John; then one John Edwards, died 1713, naming a son John; Benjamin Edwards, died in 1721, naming a son John Edwards).

1759, Dec. 8, Surry Co., Va. Book — 8, page — 8, Inventory of the estate of Mary Edwards, signed by Wm Newsom, Carter Crafford, and Edmund Waller.

1760, Granville County, North Carolina. Records Book "D", page 88. Soderick Alford deeds to Augustin Hunnicutt, 30 acres on the Tar River in North Carolina. (This was the Augustine Hunnicutt, who went to North Carolina.—Editor).

1760, April 21, Surry Co., Va. Deed Book, 1760-1769, page 62. Indenture (deed) from Benjamin Phillips and wife Hannah, to William Phillips, for 50 pounds, 150 acres on Pocotink Swamp, at John Ruffin's 16 mouth of Green Swamp, up Green Swamp to John Hunnicutt's line, along Hunnicutt's line to John Ruffin. No witnesses.

This Hunnicutt family data on the Surry County line will be continued in the next issue of this feature as article No. 42.



McCORD



## Climbing

# The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON

### HISTORICAL RARITIES

OLD RAGS WERE AT A PREMIUM DURING THE CIVIL WAR PERIOD AND THE SLOGAN WAS, "SAVE YOUR RAGS." The following article was taken from the "Chronicle & Sentinel" of Georgia dated January 12, 1863:

"SAVE YOUR RAGS. This would perhaps, in ordinary time, be quite an unnecessary piece of advice, but at this moment it is of vital importance. As our readers know, the price of paper has advanced enormously, and as a consequence, publishers have been compelled to make a corresponding advance on their prices. One great reason of this increased tariff on paper is the scarcity of rags with which to manufacture it. The manufacturers inform us that rags are exceedingly difficult to obtain; even when, as is the case, the rates paid are higher, by at least 300 per cent, than formerly."

"We write the article solely with a view of calling public attention to this scarcity, that it may as far as possible be reminded, and that speedily. The press is one of the most potent auxiliaries of this Government in carrying forward its objects, and subserving its interests. As a medium of communication, in times like these, when every day adds some memorable event to our history, the newspaper is as indispensable as our daily food. And it is essential in our individual intelligence, and as a record of current events. And as we sit down to read the pages of the favorite book or journal, let us not fail to remember that the materials for its manufacture must be obtained, or we shall have no book or newspaper."

"Until the blockade is removed — a desideratum altogether among the uncertainties — we must rely upon our own resources. Let then every family carefully save up all the rags — all the shreds — all the scraps, either linen, cotton, or woolen, and furnish them to the Paper Mills, and the proprietors of those mills will pay them handsomely therefor. Husbands, tell your wives to see to this — and not only the wives, but let every member of the family, white and black, commence the saving of rags to make paper."

"The possible contingency of a country like ours deprived of newspapers is shocking to contemplate. And we will not believe but what, as we have thus sounded the note of alarm, every one interested (and who is not?) will do all in his or her power to keep the mills supplied with rags, that the press may thereby continue to dispense intelligence to the people."

"We hope our contemporaries throughout the Confederacy will broach this subject to their readers, and urge them of its great importance."

### QUESTIONS

**A951. CORBIN - BUSHROD-GRIFFIN - TAYLOR - FROST.** I am a subscriber of the Sunday, Daily Press. I am doing genealogical research on the Corbin - Bushrod - Griffin - Taylor and Frost lines of Virginia, and noted in your July 3, 1960 column a feature on the Corbin-coat-of-arms and a brief genealogy. However, in your refer-

ence to Gawin Corbin, no mention is made of his marriage. I would, therefore, appreciate clarification of your data in relationship to data presented in McIlhane's "Some Virginia Families."

My research of Frost Family records, wills, and land transactions has brought me to the marriage of Elizabeth (Betsy) Taylor to Amos Frost in Frederick County (Va.) in 1789. Elizabeth Taylor was the daughter of William Taylor of "Green Hill," Berryville, Clarke Co., (formerly Frederick), Va. In the will of William Taylor, probated in Frederick Co., Va. in 1816, he mentions his deceased wife, but not by name. Seven children are mentioned, as follows: John Bushrod Taylor; Col. Griffin Taylor; Bushrod Taylor; Benjamin Taylor; Eben Taylor; Elizabeth Taylor (married Amos Frost of Frederick Co., Va.); Catherine Taylor (m. Elijah Milton of Prince George Co.)

The children of Amos and Betsy Taylor Frost were: William, John, Hannah Bushrod, Mariha, Eben, and Sarah.

McIlhane states that in 1762 or shortly thereafter, William Taylor of "Green Hill" married Catherine Bushrod, daughter of Col. John Bushrod of "Bushfield," Westmoreland Co., Va. and Jane Corbin, daughter of Gawin Corbin by his second wife, Jane Lane, or his third wife Martha Bassett.

Your column does not include this reference, but does show the marriage of Gawin's sister, Winifred, to LeRoy Griffin.

In the will of Col. John Bushrod, probated Feb. 4, 1760, in Westmoreland County, Va., he mentions his daughter Hannah Washington (wife of John Augustine Washington) a daughter, Elizabeth, to whom he bequeathed land; and a wife, Mildred



(sister of Warner Washington, Sr., I believe, and from all indications his second wife.) In Mildred Washington Bushrod's will, dated March 13, 1785, in Frederick County, she makes no mention of the children of John Bushrod.

Can you refer me to sources or furnish information which might determine whether the "Elizabeth" of Col. John Bushrod's will and the "Catherine" mentioned by McIlhane was the wife of William Taylor of "Green Hill?"

Can you give any leads in identifying the "William Taylor" line mentioned above?

Can you give me any information or sources on the Gawin Corbin line corroborating the McIlhane data and further information on the Griffin line? (D.M.F., New York City, N.Y.)

**A951. SIBLEY.** I have been a subscriber of the Daily Press for many years. I recall that you carried in your paper a genealogy column on families. I am interested in the Sibley family. I am wondering if you would be so kind, as to send me a reprint of the Sibley genealogy, if you can. (Cecil M. Sibley, Sandy Bottom Farms, Mathews, Virginia.)

## BRINKERHOFF

**ARMS:** Argent, in base five mountains azure.  
**CREST:** Two eagle's wings displayed.

**MOTTO:** Constans fides et integritas.

This arms has been used by the New York family of Brinkerhoff and they descend from Joris Brinkerhoff, born 1609 and died in the year 1661, who came from Drenthe, Holland in the year 1638 and settled at what was then New Amsterdam. He was later in the vicinity of Brooklyn and it was there that he was granted land in patents in 1646. He was a man of some prominence having been named magistrate for the years 1654 to 1661. He was also a churchman and was elder of the old Brooklyn church for about the same years as magistrate. He married in 1631, Susanna Dubels, who died in 1677. This couple had Hendrick Jorisen Brinkerhoff, whose birth date is not known to this editor, however, he died in the year or about 1710. He settled in Old Hackensack, New Jersey. This is now named Ridgefield Park, N.J. He married Clatie Boomgaret, daughter of Cornelius Boomgaret. This couple had,

Jacobus Brinkerhoff, born or baptised in 1685 and died in 1770, also was a good churchman and was named elder of same, as well as being named magistrate; this couple had,

Jacob Brinkerhoff, who was born in 1721 and died in 1771, who married Antje Voorhese. They had,

Albert Brinkerhoff, who was born in 1763 and died in the year 1844. This gentleman married in 1796, Kezia Voorhis, and had,

Jacob Brinkerhoff, born in that year 1802. He married Elizabeth VanSaun.



### ANSWERS

**A951. SIBLEY.** This editor does not have the time to keep an index of this feature, since this an avocation job with me. Unless you have the date of the issue from which the article mentioned was taken, it would cause me to have to spend much time in the search for the data requested on the name of Sibley. It is suggested that you go to the Newport News Public Library at 30th St. and West Avenue, Newport and there they have kept all the copies of my feature. They will be most helpful in trying to assist you, however, they will not take the time to do the search for you. They will give you the boxes having the feature therein and you can look through the issues for yourself. I trust that you are successful. —Editor.

**A911. CLAIBORNE - MAURY.** Issue of March 17, 1963. In answer to your March 17, 1963 article covering the names of Clairborne-Maury, please forward to W. Q. W., Hampton, Va. with enclosed stamps envelope.

Being a direct descendant of Thomas Claiborne, perhaps I could help by giving you the address of my uncle, Mr. G. Burnet Lewis, who will be happy to give you information on the Claiborne family before and after Daniel Claiborne. (Berry W. Davis, Box 211, West Point, King William County, Virginia). The address of Mr. Lewis is: Mr. G. Burnet Lewis, 204 Poplar Lane, Richmond 26, Virginia. (Note by the editor: Please see that the information you receive is sent to this paper, and feature, so that the question and answer will be complete for future generations.—Editor).

**A906. HOLSTON RIVER.** In regard to the article requesting in the March 3, 1963 issue for location of the spring source of North Fork of the Holston River, the answer is; it is located in Bland County, Va. near Bland Court House. Answers to further questions of G.F.F. could perhaps be obtained from Dr. T. K. McKee, Saltville, Virginia. (R. L. Shipp, Lt. Col., U.S.A. Retired, North Post Office, Matthews, Virginia). (Thanks to Col. Shipp for the information.—Editor).

### HUNNICUTT FAMILY

**HUNNICUTT FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA.** We continue with this Series No. 42 of the articles. An we shall start with a new entry number 42.

**Entry No. 42.—NORTH CAROLINA RECORDS OF EARLY PERIOD THAT INCLUDE HUNNICUTT DATA:**

1761, Johnston County, North Carolina, records, Colony of North Carolina to Augustine Honeycutt, Patent Book No. 14, page 209 for 638 acres near Granville County. Lord Granville Grants, these were entered and surveyed, but never granted.

File No. 0932, Augustian Hunnicutt—Entry—700 acres in Johnston Co., adjoining William Main-er; 20 October 1750.

File No. 0983, John Huneycutt—Entry—7—acres in Johnston Co., on Buffillo Swamp, adjoining George Whitte (Whittle?) and Samuel Smith; 20 April 1762. (Note: This would be 200 years ago this month.—Editor).

File No. 0984, Thomas Youngblood crossed out and William Hunneycutt (sic) written in—Entry—500 acres in Johnston Co., on north side of Nuse River & both sides of Buffillo, between Col. Smith and Thomas Branan; 21 April 1760.

1759, Estate of James Clark with Robert Hart Executor; paid John Clark; paid Robert Hunnicutt; appraiser fees paid to Richard Rowell and Thomas Lane; paid Mary Hart. Dated June 19, 1759, page 202.

1762, March 18, Surry County, Va. Book 1754-1768, page 277. Will of Newett Edwards; names wife Sarah; sone, Thomas Edwards, William Newett Edwards, Ethelred Edwards; daughter Elizabeth Edwards; son-in-law, William Thompson; granddaughter, Elizabeth Edwards; Item, I give to my wife, Sarah, all my personal estate during her widowhood and after her widowhood to return to my son, Ethelred, Benjamin A. and Faithy Hunnicutt. Witnesses, Thomas White, James Shelly, Shelton Delke; dated Nov. 5, 1760; probated March 18, 1762 with Ethelred Edwards named executor.

1762, May 18, Surry Co., Va. Book 1754-1768, page 300. The estate of Newett Edwards appraised by Robert Hunnicutt, Carter Crafford and James Taylor. (Note: the Newett Edwards of the will above was named as son in the will of Thomas Edwards, who died 1702-3; Newett Edwards was grandson of William Newett, who died in 1713.—Editor). (Note: The first William Newett married Elizabeth Jones and had Elizabeth Newett who married Thomas Edwards, who died 1702-3 and she next married John Price. Elizabeth Newett and Thomas Edwards and Issue: Thomas, William (married Mary Phillips), Newett Edwards, Sarah, and Elizabeth. Frances Newett married Edward Drew and had: Newett Drew (died 1775), Mary (m. John Harris); Ann (m. Benjamin Lane and had Joseph and Faith Lane); Thomas Drew and a daughter (not named) who married a Mr. Turner.

1762, August 17, Surry Co., Va. Book 1754-1768, page (?) Will of John Hunnicutt; names wife Faithy; daughters, Martha, Sarah, Mary (all under 18 years of age); daughters to have my plantation whereon I now live to be equally divided among them. If all die to go to my God-son, John Hunnicutt. Wife Faithy and brother Robert to be executors; witnesses, Wm Phillips, Robert Hunnicutt; will dated 14 March and probated 17 August 1762. Inventory showed 74 pounds sterling, 14 shillings was made by E. E. Williams, Nicholas Thompson, Thomas Lane, Richard Rowell, August 17, 1762. Faitha Hunnicutt, widow of John Hunnicutt, deceased, relinquished all rights under her deceased husband's will, so the court ordered Nicholas Thompson, Carter Crafford, Richard Rowell and Thomas Lane to appraise. (Question by editor: Did the daughters, Martha marry Richard Edwards, Sarah marry Joel Thompson and Mary marry Frederick Williams?—Editor).



## HISTORICAL RARITIES

**DID ABRAHAM WOOD, ONE OF VIRGINIA'S MOST PROMINENT MEN, LEAVE ANY DIRECT DESCENDANTS?** This question has come up of recent since his will has been reviewed by this editor and others. Only one page of the will has been located having apparently been removed from the Will Book of Charles City County, Virginia, some previous years and only one page from that will is preserved, however, the main portion of the will is saved from destruction.

Abraham Wood was one of the most prominent in the early Virginia Colony and many persons have claimed descent from the illustrious man, though it appears now that he left no descendants. This editor is most anxious to have any comment from our readers as to this theory with deduction with proof so that for future generations this mistake, if it is a mistake and assumption, might be corrected. In reading a photostatic copy of the will from the Archives Department of the Virginia State Library, Richmond, Virginia, the only heirs listed are those named, Mary Chamberlaine as daughter; "grandchildren in law Abraham Jones, Richard Jones, Peter Jones, and William Jones; also to 'Godson Abraham Alley and his brother Henry Alley.

This will is now deposited in the Archives Department of the State Library under Act. No. 24324 (43-1628) and can be seen there.

This will places Abraham Wood as being of Fort Henry in the County of Charles City in Virginia, Charles City County, Va. at that date 1682 included Prince George County as known today and Fort Henry is the site of the City of Petersburg, Va. today. So, we can see that Abraham Wood's property was located in what is now Petersburg, Va.

The will of Wood was recorded in the Will Book of Charles City County, Virginia just under the will of John Williams, whose will was dated March 6, 1681-2 and probated on 3rd April 1682. It is therefore assumed that the will of Abraham Wood was probated about April 1682 as entries were entered in will books of counties in a chronological manner as to dates of being brought to court for probate.

The will be given in abstract for our readers and those interested.—"In the name of God amen I, Abraham Wood of Fort Henry in the County of Charles City in Virginia"—"and my body to be buried in the night by my wife in hopes of a joyful resurrection at the last day"—"Item, I give and bequeath unto my daughter Mary Chamberlaine my silver tobacco box and my plantation with all thereon belonging to me and known by the name of 'Floods' in Henrico County and also 300 acres of land lying and being"—"granted to me bearing the date of 10th July 1680, which land is known by the name of Rauhawak to and her heirs forever. Item, I give and bequeath unto my grandchildren in law (viz.) Abrah. Jones, Richard Jones, Peter Jones and William Jones all my lands, housing, orchards and lying and being in Charles City County, Virginia to them and their heirs forever, equally

to be divided"—according to their seigniority excepting what is already bequeathed to my daughter Mary Chamberlaine, and one hundred (100) acres which I give unto my godson Abraham Alley lying and being upon the branches of the revine called (not easily read) being the easterly line of my dividend to him the said Abraham Alley and his brother Henry Alley equally to be divided to them and their heirs forever."

Now, why would Abraham Wood wish to be buried at night by his wife unless it was to keep the Indians from knowing that he had died and buried? Why did he name his legatees as "grandchildren in law" unless they were not of blood kin; what would be his reason for not naming them as grandchildren in a manner as he had named his daughter, Mary Chamberlaine? This change of phrasing does only one thing in the mind of this editor and that it legally states that the grandchildren were not of his family, but were grandchildren of one of his wives by a previous marriage. Was Abraham Wood married more than once? Of course the wife could have been married before Abraham Wood married her even if he married only once.

Since Abraham Wood named his godson Abraham Alley in the will could it not have been possible that Abraham Alley and his brother Henry Alley may have been of kin? As in so many wills that were written in the early period of Virginia history, the kinship of legatees was not made clear; this often causes question for a searcher of any family data.

We would like to hear from any of our readers who might have some additional data to add to this puzzle for it appears to this editor that Abraham Wood left no descendants after the death of his daughter Mary Chamberlaine. What do you think?

## QUESTIONS

**A 902. BARBEE.** Wish to purchase the genealogical book covering the Barbee Family of Virginia by H. Kennon Smith, Jr. Please state the price if any of our readers can assist this inquirer. Address your reply to Bessie Pettibon, 2312 Enfield Road, Austin 3, Texas.

**A 903. WATSON.** After talking with Mrs. Matheny of Richmond, Virginia, a member of the Virginia Genealogical Society, I learned of your interest in the Watson family genealogy. Being a Watson myself I am quite interested also. Unfortunately I have none of the information of this side of the family. On other sides of the family I have traced back generations for hundreds of years, but for me this just isn't enough. I would be deeply indebted to you and would appreciate it very much if you would tell me, if you have any knowledge of a Samuel Watson of Mecklenburg County (Va.), or of a Robert Edward Watson of Greensville County, Virginia. This Robert E. Watson was my grandfather and married a Janie Inez Cobb, descendant of John Fox who married and had a son Henry who married into the de La Warr-West family.

For your information I also am a member of the Virginia Genealogical Society and a



freshman at Randolph-Macon College, Ashland.

I would appreciate any information that you could give me. (Signed—Shelley B. Watson Jr., Randolph Macon College, Ashland, Va.

## ANSWERS

**A 902. BARBEE.** This editor does not know of the Barbee Family genealogy by H. Kennon Smith Jr., however, I trust that some reader will assist you in getting a copy of this book on the Barbee Family.—Editor.

**A 902. WATSON.** This editor does not know the genealogy of the Watson family line of which you request data. This family must have originally come out of Surry County or from Henrico County, Virginia.—Editor.

**A 902. WEST.** Thank you for printing my question on the West family. The information as to their place of birth was obtained from the census records. However, I believe that the census records of South Carolina for 1850 and before were destroyed. It was at this point where my research was stopped. Thanks again. Signed—Cyrus A. Dolph III, Major Gen., U. S. Army Ret., North, Va.

**A 900. LUCAS.** In the March

10th, 1963 issue of this feature, Climbing the Family Tree, I note under A 900 someone is inquiring about the Silas Emmett published Powell Family Genealogy.

I have had voluminous correspondence with Emmett Lucas, since my mother's Hilton family married a Watkins, which I am trying to run down, and we have exchanged a lot of data. However, his Watkins and my Watkins at the moment do not have anything in common, since mine are of the Maryland line, I think. However, Emmett Lucas has published a lot of his data. I have not seen it, but he writes he has. He is now going to the University of Sewanee, Tenn., preparing for an Episcopal minister. His address is: Silas Emmett Lucas, Jr., No. 1 Alston Apts., Sewanee, Tenn. (Thanks to Miss Olive Lucas, 2651-16th Street, N.W., Washington, D.C.—Editor).

## HUNNICUTT FAMILY

**HUNNICUTT FAMILY DATA OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA.** This continues from the previous issue. This is the 43rd article in the series of this family and we shall begin with the Entry No. 43.

**ENTRY NO. 43.—1772, Aug. 17** Surry County, Va. Book 1754-1760, page 331. Estate of William Thompson, appraised by Augustine Hunnicutt (signed with his signature), Thomas Lane, William White. (Note: the will of William Thompson listed wife, but did not name her; and four children, Philip, Frederick, Patty, and Becky, and son Nathaniel; executors were, brother John, and wife; dated Feb. 14, 1762, and the will was probated 17 August 1762; witnesses, Ebelred Edwards, Thomas Edwards, and Thomas White. The appraisement by Augustine Hunnicutt for estate of this William Thompson showed among the effects and property were ac-

grees, Jenny, Hannah, child Dick and Cain. The will of John Jenkins names 4 grandchildren Phillip, Frederick, Rebecca and Pattie Thompson; this will was dated 12 December 1758 and probated May 12 1760 on page 225 of the Will Book of Surry County, Va. Then the will of Martha Jenkins probated in Surry County, Va. on Nov. 19, 1772, page of the Will Book, names grand-daughter, Patty Thompson. Since this will of 1772 names the grand-daughter, Martha Thompson and this Patty (Martha) Thompson married Lt. Jesse Warren, this Martha Thompson married Lt. Warren between 1772 and 1774 as she came into her estate left by her father William Thompson in the year 1774, for in this year 1774 Jesse Jenkins turned over her estate to her according to the records.)

Note: In the year 1763, March 15, the inventory of the estate of John Hunnicutt was pounds 17:14 and this inventory was by Nicholas Thompson, Thomas Lane, and Richard Howell. Now just how is this Nicholas Thompson connected with the family of William Thompson, son of John?—Editor.

**RECORDS OF NORTH CAROLINA on the Hunnicutt.**

Records of Johnston County, N. C. show a deed from Samuel O'Bannon to Augustine Hunnicutt, Book B-1, page 218, for 225 acres in the year 1762.

Records of Johnston County, N. C. show another deed, this being from Thomas Brannon to William Honeycutt Sr., Book B-1, page 317, for 225 acres of land in the year 1762.

Records of Johnston County, N. C. who deed from Augustine Honeycutt to Julius Aiford, Book D-1, page 140 for 230 acres in the year 1763.

Records of Cumberland County, N. C. show a deed from Neil McNeil to Augustine Hunnicutt, Book 2, page 398, or 75 acres of land on the Cape Fear River in the year 1764.

Surry County, Va. in year 1764, March 20, Surry Book 1754-1760, page 355. Will of John Drew; names daughters, Faithy, Betty, and Martha; the accounts current by Alice Drew. Item: Paid, Robert Hunnicutt two pounds, six shillings as of receipt; this estate was appraised by Carter Crafford, Robert Hunnicutt and William Newsom. (Note: We will find in some other records that the wife of Robert Hunnicutt was named Faithy.)

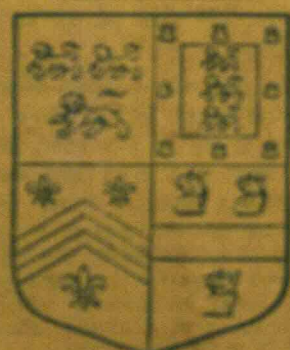
March 6, 1765, Surry County, Va. Book 1754-1760, page 463. The estate of Thomas Barham was appraised by Robert Hunnicutt, William Newsom, and Edmund Waller. (Note: The second wife of Thomas Barham was named Lucy Holt, daughter of Benjamin Holt, who died 1770, naming daughters, Lucy Barham and Ann Bell, and sons, Joseph, Michael, and Philip Holt; it is believed that the first wife of Thomas Barham was named Salter, however, if we locate this at a later date this will be made clear.—Editor). (Note: The reason for this Holt and Barham data being given is that the Barham family and the Hunnicutt families were connected and with the Holt family as well, as will be seen later.—Editor).

This series of articles will continue in the next issue under Entry No. 44 for the Hunnicutt family.

## McGRAW

**MAGRAFF (MC GRAW) ARMS:** Argent, three lions passant guardant.

**O'MEARA ARMS:** Gules, three lions passant guardant in pale per pale or and argent, a border azure, charged with eight escallops of the last.



**CREST:** a pelican voicing her self proper.

**MOTTO:** Opima spolia.

**BARBER ARMS:** Or, two chevrons between three fleurs-de-lis gules.

**CREST:** Out of a ducal coronet or, a bull's head per pale argent and gules.

**SLOCUM ARMS:** Argent, a fess gules, between three Griffin's heads couped sable.

**CREST:** A Griffin's head gules, between two wings expanded or.

This family of McGraw of Maryland has used this quartered arms and they descend from Meier (Magraff, MacGraff) McGraw, who was of the ancestral home at which he was born and named Lough Derg, Ternon-Magraff in the county of Donegal, Ireland, where he died in 1622 being son of Donogh Gilly-Grow-Mae, the last Court of Ternon-Magraff. Meier McGraw was sent to Rome to be educated and later became a bishop of Down and Connor in the year 1565. He later became an archbishop of Cashel in the year 1571. He was the first Protestant archbishop of Ireland. He married in 1546, to Anne O'Meara, daughter of John. This couple had,

James McGraw, was born in the year 1558 and died in 1613. It was to whom the ancestral home was given by the crown in 1610. He married Jeanne O'Hourke in the year 1585; she died in 1614 being of an old family of Ireland. This couple had,

Daniel, born 1585 and died in 1632, who married in 1617, Martha MacCloghan, dau. of John.



## Climbing

# The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON

### HISTORICAL RARITIES

**WHY WOULD THE FRENCH MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS IN THE YEAR 1863 TELL A FALSEHOOD TO THE AMERICANS?** The following article was taken from the Sacramento (Calif.) Daily Bee of January 6, 1863 and reads as follows:

#### "FRANCE AND MEDIATION"

"The State Department has received dispatches from Mr. Dayton, American Minister of France, which show that the new French Minister of Foreign Affairs, M. del'huys, deliberately, persistently and shamefully lied to him. The facts are, that having heard rumors of the Emperor's intention to offer mediation, if he could prevail on England and Russia to unite with him, Mr. Dayton did, on November 6th, interrogate the French Foreign Minister on the subject and was answered that no action was in contemplation by France, or by France conjointly with foreign powers, in reference to the condition of things in the United States—but that everything remained as it had done for some time. And this when it is now known to the world that the French dispatch to England and Russia, asking them to join her in proposing mediation, and signed by this same Drouyn de l'Huys, was dated October 25th."

"It is said in defense of the Emperor's course — for none have dared to defend the bold, unblushing falsehoods of his Minister—that his people were great sufferers by reason of the blockade; that they were becoming restive, and were beginning to hold him responsible for the prevailing distress—hence the numerous late attempts upon life; wherefore he desired to let them understand that he had done and was doing all he could to relieve them."

"It is also announced that on the day in which England and Russia were to decide upon the invitation of France, de l'Huys sought an interview with Dayton and made a clean breast of it by telling him the whole story making numerous explanations and offering a multitude of reasons impressive of the fact that France intended no wrong or injury to the American nation — that she would not consent to an offer of disruption, but merely of compromise by which the Union should be made one again without further bloodshed. In a word, that her intention was simply to aid France by opening her Southern ports, obtaining cotton and trade and thus feeding the poor operatives without attempting to destroy this Government."

"This is all very well to tell now. It may do for an excuse after a failure, but who will believe it. The French Minister lied once that we know of at the dictation of his master and of course will falsify again so often as commanded. The word of the Emperor then is not worth a groat when he thinks he can break it to his advantage. It is good if by keeping it he can be benefitted—otherwise he had no regard for asser-vations of oaths."



### QUESTIONS

**A954. LEIGH - THOMASON.** Wish names of parents of Emanuel J. Leigh, born 1775, Prince Edward Co., Va. and his wife, Martha Thomason, born 1783, Prince Edward Co., Va. Emanuel J. Leigh was Deputy Sheriff in Prince Edward Co., in 1798 and a Captain in the militia in 1804. They moved to Madison Co., Ill. in 1816 and later to Christian Co., Ill. Their children were: Albert G. Leigh, born 1807; Jane Leigh; Emanuel T. Leigh, born 1816; Martha Leigh; David Leigh; Indiana Leigh; James M. Leigh; Daniel Leigh; and Mary Leigh.

Zachariah Leigh was in Prince Edward Co., Va. before 1757. His will (1771) names only his son, John Leigh. Were there other children?

John Leigh married Elizabeth Greenhill in 1757 in Prince Edward Co., Va. Their children were: Zachariah G. Leigh (married Priscille Allen Townes); Paschal G. Leigh (m. Elizabeth Archer Scott); Sarah Leigh (m. in 1783 to Wm Ligon); Catherine Leigh (m. Charles Rice in 1804); Elizabeth Leigh; and three other children.

How was Egbert Leigh of Raleigh Parish, Amelia Co., Va. related to these Leighs? Want the names of his parents.

These Revolutionary War soldiers are listed from Prince Edward Co., Va. with the two spellings (Lee or Leigh); they are: John; Archibald; Charles; Zachariah; Richard; Randolph; James; Edward; Reuben; Samuel; Thomas. Only the names of John and Zachariah appear on the county court books. What happened to the others?

I have other Leigh data and will gladly correspond with others who are interested in these Leighs. (M. M. N., Rushville, Indiana).

**A955. BARHAM - BLANKS-HOFFLER-BEDFORD.** Please refer to Question No. A878 on these names, which appeared in your column on Oct. 21, 1962, and refers to my question No. A867 appearing in issue of Sept. 16, 1962. This showed initials V.B.W., Williamsburg, Va.

I am very anxious to contact this person. (W. L. B., Meridian, Miss.).

Note by editor: Since this feature wishes to assist others with their research and to make contact with them, it is requested that any data to be sent to another reader be sent through the editor of this feature, since it will be helpful to others at a later date in search for the same names. This will more or less complete the questions and answers to a family name. One

can see that for posterity, such records could assist others in completing a line. We have had some instances which have proved embarrassing to the editor. However, I do not imply that such is the case in this instance. We wish all the data available in answer to any question. So, I would thank W. L. B., if he would send any data he has available to be published in this feature so all the readers may have the opportunity of seeing same. This feature goes to many libraries throughout the country and are saved for their archives and searchers in their respective communities. — Editor.

### ANSWERS

**A896. BLAIR - JENNINGS - REID - ROBERTS - EWINGS.** This question read as follows: Want data on: James Blair, brother of Revs. John Blair (born 1720-died 1771; and Samuel Blair (born 1712 and died 1751) of Pennsylvania; John Jennings of Va. and S. C., who married Theresa Reid, dau. of Revolutionary War soldier Reuben Reid; Oba Roberts, who married Margaret, dau. of Capt. Samuel Ewings, Rev. War soldier (Laurens Dist., South Carolina to Alabama early in 1800's; Joshua Hooper, 1789, thow married Jane Roberts (Ala., and Miss.).

I am writing you because I think Oba Roberts and Margaret Ewings were the parents of Governor Oran Milo Roberts of Texas. I am trying to find out about this for you. Have just written the letter today.

My maternal great grandmother, born in 1829, at Greensboro, Alabama, was Catherine Elizabeth Harding, daughter of General David Gamaliel Harding and his wife Mary Stuart Alston Harding. Mrs. Harding died in Perry Co., Alabama, in 1835, and in 1841 General David Gamaliel Harding brought his two daughters Catherine Elisabeth and Mary Ann Harding to San Augustine.

Governor Roberts was born in the Laurens District, South Carolina. He read law, then with the aid of a friend attended the University of Alabama, where he was graduated in law, served one term in the Alabama Legislature, apparently married there, and came to San Augustine in 1841, with his wife Frances Edwards and some children. He practiced law here. Finally became Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Texas (two terms), then Governor; then served as Professor of Law at the University of Texas at Austin. I am told his wife is buried at Shelbyville, Texas (Shelby Co.) 19 miles from San Augustine. One of Gov. Roberts' sons was named Oba Roberts. The wife of Governor Roberts, named Frances Edwards, is buried in Austin, Texas. (This shall be continued in the next issue, since this seems to be a close lead to the data wanted by the inquirer.—Editor).

### HUNNICUTT FAMILY

This editor has been informed that the Mr. John Hunnicutt to whom I have referred in these articles on this family is no longer in New Orleans, La., but

has moved to Florida. Would it be possible for the informer to give us the address of the Mr. John Hunnicutt?

We shall continue the series with this as No. 44.

**ENTRY NO. 44.—1764, Nov. 1.** Surry County, Va. Book 1760-1769, page 241. Randolph Holt of Hog Island, Bond to Wm Spratley and Wm Clayton (Clayton is of New Kent Co., Va.). Holt is executor of the estate of late father, John Holt. The named Spratley and Clayton are guardians to the minor children of John Holt, namely, Mary, John, Anna and Josiah Holt. Randolph Holt gives bond to extent of 10,—pounds to insure payment of legacies to children when they are 21 years of age. The witnesses were, Carter Crafford, Robert Hunnicutt, and Thomas Binns. (Note: John Holt's estate was appraised by Carter Crafford, Robert Hunnicutt and 26th of August 1765.—Editor).

1765, Aug. 25th. The will of Edward Harris; names wife Martha; grandsons, James Harris, Hopkins Harris, granddaughter, Mary Hunnicutt, when 21 years of age; son William Harris; grandson James Harris; wife and 5 children, John, William, Hopkins, Martha Harris and Hannah Petway; executors, wife Martha, son Hopkins Harris (solemn affirmation also Anselem Bailey Jr. and Thomas Wilson sworn); witnesses were, Anselem Bailey, Jr., Thomas Wilson, Charles Thompson. (Surry Co., Book p. 398). (Note: The name of Mary Hunnicutt is given herein.—Editor). (Note: In the will of Edward Harris, dated 26 Aug. 1739 and probated 22 Sept. 1740 in Isle of Wight Co., Va. Book 4, page 293, names: son Edward, land in Blackwater river or swamp area; to son Lewis Harris, he gives land on 3 Creeks bought of John Dortch; also names sons, Joel, Amos, and Hardy Harris; daughters, Mary and Ann; Timothy Thorpe and Owen

Mirick to divide land; witnesses, Nathaniel Ridley and Timothy Thorpe.—Editor). (Note: In the will of John Dorch in 1772 in Southampton Co., Va. he names Lewis Harris as son-in-law.—Editor).

1765, October 30, North Carolina Land Grant was given to Hartwell Hunnicutt for 250 acres on McLendals (McLendons) Creek, adjoining Overton, in Cumberland Co., N. C.; found in file No. 533. (Note: This is the other Hartwell Hunnicutt, son of John and Jemima Hunnicutt, who moved to North Carolina.—Editor).

1781, July 22, North Carolina Land Grants, Johnston County, N. C., File No. 633, or Book 14, page 209; for 638 acres of land near Granville County, N. C. line and adjoining his own line, meaning line of Hartwell Hunnicutt.

1765, Cumberland County, North Carolina, records; Hartwell Hunnicutt deeds to John Overton, see Book 3, p. 31, for 250 acres of land on McLendons Creek; Austin Hunnicutt deeds to John Nail, Book 3, page 75, the 75 acres of land on Northwest River; same parties, see Book 3, page 77, deed 140 acres of land on Cape Fear River; same parties, see book 3, page 78, 400 acres of land. (Note: This is most surely the group of Hunnicutts that moved to North Carolina and were beginning to move further South.—Editor).

1764, Accounts Current for estate of John Drew, with Alice Drew as Executrix; pays, Mary Holt, as of receipt; pays, William Salter; allowed James Holt's account; paid Robert Hunnicutt; by James Holt's bond. (Surry Co., Va. Book 1754-1763, page 472). (This is given, since above will names some of these persons.—Editor.)

This series shall continue in the next issue as Series No. 45 on the Hunnicutt family.—Editor.

**SHOVE**  
ARMS: Argent, a chevron saule, between three holly leaves proper.  
CREST: Out of a ducal coronet or, a griffin's head proper, holding a cross crosslet in the mouth proper.  
The New England family of the name of Shove have used this arms and claim descent from Rev. Edward Shove,



Gent., who was born in 1606 and he died in 1683, being the eldest son of Rev. Edward Shove, vicar of Leigh in the County of Surrey in England. Both this father and son were Puritans of the Church of England. Edward Shove went to Cambridge University in the year of 1622, but later received an A.B. degree from King's College in the year 1625 and the A.M. degree in 1629. This young Rev. Edward Shove decided to come to America and sailed from England in 1638, being named to assistant of Rev. Ezekiel Rogers of Rowley, Mass., in New England, but he died on the voyage and his widow, Margery, and two children landed in Boston in 1638. Among the children was,

Rev. George Shove, Gent., born about the year 1634 and he died in 1687 having attended Harvard College, now the University, having graduated in the year 1653 and later moved to Rehoboth, Mass. This minister was ordained in 1665. He married 1st, in 1664, Hopeskill Newman, dau. of Rev. Samuel Newnham. Rev. George Shove married, married 2nd, Hannah Bacon, widow of one Mr. Walley; she died in the year 1685. By this second marriage they had, Edward Shove, born in 1680 and he died 1746, who became an attorney. Being a member of the political group he was elected to represent his area in the Assembly from Mass. Bay Colony. He married in 1704, Lydia Wetherill.



## Climbing

# The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON

### HISTORICAL RARITIES

The oath of allegiance—back in 1863. There appeared in the Chicago (Ill.) Tribune of January the following:

"The Oath of Allegiance.—Senator Anthony of Rhode Island does not often speak, but when he does, it is always to the point. He administered a very pleasant, and at the same time a very pointed rebuke, the other day, to those senators who complain because some of those imprisoned since the rebellion broke out, have had to take the oath of allegiance when called upon to do so by competent authority. 'Were it not that I hear gentlemen upon the other side, whose loyalty I do not question, say they would not do it. I should say that no loyal American citizen should refuse to take it. A senator on the other side of the chamber asked the other day, 'Would you take the oath of allegiance on compulsion?' 'Sir I would take it any way and every day, as often as anybody wished me to take it. I would be willing to take it three times a day as grace before meat. Indeed, I think there is no form of expression in the language, except the Lord's prayer, that an American citizen can often take with advantage to his soul's health, than an oath to support the Constitution of the United States.'"

Note: It should be the pride of each American Citizen to think at least once a day that he owes much to the past in that we are a free country, and don't let anybody take it from us.—Editor.

### BOOK REVIEW

"Marriage Records 1811-1853 of Mecklenburg County, Va." This fine book was compiled and published by the Prestwood Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, South Hill, Va.

Such work should be in every library throughout the United States since there are persons throughout the country who descend from many families that had their roots planted in the area of Mecklenburg County. If not all libraries, then every one which has books covering genealogical material. We may not know it, but there are many persons all over the country, who are looking for something to which to cling, that they can say proudly, "I am a full blooded American with roots of many generations."

This book covers the marriage records in the pages from marriage bonds, marriage licenses, consents, minister's returns of marriages returned by the same papers and other records now in the Clerk's Office of Mecklenburg County. In addition, other loose papers of the county, deposited with the Virginia State Library, were examined to complete the work.

We may remark that the vital statistics of the county began with the year 1854 and those at the Clerk's Office a volume of marriage records for the years 1865-1872. These two books are the only two that have ever been published on the



records of the county of Mecklenburg, Virginia. It is therefore important at this time, that for searchers of family data, it would be difficult for one to attain data without going to the county of the Archives Department of Virginia State Library, Richmond, Virginia to do any work, and this finely compiled book could be the starter for one and proof of some records for which persons out of the name county are looking.

We trust that at some day, other books will abstracted and the data published for readers in far away libraries.

Copies of this book may be obtained from the Prestwood Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, South Hill, Virginia, Attention of Mrs. Katherine Blackwell Elliott, Regent of the Chapter.—EDITOR.

### Questions

1896. Reed-Miller - Harding-Reid. I am trying to trace the family of William Reed (Reid), who had a daughter, Elizabeth Reed, who married James Miller. The Millers were from Kentucky. I notice your Reid is spelled with an "I". The Reeds and Millers were from Kentucky. James Miller and Elizabeth Reed were cousins, but they married one another.

I am also trying to trace my Harding family in Virginia. The earliest known ancestor of my line is one Daniel Harding. They were supposed to be from Fauquier County, Virginia, but the 1850 Census of Texas states that Daniel Harding and his sons, David Gamaliel Harding and James L. Harding were born in Albemarle County, Virginia. Perhaps some of our readers could help Mrs. Kate H. Parker, P. O. Box 271, San Augustine, Texas.

### Answers

1896. Blair-Jennings - Reid-Roberts-Ewings. (This continues from the previous of Sunday, 12, May 1963. This answer is attempting to assist the inquirer with data and connection of the Roberts of South Carolina and Alabama and then to Mississippi.)

My maternal great-grandmother Catherine Elizabeth Harding married first here in San Augustine, Texas, Colonel John Pelham Burder, born in Lincolnshire, England. After his death she married former Governor Oran Milo Roberts of Texas in 1868. He died about 1888. His Governor Roberts, buried in Oakwood Cemetery, Austin, Texas. Another person has said by his first wife,

Frances Edwards. My great-grandmother acceded to the wishes of his children. He should have been buried in the State Cemetery, since he was so prominent in State affairs and in the affairs of the Republic of Texas. My great-grandmother Roberts is buried in the State Cemetery.

I have a letter from a lady, whose grandmother was Unity Helen Hooper Cozart, which states that the mother of Unity Helen Hooper Cozart was Jane Roberts and that she married Joshua Hooper. And this family lived near Potatoe, Miss., prior to their moving to Texas. In this letter the lady says "Uncle Oran preceded them to Texas by several years and thought it was such a wonderful country for his two sisters, 'Aunt' and 'Grandma.' 'Yes, your Grandmother Hooper really was Uncle Oran's sister, as you wanted me to tell you, so, sold their interest and moved their family, slaves and all in wagons, of course, for we had no trains those days. All settled near each other.'"

I shall be glad to hear from and should like to know just what it is you want to know about and who? I will help you all I can.

Not so long ago I had an inquiry from a Mr. Edwards in Miss., wanting to know about the Roberts and the Edwards families and he stated that Governor Roberts was in Miss., before he came to Texas.

I am trying to trace the family of William Reed, who had a daughter Elizabeth Reed, who married James Miller. The Millers were from Kentucky. I notice your Reid is spelled with an "I". The Reeds and Millers were from Kentucky. James Miller and Elizabeth Reed were cousins, but they married each other.

I am also trying to trace my Harding family in Virginia. The earliest known ancestor of mine is Daniel Harding. They were supposed to be from Fauquier County, Virginia, but the 1850 Census of Texas states that Daniel Harding and sons, David Gamaliel Harding and James L. Harding were born in Albemarle County, Virginia. So, perhaps you can help me on this. Mrs. Kate Harding Bates Parker, P. O. Box 271, San Augustine, Tex.

### Hannicutt Family

Hannicutt Family of Surry County, Virginia. This continues as the 48th article in the series. Entry No. G - 478, August 19, Surry Co., Va. Book 124-174, page No. 48. William Preston's estate was appraised by Robert Hannicutt and Freeman Walker.

1793, August 25, Surry Co., Va. Book 174 - 176, page (?) The will of Edward Harris Mates legatee to granddaughters, Mary Hannicutt, widowers Amelia Bailey Jr., Charles Thompson; the will was dated January 1, 1793, and probated August 25, 1793. Note: Who was this Mary Hannicutt?—Editor.

1795, April 22, Surry Co., Va. Order Book, 174-174, page 28.

**CHEW**  
ARMS: GULES, chevron argent, on a chief three leopard's faces or.

The arms has been used by the family of Chew of Virginia and they descend from John, who was born in the year 1590 and died in 1655 having come England to the Virginia Colony in the ship "Charite" settling at Jamestown, Virginia in 1622. He became a prominent person in the colony and became a colonel and was named a member of the House of Burgesses from How Island and later from York County. He moved from this area of Virginia to Maryland. He married Sarah, whose last name is not known to this editor. This couple had:

Joseph Chew, who was born in Maryland or Virginia, but who died in the year 1716 having married secondly to Miss Larkin of Annapolis, Maryland; they had:

Larkin Chew, who died in the year 1729 having been a Justice from Spotsylvania Co., Va. a burgess, as well as, sheriff. He married Hannah Roy; they had:

Ann or Nan Chew, who married in the year 1723, Lord William Johnston, who was born in 1697 and they were of Spotsylvania County; they had:

Larkin Johnston, born in 1727 and died in 1816 was also of Spotsylvania County. He married in the year 1745, Mary Rogers, born in 1727 and died in the year 1808. They had:

Larkin Johnston, born in the year 1761 and died in the year 1842 being of Granville Co., North Carolina. This young lad at the time of the Revolutionary War served in the ranks of Child's Co., 6th Regiment of N.C. having served for about 2 years. He married in 1781 Lucy Child, who was born in the year 1756 and died in 1826.

Robert Hannicutt entered suit vs. William Seward, for del't. The defendant came not, plaintiff awarded 24 pounds and cost but will be discharged on payment of 12 pounds and interest from Jan. 1, 1768.

1767, date (?) Surry Co., Va. Order Book 1763-1774, page 171. The Court ordered William Ruffin, Benjamin Coker, Carter Craiford and Robert Hannicutt to audit the estate of Henry Seward. (Note: Henry Seward was a son of William Seward who died 1738 — Elizabeth, wife of Richard Hamlin, son William, daughter Ann, wife of Jordan Thomas, son Henry Seward given 425 acres on which I live; witnesses: Thomas Taylor, Wm. Taylor, Barnes Clary, Henry Seward, died 1761, wife and children; executors, brother Wm. Seward, wife's brother, Joshua Nicholson, Sarah Seward, the relict; Joshua Nicholson appointed Guardian to Mary, Edwin and Thomas Seward, nephews of Henry Seward. William Seward died 1771 naming sister Ann Thomas, nephew William Caulfield Seward, brother-in-law Wm. Drew; nephews John, Edwin and Thomas Seward, and niece Mary Seward.—Editor).

1767, Nov. 27, Surry Co., Va., Order Book, Page 137. On motion of John Thompson, Administration was granted him on estate of Ann Thompson. The court ordered Robert Hannicutt, Augustine Hannicutt, Richard Gray and Willis Wilson to appraise the estate.

1767, June 16, Surry County Order Book, 1763-1774, page 139 Robert Hannicutt and Nancy, his wife, Sarah Binn and Nancy Binn enter suit vs Elizabeth Binn, Executrix of Thomas Binn, dec'd., Marjha Binn, Elizabeth Binn and Priscilla Binn. (Note: In Chancery Court this suit is dismissed of interest is that in title of Wight Co., Va. Book 6, page 389 shows that Thomas Binn had as his 1st wife, Margaret Jones, daughter of Mathew Jones of line of Wight.—Editor).

1767, December 2, Surry Co., Va. Book 1754 - 1760 Order Book page No. 134 or 137. The estate of Ann Thompson had Robert Hannicutt, Richard Gray and Willis Wilson as appraisers.

1767, Deed records of Johnston Co., N. C., all recorded in this year 1767, they are: William Hannicut to Samuel Smith, Book E-1, page 183 for 205 acres William Hannicut to Samuel Smith, Book E-1, page 185 for 205 acres; Auguston Hannicut to William Masse, Book E-4, page 273 for 244 acres. (Note: This was apparently the group of Hannicutt's who were getting ready to move further South.—Editor).

1768 A.D. Deed records of Cumberland Co., North Carolina show that John Nall deeds to Meridy (Meredith) Hannicutt in Book 3, page 217, tract on Cape Fear River.

1768 A.D. Deed records of Johnston Co., N. C. show that John Hannicut deeds to William Pace, Book E-1, page 253 for 200 acres; John Hannicut deeds to Drury Cade, in Book E-4, page 426 for 128 acres.

1768, Aug. 16, Appraisal of Estate of Ann Thompson by Robert Hannicutt, Richard Gray, and Willis Wilson shows among the effects was the slaves, Negro boys named Jacob and Bob (Surry Co., Va. Book 1756-1777, page 14). Note: The will of John Thompson names brothers Nathan, William, Ann Coker Thompson, dated 8 Phillip and sisters Rebecca, May 1767, page 45 and Sept. 1767, page 467-witnesses, Richard Reppesa, Phillip King and John Walkins, Jr. The estate of John Thompson was appraised by Thos. Preston, administrator (accounts began 1768, returned Aug. 25, 1772, naming Negroes, Fanny and child Doll, Amy and child Rachel, Lozy, Jacob, sale of boy Charles Dick, and Moll; this instrument was signed by Gen. Kamm, Thomas Tenner, and Willis Wilson (this was shown on page 243 of the book).



## HISTORICAL RARITIES

**INDIAN EXECUTIONS. SIMULTANEOUS HANGING OF 38 SIOUX MURDERERS.** This was taken from Harper's Weekly of Jan. 17, 1863, which read as follows:

"We give an illustration of the Execution of Thirty-eight Indian Murderers, which took place at Mankato, Minnesota, on 26th ult. We are indebted to Mr. Herman, of St. Peter, for the sketch we have reproduced. The St. Paul Press says:

"The gallows stood upon the high street close in front of the levee. It is estimated that not less than four thousand people, exclusive of the military, were in attendance. The gallows were erected in the form of a diamond, twenty-four feet on each angle, sufficient to execute ten of each side. A square was formed around the gallows by the military, and the citizens occupied the sand bar on the river. The ceremony was brief, and the whole number of savages were sent at the same moment before the great Spirit to answer for their inhuman barbarities."

"Upon leaving the stone building the condemned set up the death-dance and kept it up on the platform."

"William J. Duly, who had half of his family massacred at Lake Shetek, was assigned by Colonel Miller the duty of cutting the rope. Another man offered five dollars for the privilege."

"At precisely 10 o'clock the condemned were marshaled in a procession, and headed by Colonel Redfield, marched out into the street, and directly across through files of soldiers to the scaffold, which had been erected in front, and were delivered to the Officer of the Day, Captain Burt. They went eagerly and cheerfully, even crowding and jostling each other to go ahead, just like a lot of hungry boarders rushing to dinner in a hotel. The soldiers who were on guard in their quarters stacked arms and followed them and they in turn were followed by the clergy, reporters, etc."

"As they commenced the ascent of the scaffold, the death-song was again started, and when they had all gine up, the noise they made was truly hid-

ous. It seemed as if pandemonium had broken loose. It had a wonderful effect in keeping up their courage. One young fellow who had been given a cigar by one of the reporters, just before marching from their quarters, was smoking it on the stand, puffing away very coolly during the intervals of the hideous 'Hi-yi-yi,' 'Hi-yi-yi,' and even when the cap was drawn over his face, he managed to get it over his mouth and smoke. Another was smoking his pipe. The noise having been promptly adjusted over the necks of each, by Captain Libby, all was ready for the fatal signal."

"The scene at this juncture was one of awful interest. A painful and breathless suspense held the vast crowd which had assembled from all quarters to witness the execution."

"Three slow, measured, and distinct beats on the drum by Major Brown, who had been announced as signal officer, and the rope was cut by Mr. Duly, the scaffold fell, and thirty-seven lifeless bodies were left dangling between heaven and earth. One of the ropes was broken, and the body of Rattling Runner fell to the ground. The neck had probably been broken, as but little signs of life were observed, but he was immediately hung up again. While the signal beat was being given numbers were seen to clasp the hands of their neighbors, which in several instances continued till the bodies were cut down."

"As the platform fell there was one, not loud, but prolonged cheer from the soldiery and citizens who were spectators, and then all were quiet and earnest witnesses to the scene. For so many there was but little suffering, the necks of all, or nearly all, were evidently dislocated by the fall, and the after struggle was slight. The scaffold fell at a quarter past ten o'clock, and in twenty minutes the bodies had all been examined by Surgeons LeBoutillier, Sheardon, Finch, Clark, and others, and life pronounced extinct."

"The bodies were then cut down, placed in four army wagons, and attended by Company K, as a burial party, and under the command of Lieutenant Colonel Marshall, were taken to the grave prepared for them, among willows on the sandbar, nearly in front of the town."

## QUESTIONS

**BACON FAMILY OF VIRGINIA.** The following was addressed to Mrs. Charles E. Clark, 9530 SW Washington Place, Portland 25, Oregon by R. K. T. Larson, Associated Editor for Public Service, The Virginian-Pilot and Ledger-Star of Norfolk, Virginia. Mr. Larson sent this editor a copy of the letter for publishing in this feature; it read as follows:

"Dear Mrs. Clark: Mrs. Julian G. Gilkeson of Richmond (Va.) advises me that you would like some information about Bacon's Castle on the James River

"Bacon's Castle was built in 1655 by Arthur Allen. It is now owned by Mr. and Mrs. Walker Pegram Warren of Smithfield (Va.). They live in the castle in the summertime. Mrs. Warren has not been well for some years and therefore this place is rarely opened."

"It is called Bacon's Castle because seventy rebels lived there for three months during Bacon's Rebellion. Whether Ba-

## NEAL

**ARMS:** Gules, three, greyhounds' heads erased argent, collared sable, ringed or.

This Neal arms of the family has been used by those benign descended from Captain Walter Neal, who was considered to be a very fine explorer and captain of his ship. This Captain Walter Neal was in battles in Bohemia and



fought under Count Mansfield, this being in the Rhineland area. It was here that he attained the rank of captain. This gallant man came to America in the year 1630 and to show importance he became the governor of the so called lower settlement of New Hampshire in New England. This area is now known to us as Portsmouth, Newcastle and Greenland. Being the sea voyager he was he returned to

his homeland, England three years after his arrival in America. Being important in his activities he was appointed as Lieutenant-Governor of the military station and arsenal at Portsmouth, England. The name of his wife is not known to this editor. He had son,

Lt.-Captain, Walter Neal, born in 1633 and was at Dover, New Hampshire from 1661-1688 and was also at Portsmouth, N.H. from 1666-1693. He was also prominent in his New England Colony of N.H. where he became captain of the military forces of Portsmouth. He was also connected with politics and was elected as selectman of Portsmouth, N.H. in 1693. He was among those listed in the French and Indian Wars. He married in the year 1660, to Mary Ayers. This couple had,

Samuel Neal, who was born in 1661 and died about the year 1700, having married Jane Foss; they had,

Samuel Neal, whose birth date is not known to us, but he died in the year 1756 having married between the years of 1709 and 1711, to Elizabeth Lock, born in 1680, the daughter of Deacon William Lock, an early settler of Woburn, Mass.

con himself was ever there is open to some conjecture."

"Your reference to the Bacon (family) line is most interesting and I feel sure that my friend, Mr. Hugh Watson of the Daily Press, Newport News, Virginia, would be glad to correspond with you. He writes a very interesting genealogical column."

"If you still are interested in photographs of Bacon's Castle and copies of any articles thereon, please let me know." Signed, R. K. T. Larson.

## ANSWERS

**BACON FAMILY OF VIRGINIA.** There were several articles on the name of Bacon and the kinship of them was given, but to this editor at this time, I do not recall the source of the information. To my knowledge Bacon had no connection with the family of Allen. The Allens lived at Bacon's Castle many years after the Rebellion, however, there seems to be no connection at all of the Bacon and Allen families.—Editor.

## HUNNICUTT FAMILY

**HUNNICUTT FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VA.** This continues as the 46th article in the series on this family. We shall begin with the Entry No. 46.

Year 1769. The deed of Thomas Pretlow, wife Mary, of Southampton County, Va., deed to Thomas Newby, 250 acres of land adjacent to Carter Crafford, land bought of Mary Chapman by Thomas Pretlow, deceased and willed to John Pretlow by him.

There was a will of one Thomas Pretlow naming wife Rebecca; sons, Thomas, Joshua, John, Samuel; sons, William Pretlow and Thomas Newby. (This will is torn and the dates and names of the witnesses are of

the probaton date and the date of the will are gone.—Editor).

1772, Dec. 22. The will of Rebecca Pretlow names: granddaughter Rebecca Pretlow, daughter of Joshua; son Samuel; with witnesses, Carter Crafford, Jr., Thomas Newby; the will is dated March 6, 1772. (This would indicate that apparently the Thomas Pretlow with wife Mary were the parents of a daughter, who married a Thomas Newby and had a son named Thomas Newby). The estate of Rebecca Pretlow was appraised by Carter Crafford, Sr. and Carter Crafford, Jr., Robert Hunnicutt on March 22, 1774. (We also find that there was a deed showing from whence Thomas Pretlow came. The deed was dated May 15, 1723 showing that Mary Chapman, widow of Surry Co., Va., Thomas Peirce and wife Mary, John Peirce and wife Sarah of North Carolina and John Bamer and wife Elizabeth of Surry Co., Va. of the 1st part deed to Thomas Pretlow, of Warwick Co., Va., 500 acres, part of a patent of George Watkins, dated March 1666 and 23 April 1667 located East and Southly on property of Richard Drew, North on Mr. Carter's land, and West on land of said Watkins (Surry Co., Va. Deed Bk 1715-1730, page 447).

1769. Another deed from John Pretlow to Thomas Pretlow of Southampton Co., Va., for 51 pounds 11 shillings, for 250 acres of land on main branch of Chip-oakes Creek near the head waters to Carter Crafford—Long Branch; and half of a tract bought of Mary Chapman by Thomas Pretlow deceased and will to John Pretlow by him; with witnesses, Benjamin Bailey, William Clinch, Jr. and Joseph Holleman. (In the year 1771, Samuel Pretlow, wife Mary

(daughter of Andelm Bajley) deed to Samuel Webb 250 acres adjoining to Mr. Robert Hunnicutt, Thomas Newby on the Long Branch—adjoining to Mr. William Thompson, deceased and Abraham Mitchell. This will show from the above what became of the 500 earlier acres patented by George Watkins and then deeded to Thomas Pretlow of Warwick Co., Va.—Editor).

In the year 1769 in the Deed Records of Cumberland County, North Carolina, John Hunnicutt is deeded land by Conner Dowd as shown in Book 3, page 426 covering 128 acres on Deep River.

Year 1770, No. 20. Surry Co., Va. Order Book 1764-1774, page 231, Robert Hunnicutt and Nancy, his wife, Sarah and Jenny Binns, by Albridgeton Jones, complainants in Chancery against Elizabeth Binns, Extx. of Thomas Binns, deceased, Martha, Elizabeth, and Priscilla Binns, defendants. The court held that defendants not accountable for cattle destroyed by distemper, and that the estate devised to the defendant, Elizabeth Binns, Extx. by her mother, Elizabeth Crauley, deceased, is to survive to her and not be considered as part of her husband's estate. The Court ordered Carter Crafford, Thomas Bailey, William Ruffin and Allen Cocke, Gent., to settle and divide the estate of Thomas Binns, deceased, after deducting the widow's dower thereof, also allot to the parties their part of the slaves, allowing one part thereof to those who have a title under the defendants son, John, deceased. (Note: Thomas Binns died intestate in April 1765, seized in fee of 425 acres of land; by Thomas Binns' 1st wife he had 3 daughters namely, Ann, wife of Robert Hunnicutt, Sarah and Jenny Binns; by the 2nd wife of Thomas Binns, he had three daughters, namely, Martha, Elizabeth and Priscilla and one son, John Binns, then 18 months old, this being recorded on page 232 of the same reference. An there is shown herein that John lived 18 months longer on the land with his mother. The verdict for the defendants was on May 21, 1771 and shown on page 255 of the same reference.—Editor).

1771, Will of John Thorpe (Southampton Co., Va., Book 2, page 457) bequeaths land which I bought of John Hunnicutt, between Three Creeks and Georges Branch to Phebe Thorpe, relict of Aaron Thorpe, deceased.

1771, July, 16, Surry Co., Book 10, page 130, 1769-1778—Indenture or deed from Samuel Pretlow and his wife, of Surry Co. to Samuel Webb for consideration of 100 pounds covering 250 acres adjacent to Mr. William Thompson, deceased — and Abraham Mitchell; with witnesses, Randolph Price, Frances Moreland, and John Davis, Jr.

1771, Jan. 27 Return of appraisal of estate of Randol Holt, which was taken Nov. 21, 1770 by William Drew, Robert Hunnicutt, William Holt and shown on page 155 of the book. (Note: In the will of Rand. Holt, he wills to brother Josiah Holt the plantation named "Grays" of 600 acres; remainder of land father bought of William Seward to 2 sisters Mary and Ann Holt.—This is shown on page 101).

(This series of articles will continue in the next issue of this feature under Article No. 47).

## Feature Rules

1. Send all letters to Daily Press, Newport News, Va.; name and address of sender must be given.

2. Questions and answers must be clearly stated on large size paper 8½ by 11 inches, written double-spaced in ink or typed on one side of paper only; postal cards and small paper not acceptable; 3 questions only.

3. Answers will be through the column only. Correspondents making reply must give answers using data pertinent and brief.

4. Answers will be published from other readers as research by editor is too time-consuming; however, the editor will assist when possible. This feature is a clearing house for readers. The editor reserves the right to retain and edit questions and number of questions and date that question appeared. If answers are to be forwarded, must be accompanied by plain stamped envelope.



**THE NATIONAL DEBT WILL ALWAYS BE A QUESTION WITH US, IT WAS IN 1862 AND STILL IS IN 1963.** The following was taken from the January 1963 issue of *Vivida* (California) Equal Rights, and reads:

**"THE NATIONAL DEBT.** The public mind has become so demoralized by war, that nothing but the reports of great battles and horrible slaughters seems to satisfy it. All that intense and remarkable interest manifested by the republicans in regard to the national expenditures when the government was under the control of democratic administrations has entirely disappeared, and the man who now proposed to examine the financial condition of the country is denounced as a rebel sympathizer. Should any old fogey of their persuasion, but not altogether approving of their recklessness, ask any questions concerning the debt, he is referred to a short paragraph in some administration organ, setting it down at some millions under half of its real amount, and with this explanation he is expected to be satisfied, otherwise he is not a true Union man, in the republican acceptance of the term."

"According to the U. S. Treasurer's Report, which, every one who has devoted any thought to the subject, is satisfied does not come up to the mark, the estimated public debt, on the first day of July next, will be \$1,122,197,896.24. Add to this the estimated expense until July 1st, 1864 — \$422,306,792.22 — and, if happily the war should cease then, the national debt will reach the enormous sum of one billion seven hundred and forty-four million five hundred and ninety-eight thousand one hundred and nine dollars and fifty-six cents! Yet, gigantic as this sum may appear, this is not all. The numberless claims against the government arising out of the war will add millions to this vast sum. Thousands of men wounded in battle must be pensioned by the Government, and provision will have to be made for the support of the families of those who have fallen in battle."

"In view of these appalling facts—facts which cannot be evaded or denied—facts the natural results of two years of abolition mis-rule—it does seem to us that every true patriot must favor immediate peace, even though it be at the cost of separation. The advocates of slaughter and subjugation may clamor for war as furiously as they please and assert the ability of the north to proving it indefinitely, but the facts will not sustain their boastful assertions. At least two thousand millions of dollars have been expended, and what has been gained? The petty 'insurrection' that was to be quelled in 'sixty days' by seventy-five thousand men has assumed the proportions of the most formidable revolution recorded in the annals of the world. You have called into the field a million and a half men, and of these nearly one fourth have perished in battle, thousands have died from diseases contracted in camps, while many thousands more are cripples for life, lying, though ghastly monuments to the perfidy of abolition mis-rule. The foe, whom you affected to despise, victorious on many fields, and rebounding with elastic vigor from defeat, now confronts you with half a million

## Climbing

# The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON



bayonets. In quelling the 'insurrection' you have made a nation of the south—you have aroused to united and determined action a people of boundless resources and invincible will."

"You have taught the South the great secret of her strength, and demonstrated the impossibility of subjecting to foreign rule a people as united and determined for independence as the southern people are. In warring against southern independence you have well nigh lost your own liberty. Trade is paralyzed, and general ruin stares you in the face. You set out to conquer the South; you have failed, and in doing so accumulated a debt which must be either repudiated or left as a burden on your children for generations to come. This debt would weigh heavily on the people even if the Union existed as it was two years ago; but as the old Union is destroyed beyond the possibility of restoration, it must be borne by the free states. The people of the West will assuredly not sacrifice their interests much longer in fighting a people upon whose prosperity their own success depends; they will repudiate the war and its concomitants. California, then, must either repudiate also, and go with her natural allies—the western states—or, bound to the chariot-wheels of New England, reduce herself to the miserable condition of a heavily taxed province, instead of assuming, as she might, the proud position of a state of the first-rank. The question now deserving the consideration of the true friends of their country is, whether it

is not wise to preserve the Union as it is, and arrest the growth of the National debt by acknowledging Southern independence, than by a longer continuance of the war, render it necessary to accept one or the other of the conditions we have named."

### QUESTIONS

**A566. KNOWLES (KNOLLES)** Want all possible data known on Daniel Knowles and Edmund Knowles. Daniel Knowles came to Tidewater area of Virginia in early 1800's, from Northamptonshire, Norwich, England. His son Edmund (called "Old Silver Head" because of a silver plate in his skull as result of a tomahawk wound) migrated from Virginia to Somerset Co., Maryland, which is now Sussex Co., Delaware, in the mid 1800's. He died in 1862. His children were John, Ruth, Richard and Thomas Knowles.

**(B). BARNET (BARNETT).** Where in Virginia was one Wil-

iam C. Barnett born and who were his parents? He was born June 18, 1814 and died Sept. 17, 1887 in Mason Co., Ill. He had one brother and one sister. He married Asenath Killian (born 3 April 1813 and died 8 Nov. 1864) she being born in Fleming Co., Kentucky. They had a son, Michael James, my great-grandfather. (D. R. G., Hampton, Va.).

**A567. HANCOCK.** I am collecting data for the preparation of a genealogy on the Hancock Family. I find in old family Bible my great-great-grandfather listed as: "G. G. F. Daniel Hancock, born May 30, 1794, Bristol, England. All of his nine children had only one name. And this practice continued with the one name until my father and his brother were given two names. Can anyone tell me for what the initials "G. G. F." stand before the name of Daniel Hancock, for it is hardly possible that these initials could stand for given names?

Where could one find the genealogy on the John Hancock, Signer of the Declaration of Independence family? (M. L. H., Hampton, Va.)

### ANSWERS

**A566. KNOWLES.** It is possible, but probable that Edmund Knowles, son of Daniel Knowles could have lived through to 1782 for if the father came to Virginia in the early 1800's, he must have been of some age and married soon thereafter. Just let us estimate the time: say he married in 1630 and his son may have been born in a reasonable time thereafter or about the year 1630 and this died in 1782, then this son would have been 122 years of age. Would it not have been probable that the one who died in 1782 was a grandson or great-grandson?—Editor. It is suggested that you check the records of the Maryland Historical Society in Baltimore and the Hall of Records of Maryland in Annapolis, Maryland for this proof for they have a world of data there for those who wish to delve into the records of Maryland. In the process of determining ancestors, it is always best to count 3 to 4 generations in a century for very few persons lived in the early days of the Virginia and Maryland Colonies, as well as, other colonies to the age of 50 years. Generally many of them married at an early age and died at an early age.—Editor.

**A566(B). BARNET (BARNETT).** If you have not already searched in the Swett's Index, which covers the volumes up to 1331 of the William and Mary College Quarterlies, Virginia Magazine of History and Biography, Lower Norfolk County Antiquary and Henning's Statutes. This index is one of the best leads to finding ancestors of Virginia origin. Of course there were other volumes, which followed and they are indexed within themselves. There are other volumes which might be searched and this is very life-consuming for one, but if one is interested to learn more about his ancestors, it might turn out to be a real treat as to what

might be found among the volumes pertaining to the area for which one is looking.—Editor.

**A567. HANCOCK.** Since your ancestor was not born until 1794 and in Bristol, England, it would hardly be possible that he, G. G. F. Daniel Hancock, would have any connection with the Signer of the Declaration of Independence, John Hancock. The Signer was of New England and his people had been in America prior to the American Revolution. Any library would have data on the Signers of the Declaration of Independence and some give data as to the ancestry of them.

In view of the above, it is suggested that you go to the Newport News, Va. Public Library and ask for Burke's Peerage or Burke's Loaded Gentry and there you might find some data on your family of the name Hancock; we know it was of English origin, but I do not see how your lineage could connect with that of John Hancock of America and Signer of the Declaration of Independence unless it might have been further back into the English family.—Editor.

**HUNNICUTT FAMILY**  
**HUNNICUTT FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA.** This article No. 47 continues as a series of that family, which had connections with all of the prominent families of the named county and surrounding counties, as well as, with those who moved South into North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama and Mississippi also Louisiana. We shall begin with Entry No. 47.

**ENTRY NO. 47.** In the Surry Co., Va., order Book dated 1735-6, Feb. 18th, we find the estate of Richard Price with William Drummond, administrator, sworn to by John Ruffin and signed by William Edwards, John Newsum and Thomas Edwards and this is shown on page 568 and on page 528 we find how the orphans were having guardians appointed for them as follows: William Seward, Jr. guardian to James Price; John Hancock guardian to Francis Price; and Thomas Edwards guardian to Martha Price. (Note: This estate is given, since Thomas Edwards was connected with the Hunnicutt family as stated before in this series of articles.—Editor).

1772, Dec. 22. Surry Co., Va., Will Book. This is the will of James Price, who was mentioned in the settlement of estate of Richard Price immediately above. The will of this James Price names: son Randolph Price and gives him a plantation; daughters Cliviah (Silviah) Bell, Rebekkah Holt, Martha Holt (wife of Thomas Holt), and Hannah Copeland Price; granddaughter, Hannah Bamer Holt; son Randolph Price to buy land from Thomas Davis as I have agreed and to deed it to Thomas Holt and wife Martha to go to all their children at parents' death (see year 1781 for other data); executor, Randolph Price; will dated 11 December 1772; witnesses, Charles Jenkins, Sr., John Jenkins, Sr. (This is recorded page 253 of the Will Book of 1772. (Note: It is noted that in this will of James Price that Samuel Price was not named, however, when Samuel Price died and will was probated 18 Aug. 1787 on page 486 he mentioned brother Randolph; and sisters, Silvia, Rebecca, Martha and Hannah Copeland. This Samuel Price was not named in his father's will as he had apparently died without issue and before his father.—Editor).

(This Hunnicutt Family will continue in next issue.—Editor.)

## PENROSE

**ARMS:** Argent, three bends sable, each charged with as many roses of the field.

**CREST:** A trout naant or.

This family of Penrose were of the Philadelphia, Pa. area of America and they descend from James Penrose, who was born in the year 1738 and died in 1771. He was a shipbuilder and trading merchant. He was a carpenter or shipcarpenter in business with his brother Thomas Penrose. These brothers were sons of Thomas Penrose who had married Sarah Coats of Philadelphia, being the daughter of John Coats of Philadelphia. This mentioned elder Thomas Penrose was the son of Bartholomew Penrose, who was a very successful man.

The named Bartholomew Penrose was born about 1674 in England and came to Philadelphia, Pa. around the turn of the 1700's, where he set up himself as a shipbuilder. He had married in 1703 Esther Leech, daughter of Tobias Leech. Bartholomew Penrose died in the year 1711.

Back to the James Penrose of Phila., Pa. who was born in 1738 and died in 1771, we learn that he married, 1st, in the year 1766, to Sarah Biddle, who died in 1794, being the daughter of John Biddle of Philadelphia, whose people had come from New Jersey. This couple had,

Clement Biddle Penrose, born about the year 1771 and died about the year 1820 having been educated in Europe. He became a very prominent man in the City of Philadelphia. He was of the militia and named ensign of his company. President Jefferson thinking so much of this Mr. Penrose that he appointed him as land commissioner of the Louisiana Territory in 1805 and therefore he moved to St. Louis. He was a founder of the Bank of St. Louis in the year 1816. This gentleman married in 1796 as his 1st wife, Anne Howard Bingham.



W.P. 1004

28



# The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON

**HISTORICAL RARITIES**  
WHEN GENERAL BURNSIDE "PASSED OVER THE RIVER" AND WHAT WAS SAID OF GENERAL ROBERT E. LEE. The following was taken from the New York Journal of Commerce of January 1853. With caption it read as follows:

"THE SUM OF IT ALL. Disheartened, humiliated, crushed by the terrible blow which has fallen on them, the loyal men of America can with difficulty possess their souls in calmness sufficient to review the horrible history which has been enacted within the past week, and learn from it the lessons which are for our good."

"First and foremost, let it be known that the gallant Burnside is not responsible, his brave corps commanders are not responsible, his noble army, almost any army of martyrs, is not responsible for the awful disaster."

"Ordered promptly to cross the river, they but obeyed as soldiers obey, even to death, and went over the fatal stream to the sacrifice. Why did they not protest, does any man ask? Of what avail has it been found to protest against the madness which rules at Washington. When the army has protested before, it has been trifled with. When the commander on the peninsula protested, he was sacrificed. When the people of the United States protested with tremendous voice, they heard but derisive laughter from Washington and they hear now repeated the insane orders, 'fight the enemy wherever you can find him; move on the enemy's works, never care for organizing victory.' It was in vain, worse than in vain, to protest. We have lying before us, as we write, a private letter from as gallant an officer, as ever led a column into battle, written the night before the crossing of the Rappahannock, in which he says: 'I expect to be sacrificed tomorrow. Good bye, and if tomorrow night finds me dead, remember me kindly as a soldier who meant to do his duty.' Such was the soldierly spirit that animated that magnificent army, every man of whom felt that the crossing was marching into the jaws of death. All honor to them, and some day a monument to the thousands who lie on the bloody fields around Fredericksburg, fallen hopeless obedience to orders from the Government of the United States."

"It was madness to cross the river at all. From the day that the movement was made, a terrible certainty that disaster was before us took possession of the mind of every man in the army and out of it. When Lee detached thirty thousand men to oppose a crossing below the city, he must have laughed with sharp glee at seeing the passage made in front of his strongest works. He had no opposition to offer to that. He welcomed the soldiers of the Union to the hospitality of his cannon. Shut up in the devoted city, where he could shower on them his missiles of destruction, he must have regarded them as impelled by some suicidal mania, thus to throw themselves into the very pit of destruction."

Since some comment must be made of the above article, we

now find that Former President Eisenhower recently made a statement in which he said that General Robert E. Lee was too much of a gentleman.—Editor.

## QUESTIONS

A959. JOAN OF 'ARC. There has been much discussion as to the identity of Joan of Arc being a French heroine living from 1412-1431. This name is from the French, Jeanne d'Arc, however, historians are trying to authenticate the parentage of this heroine and to learn more about her life. We all know the story of this famous lady, but the identity of the parents is not known with proof, nor is her family lineage well known. She had never been named as a saint by the church, but there are some who think that she should have been one of the church saints. Have any historians been successful in their determining just what would have been the reason for naming her to sainthood. This is and could be a challenge to one interested in French history.

A959. WATSON-PLEASANTS - PRICE - ANDERSON - FLEMING - RICHARDSON - STEPHENSON - RAYMOND. Wish to know whether the William Watson who married Marthe Pleasants is the same William Watson who died 1814 in Albemarle Co., Va. leaving wife Martha. William and Martha Watson had a son Richard Pleasant Watson who married Susan Price & this Susan Price was the mother of Richard P. Watson's group and not the Anderson girl (his 2nd wife) as given in Wood's History of Albemarle. Richard Watson died 1812 in Albemarle Co., Va. and had wife Susan Price, daughter of James & Susannah (Fleming) Price of Henrico Co., Va.; they had, Lucinda Watson, b. 1804 in Albemarle Co., Va., died 1854, Kanawha Co., West Va. who married Wilson Gregory, son of Richard & Elizabeth (Wilkinson) Gregory of Chesterfield Co., Va. & they had, Minerva Gregory, born 1826, Richmond, Va., died 1886 in Cincinnati, Ohio who married James E. Richardson, son of Charles & Margaret (Meador) Richardson of Botetourt Co., Va., & they had, Garnet Peyton Richardson, born 1852 in Kanawha Co., W. Va., died 1934, Cincinnati, Ohio, who married Robert Bruce Stephenson, son of Joseph & Mary (Mullen) Stephenson of Vicksburg, Miss. (V. R. C., Cincinnati, Ohio).

A960. HUGHES - REAMY - SANFORD - WELLS - HAMLIN. The Henry Co., Va. Marriage Bond Book No. 1, page 5, shows: "Terry Hughes & Jemima Reamy, Nov. 1, 1796, with Thomas Wefronder, surety"; & on page 8 of same reference, "Micajah Hughes & Letitia Reamy, Jan. 25, 1802, with B. Martin, surety." Jemima & Letitia Reamy were sisters (either half or full sisters), but the relationship of Micajah & Terry Hughes, if any, is unknown. The Reamy sisters were daughters of Col. Daniel Reamy (Remy), his will proved Henry Co., Va., April 29, 1805. The children of Terry Hughes & Jemima Reamy were: Letitia Hughes, died 1828 (m. 1814, James Sanford Reamy);

Nancy Hughes (m. as his 2nd wife, Pines Allen); Mary (Polly) Hughes Hughes (m. Edmund P. Wells, Jefferson Reamy Hughes (no record); Lucy Ann Hughes (m. Wm. C. Wells). The children of Letitia Hughes & James Sanford Reamy (died 1828) Henry Co., Va., were: Mary (1815-1908); Martha (1818-1875) (m. 1844, Thomas Hamlin); Caroline, B. 1820; Edward H. b. 1822; Dr. Sanford, b. 1828; and James. Wish to know parents names & origin of Terry Hughes (sometimes called William Hughes, or Wm. Terry Hughes) said to have died about 1810 & his widow was known to have been living in 1834. I have been living in 1834. I have complete data on most Hughes family lines to exchange. (C. H. H., Cincinnati, Ohio).

## HUNNICUTT

HUNNICUTT FAMILY OF SURRY CO., Va. This continues as the 48th article in this series. We shall begin with the Entry No. 48:

ENTRY NO. 48. —1771, Dec. 21, Surry Co., Va. Deed Book 1769-1778, page (?). Indenture (deed), John Gray of Edgecomb Co., North Carolina, deeds to Hartwell Cocke of Surry Co., Va., 100 acres in Surry Co., Va., on Gray's Creek adjacent to Cross Creek, Mill Swamp and Augustine Hunnicutt's spring.

1771. The Deed Records of Cumberland County, North Carolina show deeds in the year 1771; from Starlin Carrel to Hartwell Hunnicutt, Book No. 4, page 294, for 200 acres on Governors Creek; Meredy (Meridy or Meredith) Hunnicutt to Jacob Adams, Deed Book No. 4, page 288 for 100 acres on Northwest River; John Hunnicutt to Conner Dowd, Deed Book, 4, page 301, for 128 acres on Deep River, (Cousins of Surry Co., Va. family).

Year 1772, Deed Book of Cumberland Co., North Carolina, Book 6, page 8, from Hartwell Hunnicutt to Richard Lyon for 200 acres on Governors Creek. (Cousins of Surry Co., Va. family).

1772, Jan. 21, Surry Co., Va. Will Book 1769-1778, page 176: Will of Anslam Bailey, names: sons, John, Michael, Lemuel, Samuel, Benjamin, & Anslam; daughter Mary; daughter Ann Hunnicutt was given four (4) slaves named slaves: Bess, Siller, Moses, Amy); son-in-law, Samuel Pretlow; will dated June 4, 1770, probated January 21, 1772; with witnesses, Arthur Holleman, William Holleman, Robert Holleman. (Note: This Ann Hunnicutt was the wife of Hunnicutt to explained later.—Editor).

1772, May 19, Surry Co., Va. Book, page 222 of Wills. This the accounting of estate of Phillip King; accounts current, with James Baird, Administrator; audited by Robert Hunnicutt, Archibald Campbell, and Adam Flemming.

1772, Feb. 7: Surry Co., Va., Book, page 251. Estate of William Newett Edwards; with Ethelred Edwards, Executor; Item, paid Robert Hunnicutt, executor of the estate of John Hunnicutt, 8 pounds; Samuel Thompson, 3 pounds. This is the Edwards family connected with the Hun-

nicut family of Surry County as will be shown again in later data on this family.—Editor.)

1772, May 19, Surry Co., Va. Book 1768-1779, page 214. Estate of Capt. William Seward, of Scotland Neck (Scotland Neck is located across the James River from Jamestown, Va.); appraised by Robert Hunnicutt, William Holt, William Nelson. (The will of Captain William Seward names: sister Ann Thomas; nephew William Caufield Seward; Joseph Mayo, son of Phillip Mayo; brother-in-law, William Drew; friend William Hart; nephews, John, Edwain, and Thomas Seward, John Thomas; and niece Mary Seward; William Drew and William Hart qualified as executors; the will was dated June 1, 1769 and probated August 20, 1771.—Editor).

1772, June 29, Surry Co., Va. Marriage Bond: William Caufield Seward, married to Ann —; with security, Wm Drew. (Could this Ann —, have been a Miss Drew?—Editor). (We note that this same William Caufield Seward married Mary Ann Faulcon on Nov. 10, 1777 in Surry Co., Va. as shown in the marriage bonds; this would show that this William Caufield Seward married 2ndly as his wife had died.—Editor).

1772, December 12, Surry Co., Va. Marriage Bonds — John Smalley married Penelope Hunnicutt, with security, James Gray.

1773, March 23, Surry Co., Va. Will Book, page 284. The will of Nicholas Thompson, names: daughter Lucy Holloway; granddaughters, Lucy, Charity, and Sally Thompson; son Joel Thompson, given land and if he dies under 21 years of age to be divided among the named daughters; executors, Joel Thompson and Samuel Warren; witnesses, Lazarus Holloway, Jesse Holloway, and Elizabeth Inman; the will dated 2 November 1771.

1774, Jan. 6, Isle of Wight Co., Va., Order Book 1772-1780, pages

## MORRIS

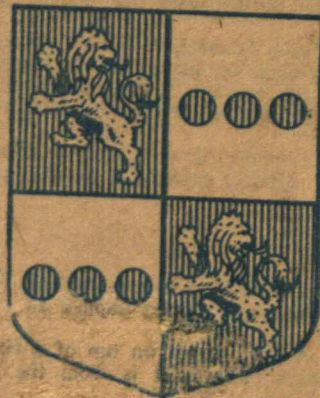
ARMS: Quarterly: first and fourth gules, a lion rampant, regardant or; second and third argent, three torteaux in fess.

CREST: A tower in flames proper.

MOTTO: Tandem vincitur.

This Morris arms has been used by the American family of the North and descend from Daniel Morris; he had,

Stephen Morris; he had, Major Joseph Morris, born in 1732 and died in 1778 having served during the American Revolutionary War



## MORRIS

and died 1857; this couple had,

Doctor Throdore Frelinghuysen Morris, who was born in the year 1831 and died in 1907. Dr. Morris married in 1855, Gertrude Vreeland Johnston, born 1835 and died 1889.

having attained the rank of Major. In the year 1759 he married Hannah Ford, who was born in 1740 and died 1783 prior to her husband's death. This couple had,

Lieutenant Jonathan Ford Morris, born 1760 and died in the year 1810. He studied and became a doctor and served during the American Revolutionary War being presented with a sword by the famous Lafayette for his bravery. This Lt. Jonathan Morris married in the year 1784, Margaret Smith Euen (or Ewen) who was born in 1758 and died 1844; they had,

William Cullen Morris, born in 1789 and died in the year 1870. He married in the year 1819, Mary Magdalen Stryker, born 1796

236, 291, and 457—Robert Hunnicutt enters suit (vs) against Nathaniel Burwell for debt; then on May 6 of same year the defendant pleaded innocent. (On March 4, 1779 in the same Isle of Wight Co., Va. Book the case was dropped, abate by death of plaintiff, Robert Hunnicutt; with securities of Nathaniel Burwell being John Scarsbrook, John Lawrence and Jethro Gale. This will show that this Robert Hunnicutt died prior to March 1779.—EDITOR).

1773, August 24, Surry Co., Va. Deed Book 1768-1779, page 340. Indenture (deed) from Phillip Thompson, and wife Elizabeth deed to Jesse Judkins covering 50 acres on south side of Green Swamp adjacent to John Ruffin, Augustine. This land was purchased by John Thompson, grandfather of Phillip, May 20, 1746, from John Hunnicutt, and given to William Thompson, father of Phillip Thompson. This land is also adjacent to Samuel Pretlow's 100 acres in Surry Co., Va.

1774, Feb. 22, Surry Co., Va. Book, page 340. Estate of John Inman, Account Current; with Samuel Warren, executor; audited by Willis Wilson, Robert Hunnicutt; paid legacies to John Inman, Elizabeth Long, John Ogburn, Ann Inman, Isham Inman.

1774, March 22, Surry Co., Va. page 344. Estate of Rebecca Pretlow, appraised by Carter Crafford, Robert Hunnicutt, Carter Crafford, Jr. (The will of Rebecca Pretlow names: granddau., Rebecca, daughter of Joshua; son Samuel Pretlow; witnesses, Carter Crafford, Thomas Newby; the will was dated March 16, 1772, and probated Dec. 22, 1772.—Edit.) (We recall that the Pretlow originally came from James City County, Va., as well as, York Co., Va. area.—Editor).

This series of articles will continue in the next issue as article No. 49.



## HISTORICAL RARITIES

GUERRILLA WARFARE WAS KNOWN TO WARFARE DURING THE CIVIL WAR OF 100 YEARS AGO. This article was taken from the files of the Richmond (Va.) Dispatch of January 28, 1863 with the following heading and contents:

"THE GUERRILLA WARFARE. A correspondent of the Chicago Times, who accompanied the Federal army on its recent march from Memphis to Holly Springs, Miss., has the following about the guerilla system:"

"Guerillas swarm everywhere around here and are remarkably bold. Our trip out from Memphis was somewhat entertaining in the way of shooting and being shot at. If there were any observing spirits near, whose shadowy forms could flit with impunity among flying buckshot, they had abundant food for ghostly amusement. Our party was very much like a herd of game running the gauntlet of sportsmen, except that the latter very accomodatingly chose long distances. Bang, bang — crack, crack would go the shot guns and carbines from every few miles on the journey, making the route seem like a deer run, where the hunters, choosing their own convenient stands, opened fusilades as the game went by. Like phantom horsemen they came and went, the edge of a dilapidated hat or end of a butternut colored coat tail disappearing among the trees from which the echoing report had just rung out. Occasionally a guerilla horseman would go careening down the road, half a mile in advance, sometimes having quite a cavalier like appearance but more often resembling the dashes of Don Quixote as transmuted by wood cuts to posterity — a lean, unshorn, bilious complexioned rider, clad in thread bare homespun, often patched, and apparently glued to the emaciated animal, which yet went down the road as if the motive power was electricity instead of bone and muscle. Commence pursuit, and the bushes afforded ready asylum. Whenever one of our men dropped behind, accidentally or carelessly, guerillas would dash out from the road side and carry him away prisoner to Dixie. A soldier of Gen. Grant's body guard was thus carried off, although not two hundred yards in our rear, and before those of his companions who were along

## Climbing

# The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON



could turn to the rescue, sixteen rebels were racing with him in their midst down a lane and into the brush. Generally the prisoners, after being kept a day or two, were paroled; everything of a valuable character, however, being taken from their persons."

(To comment on the above is only to say that it seemed that the Northern soldiers were receiving what had already been metered out to the so called "Rebels." We all can recall the name given one general during the Civil War, and that was "Beast Butler."—Editor.)

### QUESTIONS

A961. WALKER - MONTAGUE - MORGAN. Would like to contact descendants of the following and wish the ancestry of each: Hugh Walker of Middlesex Co., Va., who married Catherine Montague (widow of Mr. Morgan), on January 20, 1770; she was dau. of William Montague. Hugh and Catherine (Montague) Walker later moved to Culpeper Co., Va. in 1788 and he died in Madison Co., Va. in the year 1801. (W. N. H., Washington, D. C.).

A962 (A.) GILLESPIE. Wish parentage of Thomas Gillespie; his will was probated 1789 in Augusta Co., Va.; he married Eleanor —; he and wife had children John, Thomas, Jacob, Jean, Eleanor, Anne, James, William, Samuel, Mary and Hannah. Also wish the maiden name of his wife Eleanor with dates and places of birth and death also dates of births of children.

(B.) WINSTON-GILLESPIE. Wish names of parents of Robert Winston, born 1828, in Miss.; he married Jan. 18, 1849 Mary Ann Gillespie, born Jan. 26, 1834 and died June 14, 1888, Tazewell Co., Va.

(C.) SCOTT - VERMILLION. Wish parentage of Mary ("Polly") Scott, born about 1755 of Russell Co., Va.; she married Jesse Vermillion, born Oct. 25, 1752 in Calvert Co., Maryland, died Nov. 2, 1840, Russell Co., Va.; they had children: Nancy, Rebecca, James, Wilson, William, Jesse and Mary ("Polly").

(D.) LONG - THOMPSON. Want parentage of Catherine E. Long, born Feb. 11, 1813 in Va., died August 31, 1855, buried Burkes Garden, Va.; her mother's given name was Mary; she married, Patton James Thompson on July 18, 1829 in Washington Co., Va.; their children: Mary Elizabeth, Anne E., Letitia, Joseph M., Isaac B., and Octavia. (E. B. Lovell, Wyo.).

A963. JONES-REES-BRIGHT. Wish the names of parents of Jonathan Jones, born Oct. 23, 1772, Loudoun Co., Va., died April 22, 1857 in Henry Co., Kentucky, where he married on November 4, 1803, Elizabeth Bright (daughter of Albertus and Patience Hopkins Bright); their daughter, Nancy Jane Brite (sic) Jones, married Abram Rees on April 26, 1838, he being the son of Isaac and Eleanor (Brite) Rees. (W. H. S., Lexington, Ky.).

A964. CHILDRESS - SMITH - SCARBOROUGH. Wish the names of parents of Abraham Childress or Childers, born

1752 (perhaps in Amherst Co., Va.), died in 1849, Letcher Co., Ky.; he married Elizabeth (who may have been a Miss Goosbery); she died 1833; they had the following children: William, Francis, Polly, Dicy, Abraham, Jr., Elizabeth, Goldsberry and Seley. Elizabeth Childress, married William Smith, 1820, in Floyd Co., Ky. Was William Smith the son of John and Susannah (Scarborough) Smith of Floyd Co., Ky.? (Ref: Pension of Abram Childress, Sweeny's, "Amherst County, Virginia," page 114; John Smith's pension, Floyd Co., Ky.). (W. H. S., Lexington, Ky.).

A965. (A.) STELL-WATKINS-JONES. Was the John Stell who died in Wake Co., North Carolina in 1852 the son of John Stell of Dinwiddie Co., Va., who was on the tax rolls of Dinwiddie County in 1782? John Stell of Wake Co., N. C. was born 1773 in Virginia according to 1850 Census; he left his wife Mary, born in Va. age 82 years in 1850 and these children: Elizabeth, born 1794 (m. Newsom Watkins, Wake Co., N. C. 1819); Sally (m. Turner Watkins, brother of Newsom Watkins, in 1823 in Wake Co., N. C.); & Dempsey; probably other children. The Stell-Watkins-Jones families came from Dinwiddie Co., Va., after 1790 to Wake Co., N. C. & I am interested in all data on those mentioned.

(B.) WATKINS - JONES. Wish the names of parents and data of John Watkins, born in Virginia and died 1836 in Wake Co., N. C.; he married Milly Jones, 1802, Wake Co., N. C. and had children: Elizabeth, born 1808 (m. - 1832, Nathan Watkins, son of Willis & Mourning Watkins); Nancy (m. Mr. Ray); Riley, born 1806 (m. Polly Watkins, 1825, dau. of Willis & Mourning Watkins); Tabitha & Tillitha (twins); Candis; John Haywood, born 1819 (m. 1847, Harriet Rogers);

William Jackson, born 1821; Manley, born 1825 (m. 1847, Rebecca Ann Watkins); Newbern Robert, born 1827, died 1896 (m. 1846, Nancy Watkins, daughter of Newsom & Elizabeth Watkins). Milly Jones had sister Elizabeth, age 80 yrs. in 1850 Census living in home of Newbern Watkins in Wake Co., N. C. and states she was born in Virginia. Mr. Seth Jones witnessed the will of John Watkins, husband of Milly Jones, also witnessed the will of Elizabeth Watkins. A family sketch says Joshua Jones came from Dinwiddie County, Virginia to North Carolina after the Revolutionary War. Also want data on Joshua Jones. The wife of Willis Watkins was Mourning Pearce of the Pearce family of Wayne and Johnston Counties, North Carolina; however, have not been able to locate parentage of Willis Watkins, born 1760-1770 and died 1832 in Wake Co., N. C. leaving a large family. (M. W., Sherman, Texas).

### ANSWERS

A964. CHILDRESS - SMITH-SCARBOROUGH. It might be suggested that the inquirer might search the Surry Co., Sussex Co. and Southampton County, Va. court records for the name of Scarborough family data. You might also search the Prince George County records among the remaining that are left after Civil War destruction. Prince George County, Va. adjoins Surry and Dinwiddie counties.—Editor.

### HUNNICUTT FAMILY

HUNNICUTT FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA. This continues as the 49th article in the series on this family. We shall continue with Entry No. 49.

ENTRY NO. 49. 1774, June 8. Marriage Bond in Surry Co., Va. Court Records page 3, showing the marriage of Randolph Price to Rebecca Hunnicutt with Robert Hunnicutt as security. (Note: we shall also see that in the Marriage bonds of Surry Co., Va. in the year 1777, Sept. 15, this same Randolph Price married as his 2nd wife, Lucy Hamlen, with surety Wm Drew and this is shown on page 4 of the Marriage Book of said county. These two marriages are also shown in the printed works of "Marriages of Surry Co., Va. in the year 1777, Sept. 15, this same Randolph Price married as his 2nd wife, Lucy Hamlen, with surety Wm Drew and this is shown on page 4 of the Marriage

Book of said county. These two marriages are also shown in the printed works of "Marriages of Surry County, Virginia, 1768 - 1825" by Catherine L. Knorr on page No 67.—Editor).

1774, date (?) Deed from James Price to son Randolph covering 225 acres of land at head of Grays Creek; the land he purchased of Peter Warren in October 1762, which adjoined John Harris, deceased, Alexander Newsom, Thomas Adams, deceased, Drury Warren and said James Price for "Love & Affection"

1775, May 30. Jenina Hunnicutt departed this life. (This Jenina was the wife of John Hunnicutt who was born in 1716, son of Augustine and Phebe Hunnicutt. This record was taken from the Hunnicutt Family Bible in the possession of J. D. Hunnicutt of New Orleans and now of Florida). (This is the branch of Hunnicutts who moved into North Carolina and then further South.—Editor).

1775. Deed records for Cumberland County, North Carolina—John Hunnicutt, Jr. deed to Phillip Alston 100 acres of land on Deep River as shown in Deed Book No. 6, page 395.

1777. Augustine Hunnicutt took oath of allegiance before James Lyon, Esq., in Henry County, Virginia as shown on page 16 of Vol. 9, Virginia Magazine of History and Biography. (This mentioned Henry Co., Va. adjoins the North Carolina line, north of Rockingham County, N. C.—Editor). (Now, the question arises as to which Augustine Hunnicutt this one might have been. Could the Surry County Augustine Hunnicutt have gone west into Virginia the county of Henry or did a member of the North Carolina family bearing the same name venture into Henry Co., Va. and there took the Oath of Allegiance? — Editor).

1777. Isle of Wight Co., Va., Great Book A; Writ of Quod Damnum with the inquisition thereto annexed for breaking the entail of certain lands in the county, the property of Robert Hunnicutt and Ann his wife, Henry Gilbert and Sarah his wife, and Jane Binns was on the motion of the said Hunnicutt and other ordered to be recorded. (Note: This was the Surry Co., Va. family having landed in Isle of Wight Co., Va. for the wife of this Robert Hunnicutt was a Miss Ann Binns.—Editor).

1777. May 5; Southampton County, Va., Deed Book 5, page 271. Indenture (or deed) from Robert Hunnicutt and wife Ann, Henry Gilbert and wife Sarah, and Jane Binns of Parish of Southwarke in Surry Co., Va. of the 1st part deed to Albridgeton Jones, of Parish of Nottoway in Southampton Co., Va. Whereas Mathew Jones, late of Isle of Wight Co., Va., at death seized of 100 acres in Southampton and by last Will & Testament, dated Jan. 8, 1727, bequeathed to daughter, Margaret married Thomas Binns, now deceased & by whom she had daughters, Ann, who intermarried with Rebecca (this should read Robert) Hunnicutt, Sarah married Henry Gilbert and Jane Binns; with witnesses, John Preson (Person), William Simmons, Thomas Peete, Lazarus Holloway and William Parker. (Note: This proves that the wife of Robert Hunnicutt to be shown later was a Miss Ann Binns.—Editor).

This series of articles on the Hunnicutt family will continue in the next issue as Article No. 50.

is your name  
Beaupre?



BEAUPRE, A NAME OF FRENCH ORIGIN, MEANS 'A DWELLER IN THE BEAUTIFUL MEADOW.'

© 1900 700

W. H. S.

## Rules of Feature

1. Send all letters to Daily Press, Newport News, Va.; name and address of sender must be given.
2. Questions and answers must be clearly stated on large size paper 8½ by 11 inches, written double-spaced in ink or typed on one side of paper only; postal cards and small paper not acceptable; 3 questions only.
3. Answers will be through the column only. Correspondents making reply must give answers using data pertinent and brief.
4. Answers will be published from other readers as research by editor is too time-consuming; however, the editor will assist when possible. This feature is a clearing house for readers. The editor reserves the right to retain and edit questions and number of questions and date that question appeared. If answers are to be forwarded, must be accompanied by plain stamped envelope.



# Climbing The Family Tree

—Genealogy: Questions  
And Answers

By HUGH S. WATSON JR.

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

**WHAT AN ENGLISHMAN THOUGHT OF THE END OF THE CIVIL WAR.** This letter was taken from the Memphis (Tenn.) Daily Bulletin of January 4, 1863 with headlines as given therein:

**"INTERESTING LETTER FROM THE ALABAMA (ship).** An Englishman's account of her operations. CAPTAIN SEMMES' OPINION OF THE CONCLUSION OF THE (CIVIL) WAR."

"The Liverpool Mercury publishes the following interesting letter from a petty officer of the (ship) Alabama to a friend in Liverpool: Southern Confederate Steamer Alabama, Oct. 30, 1862, latitude 41 30, longitude 45."

"Dear——: Though I put this letter the date of October 30, there is no saying, d'ye see, when you may get it; for, although I have pen and ink, and all the other conveniences for writing, there is no post office alongside, into which I can conveniently drop it when written. There are few 'friends' to visit the Alabama, and those persons who board and lodge with us for a time, are too much taken up with their own affairs, and too anxious about getting away, to do a favor for anyone else. Some of them we neither would nor dare ask. However, it must take its chance when the time comes."

"I know your feelings were not in favor of my embarking in this enterprise, yet I assure you that I am taking well with both the ship, captain and cause. No crew could be more comfortable than ours is, though, from the always watchful nature of the duties which devolve upon us, more discipline and active duty are enforced than we shall, perhaps, get credit for. Plenty to eat, plenty to drink and plenty of work to do, is the order of the day, and of every day."

"It would be no endless task for me to attempt to give you even an outline of the fearful havoc we have committed among the Yankee vessels since we left the shores of the Mersay, or of the destruction of the many splendid ships, of which not one plank was left fastened to another."

"Among the finest was a vessel bound for Bremen, but not very heavy cargo laden; the Wave Crest, bound from New York to Cardiff, Capt. Hammond; the Manchester, from New York to Liverpool; the Three Stars, whale ship and a new bark, the Dunkird, Captain Johnston, from New York to London. We have already taken about twenty vessels, laden with every article which it is possible almost for the countries of the world to produce, and they have all been destroyed with the exception of one or two, whose commanders have given bonds of various amounts of ransom to Capt. Semmes, payable to the President of the Confederate States when peace is proclaimed."

"The last one which we let off was the Tonawanda, which lay beside us several days, and had a good deal of British property, with some doubtful aboard — the captain and crew being aboard our vessel. They were all glad to get away; but the only reason why such a course was pursued was that they had a large number of females on board as passengers, which the

skipper said could not be stowed in our 'fixins' nobow. The historical chivalry of the South would not permit of our disturbing or molesting the females; so we took his bond, put the prisoners we had on board, and sent her away, Semmes declaring that it was enough to break a man's heart to see that he was compelled to part in such a way with so splendid a ship."

"It was next to a play to hear the fellows themselves tell how they were taken, and what they thought of us when first sighted. The mate of the Manchester stated that all on board his ship was in good order, going with a stiff breeze from south southwest, when the lookout reported a sail on the beam. The red cross of St. George was flying, and, the day being clear, our guns were made out quite visible. The man at the wheel remarked to the captain: "There's a British man-of-war bearing down on us; we had better show our colors." The captain shortly afterward ordered them to be hoisted. Away went the Stars and stripes, and almost at the same moment down went the British ensign, and in its place appeared the full flag of the Confederates. A ten-pound shot right across the bow astonished the captain, who, after a rapid survey through his glass, exclaimed, "It's that —— pirate Semmes; the ship is lost."

"I may only add at a few hours more and they were all prisoners on board the Alabama, and the last we saw of the Manchester the succeeding night was a bright sheet of fire in the horizon line as the darkness fell. The prisoners we take are treated as well as possible, though our having so many hands on board prevents them all from receiving what might be considered proper accommodation. Some are made comfortable enough, but there are impudent and insulting Yankees who are not thankful even for their lives being spared, and they must take the consequences."

"Since we have come into these waters we have got some splendid guns additional all mounted; and, with our own crew and the brave volunteers who have since joined us, we are now able to fight as well as run, and both at the same time if need be so. We have also plenty of news about ourselves on board in the New York Times and Herald, the Shipping Gazette, Liverpool Mercury and Gore's Advertiser, etc. Some of the New York papers, illustrated, give frightful pictures of the engagements their vessels have had with us, making them all surrounded with smoke and firing into us, all of which we heartily enjoy. One thing is certain, they will never take the Alabama nor a man of us alive. Captain, officers and men know their duty, and are quite aware of the doom which would befall them if taken; for there are no croakers or skulkers here; but if so unlikely a thing should take place and the place, and the hair of one of our heads be injured, our commander assures us that the government of Richmond will hang a regiment of Yankee officers in retaliation."

"Captain Semmes (or the Admiral as we call him among ourselves, both fore and aft) is of the opinion that the war will be settled in the beginning of

the year, and in that case we shall be provided for life. No more sea for me after that. Previous to the 20th of this month our prize money alone was worth from 400 pounds to 500 pounds a man. So I am looking forward to the day when I shall return to Liverpool, and, relieved from the drudgery of a sea life, spend my remaining years in peace and contentment beneath the shadow of the extended wings of the Liver."

A966. Blanks. I would like very much to contact V.B.W., Williamsburg, Va., as I have information I am sure she would like to have. If you could supply her address it would be much appreciated. (W.L.B., Meridan, Miss.)

A967. FRASER. Could you tell me where I could get some information of finding the coat-of-arms for the Fraser family? (D W., Hampton, Va.)

## ANSWERS

A966. BLANKS. You have stated in your letter of October 26, 1962 that you have information, "I am sure she would like to have. If you could supply her address it would be much appreciated." Since this feature tries to publish data that would complete any question. It is most helpful to place data in print that would be of assistance to future generations. Since

you have data which you claim would be desirable of the person of Williamsburg, Va., and she has asked for assistance on her line, I could not understand why you would or could not send your data through the press as others have done and this editor will publish what he thinks that would be helpful to the readers of this feature and for posterity. If you have read our rules of this feature that it is clearly stated that answers are through this column. If the reader who wishes the address of the person, why does he not send the data to be of help to the inquirer through the feature as others have done. This not to take issue with our reader, however, it has been the practice of this feature to assist many as well as one or two persons. We are serving the public and wish to serve you and the other inquirer. The name and address of the inquirer of No. A878 in issue of 21 Oct. 1962 was: Virginia Blanks Wall, 152 Mill Neck Road, Williamsburg, Virginia. I trust that this information will assist each of you, but I still request that if you have data, I would like to publish same in this feature for posterity.—Editor.

## BARHAM FAMILY

BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, ISLE OF WIGHT COUNTY, SUSSEX COUNTY

## NELSON

ARMS: Per pale argent and sable, a chevron between three fleurs-de-lis counterchanged.

CREST: A fleur-de-lis per pale argent and sable.

MOTTO: Palman qui meruit ferati.

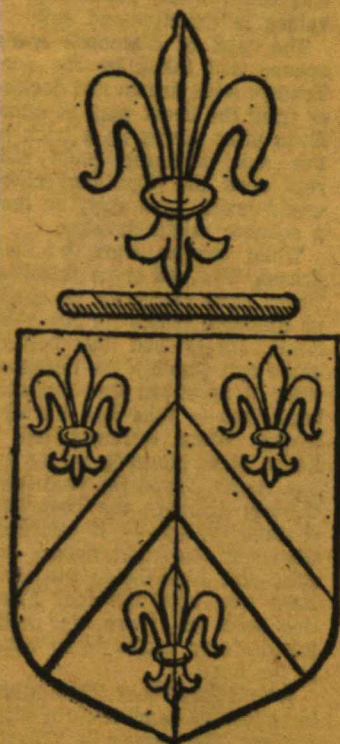
This Nelson family arms has been used by the family of the name of York County, Virginia and they descend from Nicholas Martiau, as well as Colonel George Reade.

Nicholas Martiau (Martiau), who was born in 1591 and died in 1657 was a French Huguenot who became naturalized in England before coming to America in the ship "Francis Bonaventure" in the year 1620 and settled in Virginia Colony. This gentleman became prominent in the affairs of York County and became a Justice of York for the area of Kiskyache from 1622-1657 a period of 35 years. He also became a Burgess in 1623 and was again a Member of the House of Burgesses for 1631 and 1633. He was granted the site on which Yorktown, the famous town in Virginia was located. He was married 2ndly to Jane, the widow of Edward Berkeley and married as his 3rd wife, Isabella Beach. Nicholas and 1st or second wife had,

Elizabeth Martiau who married Colonel George Reade, who died in 1671, he being from England and came to America settling in the Virginia Colony in 1637. Col. George Reade was Acting Governor for Virginia in 1638; he became a Member of the House of Burgesses in 1649 and again in 1656. He then became a Member of the King's Council from 1657 to 1671. The wife Elizabeth Martiau was born in 1627 and died in 1687; they had,

Robert Reade, who married Mary Lilly; they had, Margaret Reade, who married Thomas Nelson, called "Scotch Tom".

Many of our readers know the other lineage of this couple.



NELSON

AND JAMES CITY COUNTIES, VIRGINIA. We shall begin with the early family connections of this name and work down to those of present day times. We shall begin with what we shall call Entry No. 1.

Entry No. 1. Year 1629, Dec. 5. Will of Sir Edward Filmer, East Sutton, County Kent, England (Sir Edward Filmer, Knight, aged 63, January 17th last. (This is abstracted as follows). To daughter, Elizabeth, wife of Wm Faulkner, citizen and Draper of London 500 lbs. If her husband survives her then to her children 300 lbs. equally divided. If she die without issue then to her husband 20 lbs.

My three sons Edward, John and Henry Filmer 10 lbs. each. Son Reginold forgiven all debts (500 lbs.) and 50 lbs. cash. Son Henry, if commences MA in University of Cambridge 40 lbs. and further 100 lbs.

Daughters Mary Knathbull and Catherine Barham 20 lbs. each.

Edward Knathbull my Godson 5 lbs. To his sister Mary 20 lbs. To his brother John 2 lbs.

To Edward Barham my Godson 5 lbs. To Elizabeth Barham my wife's Goddaughter 5 lbs. To other grandchildren Robert, Thomas, Charles and Richard Barham 40 shillings each.

To Dame Ann wife of my son, Sir Robert Filmer 20 lbs. for a ring.

Daughter Sarah 1000 lbs. further 500 lbs. annuity of 10 lbs. to my brother Henry.

Dorothy, daughter of my brother Anthony Filmer 10 lbs.

Dame Elizabeth my wife, 120 lbs. All her chains and jewels and all my household stuff in and all my household stuff in a College House in Maidstone, a third part of linen and silver. My lease of Rectory in East Sutton toward payment of debts. The other two parts of linen, silver, etc. to my son, Sir Robert Filmer. My wife shall have the leases of certain houses in Knightrider Street lately given me by my brother, Robert Filmer, Esq.

Dame Elizabeth and Sir Robert, my son, executors.

Will was dated October 20, 1629 and probated December 5, 1629.

(The above will was published in the Virginia Magazine of History and Biography, Vol. 24, pages 158-159).

It was through this above given will of Sir Edward Filmer, Knight, that we have been definitely able to prove the connection of between the family of Barham in James City County and Surry County, Virginia.

It is also interesting to note that in the fine small book named, "The Magna Charta Sureties, 1215 A. D." by Arthur Adams, Ph.D. and Rev. Frederick Lewis Weis, Th.D. and published in Boston, Mass., in 1955 we find the Royal Lineage of Captain Charles Barham, who came to the Virginia Colony at a very early date; this being under Dr. Adams and Rev. Weis show as "Line 134 beginning on page 110.

In the next issue of this feature, the lineage back to the Magna Charta Baron, William D'Aubigny, named in the Magna Charta, 1215 A.D., who was also a Crusader and was Earl of Arundel and he married Mabel of Chester, daughter of Hugh, Earl of Chester, both of whom were descendants of Emperor Charlemagne.—Editor.



# The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

WHAT A DIFFERENCE IN THE TAX RATE OF 100 YEARS AGO COMPARED TO THE GREAT TAX OF TODAY. The following was taken from the Chicago (Ill.) Tribune of Jan. 2, 1863, with the caption as follows:

"A WORD WITH THADDEUS STEVENS. To Thaddeus Stevens, Chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means:

"Sir: Why is it that corporations called 'banks' escape Federal taxation? Why should they not be taxed three percent on their manufactures, as well as other interests? We are taxed three percent on the whole paper and all other paper we use in our business — three percent, three percent on all the advertising we do — three percent on all the job printing we execute. We have to pay a dealer's license for the privilege of selling our papers to customers, and every article we use in our business, such as ink, glue, oil, is also taxed; and if we should happen at the end of the year to have any income left unexpended by taxes, that, too, will be taxed three percent."

"We ask you where is the justice in grading a newspaper in this style for the support of the Government, and letting the 'debt factories,' called banks, go scot free? Those favored corporations enjoy the extraordinary privilege of drawing interest on their own debts, while other men have to pay interest on what they owe. But in addition to this astonishing privilege, they are also exempted from taxation. Other people must pay three percent on their business, but the debt-making shops go clear. In the name of right and justice, we protest against the continuance of such partiality as an outrage on the community, and ask as their name, that it be corrected."

"Perhaps you reply: If we tax the 'debt factories' the same as other manufacturers, they will withdraw from business and before their losses. Very well, suppose they do. Cannot Secretary Chase step forward and fill the vacuum thus created with 'greenbacks,' the shops called banks have two hundred millions of their debts about on which the officers are drawing about fourteen millions of interest per annum. If they, rather than pay their taxes for the support of Government, shall refuse their loans, the Secretary of the Treasury will then be able to issue two hundred millions of legal tender notes of which the people will have to pay no interest, but which will save the Government fifteen millions of interest that otherwise must be paid on borrowed money. We submit that the people could stand these savings of fourteen millions of interest paid to the banks, and fifteen millions of extra taxes that must be paid to the Government if that sum has to be borrowed by issuing bonds."

"But you may reply, that a proposition introduced by you, to make the debt factories — i.e. banks — pay taxes like other people would not pass Congress. We answer by a voice



and see. We are sure that quite a number of Western Republicans will cordially vote for it, and any Republican will make an ugly, dangerous record for himself who opposes it. Besides, we want the fifty odd Democratic and 'Conservative' gentlemen in the House, and the fifteen in the Senate, to show their hands on this important question. Let them vote against the amendment if they dare—their constituents will dispense with their future services if they cast such a vote. We want the trimmers and skulkers made to toe the mark. We want justice done to the people. Respectfully yours, Editors Tribune."

(Note regarding the above article of 100 years ago: The three percent was a small amount of that which is charged the banks and other businesses today for we only wish it could be three percent.—Editor).

## QUESTIONS

A967. WOOD. With information on the family name of Wood of Norfolk or Nansemond Co., Va. I am particularly interested in one John Henry Wood who married Frances Ann Richards. This John Henry Wood was a soldier during the Civil War, being in the 61st Virginia Infantry of Confederate States of America and was killed during action on July 30, 1864. His wife, Frances Ann Richards Wood died in Portsmouth, Va. in 1873. I would like names of other members of this family, as well as, the names of the parents, grandparents, etc.

A968. WATKINS-JONES. With parentage of John Watkins, born in Va. in 1836 in Wake Co., North Carolina; married Milly Jones, 1862, Wake Co., N. C. and had children: Elizabeth, born 1868 (married, 1892, Nathan Watkins, son of Willis and Mourning Watkins); Nancy (m. Mr. Ray); Riley, born 1866 m. Polly Watkins, 1895, daughter of Willis and Mourning Watkins; Tabitha and Tillisha (twins); Cassie; John Haywood, born 1819 (m. 1847, Harriet Rogers); William Jackson, born 1821; Manley, born 1825 (m. 1847, Rebecca Ann Watkins); Newbern Robert, born 1827, died 1896 (m. 1848, Nancy Watkins, dau. of Newbern and Elizabeth Watkins).

Milly One of above had sister Elizabeth, age 90 years in the 1850 Census living in home of Newbern Watkins in Wake Co. & states she was born in Virginia. Mr. Seth Jones witnesses the will of John Watkins, husband of Milly Jones, and also witnessed the will of Elizabeth

Watkins. A family sketch says Joshua Jones came from Dinwiddie Co., Va. to North Carolina after the Revolutionary War. Also with data on Joshua Jones. The wife of Willis Watkins was Mourning Pearce of the Pearce family of Wayne and Johnston Cos., North Carolina; however, we have not been able to locate parentage of Willis Watkins, born 1760 and perhaps born 1779, who died in 1832 in Wake Co., N. C. leaving a large family (M. W., Sherman, Texas)

A969(A). LUCAS - COFER. George Lucas, born in North Carolina and moved to Kentucky where he lived from about the year 1808 to 1814; from there he moved to Clay Co., Indiana where he entered land in 1812; he and wife must have been dead by December 1836; they had children: Solomon, born 1818 in Ky.; Catherine (Kitty), born 1808 in Ky., died 1867, Owen Co., Ind.; George W.; Berry; Thomas; possibly a daughter who married Oliver P. Cofer in Indiana. With any data on this George Lucas; could he have been the son of George Lucas of Chatham Co., North Carolina?

(B). COLLINS - PREWITT (FRUIT). With parentage and ancestry of Tabitha Collins, born Halifax or Spotsylvania Co., Va. she married Elisha Prewitt (Fruit); her brothers Stephen, Elisha and Joseph Collins went to Kentucky in 1779 on an expedition to Bowman's Station in Mercer Co.; another brother was Josiah. She, Tabitha (Collins) Fruit, had a brother-in-law named Robert Bunnar, (L. D. P., Fairfield, Iowa).

BARHAM FAMILY OF VIRGINIA. This continues as the 2nd in the series of articles on this Early English and Virginia family. As stated in the 1st issue that we would take the early and Magna Charta lineage of the Barham family is as follows:

ENTRY NO. 2 on Barham, we start with William D'Aubigny listed among the great barons, lords and nobles named in the Magna Charta, 1215 A.D.

1. William D'Aubigny. Named in the Magna Charta 1215 A.D., died March 1220-1, was a Crusader, was the Earl of Arundel; married Mabel of Chester, daughter of Hugh, the Earl of Chester. Both Williams and Mabel are descendants of Charlemagne; they had,

2. Isabel D'Aubigny, 2nd dau., married John Fitz Alan, Lord of Clun and Oswestry, Salop; they had,

3. John Fitz Alan, Earl of Arundel, 1240, died before 19 Nov. 1267; married Maud le Botiller, died 27 Nov. 1283, daughter of Theobald le Botiller; they had,

4. John Fitz Alan, born 14 Sept. 1246, died 18 March 1271-2, Earl of Arundel; married Isabella Mortimer, living in 1300 A.D., daughter of Roger de Mortimer of Wigmore (great-grandson of King John of England) and Maud de Beausse; they had,

5. Sir Richard Fitz Alan,

ARMS: Gules, a lion rampant argent, a chief chequy w and argent.  
CREST: Out of a coronet a demi-eagle displayed.  
MOTTO: Pro patria mori.  
This Warren arms has been used, but not proved to have been that of Richard Warren of the famous ship, "Mayflower," 1620 A.D. of the Massachusetts Colony.



WARREN

1. Juliana de Vere, living in 1185 A.D.; married (1st) Hugh Bigod, 1st Earl of Norfolk, born ca. 1085, Lord of Framlingham, 1120, Royal Steward, 1123 (son of Roger Bigod and wife Alice, dau. of Robert de Toeni, Lord of Bevoise); this couple had,  
2. Roger Bigod, a Magna Charta Surety, 1215, Royal Steward, 1186, 2nd Earl of Norfolk, 1186, Baron of the Exchequer, 1195-1196, born abt. 1150, died before 2 Aug. 1221; married 1st; they had,  
3. Hugh Bigod, also a Magna Surety, 1215, died Feb. 1224/5, 2nd Earl of Norfolk; married 1207, Maud Marshal, died 27 Mar. 1240, dau. of Sir William Marshal, also named in the Magna Charta, 1215; she married 2nd, 1225, William de Warrenne, also named in the Magna Charta, 1215. (See: "The Magna Charta Sureties" page 121 by Arthur Adams & Fred Weis, published 1953 in Boston, Mass.).

Knight, born 3 Feb. 1266-7, died 9 Mar. 1301-2, Earl of Arundel, 1273-1791, Member of Parliament; married before 1285, Alasia de Saluzzo; they had,

6. Sir Edmund Fitz Alan, Knight, born 1 May 1285, beheaded, 1328, 8th Earl of Arundel; married 1305, Alice de Warrenne, died before 22 May 1338; they had,

7. Sir Richard Fitz Alan; married Isabel Despennar; they had,

8. Sir Edmund Fitz Alan; married Sibyl de Montagu, daughter of William Montagu, Earl of Salisbury; this couple had,

9. Philippa Fitz Alan, married Sir Richard Sergeaux, Knight, died 30 Sept. 1393; they had,

10. Philippa Sergeaux, born 1381 (age 14 in 1399); married Sir Robert Pashley, Knight; they had,

11. Sir John Pashley, who married Elizabeth Woodville, daughter of Sir Richard Woodville, of the Mothe, Maidstone, Constable of the Tower, Sheriff of Kent, 1424, died 1442; this couple had,

12. Sir John Pashley, married Lowys, daughter of Sir Thomas Gower; they had,

13. Elizabeth Pashley, married Reginald de Pympe, of Pympe's Court, Nettlestead, County Kent, son of Sir William de Pympe and Elizabeth, dau. of Sir Richard Whetehill; this couple had,

14. Anne (or Amy) Pympe, married 1528, Sir John Scott, of Scott's Hall, Knight, High Sheriff of Kent, 1528; they had,

15. Sir Reginald Scott, of Scott's Hall, will dated 4 Sept. 1554, proved 13 Febr. 1564-5, Sheriff of Kent; married (2nd) Mary, dau. of Sir Bryan Tuke, Knight, of Loyer Marney, Co.

Though much time has been spent to prove the descent of Richard Warren of the Mayflower, such exact proof has been determined to date, however, this arms with the checks is that of the Earls of Warren so promised in the history of England.

The Warren family of Surry Co., Va. descend from another line of the same name bearing another arms, however, they do descend through one of their ancestral maternal lines from this Warren line of the Magna Charta baron being William de Warrenne, who was named in the Magna Charta in the year 1215 A.D. One portion of this lineage is given here below:

1. Juliana de Vere, living in 1185 A.D.; married (1st) Hugh Bigod, 1st Earl of Norfolk, born ca. 1085, Lord of Framlingham, 1120, Royal Steward, 1123 (son of Roger Bigod and wife Alice, dau. of Robert de Toeni, Lord of Bevoise); this couple had,

2. Roger Bigod, a Magna Charta Surety, 1215, Royal Steward, 1186, 2nd Earl of Norfolk, 1186, Baron of the Exchequer, 1195-1196, born abt. 1150, died before 2 Aug. 1221; married 1st; they had,

3. Hugh Bigod, also a Magna Surety, 1215, died Feb. 1224/5, 2nd Earl of Norfolk; married 1207, Maud Marshal, died 27 Mar. 1240, dau. of Sir William Marshal, also named in the Magna Charta, 1215; she married 2nd, 1225, William de Warrenne, also named in the Magna Charta, 1215. (See: "The Magna Charta Sureties" page 121 by Arthur Adams & Fred Weis, published 1953 in Boston, Mass.).

Essex, Secretary to Cardinal Wolsey; this couple had,

16. Mary Scott, married Richard Argall, Esq., died 1588, of East Sutton, Co. Kent, son of Thomas Argall, Esq., of London, and Margaret, dau. of John Taliakarne of Cornwall; this couple had,

17. Elizabeth Argall, died 9 August 1638; married Sir Edward Filmer, Knight, died 1629, of East Sutton, Co. Kent, son of Robert Filmer (born 1525, died 1585, age 60 years). (This Elizabeth Argall was sister of Sir Samuel Argall, Governor of Virginia from May 1617-1619, who was born at Bristol, England about 1572 and died 1626 having come to Virginia Colony as a trader in the year 1605). This couple had,

18. Katherine Filmer, married after 1619, Robert Barham, Jr., born 1586-9; they had,

19. Captain Charles Barham, born in England, 1626, died Surry Co., Va., 1683, settled in Virginia early as 1654, Gent., High Sheriff of Surry Co., Va., 1673, Justice, 1678-1683; married before 2 Feb. 166, Elizabeth Ridley, daughter of Peter Ridley of Isle of Wight Co., Virginia.

(Reference for the above Magna Charta lineage and Royal lineage was taken from page 109 and pages 112-114 of "The Magna Charta Sureties" by Arthur Adams, Ph.D. and Frederick Lewis Weis, Th.D., published in Boston, Mass. in 1953).

The above reference proves the connection with the Barham family in question.

In the next issue of this series of articles we shall give the will of Dame Elizabeth Filmer, widow of Sir Edward Filmer of East Sutton, Co. Kent, England in which is named her son-in-law, Robert Barham and the 600 pearls and diamonds.



## HISTORICAL RARITIES

Have persons known where Commodore Thomas Catesby Jones, USN, is buried? For those who do not know, it has been brought to the attention of this editor that Commodore Jones was buried in the Lewinsville Presbyterian Church, McLean, Va. The following data was taken from the Sunday pamphlet of 26 May 1963 of The Lewinsville Presbyterian Church of McLean, Virginia under the heading, "In the Life of the Church," and it reads:

"The Lewinsville graveyard dates from 1845 and marks much of the history not only of the community, but of the nation. The Reverend Mr. William Maffitt, who conducted the first Presbyterian services in this area, and who housed the President and Mrs. Madison when the British burned the White House, is buried in this cemetery. Mr. Maffitt was one of the four ministers who participated in the funeral service of (President) George Washington."

"Also buried in this cemetery are General William Whann Mackall of the Confederate States Army, who distinguished himself in the Florida and Mexican Wars, and Commodore Catesby Jones, USN, one of the founders of the Lewinsville Church, who led the fleet against the British in the naval battle of New Orleans."

Speech of President Jefferson Davis as taken from the "Southern Confederacy (Georgia)" of Jan. 4, 1863. The article reads:

"The Jackson 'Mississippian' contains the following condensed account of the speech delivered in Jackson (Miss.), on Friday last by President Davis, from which we take the following extracts:

The War Upon Northern Soil. He alluded briefly to his desire to transfer the war upon Northern soil, but the failure to do this proceeded not from a want of inclination but of power."

"We were not an old and established nation, with armies and navies at our command. These had to be improvised from the scanty materials found within the limits of our own Confederacy. We were cut off from other nations, and everybody knows that we had been an agricultural people, and that our facilities for manufacturing materials of war were extremely limited. Notwithstanding this fact, patent to the most casual observer we had now an army larger than ever before — our arms and munitions of war were increased in number and improved in quality, and we are in a better condition today than we were twelve months ago."

"Conscription & Exemption Laws. He alluded to the conscription and exemption laws of Congress, explaining the necessity of the one and the intention of the other. Was sorry to perceive that there had been a false construction upon the first of these laws. There was no dishonor in being conscripted. The government had as much right to make laws requiring the services of its citizens in the army, as to compel them to pay taxes. The object of that portion of the exemption law which exempted the owner, agent or overseer of twenty Negroes, was not intended to draw any distinction whatsoever between classes. No benefit was intended to the rich from it. It was simply to provide a police force which Congress thought necessary, and to facilitate the agriculture productions

## Climbing

# The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON



of the country to supply the wants of both the poor people and the army. Any law intended to bear unfairly upon the poor, even to a feather's weight, would never have received his signature. 'The poor have fought our battles,' says the President (Davis) 'and so have the rich.' The poor in all revolutions are the mainstay and props of the country. But while the poor have nobly done their duty, we have no cause to complain of the rich. All have done well, and many of the wealthiest and most distinguished families in the South have sons in the ranks. He instanced Hon. Isreal Welsh, and others, who had fought as privates in the bloodiest engagements of the war. He thought there might be very properly a revision of the exemption laws, and trusted there would be no conflict between Confederate and State laws upon the subject of the military. That there should be no war with States; and if any State chose to inflict a blow upon the common cause by enacting conflicting military laws, he hoped that Mississippi would be the last to adopt a suicidal policy."

"Stragglers. The President denounced in terms of scathing, but dignified rebuke, the habit of staffling from the army. He invoked public opinion to frown it down, and called upon the women to drive the stragglers back to duty."

(Note by the editor: There was much more to this speech than can be printed at this time; however, I will continue with the data from the well covered speech of that date by President Jefferson Davis as taken from the mentioned newspaper of the year 1863 in the next issue. (Editor).

### QUESTIONS

A970(A). BLACKWELL-WILLIAMS - HUFFMAN. Wish data and ancestry of John Blackwell who was living in Culpeper Co., Va., in 1808; he died July 1816. What was the maiden name of his wife Susan; also want names of his and her brothers and sisters. This couple had issue: Mary Blackwell, born 5-10-1800 in Culpeper (m. June 1825, Williams of Montgomery Co., Ky.); Thomas Blackwell (m. Arlomecia Huffman in Putnam Co. and died 1830. Thomas Blackwell lived with Presley Saunders, who died in Mercer Co., Ky., 1848; what was his relationship with or to Presley Saunders?

(B). HAZLERIGG - FLETCHER - WEST - SURRENCY. Wish the maiden name of Margaret, wife of James Hazlerigg; they had sons Joshua and Eli (born 10-20-177, Prince William Co., Va.). The Hazlerigg family moved to Pennsylvania in 1781 & to Kentucky in 1784. Eli Hazlerigg, married Rebecca Fletcher on Jan. 1, 1801, daughter of Thomas Fletcher and Ann West Surrency. (C.A.R.L.).

A971(A). BIGGE MERCER-CASWELL. Wish data and ancestry of John Bigge of Lower Norfolk Co., Va.; his will dated 3-15-1686-7; had daughter Katherine, who married Thomas Mercer of the same county; another daughter, name unknown,

but wish the given name) married Matthew Caswell of the same county (his will dated 5-19-1703, Norfolk Co., Va.). Constance Caswell, daughter of Matthew Caswell and \_\_\_\_\_ (Bigge) Caswell, married John Mercer, son of Thomas Mercer and Katherine Bigge, her 1st cousin; Katherine (Bigge) Mercer and \_\_\_\_\_ Bigge) Caswell were sisters.

(B). RUFFIN - GRAY - DE LOACH - PENDER. Wish the maiden name and ancestry of the wife of William (4) Ruffin of Northampton County, North Carolina, son of William (3) Ruffin and wife, Faith Gray, daughter of William Gray. This Ruffin family was from Isle of Wight and Surry Counties, Virginia. The will of William (4) Ruffin was probated 3-1-1799 (recorded in Bertie Co., N. C.), naming his children, but not his wife as she might have been dead; William (5) Ruffin; Richard (5) Ruffin (m. - Avarilla DeLoach); Purity (5) Ruffin (m. - William DeLoach; this shows that a DeLoach brother and sister married a Ruffin brother and sister); Faith (5) Ruffin (m. - one Mr. \_\_\_\_\_ Pender).

(C). BABER-WELCH-SMITH. Wish maiden name of Margaret, wife of Robert (2) Baber, who was born abt. 1685, Charles Parish, York County, Virginia; his will was probated in Albemarle Co., Va. 1749. Could this maiden name of Margaret (—) Baber have been a Miss Welch, daughter of John Welch of Albemarle Co., Va.? After the death of Robert (2) Baber, his wife Margaret, married Duncan Smith. They had son Robert (3) Baber, born abt. 1725 in Albemarle Co., who married Jane \_\_\_\_\_ (?); his will was probated in Campbell Co., Va. 7-6-1786, however, this Robert Baber resided in Bedford Co., Va. at one time. Could Jane, wife of Robert (3) Baber, have been a Miss Pendleton?

(D). LEWIS. Wish the names of parentage of Aaron Lewis; this Aaron Lewis fought in the Revolutionary War and was Captain, Major and Lt. Col., Washington County, Va.; he fought at the Battle of King's Mountain; in the year 1786 he resided in Madison County, Ky. and died in Logan Co., Ky. about 1811. (J.E.O'D., Woodville, Miss.).

### BARHAM FAMILY

BARHAM family of Surry and surrounding counties, Virginia. This is the 3rd in the series of articles on the Barham family of the named counties and is the last issue of June 30, 1963

we gave the Royal Lineage of this family back to Barons of the Magna Charta, 1215.

We shall begin with Entry No. 3 which continues with will of Dame Elizabeth Filmer, which was published August 2, 1638. Wa: Retovick, Scrivener.

Dame Elizabeth Filmer willeth that her three houses in Knightrider Street (now that her son Reginold Filmer is deceased) shall be disposed of as follows: 30 lbs. of the first year's rent to Jane, late wife of said Reginold and after the decease of testatrix to the use of her executor he paying yearly to Elizabeth Faulkner daughter of Dame Elizabeth Filmer and wife of William Faulkner 10 lbs. Whereas Dame Elizabeth Filmer had bequeathed to Elizabeth, daughter of ROBERT BARHAM, Gentleman, a competent portion, her will is that 50 lbs. of the said legacy in case said Elizabeth depart this life before attaining 18 years shall be divided equally between the two daughters of said Reginold and lastly, Dame Elizabeth Filmer willeth to Susan BARHAM 50 lbs. apiece (sic) memorandum the legacy 50 lbs. apiece to Susan and Anne BARHAM were enterlynd before the signing hereof, dated March 23, 1635-6. (Reference for this will of Dame Elizabeth Filmer: Virginia Magazine of History and Biography, Vol. XXI, pages 153-4).

Dec. 1, 1653 (Surry County, Va.). CHARLES BARHAM, Thomas Culmer, Sack Brewster witness to bond of And: Robinson and Dorothy Kew to Alex. Mabrick. (This is the first ap-

## MAYHEW

ARMS: Argent, on a chevron between three sea mews sable, five lozenges of the field.

This Mayhew arms has been used by the English and New England families of this name. They descend from Simon Mayhew, Gentleman; he had,

Robert Mayhew, who married Joan Bridmore, daughter of John Bridmore, of Tisbury. This couple had,



MAYHEW

Matthew Mayhew was born about 1560 and died in the year 1614. With his connection and family in that place he was buried in Tisbury, Wiltshire, England. Matthew Mayhew married in the year 1587, Alice Barter, daughter of Edward Barter and wife Edith, they being of Haxton Parish of Fydeleton, County Wiltshire, England. This couple had,

Thomas Mayhew, born in the year 1591 and died in 1682 at an old age, being baptised in the Ancient Church of St. John the Baptist, Tisbury Parish. This Thomas Mayhew became a merchant and settled in Southampton,

England though he later decided to remove to America and settled at Watertown, Massachusetts in New England before the date of 1632. He became prominent in the affairs of the Mass. Colony and Watertown and was elected as Deputy to the General Court in 1636. Later he received a land grant at Marthas Vineyard, Nantucket and Elizabeth Islands in the 1641. Being a christian he moved to Marthas Vineyard where he began the teaching of the Bible to the Indians. This Thomas Mayhew married Abigail Parkus and married 2ndly, in 1615, Jane Paine, a widow. By the 2nd wife he had,

Rev. Thomas Mayhew, born about 1616 and died in the year 1657. It was he who came to America settling in Watertown, Mass. He also was very religious and was preaching the Gospel in Marthas Vineyard, Nantucket, as well as, in Elizabeth Islands. He married about 1647, Jane Paine, daughter of Thomas Paine of London, step-daughter of Thomas Mayhew, who was born in 1591 and died 1682.

parent entry of Captain Charles Barham in the Virginia records —Editor). (Surry Co., Va. Book 1, page 42).

1661, May 24. (Surry Co. Va., Court Records Book 1, page 168). Vestry of Lawnes Creek Parish of Surry Co., are listed: Mr Arthur Allen, Lt. Col. William Caufield, Mr. Randall Holt, Mr. Austin (Augustine) Hunnicutt, MR. CHARLES BARHAM, Mr. Edward Pettway, Mr. Andrew Robinson, Mr. Richard Drew, Mr. Jno. Clay.

1663-4, Febr. 22. (Surry Co., Va. Court Records, Book 1, page 228). (Note: This will show the connection of the Barham family of Virginia Colony with the family in England and will be given as written:

"Know all men by these presence that I, Thomas Smith, yeoman, of the parish of Dorson in the Realme of England atturney of Richard James, yeoman and Margery his wife of the prish of Cossopin (?) in the ffore sd County & Richard Watkins, yeoman, & Jane his wife of the prish of dorson in the affore sd County & John Meredith of the prish in Whitton in the County of Radnor and Mary his wife, have given, granted, bargained, sould, assigned, Consented, inffeeft, Alinated ? sett over to MR. CHARLES BARHAM, gent. of the prish of Lawnes Creek in the Count of Surry in Virginia one tract of devidend of land which were fformely John Medmores of the ffore sd Prish of Laenes Creeke, deceased. Containing three hundred acres or thereabouts given by will of the ffore sd Medmore unto the ffore named Margery, Jane and Mary the Naturall & surviving sisters of the ffore sd Medmore lyeing & being in Hog Island Maine ? bounded as the Patten assigned by vertue of this deed will appear with all houses orchards or edifices thereon or there unto belonging that do properly belong the ffore sd sisters. (Note: This document to be contained.



**HISTORICAL RARITIES**

**SPEECH OF CONFEDERATE PRESIDENT DAVIS 100 YEARS AGO.** This continues from the last issue of this feature of 7 July 1963 having originally been taken from the newspaper, "Southern Confederacy" (Georgia) of Jan. 4, 1863. The speech was apparently sent to many parts of the South for other readers and in the article from which it was taken are given outstanding headlines. We continue:

**"FILL UP THE RANKS.** He (President Jefferson Davis) urged the necessity of filling up the thinned ranks of our regiments. Those veterans who had gone through many hard fought battles, looked for their kindred at home to supply the places which had been made vacant by the death of their comrades. A brigade which mustered only twelve hundred men, would have to bleed as much as if it had its full quota of 4,000. Their ranks must be filled, humanity demands it. It was a time for patriots to throw off the shackle of private interest, fly to the rescue of those heroes which the ravages of war had yet spared, and consecrate themselves to the most sacred cause upon earth."

**"THE REAL DANGER.** The President remarked that when he arrived here he thought the enemy were pressing down upon us from the Northern borders of our State, but when he went to Grenada, he there learned that nothing could be seen of them, but their backs. They were going back, perhaps with the intention of reinforcing the heavy column that was now being thrown down the Mississippi river. The real points of attack were at Vicksburg and Port Hudson; and to all who desired to lend a helping hand to the country, he would say, 'Go to Port Hudson and Vicksburg without delay!'"

**"NECESSITY OF HARMONY PERMANENT MILITARY SYS-**

**TEM.** He spoke of the salutary effects of harmonious action between the several States and the government at Richmond, and urged upon legislators, both State and Confederate, the necessity of establishing a permanent military system, for even after the present war was ended, we might expect trouble from our enemies, unless our military establishment was of such character as to give them a wholesome fear of precipitating a war upon us. The true theory was to adopt a military



of a northern state. This is unverified and contradicts a former history compiled by Frank van der Linden; as follows:

John Morris, born in Virginia 1746-1828, later lived in Old Tryon County, North Carolina. He signed agreement to take up arms in Aug. 1775; was in continuous service of the American Revolution in Sharpe Co., N. C.; was at the Halifax Co., N. C. Convention. He married Joanna Drake in 1768; she being born in 1749; they had,

Thomas Morris, born 1769,

**AND SURROUNDING COUNTIES.** We have proved the connection of the Barham family with that of the mother country. This will be Entry No. 4 in the series of this name.

**ENTRY No. 4.** We shall continue with the recorded instrument of Thomas Smith of Dorson in the County of Hereford in the Realm of England as started in the last issue. This document was the mentioning of land in Laenes Creeke Parish, Surry and Hog Island was also named therein in Virginia; we give as follows:

"And by these presents do give grant bargain erly sell assigne Consigne Allinate inggoe-offs And sett over unto the fforesd MR. CHARLES BARHAM his heirs Exers: Asmres: or assigns ffor Ever. And further I the ffore sd Tho: Smith doe by there presents bind my Selve My heirs Exces: Admres: & Assigne That the sd Mr. BARHAM his heirs Exces: Anmes: & Assigns shall peacably & quitly (sic) posses and enjoy have hould & occupy all the ffore sd tract of Land with the appurtines & Stocke there to belonging or thereon, withoute the lett trouble Molestation or evicktion of him the sd Tho: or the fforenamed Sisters or any other GAL 3 FAM TREE JUL 14 — by his or there prcurent. Always prvided that the sd MR. BARHAM shall prforme unto the tennent now upon the sd Land his Lease ffor its ffull tearme to Come. And furthermore I the ffore sd Tho: Smith upon the receipt of sixty three pds Sterling ffor ech money the sd BARHAM hath past bills of Exchange upon his Brother Mr. Rich: Barham of London I therefore doe bind my selfe Exces Admres & assigns to five and deliver unto the sd MR. BARHAM or his heirs or assigns a ffull Confirmation of this deed under the hands & seales of the ffore named Sisters or the survivors of them & their husbands. And alsoe that they shall Impower an Attorney to acknowledg the same ffor them in Surry County Court (Virginia) the next return of Shiping to Virginia. In Witnes Whereof I the ffore sd Thomas Smith doe obleig my selfe to Acknowledge in the next Courte held in Course ffor the County of Surry & for the prformance hereof I have here unto sett my hand & seale the twenty second (22nd) day of february; and sixteenth yeare of the Reigne of our Sov Lord the King & in the yeare of our Lord 1663. Subsigned sealed & delivered—Will Cockerham, Andrew Robinson, David Williams. And also signed by the maker of the deed Thomas Smith (his mark) with read seal wax.

(Reference for the above is as written in the court records; of Surry Co., Va. Book No. 1, page 228 and copied as spelled.—Editor).

1663-4, Feb. 25. "I Thomas Smith, Atty. for the surviving sisters of John Medmore late of the Prsh (Parish) of Lawnes Creek in Surry County, Virginia have given MR. CHARLES BARHAM possession of the houses and land, 300 acres, given, his sisters after the decease of his children, by his will doth appear. Wit: Wm Cockerham, Thos. Clary (Reference: Surry County, Va. Will & Deed Bk. 1, page 229).

This Mr. Charles Barham of Surry Co., Va. is the Barham from whom the members of the family can definitely prove descent.—Editor.

To be continued in the next issue of this feature.

**Climbing**

**The Family Tree**

By HUGH S. WATSON

sustem which would be permanent and operative in times of peace."

**"QUESTION AT ISSUE.** The issue involved in this war was no ordinary one. The question is will you be free, or will you be slaves of the most depraved and intolerant and tyrannical and hated people upon the earth? This was the real question to be decided. Everything else was as dust in the balance. A people who had demonstrated their utter incapacity for self-government who have destroyed their own liberties in the vain effort to deprive us of ours, seek to be our master, and inflict upon us such chains as have no parallel in the annals of tyranny

Mississippi is the object of their peculiar hatred; upon her is to be visited their refined vengeance. But our cause is just and vengeance belongs to the Lord! We will resist the power of the enemy. Discard all other considerations but the public defence, and victory will again be ours."

**"MISSISSIPPIANS MUST SUSTAIN THEIR FAME.** Mr.

Davis made an eloquent appeal to Mississippians to prove themselves in this hour of peril worthy of that proud fame won by the State upon the plains of Chalmette to emulate the glory achieved by her sons upon the fields of Mexico and in the still more glorious battles of the Confederacy. By all the future and by all the past, by the memory of those whose homes already bleach upon the battle-plain of our country, he invoked them to stand firm against the devastating columns of the enemy."

**"DURATION OF THE WAR.** Though the war had somewhat exceeded his expectations, and he considered it now as absolutely certain. The duration of the war was a question of time. He thought, however, it was not possible for a war waged upon such a tremendous scale, to be long protracted. Be it long or short, however, we could not be the first to cry, 'Hold, enough.'"

(Note: This speech will be continued in the next issue of this feature of July 21, 1963—Editor).

**QUESTIONS**

**A972. BOOKER - COBBS - ANDERSON.** My grandfather (with confusing number of greats) was Lieut. Edward Booker of Amelia who married Edith Cobbs Anderson of Amelia Co., Va. on Oct. 27, 1783 (Ref: Amelia Co., Va. Marriage Bonds).

My uncle (with no less number of greats) was Captain Samuel Booker of Amelia Co., Va., who married Martha Mumford on Dec. 25, 1784 (Ref: Amelia Co., Va. Marriage Bonds). This is my eligible ancestor which I wish use for a patriotic society.

I am unable to find the date of birth of either of the above mentioned spouses. I only wish you could achieve the desired result of learning the dates of birth of each of the mentioned Edith Cobbs Anderson and Martha Mumford.

Could any readers assist George E. Booker, III, Esq. of 1803 Hanover Avenue, Richmond Virginia with his problem?

**A973. MORRIS - DRAKE - DICKEY - MCLEAN - TAYLOR - ORR - MCNAIR (MAC NAIR) - HUGHES.** I am most anxious to discover more about our branch of the Morris family with missing dates, places of residence, etc. According to the old missing family Bible, the line descends from Robert Morris, financier of the American Revolution and his brother, Lewis Morris, who was governor

who married Catherine Dickey, born in 1771; they had,

Richard Morris, born 1797 and died 1879, who married in 1832, Lucinda MacLean; they had,

Charles Morris, born 1832, who married Elizabeth Taylor; they had,

William A. Morris, born 1859 in Henderson Co., North Carolina, who married Anberry Orr (born 1865)

(Reference for the above are National Society of Daughters of the American Revolution, Membership Nos. 164850 and 164800).

The Charles MacLean, born in Virginia 1748 and died in North Carolina in 1810, married Elizabeth MacNair in 1769; she being born 1752 and died in 1808. He was a Provincial Congress Assemblyman; was State Col. Militia; was member of the Committee of Safety. He lived in southern part of Old Tryon Co., N. C., now Gaston, North Carolina and he with others organized Old Tryon Court, the quarter sessions, 1769-70-71. He was an early, active and most zealous friend of liberty. In the year 1770 he was appointed captain of Tryon Co., N. C. regiment of Foot. In 1774 he was one of his majesty's Justices; in 1776 was a delegate to the Provincial Congress at Halifax Co., N. C.; in 1777 he was Lt. Colonel of Tryon forces. He signed agreement to take up arms (Nat. Soc. D.A.R. No. 184800); he had,

Charles MacLean, Jr., born 1772, died 1853, who married Elizabeth Hughes (1778-1868), in the year 1797; they had,

Lucinda MacLean (born 1801-1885), who married Richard Morris in the year 1832.

Other Virginia ancestry would be the Loops (formerly Loopers), one of whom, Harvey Loop married Mary Wilson of Staunton. His dates are 1834-1912 and her dates of birth and death are 1837-1908. (P. M. C., Hampton, Va.).

**ANSWERS**

**A973. MORRIS AND OTHERS.** This editor would not suggest that the family of Morris of Virginia would be that of Robert Morris, financier among other of the American Revolutionary War, since there seems to have been connection with that northern branch. However, in the event that such a record is found connection them I would like to include such data with proof within this feature.—Editor.

**BARHAM FAMILY**  
THE BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA

**FEARN**

**ARMS:** Per bend or and gules, two lions' heads erased and counterchanged.

**CREST:** A falbot's head argent, tared and collared gules, garnished and ringed or, issuing out of a fern proper.

This Fearn arms has been used by the Virginia family of the name and they descend from John Fearn, born 1665 presumably in England and did come from England to Gloucester County, Virginia. He later married in the year 1687, Mary Lee; this couple had,

John Fearn, who was born about the year 1690 and died in the year 1720 having married about 1716, Sarah Worthem. This couple had,

John Fearn, born in the year 1717, who went to Buckingham County. He being patriotic became a Captain during the Revolutionary War. He married in the year 1744, Leanna Lee. Note that his grandmother had married a Mary Lee. This named couple had,

Thomas Fearn, born in the year 1745 and was in the area of Danville, Virginia. He married in the year 1785, Mary Burton; she being born in 1751 and died 1844 or 1845 also being the daughter of Colonel Robert Burton of Caswell County, North Carolina. This named Colonel Robert Burton was of those who founded Kentucky acting as an agent of the Transylvania, Company. This couple Thomas Fearn and Mary Burton, had son,

Robert Fearn, born 1795 and died 1866. He married in the year 1818, Eliza Maria Henderson.

The above mentioned Leanna Lee, who married John Fearn (born 1717), was descended from Richard Lee of the early Virginia family.



**FEARN**



# Climbing The Family Tree

—Genealogy: Questions  
And Answers

By HUGH S. WATSON JR.

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

**THE SPEECH OF CONFEDERATE PRESIDENT JEFFERSON DAVIS 100 YEARS AGO.** This continues from the last of this feature as stated therein. The speech was taken from *The Confederacy* (Georgia), January 4, 1863 newspaper. President Davis had touched on placing the activity of the battle grounds in the north instead of in the south; spoke of conscription and exemption laws; the stragglers and how to handle them; the real danger of battle locations; the necessity of harmony-permanent military system; Mississippians must sustain their fame; and spoke of the war duration.

The President continued:

**"VICKSBURG (Miss.).** The President paid a deserved tribute to Vicksburg. That noble little city had withstood the shock of the combined fleets of enemy after the great cities of New Orleans and Memphis had succumbed to their supposed invincibility. The heroic women of Vicksburg had cried out, "Give the enemy the soil if it cannot be defended, but let him have nothing else!" The Governor left his chair and repaired to the scene of danger, and refused to listen to any advice except of defiance to the concentrated power of the enemy."

"We are better prepared at Vicksburg now and then. Our defenses are greatly improved and strengthened. Our armaments are much improved. We have better armies and that gallant soldier (Gen. Johnston) is pouring in reinforcements. He comes to Mississippi to protect and save her." (Immense applause).

"The Trans - Mississippi Department. On the other side of the river our prospects are brighter than ever before, and ere long he hoped we would be enabled to proclaim Missouri free. Kentucky too, was an object of solicitude to him, and he spoke of her gallant people in the kindest and most commendable terms."

"Our Cause In the Ascendant. The President laid particular stress upon the encouraging fact that we had improved in every respect, since the war began. Our armies were superior in number and improved in quality and appointments. Our manufacturing had made rapid progress — Mississippi alone had clothed and subsisted the whole army upon her soil. Our people had learned to economize. They wore homespun. He felt like taking off his hat to a woman dressed in homespun. He had an unflinching belief in the justice of our cause, and a profound reverence for the decrees of Heaven. He noticed with evident satisfaction the superior morality of our army compared to that of the invader. In God and the valor of our troops he trusted."

## QUESTIONS

**A974. INMAN.** I am particularly interested in the estate of one John Inman, born 1774. How could you through your feature assist me in gaining data on this lineage of the Inman family? (G.R.H., Newport News, Va.).

**A975. HANCOCK - KAVANAUGH - WILKERSON - FREEMAN - STEVENSON - WALDEN.** In your feature of the Daily Press newspaper of June 2, 1963, under Question



No. 957 covering Hancock, I noted with interest and wish to get in touch with someone who is working on the Hancock line. Will you please send this to the person with initials M.W.H., Hampton, Va.?

I wish to know the ancestry of Robert Hancock, who married Jael Kavanaugh and came to Howard Co., Missouri in 1809-10. Robert Hancock had come from Madison Co., Ky.; his brothers John and Abbot had come to Howard Co., Missouri in 1808 from Kentucky.

Robert Hancock and Jael (Kavanaugh) Hancock had these children.

Steve, born 1803

Frankie (born —), who married Charlie Wilkerson

Liza (born —), who married a Mr. Fristoe having a daughter who was named Kate and married a Mr. Freeman.

Charlie Hancock, who was drowned while swimming in the Groud River.

William Williams Hancock . . .  
Kittie, who married one Mr. Stevenson

Gus

Mary Ann Hancock, born 1813, who married James Madison Walden.

The Hancocks were "High Flyers" in Kentucky.

Robert Hancock was a wealthy man in Howard Co., Mo. He owned race horses; he weighed about 240 pounds and was six (6) feet tall.

I shall certainly appreciate any information I might receive on this Hancock family line. (W.T.B., Austin, Tex.).

**A976. BINNS - ELLIS - BARKER - KEYES.** I have been very interested in the references to the Binns family under your Hunnicutt family series. My maternal great-great grandfather was Dr. Robert Binns Ellis and I have been trying to find the name of his mother, since her middle name was "Binns." I therefore feel that perhaps that might have been a Miss Binns, or that she had been named for her mother who may have been a Miss Binns.

Dr. Robert Binns Ellis was born 1806 in Sussex County, Va.; his father was Robert Ellis. They left Sussex Co., Va., in 1812 and went to Bourbon County, Ky. On page 24 of "Marriage Bonds and Ministers Returns of Sussex County, Va. (1753-1810)" by C. L. Knorr, states that Robert Ellis married Nancy Barker, Nov. 28, 1799 and they were married by Rev. Brown with surety, Richard Hargraves.

The publication, "House of Mansur" by M. R. Ellis states that Robert Ellis married the "widow" Nancy Barker. Was the widow Nancy Barker's maiden name Binns?

Who were the parents of Robert Ellis?

Dr. Robert Binns Ellis had only one sister to our knowledge

and her name was Mahala P. Ellis. This Mahala P. Ellis later raised my great-grandfather, Adrian Collier Ellis, after the death of his mother. Mahala P. Ellis married Mr. George Keyes of Kentucky.

## ANSWERS

**A975. HANCOCK - KAVANAUGH - WILKERSON - etc.** The names of Hancock, Kavanaugh and Wilkerson were all Southside Virginia names. That is to say they were from the area of south of the James River. In the Albemarle Parish Register of Sussex and Surry Counties will be found all of these names. It is suggested that you obtain a copy of the book or books covering the named parish and therein you will find much on the names; however, I trust that you have had the Surry County and Sussex County Court Record books searched for there you will find a great deal of data on all the names mentioned.

You will note in the records covering the Barham family that will run in the series of this feature that there are many of the name of Hancock and Kavanaugh therein. While I am progressing with the search on the Barham line and locate data on the names, I shall gladly publish same.—Editor.

**A976. BINNS - ELLIS.** These family names of Binns and Ellis are quite numerous in Southside Virginia in the counties of Surry and Sussex, as well as, Southampton and Isle of Wight Counties, Va. During the gathering of data on the Barham family, I have seen many references to the names of Binns and Ellis.

It is suggested that you try and cover the Albemarle Parish Register of Sussex and Surry Counties, Virginia for therein will be found many names for which you might be looking. Also, do not forget the County Court Records of Surry and Sussex Counties, Va.; they have a great amount of data therein.—Editor.

## BARHAM FAMILY

**BARHAM FAMILY** of Surry and adjoining counties, Virginia. This continues as the 5th in the series on the name of Barham and we shall show that Captain Charles (1) Barham

## Feature Rules

1. Send all letters to Daily Press, Newport News, Va.; name and address of sender must be given.

2. Questions and answers must be clearly stated on large size paper 8 1/2 by 11 inches, written double-spaced in ink or typed on one side of paper only; postal cards and small paper not acceptable; 3 questions only.

3. Answers will be through the column only. Correspondents making reply must give answers using data pertinent and brief.

4. Answers will be published from other readers as research by editor is too time-consuming; however, the editor will assist when possible. This feature is a clearing house for readers. The editor reserves the right to retain and edit questions and number of questions and date that question appeared. If answers are to be forwarded, must be accompanied by plain stamped envelope.

## LEONARD

**ARMS:** Or, on a fess azure, three fleurs-de-lis argent.

**CREST:** Out of a ducal coronet or, a leopard's head argent.

This arms of the Leonard family is one that has been used by the New Jersey family of the name.

They descend from Henry Leonard, born about the year 1619, who came from the mother country of England and settled in New Jersey. This Henry Leonard married in the year 1650 a lady by the given name of Mary, however, it has not been determined just what her maiden name is. This couple had,

Thomas Leonard, born in the year 1666 and died in 1713; he married Joanna, whose last name is not known to this editor. This couple had a son whose name is not given,

A son, whose name is not known to this editor; he had,

Thomas Leonard, who was born in the year 1725 and died in the year 1777 being of Talbot County, Maryland. He married Elizabeth Robson, who was born



LEONARD

in 1725 and died in the year 1796; this couple had,

Jonathan Leonard, born 1761 and died in the year 1830. He married twice, however, we shall give the second one; she was Sarah (Haddaway) Kirby, who was born 1767 and died 1841. This couple had,

Thomas Haddaway Leonard, born in the year 1805 and died in 1876. He married a lady older than he by the name of Susan Leonard) Collins, born in 1800 and died in 1878. They had,

James Montgomery Leonard who was born in 1833 and died in the year 1904; he married Mary Agnes Berry, daughter of George Washington Berry and wife Sarah Jane Lloyd.

was the first from whom direct descent can be definitely proven. We have already given the Royal Lineage of this family in previous issues.

We shall begin with Entry No. 5:

Entry No. 5. Year 1664, May 10th. Charles Barham was a member of the jury of Surry Co., Va. (Surry Co., Va. Will & Deed Book No. 1, p.234).

1664, Aug. 8. Power of attorney from Richard James, wife Margery, Richard Watkins and wife Jane, John Meredith and wife Mary to Thos. Smith to confirm the sale of land unto Mr. Charles (1) Barham. (Surry Co., Va. Book No. 1, page 254).

1665, June 26. William Hare deeds to George Watkins and Edward Browne cattle at Mr. Charles (1) Barham. (Surry Co., Va. Book No. 1, page 262).

1665, Nov. 1. Indenture (or deed) from John Corker and William Cockerham to William Cockerham to William Marriott a tract of land known as Wareneck; witnesses were: Charles (1) Barham, Randall Holt, George Watkins and William Corker. (Surry Co., Va. Book No. 1, page 274).

1665-6, March 17. Indenture of sale — Andrew Robinson and wife Anne, to Capt. William Cockerham and Charles (1) Barham, Gent.; 350 acres of land patented by Andrew Robinson and Peleg Dunston on July 20, 1663. (Surry Co., Va., Book No. 1, page 268).

1666, —, Capt. William Cockerham and Mr. Charles (1) Barham patent 850 acres of land in Surry County, Va., southwest of the 3rd swamp of the Blackwater River for transporting 18 persons to the Virginia Colony. (Virginia Land Papten Book No. 6, page 650 in the Archives Dept. of the Virginia State Library, Richmond, Va.).

1666, May 14. Indenture (or deed) from Charles (1) Baham to Joseph Rogers; 850 acres of

land that divided the land granted to William Cockerham, deceased, with the said Barham (perhaps a lease); witnesses — Will. Brown, and Arthur Allen. (Surry Co., Va. Book 1, p.270).

1666-7, Feb. 2. "This indenture made the 2nd day of Febr. 1666. These present witnesseth that I, Dorothy Thorne is to serve Charles (1) Barham and his wife is to find her sufficient lodging and viduals and not to put her into the ground and the mortar, but to teach her to read and sew and to give her a cotton suite and a presseston (sic) suite and other things belonging to them and a heifer of two years old at the expiration of her time and ten barrels of Indian Corne as witness our hands this 2 day of Feb. 1666." The mark of Dorothy Thorne ("O"); Charles (1) Barham; the mark of Elizabeth Barham ("E"); teste the mark of Margret Cornish; teste the mark of Christo. Smith; teste the mark of Joane Goard. (Ref.: Surry Co., Va. Book No. 1, page 342).

1667-8, Jan. 2. Indenture or deed from William Butler, son of William Butler, deceased, to Richard Jarrett; witnesses—William Marriott, William Cockerham, Charles (1) Barham. (Surry Co., Va. Book No. 1, p. 296).

1667-8, January 4. William Porter (Portis?) and wife Elizabeth, of Isle of Wight Co., Va., acknowledge that 206 acres of land, half of a patent of 432 acres dated August 23, 1667, belongs to Phillip Hunniford. The land is located on 3rd Swamp of the Blackwater and adjoins the land of Mr. (Charles) (1) Barham. (Surry Co., Bk. 1, page 294).

1668, June 10. Tithe List. Mr. Charles (1) Barham with 4 persons as shown on Mr. Cockerham's list. (Surry Co., Va. Book 1, page 315).

(This series on the Barham family will continue in the next issue of this feature as the 6th of the series.)



**HISTORICAL RARITIES**

THE COASTAL TELEGRAPHIC SUBMERINE LINE FROM FORTRESS MONROE IN VIRGINIA TO NEW ORLEANS. This was called an "Important public Enterprise" in the Chicago Tribune newspaper of January 15, 1863. We today have the radio and television for our home use, as well as, for government and business purposes. The article read as follows:

"A COAST SUBMARINE TELEGRAPH. The Committee on Naval Affairs, have according to resolution passed unanimously on Monday, commenced an inquiry into the practicability of connecting all our naval and military stations between Fortress Monroe (Old Point Comfort, Hampton, Virginia) and New Orleans by submarine telegraph cables."

"Cyrus W. Field, Esq., of New York, now here, has presented to the Government an offer from the celebrated firm of Messrs. Glass, Elliott & Co. of London, to manufacture and submerge cables connecting all the points between Washington and New Orleans. They are to be paid only on the successful completion and delivery to the Government of the lines in good working order. In other words they take the entire risk of manufacture, shipping across the Atlantic, laying down and working the lines, &c. There seems no doubt that Congress will without unnecessary delay, close a contract for the work."

**THE UNSEAWORTHY SHIP "MONITOR".** This Civil War ship is given here from the Topeka (Kansas) State Record newspaper of January 7, 1863 and reads as follows:

"The original Monitor founded at sea off Hatteras, in a heavy gale and wind, and went down; two of her officers and twenty-eight of her crew on board were lost. Captain Bankhead, Lieut. Green and rest of officers and crew were saved. Official advices to effect have been received by telegraph from Fort Monroe. The disaster is no more than what all competent naval authority have all along predicted, that the Monitor was unseaworthy and was bound to go down in the first gale she encountered. There are grave doubts whether any of the new Monitors are much better in this respect."

**QUESTIONS**

A977 STEWART-WASSON. Thomas Stewart was born 1769 & married Margaret, daughter of Robert & Catherine Wasson, in Rockbridge Co., Virginia. Who were his parents? He was not the Thomas Stewart of Augusta Co., Va., who was accidentally killed while cleaning a pistol during his army service. He may have had a sister Rebecca, who married John Porter in Rockbridge County, Ky. Robert Wasson served in the Augusta County, Va. Militia, 1779 - 1780; his children were: Robert, Jr. (m. - Elizabeth Brush in 1790); Hanna Wasson (m. - Andrew Stewart in 1796); Mary Wasson (m. - Philip Entaminger in 1792); and possibly Sarah Wasson (m. - Wm. Marley in 1796). These families were both Scotch-Irish Presbyterians & their minister was Rev. John Blain at the time of these marriages. Wish data on Robert Wasson, Sr. & wife Catherine Wasson (Wasson).

(B). YATES. Wish data on William Yates & Wife Nancy (Ann), who owned land in Fauquier Co., Va. from 1776 - 1801, when they removed to Harrison Co., now West Virginia; among their children were: Mary

*Climbing*

# The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON

Yates; John Yates; Elijah Yates; & William Yates, Jr. (C) SIM (M)S-PETTY. Wish the names of parents of Thomas Sims, who married Rebecca Petty; they bought land in Spotsylvania Co., Va. in the year 1734; he died in Culpeper Co., Virginia 1784 - 1785. (L. D. P., Fairfield, Iowa).

A978. ELLIS - BILLUPS - SKIPWITH - BUTTERWORTH. About 2 miles west of Reams Station, Dinwiddie Co., Va. on the Atlantic Coast Line Railway at what was known as "Billups Tavern" also known as "Ellis", there are two grave slabs (very difficult to read), viz., "Sacred to the Memory of Cap. Augustine Ellis merchant of Petersburg (Va.) died March 16, 1826 in the 32 year of age." Also in the same burial ground is the grave of Augustine Billups being the other slab mentioned, viz., "Erected to the Memory of Augustine Billups died the 18th of June 1826 aged 69 years.—Mary Billups." (This date is difficult to read as to whether it was 1826 or 1823). In the Petersburg, Va., Hustings Court Will Book 1804 - 1826, page 225 is recorded on April 20, 1826 & dated March 8, 1826 of Augustine Ellis naming sisters Joanna Ellis & Eliza (Elizabeth) Mahood, brother Benjamin Ellis and wife Mary S. Ellis; with executor, William Brownly; witness, Wm. F. Fisher, Wm. Conway & Wiley Chives; security, David N. Boisseau & John Butterworth. Then in Petersburg, Va., Hustings Court Bk. 2, page 175, is recorded the bill of Pliny Skipwith, dated Feb. 9, 1821, naming wife Polly; and "my mother Letty Shipwith"; executor, Cyrus Ferguson; witnesses, William Davis, Joanna Ellis, and Cyrus Ferguson. There are recorded in the Deed Books of Petersburg, Va. deeds from Richard Hamblett to Augustine Ellis and another from Augustine Ellis and another from Augustine Billups to Augustine Ellis. From the above the wife of Augustine Ellis must have been a Miss Skipwith having the initial "S" after the given name as shown, "May S." & Joanna Ellis was evidently the sister - in - law of Mary S. Ellis, though friendly with the Skipwith family for Pliny Skipwith to have Joanna Ellis as witness; Joanna being named as sister in the will of Augustine Ellis. It seems apparent that Augustine Ellis was a Nephew of Augustine Billups, since each was buried in the same burial ground in Dinwiddie Co., Va.

Augustine Billups had a wife named Hanna — (What was her maiden name?) & evidently married 2ndly Mary —, for the estate of Augustine Billups was not settled in Dinwiddie Co., Va. until Nov. 16, 1835 (Will Book 1, pp. 475-476) with appraisers John H. Cutler, Edward T. Floyd and William E. Boisseau; & there is recorded in the same Dinwiddie Co., Va. Bk. 1, page 336 an inventory of the estate of Mary Billups, deceased, widow of Augustine Billups & this was recorded on Jan. 20, 1834; the accounting of the estate of Mary Billups, recorded Nov. 16, 835 in Dinwiddie Co., Va. Will Bk. 1, p. 476.

The Butterworth family Bible, copy of which is in the Va. State Archives Dept., Virginia State Library, Richmond, Va. shows therein the marriage of John Butterworth to Joyce F. Billups on Jan. 22, 1807; and recorded in same is the death of, viz., "Augustine Billups of Dinwiddie Co., Va., father of Joyce F. Butterworth, departed this life June 18, 1823 in 69th yr. of his age." Then we find in the Newcomd family Bible also in the State Archives Dept. and photostated is shown, "Elisha Newcomb, son of Elisha Newcomb of the Town of Chatham, County of Barnstable & State of Massachusetts was born August 16th, 1770 & in the yr. 1793 was married to Mary Ann Billups, daughter of Augustine Billups & Hannah his wife, of the County of Dinwiddie & State of Virginia." In the same Newcomb family Bible is shown the death record of, "Augustine Billups of Dinwiddie Co., Va., died June 18th, 1823 in the 69th yr. of his age." This shows that Mary Ann (Billups) Newcomb & Joyce (Billups) Butterworth were sisters also daughters of Augustine Billups. What was the kinship between the mentioned Augustine Billups and Augustine Ellis? Who were the parents of Augustine Billups who died 1823, aged 69 years? The initial "F" in the given name of Joyce F (Billups) Butterworth was most assuredly for the name of Fauntleroy for Augustine Billups had a son named Elias Flauntleroy Billups who died at an early age.

**BARHAM FAMILY**

THE BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA. This continues as the 6th in the series of articles on the

named family and we shall take the published book, "Southside Virginia Families" Vol. II, by John Bennett Boddie, page 25 and published in the year 1956. This shall be known as Entry No. 6:

ENTRY No. 6. and reads as follows: "Captain Charles Barham of Surry County, Virginia) descends from the ancient family of Barham of County Kent, England, whose pedigree begins with Marine de Barham, who in 1210 held lands in Barham, near Canterbury, by Knight service as one of the Military tenants of the Archbishop of Canterbury. (See article by R. G. Fitzgerald - Uniache, B. A., F. R. S. A. Sussex Arch. Soc. LVI (1914) p. 110) This family has also resided in Surry County Virginia continuously for more than 300 years. Its present representative is Mr. Sidney B. Barham, now the Clerk of the County Court (1956)."

"Captain Charles Barham first appears in the Surry County records in 1654 as witness to a bond of Andrew Robinson to Dorothy Kew (Surry Deed & Will Book 1645-1715, page 43). He was a vestryman of Lawnes Creek Parish first appearing on the list May 24, 1661. On February 2, 1663, Charles Barham, gent., of Lawnes Creek Parish bought 300 acres of land on Hog Island, formerly owned by John Medmore, willed to him by heirs in England. Captain Barham paid 63 guineas sterling with bills of exchange drawn on his brother Richard Barham of London; with witnesses, Wm Cockerham, Andrew Robinson, David Williams (Ibid., or same ref., page 228). In 1666, Capt. Wm Cockerham and Mr. Charles Barham were granted 850 acres on the Blackwater

River or swamp) for the transportation of 17 persons, among whom were John and Mary Cockerham (Ref. "Cavaliers & Pioneers" by Nell Nugent, page 562). In 1668 Capt. Barham was appointed a Justice of the County Court and in 1672 he and Robert Caufield presented the estate of Capt. Cokerham to the Court."

"Capt. George Watkins in his will made in 1673 refers to "Cousin Charles Barham", son of my loving Uncle, Capt. Charles Barham; and makes a bequest of 1000 lbs. of tobacco to Capt. Barham, whom he made co-executive with his wife Elizabeth Watkins. The exact relationship between the families has not been definitely determined (Ref: Virginia Magazine of History & Biography, Vol. 48, pages 278-279. Captain Barham's wife was Elizabeth — last name unknown. His (meaning Capt. Charles Barham) two daughters, Elizabeth and Priscilla Barham are given bequests in the will of Wm Ridley of Isle of Wight, dated May 1, 1671 and probated Oct. 16, 1671 (Ref: Isle of Wight Co. Va. Will Deed & Will Bk. 2, page 98). Capt. Barham was appointed Sheriff in 1673, and in 1677, after Bacon's Rebellion, was confirmed as a Justice by Governor Berkeley. He probably served on the County Court until his death."

"In 1680 Captain Barham deeded Joseph Rogers, for 800 lbs. tobacco the 830 acres heretofore patented by him and Capt. Cockerham in 1666. John Barnes, a prominent Quaker, in his will dated March 2, 1690, stated: "What is due me from my kinsman, Robert Barham, son of Capt. Charles Barham, late of Merchant's Hundred, deceased, be paid to my wife Jane." Captain Charles Barham evidently moved to Merchant's Hundred (James City Co., Va.) shortly before his death. His will probably perished in the destruction of the James City County records."

"Children of Capt. Charles Barham, mentioned in will of relatives:

1. Elizabeth married Thomas Binns (?)
2. Priscilla Barham, who married Robert Hart (see the Hart family line on page 153 of this same book, which shows that Henry Hart was the 1st of the Hart to come to the Virginia Colony; he had son Thomas Hart who married Anne Sheppard, daughter of Major Robert Sheppard of the militia, a justice and member of the House of Burgesses in 1646-47-48; that Major Sheppard married Elizabeth Spencer, daughter of William Spencer, gent., who was Burgess for Mulberry Island, Warwick Co., Va. for the 1624-32-33 and was known as an ancient planter and member of the first expedition which arrived at Jamestown Island in 1607; also the data states that Mrs. Elizabeth Shepard, widow of Maj. Robert Shepard married, 2ndly, Thomas Warren, Gent. of the "Warren House", Surry Co., Va.)

3. Charles Barham inherited land in James City Co. as proven by a petition of his son Charles (3) Barham (son of Charles (2); son of Charles (1) Barham in the year 1734, of which Dr. B. C. Holtzclaw secured a copy from the Public records Office in London. This shows that there were four children as given herein, but that "Perilee" as given in Dr. Holtzclaw's article in the last line of page 279, Vol. 48, Virginia Magazine of History and Biography should be "Priscilla."

4. Robert (2) Barham, who married Elizabeth Clark.

## BALDWIN

ARMS: Argent, six oak leaves slipped in pairs, two in chief and one in base vert, stalks sable, their points downward.

CREST: A squirrel sejant or.

MOTTO: Viam vi repello.

This Baldwin arms has been used by the New England family of the name they descend from Richard Baldwin, who was born in the year 1622 and who died in 1665, being the son of Sylvester, this father having died on voyage to New England. Richard Baldwin came to America in the ship "Martin" and settled in Milford, Conn.; was a member of the General Court from 1660 to the year 1665; he married Elizabeth Alsop, daughter of John Alsop. Richard Baldwin and Elizabeth Alsop, had,

Theophilus Baldwin, who was born in the year 1659 and died in 1696. He was of the same place of Milford, Conn. He married in the year 1682, Elizabeth Camfield; they had,

Theophilus Baldwin, 1694 and died in the year 1745. This Mr. Baldwin was the founder of the place called New Milford, Conn. He was a patriotic gentleman became a captain of the Militia in charge of the stores of the militia. He also was a member of the General Court for a number of years. He married Jerusha Beecher in the year 1722; they had,

Hezekiah Baldwin, who was born in 1732 and died in the year 1803. He also was of New Milford, Conn. He was also a patriotic man of his community, have been appointed to Lieut. of the Militia during the French and Indian Wars also was in the American Revolutionary War being named captain of the 2nd Regt. of the New York State. He was thought of in favor and was named to represent Albany County, N.Y. on the Committee of Safety. He married in 1759, Abigail Peet.



BALDWIN



# Climbing The Family Tree

—Genealogy: Questions  
And Answers

By HUGH S. WATSON JR.

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

Even the Yankee group did not condone the proposal or resolution to save the Union during the Civil War in 1863, but Vallandigham tried. Apparently states rights was too strong at that time. The Resolution was taken from the "Southern Confederacy" newspaper of Jan. 3, 1863 and reads as follows:

### Vallandigham's Resolutions."

"In the House of Representatives at Washington, Dec. 4th (1862), Mr. Vallandigham offered the following:

"Resolved, That the Union as it was must be restored and maintained — one and indivisible, forever. Under the Constitution as it is, and the fifth article, providing for amendments, include:

"Resolved, that if any person in the civil or military service of the United States shall propose terms of peace, or accept, or advise the acceptance of such terms, on any other basis than the integrity and entirety of the Federal Union, and of the several States comprising the same, and the Territories of the Union at the beginning of the present civil war, he will be guilty of a high crime.

"Resolved, That this Government can never permit the intervention of any foreign nation in regard to the present civil war,

"Resolved, That the unhappy civil war in which we are engaged was waged in the beginning professedly not 'in any spirit of oppression, or for any purpose of overthrowing or interfering with the right of established institutions of those states, but to defend and maintain the supremacy of the Constitution, and to preserve the Union with all the dignity, equality, and rights of the several States unimpaired,' and was so understood and accepted by the people, and especially by the army and navy of the United States; and that therefore whoever shall pervert, or attempt to pervert the same to a war of conquest and subjugation, or for the overthrowing or interfering with the rights or established institutions of any of the States, and to abolish slavery therein; or, for the purpose of destroying or impairing the dignity, equality, or rights of any of the States, will be guilty of a flagrant breach of public faith, and of a high crime against the Constitution and Union.

"Resolved, That whoever shall propose by Federal authority to extinguish any of the States of this Union, or to declare any of them extinguished, and to establish territorial governments within the same, will be guilty of a high crime against the Constitution and Union

"Resolved, That whoever shall affirm that it is competent for this House or any other authority to establish a dictatorship in the United States, thereby superseding or suspending the Constitution authorities of the union, and shall proceed to make any movement towards the declaring of a dictator, will be guilty of a high crime against the Constitution and the Union and the public property."

"On motion of Mr. Lovejoy, the resolutions were laid on the table—yeas 79, nays 50."

(And so the resolutions of Mr.

Vallandigham were tabled and apparently never brought to the front again. Perhaps "States Rights" were being brought to the attention of the House of Delegates for that period of history.—Editor of this feature).

## BOOK REVIEW

"KINGSTON PARISH REGISTER OF GLOUCESTER AND MATHEWS COUNTIES, 1749-1827" compiled by Mrs. Emma R. Matheny of Richmond, Va. This book has been needed for some time due to the loss of the court records of both of the named counties. Mrs. Matheny has been assisted by Mrs. Helen K. Yates in the undertaking of placing the data from the register in a composite of book form for the use in libraries and homes of those who descend from those early Gloucester and Mathews County persons and there are many for Gloucester was an early county in the Virginia records.

The first mention and recorded record of Gloucester County by name seems to be in a land grant in the Virginia Land Office records, dated 21 May 1655, and the year is generally accepted as the date of the county's formation. No act of assembly specifically establishing any of the four parishes in Gloucester has come to light, but it is probable that they were simultaneously created by county court order in accordance with Act IX of the Grand Assembly of March 6, 1655-6, which required that "all counties not yet laid out into parishes shall be divided into Parishes the next county court." (For reference see: Henning, Statutes at Large, Vol. 1, p. 400).

Petworth was the most westerly of these four parishes, while Ware (Parish) lay just north of Abingdon in the middle of the county and Kingston occupied the entire section east of North River. In 1791, after the Colonial period, Kingston Parish was cut off to form the present county of Mathews. (For reference see: "Colonial Churches of Tidewater Virginia" by the late George Carrington Mason).

Gloucester County possesses few colonial county records, nearly all its archives having been destroyed by fire, either in 1820, through the burning of the county clerk's office, or in 1865, at the fall of Richmond where they had been sent for safe-keeping. The register of Kingston Parish is one of the few extant colonial church records. Dating from 1749, the entry was made in 1827. A photostatic copy of the original Kingston Parish Register is maintained in the archives of the Virginia State Library, and it is from the photocopy of this ancient record that Mrs. Emma R. Matheny and Mrs. Helen K. Yates have painstakingly copied their births, marriages and deaths recorded therein.

Although the Register shows the ravages of time with pages missing, torn and illegible, the compilers have copied approximately 530 marriages, 1750 recorded births and 120 deaths.

With compiled records for the public libraries, private libraries and other research collection mediums each should have a copy of this book for ready research of these early colonial persons, some of whom were



the founders of liberty and the American of these United States.

Copies of this fine book may be obtained from Mrs. Emma R. Matheny, 1718 Glenview Road, Richmond 22, Virginia. These books are priced at \$10 per copy.

## BARHAM FAMILY

BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY AND ADJOINING COUNTIES OF VIRGINIA. We shall begin with the Entry No. 7 and data from "Southside Virginia Families," Vol. II, by John Bennett Boddie in 1956 A.D. page No. 26-27.

Entry No. 7. We continue with Robert (2) Barham, son of Capt. Charles (1) and Elizabeth Barham, this being the above mentioned reference.

"Robert (2) Barham appears first as tithable in 1695, indicating his date of birth as 1679. This is confirmed by a petition dated January 4, 1697-8, to have his estate 'being near full age.' He married about 1700, Elizabeth, daughter of John and Mary Clark of Lawnes Creek Parish. She is mentioned in the will of father in 1717, in which he bequeaths legacies to five of his Barham grandchildren." (The statement herein regarding the Mary Clark being

daughter of Robert Flake of Isle of Wight Co., Va., is in error, since another Mary Clark was the daughter of Robert Falke.—Editor).

"Robert (2) Barham apparently lived most of his life in Surry (County, Va.), but moved to Southampton County (Va.) in his old age. His will dated January 18, 1748, was probated in Southampton, 14 April 1760 (Southampton Co., Va. Will Book, 1, page 332)."

"Children of Robert (2) Barham and wife Elizabeth Clarke: 1. John (3) Barham, married Elizabeth, daughter of Elizabeth (Newsom) and Thomas Edwards (see later).

11. Robert (3) Barham, born prior to 1711, and died in Surry Co., Va., in 1770. His will dated March 27, 1770, and probated July 17, 1770, mentions only his son William and granddaughter, Elizabeth Barham. The granddaughter, Elizabeth, was probably a daughter of Thomas (3) Barham, died 1764, and his wife Lucy Holt, daughter of Benjamin Holt of Surry Co., Va., whose will in 1770 mentions his daughters Lucy and Ann Bell, and sons Joseph, Michael, and Philip Holt.

III. Thomas (3) Barham, born in Surry Co., Va., after 1711; married Sarah Newsom (Newsom). He lived for some time in Isle of Wight Co., Va., though born in Surry. He later moved to Sussex Co., Va., where he died in 1784. His will dated August 17, 1782, and probated September 16, 1784, mentions only his wife Sarah and his daughter Lucy. There were other children, however. Mary Moss, in her will in Sussex Co., Va., in 1775, mentions her daughter Elizabeth Barham and her son-in-law Thomas Barham Jr. Another daughter, Patty, is mentioned in the Albemarle Parish Register; while Charles Barham and Benjamin Barham, whose children's births are re-

corded in the same Register, were probably also sons of Thomas and Sarah Barham. The following dates are taken from the Albemarle Parish Register:

Children of Thomas (3) Barham and Sarah Newsom were: 1. Thomas (4) Barham, married prior to 1775 Elizabeth Moss; had at least one daughter Mary (Polly), born October 29, 1775, christened February 11, 1776.

2. Charles (4) Barham (probably), married Mary (Harwood 7); and had issue: (1) Elizabeth, born Jan. 23, 1763, christened March 27, 1763; (2) Rebecca, born April 17, 1764, christened May 20, 1764; (3) Amy, born Feb. 19, 1766, christened March 23, 1766; (4) Charlotte, born June 14, 1768, christened Sept. 4, 1786; (5) Mary Harwood, born January 19, 1771, christened March 17, 1771; (6) Daniel, born December 2, 1773, christened March 13, 1774.

3. Benjamin Barham (probably), married Sarah, and had issue at least one son, John Barham, born Feb. 13, 1771, christened June 9, 1771.

4. Martha Barham (Patty), born January 4, 1763, christened March 27, 1763.

5. Lucy Barham, born May 2, 1768, christened June 12, 1768.

IV. Benjamin (3) Barham, son of Robert and Mary (Clarke) Barham, born in Surry after 1711, died in Southampton Co., Va. in 1797; married (perhaps) Mary Judkins, daughter of John Judkins of Surry Co., Va. (see Judkins Family). His will dated March 30, 1776 and probated in Southampton Co., Va., June 10, 1779, mentions his wife Mary, sons William, John and Benjamin, daughters Lucy, Fanny and Elizabeth Barham.

V. Charles (3) Barham, born in Surry Co., Va., prior to 1711. He first appears in the Surry Co., Va. records May 19, 1727 (Surry Co., Va., Deed & Will Book 1715-30, page 750), which indicated about 1706 as the probable date of his birth. In 1733 he petitioned the House of Burgesses to enable him to sell certain entailed lands and settle others more convenient (reference "Journal of the House of Burgesses," 1727-40, pp. 138, 139, etc.). In 1738 he was deeded land by Thomas Holt, Jr. in Isle of Wight Co., Va. (Reference: Isle of Wight Co., Va., Deed Book 5, p. 249) and lived in Isle of Wight for a number of years, receiving also numerous land-grants in that county, most of which fell into Southampton Co., Va. on the organization of that county. He died in Southampton Co. in 1791 at an advanced age. His will, dated Sept. 17, 1783 and probated June 9, 1791 (Southampton Co., Va., Will Bk. p. 432), leaves his property to his son Robert (4) Barham and granddau. Milly Barham; and dau. Lucy DeLoach; Drewry Parker husband of his dau. Elizabeth; grandsons Joel and Barham Newsom and dau. Mary Harris; son James; and makes his grandson Joel Barham his executor. Charles (3) Barham married the 1st time, probably, Sarah Judkins, dau. of John Judkins of Surry (Virginia Magazine of History? Biography, Vol. 48, p. 359). His 2nd wife was Ann Arrington, widow of John Arrington."

(We shall continue with the 8th Entry on the Barham Family.—Ed.)

## DUNGAN

ARMS: Azure, six plates three, two and one, on a chief or, a demi-lion rampant gules.

CREST: An orb or, banded and surmounted by a cross pattee of the same.

The Buckman and back to 1595 and the Howell line back to the 1530, but through these connections they trace their lineage back through the name of Dungan to the year 687 A.D.



DUNGAN

Of the Pennsylvania family they descend from John Hart who was born about the year 1595 and died in the year 1671. This John Hart came from England in the year 1635 and settled in Newtown, Long Island, New York. His wife's name was Mary, but to this editor the surname is not known, however, they had,

John Hart, born 1636 and died in 1712, who married a lady by the of Mary; also we do not know the surname of this Mary. This couple had,

Ralph Hart, who was born in the year 1680 and died in 1747. This Ralph Hart married Sarah Furman, whose birth date is not known, but we know that she died in the year 1717. To this couple was given a son, Josiah Hart, born 1716, a year before the death of his mother. Josiah Hart died in 1789, having married in 1736, Mary Titus, who was born in the year 1717 and died in 1796. This couple had,

Nathaniel Hart, who was born in 1746 and died in 1830, having married in 1778 to Abigail Scudder, who was born in 1750. They had,

Joseph S. Hart, born 1786 and died in 1866, who married in the year 1814, Abigail Moore, who was born 1784 and died 1876.



Climbing

# The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

And what admiration a London correspondent had for the Confederate Army during the Civil War. The following was in regards to Mr. Frank Vizetelly, who was the Richmond, Va., correspondent of the "Illustrated London News." And this is what was written:

"THE SOUTH. It may not be known to our reserves that we have had amongst us for the last five months, the Special Artist and Correspondent of the 'Illustrated London News,' Mr. Frank Vizetelly. Nearly all of his time has been spent with our army of Northern Virginia, and he was present with our gallant soldiers at the last battle of Fredericksburg, where he made numerous drawings that last glorious passage of the Confederate arms. We quote from a number of the 'Illustrated London News,' that has reached the Confederacy, a letter of Mr. Vizetelly, addressed to that journal:

"The more I see of the Southern army the more I am lost in admiration of its splendid patriotism, at its wonderful endurance, at its utter disregard of hardships which, probably, no modern army has been called upon to bear up against. Wretchedly equipped, the soldiers of the Confederacy advance to meet their foes, the light of battle shinning on their countenance, determined to be victorious or die. I have seen them marching over the hot and dusty roads of Virginia, uniformless, shoeless, many with nothing but a thin well-worn shirt, to shield them from the scorching sun, and yet every man cheered his comrade, and all, as they dragged their bleeding feet along, made light of their sufferings, and, with renewed elasticity, strode forward on their way, many to their graves.

"The lies I have heard in the North of disaffection in the South have been refuted to me a thousand fold. My own eyes and ears have contradicted at prejudice of a people firmly every step I have taken the calomnies circulated to the united in their desire for separation from the old Government, and resolved to fight for their independence till the last man has been called from his home and the last plantation laid to waste. What a grand picture does this colossal revolution present; how near to heroism is this people brought, who, sacrificing everything — mother their sons, wives their husbands, all they hold dear — for that which every country has fought for at some time during its history — its rights! Yes, with all Europe against them — for are not the ports of the Northern States open to the world? — these Saxons of the South, blockaded in their harbors with sorry arms, deprived of those resources which alone make their enemy formidable, yet drive back the countless legions of the invader from their soil, and with 'to triomphe' on their tattered banners, prepared to con-



vey the desolation which they have suffered to the homes of their adversaires."

"Surely your readers by this time have learned to properly estimate the empty assurances and vain boastings of the Northern Government and press in reference to the suppression of the rebellion. Mr. Seward's circulars to the United States Ministers abroad have been marvelous specimens of promises on a promise to do something. At each additional to the Federal army, he has paraphrased in his despatches, the words of the popular son, 'There's a Good time coming boys! only wait a little longer,' and for eighteen weary months of bloodshed he has been singing this refrain, and each month his voice has grown more uncertain and wavering in the notes."

"How long England and France will submit to be bamboozled by the hollow representations of the Federal Government remains to be seen; as it is, they have held aloof enough, and precedents which they have followed in other cases demand that the two Powers at the head of civilization should interfere to stop the butchery which disgraces the century we live in. The call for six hundred thousand more men in the North goes a long way to show that hitherto Mr. Seward has been cheating Europe into the belief that the Southern revolt was nothing. What has become of the first six hundred thousand? Their bones lie whitening in the fields around Corinth; the plains of Manassas are one huge Northern graveyard. From the James to the York Rivers, on the banks of the Chickahominy and the Pamunkey, the slaughtered thousands of the once proud Army of the Potomac sleep their last sleep."

"And should Mr. Lincoln be successful in his demand for new levies, which I very much doubt, the beginning of the end will be as far off as ever. Surrounded as I am by the Southern people, living in their midst, associating with their soldiers, I emphatically assert that the South can never be subjugated. There is not a mother with two sons, having lost one by a Northern bullet, who will not freely offer up the other on the altar of her country. As I have said before, there are men serving in the ranks of the Southern army worth two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000) submitting to every privation — and such privations were never

known — and, if need be, they will continue to bear them and prolong the struggle for years. Never have I heard a doubtful word expressed as to the ultimate result of the war now waged by the Southerners. Every soldier of the Confederacy is impressed with the stamp of individuality, and has a confidence in himself which half a million of Northerners cannot shake."

"And should dire necessity demand that more blood should be shed in addition to that which already crimsoned the fields of Virginia, Kentucky and Tennessee, there will be found five hundred thousand such men ready to form a barricade with their bodies over which the invader of the soil will have to pass. We have seen the first great Northern army swept away, and the second will scarcely fare better."

"The South is now thoroughly aroused — the late victories that have crowned its arms have made it more hopeful and determined than ever. The North, on the contrary, is demoralized by a succession of reverses, which even the mendacious dispatches of its generals have failed to conceal. The whole Northern people are writhing under the disgrace of the continued defeats of their well equipped armies by, as they themselves term the foe, a half-starved, ragged mob of rebels. Will their past experience in the war increase the prestige of their new levies in the field? It is hardly probable."

"Their forces, beaten everywhere cannot commence a new campaign, even should they be permitted to do so by the European Powers, without the dead weight of previous disaster exercising its depressing influence upon them. However this may be, the South will be found prepared, and, whatever the result, nobly, I am convinced, will she stem the tide of battle. I would wish to continue this letter and give a comprehensive view to your readers of the social and political policy of the South, but time is short, and I must delay to the next opportunity, the multitudinous facts that I have collected for the benefit of your readers."

"Hoping this may reach you safely, I am, yours ever, (signed) F. Vizetelly."

## QUESTIONS

A979. HAVEN-HEAVENS. Wish definite information on one John Havens (Haven, Heavens), who was born 1775-1777 in Virginia. (V.V., Playa Del Rey, Calif.).

A908(A). EMORY-HARRISON. I am seeking information of the Emory family of Virginia. The known Emory, first name unknown, was buried near the James River. He served during the Revolutionary War.

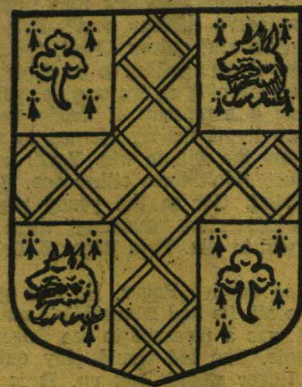
His son, Samuel Emory, became a Methodist minister and married a lady named Miss Harrison, and moved to LaGrange, Georgia.

This last named couple and

ARMS: Ermine, a cross sable, fretty or, between a trefoil slipped, in the 1st and 4th quarters, and a wolf's head erased in the 2nd and 3rd.

AREST: On a wreath of the colours, in front of a wolf's head erased or, fretty sable, trefoil slipped vert.

This Coddington family arms is that of a later arrival of the connecting lines of other members of the family in America and they descend from Henry Bartlett who died after the year 1711



CODDINGTON

Jonas Bartlett and Elizabeth Howe, had, Captain Parley Bartlett, born in 1772 and died in 1845, who was of Wilmington, Vermont. He married in 1797, a cousin, Lucy Bartlett, a daughter of Antipas Bartlett and wife Lois White.

two sons: Henry Emory and Washington Lafayette Emory. The family lived near Lagrange, Ga.

(B). STREET FAMILY. I have a photostat of a page from the "Street Genealogy," by Henry A. Street of New Haven, Conn., and Mrs. Mary A. Street of Exeter, New Hampshire in 1895.

In the numbering of the names in the mentioned genealogy we find No. 750 for the Rev. James Street, who is one of my ancestors. I would like to know the ancestry of this Rev. James Street of the New England family and of his wife Mary Newton. If the book covering the Street family of New England is in your library and available, please advise. (D.P.S., Tallahassee, Florida).

BARHAM FAMILY  
BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA. This continues as the 8th in the series of articles on the Barhams. We shall continue with the Entry No. 8, this portion of the data being taken from "Southside Virginia Families," Vol. II, by John Bennett Boddie and published 1956:

Entry No. 8:  
"Children of Charles Barham (born prior to 1711, died in Southampton Co., Va., in 1791) and probable wife Sarah Judkins:

1. James Barham, born abt. 1730, m. (probably) Mary Thorpe, granddaughter of Timothy Thorpe of Southampton Co., Va. (the latter's will in 1751 in Southampton mentions his granddaughter Mary Barham); Lieutenant of Militia in 1755 in Southampton Co.; died 1792, his will, dated February 26, 1791, and probated in Southampton Co., Va., June 9, 1792, mentioning his son Joel Barham, daughters, Martha Harris, Sarah Fisher and Rebecca Holliman, son James, daughters Mary Barham and Susannah Meacom, sons Judkins Barham, granddaughter Phoebe Barham, daughter of Judkins Barham, and sons-in-law Edward Fisher and William Holliman.
2. Robert Barham, married Hannah —; died in Southampton Co., Va. 1797; will dated

March 20, 1792, probated May 15, 1797, mentions his wife Hannah, daughters, Peggy, Charlotte and Sally Barham, Mary Cooper, Milly Hutchings, Patsy Gilliam, and Betsy Gilliam; son Howell Barham.

3. Mary Barham, born abt. 1735, married David Newsom.

4. Elizabeth Barham, married Drewry Parker.

5. Lucy Barham, married — De Loach.

John (3) Barham, son of Elizabeth (Clark) and Robert (2) Barham, married Elizabeth (Newsom) and Thomas Edwards. John Barham's will was dated Sept. 29, 1770, proven July 1771. He named the following children:

1. Jesse Barham, married Faith Judkins.
2. John Barham, married — Judkins (?).
3. Joseph Barham, married Sally Lane. (see later).
4. Mary Barham, married Benjamin Judkins before 1770.
5. Ann Barham, married Thomas Lane Jr.
6. Elizabeth Barham, married James Adams.
7. Martha Barham.

Joseph (4) Barham, who was born about 1745 in Surry County, Va., died there in 1823. In 1765-6 he married Sally Lane, daughter of Mary and Thomas Lane, who was born about 1748 in Surry Co., Va., and died there in 1826. This couple had children:

1. Joseph Barham, born 1768; married Ann Cocke Hunnicutt (see later).
2. James Barham, born abt. 1770 d.s.p.
3. Thomas Barham, born abt. 1772.
4. Charles Barham, born abt. 1774 d.s.p.
5. Mary Ann Barham, born abt. 1776; married Batts Lane.
6. Nancy Barham, born abt. 1778.
7. Elizabeth Barham, born abt. 1780; married in 1808, Robert B. Hunnicutt, Jr.

(Reference for above, "Southside Virginia Families," Vol. II, pages 27 to 29, by John B. Boddie.)

The 9th article in this series will continue in the next issue of this feature.



## HISTORICAL RARITIES

WHAT A YANKEE SOLDIER HAD TO SAY ABOUT THE CONFEDERATE ARMY DURING THE CIVIL WAR! The following letter was taken from "The State Record" newspaper of Topeka, Kan., Jan. 6, 1863 and shall be copied verbatim:

"FROM BUEL'S ARMY. A volunteer friend of Mr. Holmes, of this county, writes about war matters as follows:  
Camp Near Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 29, 1862.

"Friend Holmes — Having a little leisure time, take it up in writing you a few lines for the purpose of telling you how Bragg run us back into Kentucky. The chase commenced about the first of September. Our Army was from 80 to 125 miles south of Nashville. We started and kept going no one knew where, except old Buel, until we had marched over 200 miles and when we ascertained the true state of affairs, we found that Bragg had been running us all the time, but somehow every time we saw his tracks they were made with his heels toward us—it seems he did not know that Buel was after him. When Bragg got to Bardstown, Ky., he stopped to let his men rest a few days, so the Yankees took another road and went to Louisville, which defeated Bragg's plans. No doubt had we been five days later Bragg would have attacked the city, and if he had he would have taken it, with all our army and commissary stores, without a very hard struggle."

"After resting a few days and adding some new regiments to our old brigades, we filled our haversacks with hard crackers, sugar and coffee, and started after Bragg. We had to drive the rebel pickets off our camp ground the second evening, and the same the third. On the fourth day of the march the 15th brigade was in front, consisting of the following regiments: the 3rd Kentucky in the front, 26th Ohio next, then followed the 17th Indiana, 100th Illinois, and the 58th Indiana. When we got within four miles of Bardstown, the brigade was brought to a halt, and by command of Brig. Gen. Haskel, the 58th Indiana and one section of the 8th Indiana battery was ordered to the front. We had advanced but a short distance when the advance came dashing back, almost running over our infantry, and said there were a million rebels just ahead of us. That was enough to frighten men who were not accustomed to seeing cavalry run; but our colonel, being as brave as a lion, formed his regiment into line and began to move forward, with the cannon on our right. When we got where we could see out, we saw about 1,500 cavalry fairly flying for life. We fired at them, but without doing much execution. The 58th Indiana had the praise of running them out of Bardstown. Though their main army had left early that morning, we continued the chase until we arrived at Perryville, where a very bloody contest ensued between McCook and Gilbert's corps and a strong force of Bragg's army. We chased them through the Kentucky mountains, and then turned out course for this place. I don't know how long we will stay here. Report says the rebels are in strong force at Murfreesborough, 25 miles from our camp, and if they don't leave soon I guess we will have to go down and give them a start. (Signed) J.M.R."

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**QUESTIONS**  
A981. NELSON-NANCE. Wish the names of parents and ancestry of Henry Nance; born

## BOUTELER

ARMS: Argent, three inescutcheons sable, each charged with a covered cup or.

CREST: A covered cup or, between two wings adorsed dexter argent, sinister azure.

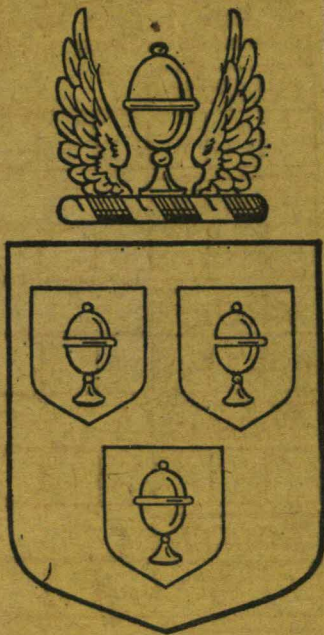
MOTTO: Dum Spiro Spero.

The family of Boteler which used this arms was that which settled the Maryland Colony. They descend from Edward Boteler, son of Edward Boteler, 1, of Egstry Co., Kent, England. This Edward descends from Rollo, the 1st Duke of Normandy who lived in 911 A.D. Edward Boteler, Jr. came from England in the year 1669 and settled in the Maryland Colony in the County of Calvert. He married Anne Lingan, who died in 1717, being the daughter of Hon George Lingan, who was the commissioner of the Provincial Court and a member of the Assembly of Maryland, which corresponded to the House of Burgesses of Virginia. This couple Edward and Anne (Lingan) Boteler, had,

Edward Boteler, who settled in the area of Pleasant Valley of Maryland. He married Priscilla Lingan, daughter of Thomas Lingan, who was the brother of the above mentioned Anne Lingan. This couple had,

Capt. Henry Boteler, who was born in the 1728 and died in 1814, also of Pleasant Valley, Md. He being a patriot served during the French and Indian War in the year 1757 and during the Revolutionary War was commissioned to the rank of captain. He married Sarah Elsy, and this couple had,

Capt. William Boteler, who served his country during the War of 1812. He married Miss Gitting, whose given name is not known to this editor.



BOTELER



1799; lived in Jackson, Tenn.; died Goliad, Texas, 1881. He married 1st Sarah Nelson; Also wish names of her parents.

(B). JACKSON. Wish the names of parents and ancestry of Jarvis Jackson, born about 1728, and died 1802 in Kentucky. He lived during the American Revolution in Bedford County, Va., and was a Patriot Signer of the Association Act. He married Mary (her surname unknown) about 1749, she being born 1731 and died after 1802 in Kentucky. Wish names of her parents.

(C). BOUCHER - CHILES. Wish all data and ancestry of John Boucher of Hanover County, Va., whose daughter Mary married John Chiles, a Burgess of King William County, Va. John Chiles was born 1669 and died 1723.

(D) BLEDSOE-MARSHALL. Wish the names of the parents of Edward (Ned) Bledsoe, born in North Carolina and died in Maury County, Tenn., 1829. He married in Wake Co., N. C., Mary (Polly) Marshall; also wish names of her parents.

(E). OXFORD (AXFORD)—Terrell. Wish the names of the parents and ancestry of Sarah Elizabeth Oxford (Axford), who married about 1716 - 1718, Joel Terrell, the elder of Hanover Co., Va. What relation was she to Higgins Axford of Orange Co., Va., who died 1744, and Peter Higgins, of the Society of the Cincinnati.

(F.) Wish the names of parents and ancestry of Capt. Christopher Clarke, born 1690-91, died 1753; and married about 1715, Penelope. Wish the names of the parents of Penelope. Capt. Christopher Clarke was of Hanover County, Va. (V.B.S., San Diego, Calif.).

A982. PAGE-WYATT. Wish proof for the statement, "Col. John Page, who came to Virginia 1656; founder of the Page family of Virginia, was a nephew of Governor Francis Wyatt of Virginia."

(B). THORPE. Wish the names of the parents of Thomas Thorpe, who died 1768, Essex County, Virginia. He married Sarah Thorpe, her parentage also desired. Their son, Thomas Thorpe, was born Oct. 1752 and died Oct. 1818, who was a signer of the Albemarle Co., Virginia Declaration of Independence.

(C). WALDEN - THORPE. Wish the names of parents of John Walden, born 1762, and died in Howard County, Missouri. John Walden married in Madison Co., Kentucky, to Dorcas Thorpe. John Walden and wife Dorcas had a daughter named Permelea, who married 1843, Davis Perry Todd, in Howard Co., Missouri.

(D). WALDEN - DAVENPORT - SANFORD. Wish the names of the parents of Joseph Walden, born 1760 in Virginia, and died 1831. Joseph Walden married Nancy (said to have been a Miss Davenport), who died 1835 in Kentucky. Her parentage is also desired. This couple had a son Abednego Walden, who was born 1786 and died 1846, Randolph Co., Missouri. Abednego Walden married Nancy Stanford; and Nancy's parentage is also wanted.

(E). HANCOCK - KANA-NAUGH. Wish the names of the parents of Robert Hancock, who went to Howard Co., Missouri, 1809 - 1810. He married Jaley Kavanaugh, the daughter of Dr. Charles Kavanaugh, who died in Howard Co., Mo. Wish the parentage of Dr. Charles Kavanaugh. Robert Hancock had brothers John and Abbot, who went to Howard Co., Missouri in 1808 from Kentucky.

A983. HUNT. Would like a record of the descendants of Thomas Hunt, son of Robert Hunt, the first English clergyman in the Virginia Colony and English America. Thomas Hunt came from England to live around Jamestown, Virginia, after the death of his father in 1608. Some members of this family still live in York County, Virginia. W. D. F., Newport News, Virginia).

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**ANSWERS**  
A893. HUNT. Since the inquirer is asking for data on the descendants of Thomas Hunt, son of Robert Hunt, the first minister in Virginia, this would be quite difficult to give all of the names of the descendants and all of the lines of the name of Hunt. It would be advisable for the inquirer to start with the generation of the Inquirer and work back to the known generations. This would be somewhat a task, but can be done. Do you know 4, 5 and 6 generations back? If you do, it would be helpful to enter your inquiry with names and dates, as well as, locations of the person for whom you are seeking. May it be suggested that you contact Mrs. Douglas Southall Freeman of Richmond, Va. and address your letter through the Richmond Times - Dispatch newspaper of Richmond as her deceased husband, Douglas Southall, Freeman, LL.D., was editor. I trust that I have been some assistance to this reader. (Editor).

**BARHAM FAMILY**  
BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA. This continues with the 9th article on this family, so we use Entry No. 9.  
ENTRY No. 9. This data is taken from "Southside Virginia Families", John Bennett Boddie in 1956, pages 28 and 29:  
"Joseph (5) Barham, Jr., son of Sally (Lane) and Joseph Barham (4) Barham, was born in Surry Co., Va., in 1768 and died there in 1834. In 1824 he married Anne Cocke Hunnicutt, daughter of Elizabeth (Binns) and Robert B. (Binns) Hunnicutt, Sr., who was born in Surry County, Va. in 1801 and died there in 1873. (For the Binns family see Virginia Historical Genealogies by Mr. Boddie)."

"Children of Joseph (5) Barham and Anne Cocke Hunnicutt are:  
1. Joseph (6) A. S. Barham, born March 22, 1828; married Pamela J. Howell.  
2. Allen Cocke Barham, born Nov. 1, 1829; married Virginia Crittenden;  
3. Caroline Virginia Barham, born Dec. 7, 1830, died at the age of 12 years.  
4. Claudius A. W. Barham, born April 27, 1832; married Alexine G. Ballard.

Claudius (6) A. E. Barham, son of Ann Cocke (Hunnicutt) and Joseph (5) Barham, was born April 27, 1832, in Surry County, Va. and died in Asheville, North Carolina, August 19, 1911. At Goldsboro, North Carolina, Oct. 18, 1859, he married Alexine Goldsboro Ballard, daughter of Martha Partial (Wells) and Jethro Ballard, who was born Dec. 17, 1839 in Suffolk, Nansemond Co., Va. and died May 13, 1884 in Durham, North Carolina."  
"Mr. Joseph (6) A. S. Barham served in the Confederate Army, and later engaged in the tobacco business."  
(The above data was taken from the reference given and ends the data taken from the book).

We shall now go back to the court records on the Barham family.

1668 — Surry Co., Va., Book 1, page 405. Charles (1) Barham gives discharge to John Hey (from service?); witnesses; Henry Basse, Thomas Seate.

1668, Dec. 20 — Surry Co., Va. Book 1, page 338. Mr. Charles (1) Barham appointed a justice for Surry Co., Va.

1669, June 10. Among the tithes from the Tith List of Thomas Warren, shows Charles (1) Barham with 04 tithes (Surry Co., Va. Bk. 1, page 347).

1669, Nov. 29, Charles (1) Barham was a member of the Jury (Surry Co., Va. Bk. 1, page 351).

1670, June 10. On the list of tithes of Robert Caufield is shown Mr. Charles (1) Barham with 05 tithes. Surry Co., Va. Bk. 1, page 373).

1671, Sept. 27. Surry Co., Va. Bk. 1, page 388. At the house of Capt. Geo. Watkins, Capt. Lawrence Baker, Mr. Charles (1) Barham, Mr. Robert Spenser being a court (Court) affiliated did examine a servant and some others regarding a case of a child.

In the next issue of this series will be given the will of Peter Ridley in which Mr. Ridley makes gifts to Mr. Charles (1) Barham and his daughters, Elizabeth (2) Barham and Precille (2) Barham. It has been accepted by deduction that Peter Ridley was the father of the wife of Charles (1) Barham. (Editor).

## Rules of Feature

1. Send all letters to Daily Press, Newport News, Va.; name and address of sender must be given.

2. Questions and answers must be clearly stated on large size paper 8 1/2 by 11 inches, written double-spaced in ink or typed on one side of paper only; postal cards and small paper not acceptable; 3 questions only.

3. Answers will be through the column only. Correspondents making reply must give answers using data pertinent and brief.



## Climbing

# The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON

**HISTORICAL RARITIES**  
GAMBLERS WERE RAMPANT DURING THE CIVIL WAR AND ONE WAS AN ARMY PAYMASTER OF THE UNITED STATES ARMY OR A YANKEE. The following article was taken from the Chicago (Ill.) Tribune of Jan. 7, 1863 having the headlines and article:

"A UNITED STATES PAYMASTER GAMBLES AWAY OVER A QUARTER OF A MILLION OF DOLLARS—ARREST OF THE PAYMASTER AND A LARGE NUMBER OF GAMBLERS—PORTION OF THE MONEY RECOVERED—THE GAMBLERS TO DISGORGE OR BE SENT TO GRANT'S ARMY (From the Cincinnati Gazette, 5th inst.)"

"It was known in the city on Wednesday last that Major I. N. Cook, Paymaster of the United States service, and formerly of this city, had gambled away a large amount of funds that had been entrusted to him to pay off General Grant's army, and that a number of well known gamblers in this city had been arrested on the charge of winning this money from Cook at Faro. We immediately set to work and collected all the facts that had transpired in the case."

"Gen. Grant, some weeks since, made complaint to the proper department at Washington, that his men had not received any pay for a long time, and urging that the paymaster be sent down at once."

After some delay Maj. I. N. Cook was started from Washington with \$2,600,000 in greenbacks. He came as far as Columbus, and there distributed most of this money between a number of paymasters, who were at that point waiting for him, retaining for himself some \$900,000. With a portion of this money he went up to Marietta, and paid off some of the regiments in the Kanawha Valley. From there he returned to Columbus. At Columbus, as he says, he fell in with Gilbert, of Cleveland, and Jones, Olmstead and Dyer, of Columbus, all professional gamblers, and men with whom he had been accustomed to associate. They spent several days in going around drinking, and Cook says his liquor was drugged. One night he played faro in Columbus with these parties and he lost between \$25,000 and \$30,000. Cook, after this, went to Cleveland in company with Gilbert and Jones, and they played there, Cook losing some \$25,000 more. The party now returned to Columbus, and after remaining several days there, came to this city (Cincinnati), where they spent considerable time, several weeks, we believe in playing."

"In the meantime, Gen.

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Grant, so our informant states, became more annoyed at the delay in the arrival of the paymaster and so he dispatched Major Rawley of his staff, to look into the matter. The Major came on here and he also visited Columbus and ascertained what was going on. He immediately communicated his suspicions to the department, and Major McDowell was sent on to help unravel the matter and arrest the guilty parties. Major Rawley applied to the Chief of Police of Louisville for assistance, but we believe that officer referred him to our chief, Col. Dudley. Major Rawley then came on here, and on Christmas Day had an interview with Col. Dudley. The result of this interview was the sending of detective Sam Simmonds to Cairo to watch Major Cook and the parties who were known to be there in his company."

"Major Cook, on being arrested confessed to having lost \$253,000 and gave a list of the names of all the persons with whom he had played and lost money. This list, which is in the hands of the Government, includes, we are told, some forty names and among them are those of a number of our citizens who have heretofore stood above suspicion."

"It is understood that orders from the Department of Washington are that these parties shall make good Major Cook's deficit of \$253,000 which he says he lost in playing with them; and, in case of their refusing to do so, they are to be handed over to General Grant to be disposed of as he and his officers and men, whose money has been taken by them, may deem proper."

"The Government does not intend any child's play. There is no civil process in this case—no judge or commissioner to take straw bail. It is in military hands, and we have confidence to believe that these gamblers will be compelled to disgorge every cent. If they do not, let them be turned over to the soldiers whose money they have stolen, and let them decide what shall be done with them. We shall be content with their verdict."

"We understand that upon the persons of all the parties arrested the officers obtained valuable gold watches, diamond rings and pins, besides a large amount of greenbacks."

### QUESTIONS

A984. SPILMAN-WAYMAN. Want all possible data on the following names: John Spilman, Jr. of Culpeper Co., Va. married Elizabeth Wayman, dau. of Joseph Wayman of the same county, who left a will there in 1824 in which he gave the daughter, Elizabeth Wayman, certain land and after her death to her children.

In 1838-9 John Spilman, Jr. and wife Elizabeth and the following children William K. Spilman, Elizabeth Spilman, Kitty Spilman, Cynthia Spilman, Mary Spilman, Ann Spilman, John J. W. Spilman, James Spilman, Hannah Spilman, Emily Spilman, Martha Ellen Spilman sold the inherited land and "left for Kentucky," the county in Kentucky not named.

Joseph Wayman left a will in



Culpeper in 1824 also left land to his two grandchildren, "the children of my deceased son William Wayman, late of Clarke County, Kentucky." These two children were Ann Elizabeth Wayman and Joseph Wayman. Did the Spilman family also move to Clarke Co., Ky. to be near the children of William Wayman, deceased? (Newport News, Va.)

A985. NEELY-NEELEY. Before or in the year 1800 four brothers John, James, William and Robert Neeley left Botetourt Co., Va. and went to Burke Co., North Carolina for several years before settling in Middle, Tenn. in the counties of Davidson, Williamson and Maury.

These Neely brothers were sons of James Neely, Sr. and Jane Neely of Botetourt Co., Va. John Neely married Susannah Evans; James Neely married Catherine Evans, sister of Susannah Evans both of Botetourt Co., Va. Did William Neely marry Mary Nash and where was she from?

All information is desired on Robert Neely who received a land grant in 1821 in Maury Co., Tenn. Did he go to Marshall Co., Tenn.? (Newport News Va.)

## RICHARDSON

This Richardson family arms is not to be confused with the one of the Virginia family for to date this editor has not been able to prove the correctness of the arms for the Virginia family. However, we know this has been used by those who settled in the West Indies before coming to America and settling in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

This family descends from Thomas Peter Richardson, who died in the year 1798 having come from England and settled on the Island of St. Martin, West Indies. This Englishman married in the year 1794 at Anguilla, West Indies, the Sarah Gumbes, who was born in the year 1779 and died in 1818, being the daughter of Benjamin Gumbes and wife Sarah. This couple, Thomas Peter Richardson and Sarah Gumbes, had,

Thomas Peter Richardson, born in 1798 and died in 1857 was of St. Martin, West Indies, however, he went to Philadelphia, Penna. and attended the college at Mt. Airy in that city, where he graduated. He returned to the West Indies and becoming Governor of St. Eustaceus. This gentleman owned a fine estate, "Golden Rock" on that part of St. Martin Island known as the Dutch part. He returned to Philadelphia, Penna. and with him he brought vessels that became the trading ships between Philadelphia and the West Indies. This trading by the sea lasted many years. He married first, in the year 1821, Anna Constantia de Quartel and they had,

Thomas Peter Richardson, who was born in the year 1826 and died in 1854. He married in the year 1845, Sarah Ann Moore, born in 1803 and died in 1905, being the daughter of George Moore, who was born in 1805 and died in 1892.

A986. FLEISCHMAN-FLESHMAN. Wish the maiden name of Margaret, wife of Ziriakus Fleischman, one of the second group of immigrant Germans settled near Germanna in 1717 by Governor Spotswood. Also, wish the names of the parents of William Fleshman, born 18 Nov. 1795 in Greenbriar County, Va. (R. J. B., Hampton Va.)

### ANSWERS

A960. HAMLIN-HUGHES. This letter was addressed to Mr. Charles Hughes Hamlin C/O the Genealogical Section of the Daily Press newspaper of Newport News, Va.:

"Dear Mr. Hamlin:—We corresponded several years ago on the Hughes family and often wondered, if you were successful with your Terry Hughes and was quite surprised to see your query in the Va. paper showing your Terry was still lost. And if you were not able to find your Terry with all the Richmond, Va., data what chance have the rest of us with our Hughes problems among many others."

"I still feel that Thomas Hughes of Orange Co., Va., was the father of my William Hughes, Revolutionary War soldier from Virginia who married Sally Strother and his second wife Elizabeth (last name not known). I will chart the line to refresh your memory on Thomas and William, so in case in your extensive search for Hughes data you might just have run across a clue on suggestion for me."

"I lived in Lincoln, Nebr. when we 1st exchanged data then moved to Georgia to live with my married daughter and family and two years later in 1959 my son-in-law Richard Foreman was transferred here (San Jose, Calif.) which I like very much, but far from good libraries or original records and my old friends."



RICHARDSON

"I wrote to you this June in Richmond, but letter was returned—no known address. Then I wrote to you, but not sufficient address, so guess I'll have to bother Mr. Hugh S. Watson to forward this letter to you."

"I guess the Southern people know their lines and are not interested enough to share what they have. The people in the middle west seem to help with queries and more anxious to help. Have you not found it so? (Mrs. C. A. Reynolds, 1071 Colony Hill's Lane, San Jose, Calif.)

### BARHAM FAMILY

BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA. This continues as the 10th article in the series on this family and we shall begin with the will of William Ridley and this is the Entry No. 10.

ENTRY No. 10—1671, Oct. 19 probated in Isle of Wight Co., Va. and names:

Mr. Charles (1) Barham my full and whole executor.

My daughter-in-law Jane Tuke, wife unto William Tuke in Surry Co. (Va.), feather bed, etc. which was her mother's. If she die to be divided equally among her children.

William Tuke my two guns, stilliards, etc.

Mary Prime, daughter of Edmund Prime, household goods.

William Tuke's fower (4) children—4 cows.

Edmund Prime's 5 children—5 cows.

Mary Crewe, daughter of John Crewe—1 heifer.

Thomas Harris and Thomas Tuke overseers of the will.

Servant John Gray to be with his father, Henry Gray, until time is expired, upon payment of 500 lbs. of tobacco each year to William Tuke, my wife's son-in-law.

My plantation I give unto Mr. (Charles) (1) Barham, my executor for as long as the lease lasts to keep John Prime, son to Edmund Prime, and to breed him up.

To Mr. (1) Barham his daughters Elizabeth (2) Barham and Precilie (3) Barham one cow a piece.

The will was dated May 1, 1671; Probated Oct. 19, 1671.

Witnesses: George Bell, Robert Jones.

(The above will of William Ridley was recorded in Isle of Wight County, Va. Book No. 1, page 98). (Note: John Prime made a deposition June 9, 1688, giving age as 22 years; according to Isle of Wight Co., Va., Book 2, page 289. John Prime was born then, in 1655, was 5 to 6 years old when William Ridley's will was probated).

1671/2, Jan. 3, Surry Co., Va., Book 1, page 393. Charles (1) Barham, Stephen Allen were witnesses to the indenture or lease William Hare, wife Mary, late wife of George Carter, deceased, to William Alderson.

1672, May 7, (Surry Co., Va., Book 2, page 10) William Hare deeds 3 head of cattle in open court to Captain Charles (1) Barham and Mr. Arthur Long, as security for the orphans estate of George Carter, deceased.

1672, Nov. 29 (Surry Co., Va., Book 2, page 20). Estate of Captain Cockerham presented by Charles (1) Barham and Robert Caulfield. The Bill being divided into three parts there remains due to the 2 orphans 13400.

(The 11th article of this series will appear in the next issue of the feature).



# Climbing The Family Tree

—Genealogy: Questions  
And Answers

By HUGH S. WATSON JR.

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

### THE REVOLUTIONARY WAR RECORD OF GEORGE HOPE, SR. OF HAMPTON, VIRGINIA.

This record of the service during the Revolutionary War of George Hope, Sr. was taken from a photostat in the Virginia State Library, Archives Department, Richmond, Virginia and was used by Mamie Hope West on her lineage papers when presented for membership in the Daughters of the American Revolution. These lineage papers are on record with membership file of the named patriotic society in Washington, D. C.

"Elizabeth City (Co., Va.) Petitions, March 9th, 1781. Referred to Mr. Wray, Mr. Henry, Mr. Tyler, Mr. Page, Mr. Stever, Taylor (Caroline), Mr. Richeson, Mr. King."

"To the Honorable House of Delegates of the State of Virginia in General Assembly. The Petition of Robert Bright, George Latimer, Thomas Latimer, John Seymour, Thomas Allen, William Dunn, William Hawkins, George Hope, Robert Armistead, Ransom Absolem, John Banks, Francis Ballard, William Cunningham, Samuel Ship, Armigar Webb — Humbly Showeth—

"That on Monday October the 23rd, October last, Your petitioners among others of the Militia of Elizabeth City County were embodied in the Town of Hampton and under Arms to the number of about Forty Men at the time that about Five Hundred Men landed from the Enemy's Vessels at Newports Noose and a Galley turning to Mouth of the River Jointly intending to Attack the said Town of Hampton, Your Petitioners with the greatest alacrity Obedied the Orders of repairing to the Cross Roads with a Field Piece about ½ mile distant from the Town where they continued until Orders were sent that every man who had a family might retire and do the best for them they could,

"Your Petitioners father showeth that knowing from the situation where they lived on a Neck of Land entirely guarded by the Enemy and also knowing that the Militia of the aforesaid County of Elizabeth City and Counties adjacent were sufficient in time to prevent depredations of the Enemy, as also out of true regard for the personal welfare of their wives, children and themselves and their property, did Accept the Terms granted by the Enemy to the Flag of Col. Francis Malory and are now on Parole Prisoners of War to the Troops of the British.—

"Your Petitioners further show that they have since the Commencement of the Present

War shown them Zealous Citizens, they have ever been ready to turn out in defense of the Country and have proved themselves Active and diligent in its interest, but your Petitioners with the most sensible regret find themselves at Present from the ties of Honour with which they are bound and from the strict engagement of Parol incapable of taking up arms in defense of their rights, and the Liberty of their Country, and View with sincere concern the Penalties to be inflicted on them agreeable to the Proclamation of his Excellency the Governour in Case of Nonconformity—

"Your Petitioners therefore Most humbly entreat Your Honorable House to take each Particular circumstance of their distrest situation into Mature consideration, and humbly hope they may from their present representation and from the Affirmation of the Justices of the Peace for their Country and also from their readiness take up arms in defense of heir Country on Honourable terms be allowed an Exchange with the Enemy.—

"Your Petitioners most humbly beg leave to show further that should Your Honourable House grant their Petition, so far as to order their exchange, they will without delay and with the greatest freedom exert themselves in the cause of American Liberty. And humbly hope that their exchange may be ordered Accordingly,

"And Your Petitioners shall ever pray 7c.—William Hawkins, George Hope, Robt. Armistead, Ransom Absalom, Jno Banks, Robert Bright, Geo. Latimer, Thos. Latimer, Johy Seymour, Thos. Allen."

The following record was also shown on the application papers for membership of Mamie Hope West in the patriotic society, Daughters of the American Revolution:

"During the Revolutionary War, George Hope superintended the construction of gun boats for the Virginia Navy at Warwick on the James River."

"The late Dr. Jesse Peake of Hampton wrote me the following tradition: On one occasion during the Revolution, when George Hope and a number of the gentlemen of the town (Hampton) were gathered in the sitting room of the Hotel, engaged in animated conversation, a body of British Marines suddenly appeared and captured the whole party. They were carried aboard ship, where they were told that the object in raiding the town was to capture some of the leading citizens to exchange for their countrymen and were then held prisoners by the Americans. Among the officers of the ship was an old classmate of George Hope's, and it was through the efforts of that gentleman that the whole party was exchanged after two days and nights in captivity and irons."—Mamie Hope West."

"George Hope's father was also named George, but who his mother was is not known. Her first name is thought to have been Sarah. In some way the Hopes and Woods of England are connected. A search of the Wood family records shows no intermarriage, but there are other things that point to some connection. The Wood family were for many generations large and flourishing ship builders at White Haven, England. Their coat-of-arms is an oak tree with acorns; the crest



an early Briton with a club; Motto—'Defend.' The arms of George Hope as remembered by one of his grandchildren was an oak-wreath with acorns; the crest, a shipbuilder's adz. No other Hope family in England bore such arms, which looks as if it must have come to them through the Wood family." (We wish to thank William T. Eggleston of 2 Merry Lane, Newport News for this data on George Hope Sr. of Hampton.)

## QUESTIONS

A987. WILSON. I have recently been informed that you were once considering a rerun of your genealogical material concerning the Wilson family of Virginia and North Carolina. I am most interested in the family and should be delighted to purchase the material, if you have it available.

(B). MORGAN. Desire data on James Morgan, from Maryland; married Oct. 12, 1673, Jane Knea; died in Perquimans Co., N. C. on Oct. 12, 1741.

(C). PERISHO. Wish data on James Perisho, who died in Perquimans Co., N. C. on March 29, 1678-9.

(D). MAUDLIN. Wish data on Ezekiel Maudlin, who died in Perquimans Co., N. C., March 16, 1705-6.

(E). OVERMAN. Wish data on Jacob Overman, who married Oct. 25, 1677 in Wethersfield,

Conn. to Hannah (last name unknown); died in Perquimans Co., N. C., Sept. 12, 1715.

(F). BELMAN (BORESMAN). Wish data on John Belman (Boresman), who married Aug. 19, 1687 in Perquimans Co., N. C. to Sarah Wilson.

(G). WILSON. Wish data on Ann Wilson, who married Capt. Thomas Blount who came to Virginia Colony in 1664; died in Tyrell Co., March 22, 1706.

(H). Wish data on Dr. Richard Wilson and wife Katherine (born 1607); to Virginia Colony in the ship "Paule" in 1635.

(I). TOMS. Wish data on Francis Toms, who married Pershilla Oct. 6, 1709 in Perquimans Co., N. C.

(J). COPELAND. Wish data on the family of Copeland of Isle of Wight County and Perquimans Co., North Carolina. (D. W. L., Boise, Idaho).

A988. BARHAM. I have been following your recent articles on "The Barham Family" with great interest and would very much like to know if we have a coat-of-arms and where it could be obtained? Would also like to know, if you could give me some idea where I could trace this name through the line to Marine de Barham, which appeared in your column last week. (B. H. B., Virginia Beach, Va.)

## ANSWERS

A988. BARHAM. You will find the references of the data covering the Barham given in the articles, as well as, the coat-of-arms among the data. The Virginia Magazine of History & Biography to which I did refer would give the coat-of-arms therein. You can find all of these volumes in your Norfolk Public Library; however, I suggest that you use Swem's Index for a quick search of the coat-of-arms. You will also find in the same mentioned library the Visitations of the Heralds of England, as well as, Burke's

## MacPHERSON

This MacPherson coat-of-arms has been used by the Scottish family and those who came to Pennsylvania. They descend from Robert MacPherson, who was born 1689 and died 1749. He came from Scotland and settled first in Delaware in the year 1738 and went on to March Creek, York County, Pennsylvania of the same year. He married Jane, whose last name is not known to this editor, who was born 1689 and died 1767. This couple had,



Colonel Robert MacPherson, born 1730 and died 1789. He was one of those captured during the expedition and fighting against Ft. Duquesne. He was a member of the Provincial Convention at Philadelphia in the year 1776. He was colonel of the 2nd York County, Penna. of the Battalion of Associators. He also served in the New Jersey campaign at the Battle of Brandywine and also Germantown. He was married in the year 1751 to Agnes Miller, who was born 1732 and died 1802. This couple had,

Colonel John MacPherson, who was born 1762 and died 1829, having married in 1783, Sarah Smith, who was born in 1767 and died 1821, being the daughter of James Smith. This couple had,

Horatio MacPherson, who was born about the time of 1789 and married Mary Sophia Buchanan, who was born 1806 and died 1826. They had,

Major Horatio MacPherson, who was born 1836 and died 1880. He was a prominent person in his community and was a banker by profession. He married in the year 1859, Sophia Fitzhugh, who was born 1840 and died in year 1878 and she descended from the Fitzhugh family of Virginia. The first of this Fitzhugh line in Virginia was Col. William Fitzhugh.

Peerage and others. You have in your area one of the finest collections of Virginia in the State of Virginia. Make yourself available to this wonderful library; I use it myself.—Editor.

## BARHAM FAMILY

THE BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA. This continues as the 11th in the series of articles. We shall begin this time with the Entry No. 11.

ENTRY No. 11.—1673, April 27. Inquisition before Captain Charles (1) Barham, High Sheriff, to determine value of land formerly in possession of Richard Blunt (Surry Co., Va., Book 2, page 25). This was one of the early mentions about mine value in the Virginia Colony, for we all know that they were all looking for gold.—Editor.

1673. Captain Charles I Barham was sworn-in as Sheriff (Surry Co., Va., Bk. 2, page 27) (Note: Please note on page 25 of the above record Capt. Charles (1) Barham was mentioned as "High Sheriff"; and on page 27 of this record he was sworn-in as Sheriff. Apparently the Governor had made the appointment before and at this later date was sworn-in at the county seat of Surry Co., Va., where he was to fill his office. If one follows the early records of Virginia, he or she will learn the office of High Sheriff was one much sought after for the financial returns and many gave up memberships in the House of Burgesses to become Sheriff of his county. The office of High Sheriff included many offices today and this situation remained until after the Civil War; it was a much wanted office.—Editor).

1673, May 26. Inquisition on plantation now in possession of Mathew Swan sworn before Capt. Charles (1) Barham, High Sheriff, to determine value (Surry Co., Va., Bk. 2, page 27).

1673, June, Tith List of Capt. Baker shows Charles (1) Barham with 2 males, meaning himself and another. (Note: There is no tith list recorded in Surry Co., Va. for the years 1671 and 1672.—Editor).

1673, Sept. 2. Charles (1) Barham, William Thompson, William Harwood were witnesses to the indenture or deed of William Hare and wife Mary, to William Oldis (Surry Co., Va. Bk. 2, page 31).

1673, Sept. 20. (Surry Co., Va. Will & Deed Bk., 1671-1684, page 36). Will of George Watkins: Desires to be buried in the Chancell of the Church of Lawnes Creeke as my predecessors have been—where they dwelt.

To beloved wife Elizabeth the bed (with the furniture to it belonging) on which I lye, and a mare filly about twelve months old.

To Elizabeth Spencer, my God Daughter, daughter of my friend Capt. Robt. Spencer 3 ewes and a ram.

To Cousin Charles (2) Barham, son of my loving uncle Capt. Charles (1) Barham, 5 ewes and a ram.

All household goods, cattell be divided between my wife and my cousin Christopher Watkins of White Hart Court in Long Lane, London (wife having 1st choice), but if my wife is with child such child to get cousin Watkins share.

(This will be continued in the next series of Barham articles).

## Feature Rules

1. Send all letters to Daily Press, Newport News, Va.; name and address of sender must be given.

2. Questions and answers must be clearly stated on large size paper 8½ by 11 inches, written double-space in ink or typed on one side of paper only; postal cards and small paper not acceptable; 3 questions only.

3. Answers will be through the column only. Correspondents making reply must give answers using data pertinent and brief.



## HISTORICAL RARITIES

SICKNESS SEEMED TO FLOURISH IN RICHMOND, VIRGINIA DURING THE CIVIL WAR IN 1863. The following article was taken from the newspaper, "Southern Confederacy" (Georgia), January 8, 1863.

"SICKNESS IN RICHMOND. The Richmond Examiner of the 29th ult., furnishes the following unfavorable account of the health of that city:

"For eighteen months Richmond has been the chief hospital of a great army, numbering at different times from seventy-five to two hundred thousand men, some of whom were, as is the case with armies, at all times affected with every known distemper. Since the first of July last, great battles have been fought in quick succession, thousands of the wounded have been hurried hither, some to recover, but many to languish and die. The tainted breath of these thousands, and the gangrene and decomposition of the hospitals has poisoned the very air. Diseases unknown to our climate have spread from the hospitals, and are dealing death in every street. Typhoid fever, camp fever, typhoid pneumonia, diphtheria, scarlet fever, all of the most malignant character are daily carrying off young and heretofore healthy citizens."

"Small-pox too, is on the increase, and of a type which defies treatment. The city hospital is filled to suffocation with its victims, while the Confederate Government has a large hospital in the city and another at Howard's Grove, which are also full. In addition to the terrible diseases we have enumerated, another still more dreadful and loathsome has recently manifested its presence in our midst. The doctors say it is malignant scarlet fever. Its symptoms are multifarious. In some cases it comes on with a dull feeling about the head as of an incipient cold, pains in the back and sore throat. During the paroxysms of the fever which supervenes, blood gushes from the nose, eyes and ears of the patient, and mortification frequently precedes death."

"The disease terminates fatally in from three to six days. This dreadful scourge is yet rare in appearance, but taking into consideration the direct causes of disease in the city, which we have barely glanced at, without detailing half their extent, it cannot be a matter of surprise, should it become epidemic. There are here, unhappily, all the conditions necessary for the generation and propagation of the deadliest plague that ever afflicted any city of the earth; a dense population living in crowded hotels and boarding houses, working crowded shops and offices and walking in crowded streets, and all breathing air tainted and poisoned by thousands of sick, wounded and dying."

## QUESTIONS

1899. PULLEN-HAYES. WILLIAM Pullen, born abt. 1758 near Petersburg, Virginia, died 4 April 1845, Jefferson Co., Alabama; married as his first wife Patsy (surname unknown); had two sons Peyton and Pleasant. William Pullen enlisted in the Revolutionary War from Bedford Co., Virginia on January 1, 1777. After his discharge he later moved to Pendleton District, South Carolina, where he married as his 2nd wife Mary Haynes about 1786 as shown by Pension papers. Mary (Haynes) Pullen died in Jefferson Coun-

## Climbing

# The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON



ty, Alabama on 2 July 1851; their only children were: William Pullen, Jr. born abt. 1789 (m.—Nancy Brooks); Martha Pullen, born 8 August 1790 (m.—Joseph Hichman); Sarah Pullen, born 1791 (m.—Samuel Rowan); Clarissa, born 1800 (m.—Jesse Hickman); Elizabeth Pullen, born 1808 (m.—Richard Tankersley in 1827 in Jefferson Co., Alabama.

Mary Haynes, wife of William Pullen, was born in Virginia ca. 1770, and she told her children she was a daughter of a Revolutionary soldier, but did not give his name. Was Mary Haynes a daughter of William Haynes who served in the American Revolution from Virginia?

Would like to correspond with others having a William Haynes or other Haynes ancestry from Virginia. (C.H.K., Columbus, Miss.).

## ANSWERS

A975. HANCOCK - KAVANAUGH. (W.T.B., Austin, Tex., July 21, 1963). There are some early Hancock family records in "Virginia Frontier" by Kegley, which covers Botetourt Co., Va., records and perhaps some of its parent county of Augusta from which it was carved in 1769.

The name of "Jael" traces back to Elizabeth, wife of George Mott (his will in Old Rappahannock Co., Va. proved in 1674) who had four (4) daughters: (A) Elizabeth Mott (m.—1st, John Rowsee; m.—2nd, John Fossaker); (b) Margaret Mott (m.—Alexander Doniphan, Sr.); (c) Ann Mott (m.—John Glendenning); and (d) Ellen Mott (M. Richard Shippey). Both these mentioned daughter Ann and Ellen Mott named daughters, "Jael".

Shortly after 1674 Mrs. Elizabeth (—) Mott married 2nd, James Harrison, one time Justice of Old Rappahannock Co., Va.; by him she had one child, a daughter, Jael Harrison. This Jael Harrison married first, abt. 1692, William Williams, who died in Essex Co., Va. in 1712, as did his father, James Williams (died 1712 in Essex Co., Va.). Jael (Harrison) Williams, married 2ndly, Richard Johnson of Spotsylvania Co., Va. who died there in 1726; she also died in Spotsylvania Co., VA. (her will 1733).

By William Williams, Jael Harrison had 3 children and among them a daughter named Sarah Williams (born ca. 1693). This Sarah Williams married 1st, abt. 1711 Philemon Kavanaugh, Sr.; she married 2ndly, Richard Covington on or before May 17, 1750 (no children).

Philemon Kavanaugh, Sr. came from Ireland at an early date and there are records of a large land grant to him in Spotsylvania Co., Va. on the Great Fork in the Rappahannock River in 1724. He left a will in Orange Co., Va. in 1743 naming among other children a son Charles Kavanaugh, who died in Madison Co., Ky. in 1796. His wife was Ann Covington, daughter of William & Ann Coleman Covington, who left a will in Essex Co., Va. in 1762. She was the daughter of Robert Coleman of the 1713 Essex Co., Va. will.

containing this family by George S. Wallace, Huntington, Va., 1927.

Philemon Kavanaugh (of the 1743 Orange Co., Va. will) named a daughter Jael; she married Thomas Covington and after her death he married 2ndly, her sister, Eleanor Kavanaugh.

(The person who submitted this data from Newport News Va. requests that the name not be printed, but would be happy to correspond with the person submitting the original question).

A895. REID. I wonder if your Reid line would tie into my line of Elizabeth Reid; can furnish her line from myself to her, but do not know the names of her parents. I want this information leading to the identification of the parents of my great grandmother, Elizabeth Reid, or Reed, born 5-6-1798 in Pittsburgh, Penna., and married James Loraime Dallas, Sr. on 7-19-1814 in Pittsburgh. Later between 1818 and 1820 the family moved to Hopkinsville, Christian Co., Ky. and in 1832 the family moved to Independence, Washington Co., Texas where they bought land, reared their family and were she died 12-21-1878 and is buried in the Dallas Cemetery near Independence, Texas. Some members of the family say her Reid family was related to William Penn's wife, Can find nothing on it. Can anyone give assistance on this tradition? I do find that Benjamin Franklin married Deborah Reed and there was a John Reid that was an attorney and in the Revolutionary War was an aid to General Washington. This may have no connection with my family. (W. A. Clampitt, Franklin Life In-

The Charles Kavanaugh of Madison Co., Va. having his will proved Oct. 1796 (Will Bk. A, page 125) is said to have been the son of Philemon Kavanaugh, Sr. of the 1743 will in Orange Co., Va. The will of Charles Kavanaugh of 1796 names wife Ann; and children; Mary; William; Charles; Jael; Sarah; Ann; and Heirs of my deceased son, Philemon Kavanaugh; also "to James Mills Moore and his 2 children, Charles Kavanaugh Moore and Elizabeth Moore," certain amounts of land in Gulpeper Co., Va.

The above daughter Jael Kavanaugh may have married Robert Hancock as he had sons named Charles ("Charlie" drowned in the Groud River"; and William Williams Hancock.

Virginia records for these families are found in court records of Old Rappahannock, Richmond, Essex, Spotsylvania, Orange and Culpeper Counties, Virginia. There are Kentucky records of the Kavanaugh family by W. H. Miller, Richmond, Ky. and a Wallace book

## ROGERS

This Rogers arms has been used by the New England family of the name and they descend from James Rogers, who was born 1615 and died in Conn. in 1687. He came from England in the ship named "Increase" to New London, Conn. in the year 1635. He was later in the service of the colony and served in the Piquot War. He married about the year 1639, Elizabeth Rowland, who greatly outlived him for she died in the year 1709 and was of Stratford, Conn. This couple had,



Joseph Rogers, born 1646 and died in the year 1697. He married in the year 1670 a lady named Sarah, whose surname is not known to this editor. She died in the year 1728. This couple had,

Samuel Rogers, who was born about the year 1674 and died in 1750. Samuel married in 1703, Elizabeth Rogers, who died the same year. He then married 2ndly, in the year 1707, Patience (Potts) Pendleton, a widow who died after 1751. By this 2nd, marriage he had,

Peleg Rogers, who was born in 1720 and died in 1821 having gone to Wake County, North Carolina. He married in 1744-45 Elizabeth Smith who was of Virginia. He had service during the Revolutionary War. This couple had,

Peleg Rogers, born 1747 and died 1811, and he was of Milledgeville, Georgia. He also served during the American Revolution. He married in 1782, Polly Pittman, who was born 1753 and died in 1816. They had,

George Rogers, born 1787 and died 1845 being of Lafayette Co., Miss. He married in 1813, Caroline Teresa Worsham, who died in 1852. They had,

Mary Caroline Rogers, born 1820 and died in the year 1909 being of Indianola, Miss. She married in 1839, George Washington Paris, who was born in 1813 and died 1862.

Insurance Company, P. O. Box 1186, Kingsville, Texas 78343.

## BARHAM FAMILY

BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY Co., Virginia. This continues with the Barham family with article No. 12 and we call this Entry No. 12.

ENTRY NO. 12. The will of George Watkins of Surry Co., recorded 20, Sept. 1673 in Will & Deed Book 1671 - 1684, page 25: "My wife to enjoy my land her life, to go to unborn child, if any; if not to be sold at wife's death and proceed sent to cousin Watkins heirs."

Church of Lawnes Creek 1669 lbs. of tobacco for silver plate. Loving Uncle Capt. Charles (1) Barham 1660 lbs. of tobacco.

John Price 300 acres of land to lye next to Sunken Marsh Mill; vest and briches to my best suite. The coat of the suit I give to William Newsum.

Wife Elizabeth and Uncle Capt. Charles (1) Barham full executors.

Friend Will. Sherwood 20 shillings for a ring.

Will dated 17 Sept. 1673 and proved 20 Sept. 1673.

Witnesses: Wm Sherwood, Jennett (J) Davis her mark.

1674, April 7. Probate granted Mrs. Elizabeth Watkins, relict, and Capt. Charles (1) Barham on will of Capt. George Watkins (Surry Co., Va. Will & Deed Book 2, page 31).

1674, June. Tith List Charles (1) Barham has 4 males of age as from list of Charles Barham (Surry Co., Va., Will & Deed Bk. 2, pg. 63).

1674, June 10. David Williams presents Capt. Charles (1) Barham and Robert Craufield, as securities for estate of William Harris, "orphan." (Surry Co., Va. Gardian Acct. Bk. 1, page 5).

1674, June 10. Upon petition of Eliz. Watkins, widow, it is ordered that James Hugate, orphan, remain to her until he becomes 21 years of age. She having presented Capt. Charles (1) Barham as Security for performances of same condition (Surry Co., Va. Gardian Account Bk. 1, page 6).

1674, July 4. Judgement granted Capt. Charles (1) Barham and Mrs. Elizabeth Watkins, Exrs. of Capt. George Watkins deceased against John Kindred for 440 lbs. of tobacco (Surry Co., Va. Order Bk. 1671-20 p. —).

1674, Sept. 1. Deposition of Thos. Lane, aged 39, and John Price summoned to appraise the Estate of Thos. Taylor, sown before Captain Charles (1) Barham (Surry Co., Va. Bk. 2, page 60).

1674, Sept. 4. William Newsum presenting an account of the Estate of Thos. Hart. Capt. Charles (1) Barham and Robert. Spencer, Gents. bind themselves as Security (Surry Co., Va. Order Bk. 1671 - 1680, p. 75).

1675, April 5. Richard West of Boston in New England appoints friend Mr. Charles (1) Barham his attorney to see after his bonds and interests. Witnesses, Samuel Swann, Francis Taylor (Surry Co., Va. Bk. 2, page 112).

1675, June 10. Tith list shows Charles XX(1) Barham with 3 persons of age (from lists of Charles Barham) Surry Co., Book 2, p. 94.)

1675, Sept. 7. Accounts current for estate of George Watkins, presented by Rob T. Ruffin who married ye relict. (Surry Co., Va. Book No. 2, pg. 46).

(To be continued in the next issue)



## Climbing

# The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON

### HISTORICAL RARITIES

A PROCLAMATION OF PRESIDENT LINCOLN DURING THE CIVIL WAR AND DELIVERED AT NEW ORLEANS BY MAJOR-GENERAL N. P. BANKS. IT WAS REUNITE THE STATES WITH THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT AT WASHINGTON. This article was taken from the Southern Confederacy (Georgia) and dated Jan. 10, 1863.

"PROCLAMATION. Headquarters Department of the Gulf, New Orleans, December 18, 1862." It reads as follows:

"In obedience to orders from the President (Lincoln), I have assumed command of the Department of the Gulf, to which is added by his special order, the State of Texas."

"The duty with which I am charged requires me to assist in the restoration of the Government of the United States. It is my desire to secure to the people of every class all the privileges of possession and enjoyment which are consistent with public safety, or which it is possible for a beneficent and just government to confer."

"In the execution of the high trust with which I am charged, I rely upon the co-operation and counsel of all loyal and well disposed people, and upon the manifest of those dependent upon the pursuit of peace, as well as upon the support of naval and land forces."

"My instructions require me to treat as enemies those who are enemies, but I shall gladly regard as friends those who are friends. No restrictions will be placed upon the freedom of individuals which are not imperatively demanded by considerations of public safety; but while their claims will be liberally considered, it is due also to them to state that all the rights of the government will be unflinchingly maintained."

"Respectful consideration and prompt reparation will be accorded to all persons who are wronged in body or estate by those under my command."

"The Government does not profit by the prolongation of civil contest or the private or public sufferings which attend it. Its fruits are not equally distributed. In the disloyal States desolation has empire on the sea and on the land. In the North the war is an abiding sorrow, but not yet a calamity. Its cities and towns are increasing in population, wealth and power."

"The refugees from the South along compensate in great part for the terrible decimations of battle."

"The people of this department who are disposed to stake their lives upon resistance to the government, may wisely reflect upon the immutable conditions which surround them. The valley of the Mississippi is the chosen seat of population, product and power on this continent. In a few years twenty-five millions of people, unsurpassed in material resources and capacity for war will swarm upon its fertile rivers."

"Those who assume to set



conditions upon their exodus to the gulf count upon a power not given to man. The country washed by the waters of the Ohio, the Missouri, and the Mississippi, can never be permanently severed. If one generation basely barter away its rights, immortal honors will rest upon another that reclaims them."

"Let it never be said either that the East and the West may be separated. Thirty days distance from the markets of Europe may satisfy the wants of Louisiana and Arkansas, but it will not answer the demands of Illinois and Ohio. The Valley of the Mississippi will have its deltas upon the Atlantic. The physical force of the West will debouch upon its shores with a power as resistless as the torrents of its great rivers. This country cannot be permanently divided. Ceaseless wars may drain its blood and treasure, domestic tyrants or foreign foes may grasp with sceptre of its power, but its destiny will remain unchanged. It will still be united. God has ordained it. What avails, then, the destruction of the best government ever devised by man — the self-correcting Constitution of the United States."

"People of the Southwest! Why not accept the conditions imposed by the imperious necessities of geographical configuration and commercial supremacy, and re-establish your ancient property and renown? Why not become the founders of States which, as the entrepôts and depots of your own central and upper valleys may stand, in the affluence of their resources without superior, and in the privileges of the people, without a peer among the nations of the earth." Signed — "N. P. Banks, Major-General Commanding."

### QUESTIONS

AG93. THOMPSON-KIMBALL-SWEATT. I hope that some of the readers might be able to assist me with the information My deceased wife's grandmother was Nancy Thompson, born January 25, 1818, in Louisiana. She married 1st, a Mr. Sweatt and had one son named Tom. Later as a widow she married Andrew Jackson Kimball in Louisiana sometime in 1845.

The family later moved to Rapids Parish, La., where her husband farmed and is listed in Federal 1850 Census as a farmer and listed his wife Nancy, stepson Tom Sweatt, and daughters Mary and Martha Kimball. Sometime around 1860 the

family with omse Kimball brothers (Albert and Butler) and their families left for Texas, where Nancy (Thompson) Kimball, on June 2, 1868, died at Refugio, Texas.

I wish the names of the parents of Nancy Thompson with places of birth, marriages and deaths, as well as, the birth place of Nancy. (W.A.C., Kingsville, Texas).

### ANSWERS

AG96. REID. REID - REED. After reading your inquiry, I hope that you can assist me with some information that may lead to the identification of my great grandmother, Elizabeth Reid, or Reed, born May 6, 1798 in Pittsylvania, Pennsylvania and married James Lorraine Dallas, Sr. on July 19, 1814 in Pittsburgh. Later, between 1818 and 1820 the family moved to Hopkinsville, Christian Co., Ky. and in 1832 the family moved to Independence, Washington County, Texas where they bought land, raised their family, and where she died Dec. 21, 1878 and is buried in the Dallas Cemetery near Independence, Texas.

Some of the family say that Elizabeth Reid (Reed) was related to William Penn's wife. Can find nothing on it. Do you know anything along this line?

I find that Benjamin Franklin married a Deborah Reed and there was a John Reid that was an attorney and was in the Revolutionary War as an aid to General George Washington. This may have no connection to my family.

Won't you please let me hear from you with any information that you may have and will share with me. (W. A. Clappitt, Box 1186, Kingsville, Texas).

AG97. RUFFIN-GRAY-DE LOACH - PENDER. The information requested can be obtained by contacting Louise Ruffin White (Mrs. Monis), 811 Golfview Drive, Tampa, Florida.

Mrs. White has researched the family tree thoroughly and will be glad to be of assistance, I know. (Thanks to Mrs. Robert M. Ruffin of Hampton for this information.—Editor).

### BARHAM FAMILY

BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA. This is the 13th article in the series on this family, and we shall begin with Entry No. 13.

ENTRY No. 13.—1675, Sept. 8. Deed of gift, David Andrews and wife Elizabeth to their only son, David Andrews; witnesses, Charles (1) Barham, William Sherwood (Surry Co., Va. Bk. 2, page 87).

1676, April 17. Martha Williams, widow, testimony before Surry Co., Va. Justices Capt. Charles (1) Barham and Robert Caufield — concerning her husband's estate (Surry Co., Va., Bk. 2, page 112).

1676, April 25, Inventory of Estate of Thomas Amry by Ruth Amry, sworn before Capt. Charles (1) Barham (Surry Co., Va., Bk. 2, p. 115).

## GAYLORD-GALIARD

ARMS: Azure, a bend or, between three roses or, stalked and leaved vert.

CREST: An arm embowed vested gules, holding in the hand proper a rose spring vert, topped with a rose or.

MOTTO: En la rose je fleurier (In the rose I flourish).

This arms has been used by the New England family of the name of Galiard or Gaylord. They descend from Deacon William

Gaylord, who was born 1585 in England and died in Dorchester, Mass. in 1673. He came in the ship "Mary & John" with his brother named John Gaylord to Dorchester, Mass. in 1630. He signed some of the first land grants in Dorchester, Mass. He was an outstanding in his community and served the public as selectman, as well as he was a representative to the General Court. He then moved to Windsor, Conn. and there he represented the town in the General Assembly for 40 sessions and it was in this town that he died, rather than in Dorchester. He married Sarah, who surname is not known to this editor. She died in 1657. This couple had,

William Gaylor, born 1616 and died in 1656. He was married twice. He married 1st, in the year 1644, Ann Porter, who died in 1653 being the daughter of John Porter. This couple had,

William Gaylord, who was born in 1651 and died in 1680 having settled at Hadley, Mass. He married in the year 1671, Ruth Crow, daughter of John and Elizabeth Crow. This couple had,

Samuel Gaylord, who was born in 1676 and died in 1734. He was of Hadley, Mass. He married Mary Dickinson in the year 1702, who lived to be quite old. She was the daughter of Nehemiah and Mary Dickinson. This couple had,

John Gaylord, born in 1713 and died in 1798. He was an active patriot during the Revolutionary War; married 2ndly, Dolly Taylor.

1676, Aug. 24. All tithables below Wareneck (Surry Co., Va.) are ordered to carry their possessions to the houses of Capt. Charles (1) Barham and Mr. Francis Mason (Surry Co. Order Bk., 1671-1690, page 132).

1677, —, Margery Chambers delivers to Charles Jarrett, son of Richard Jarrett, his inheritance; witnesses, Margery Chambers, Charles (1) Barham, William Gray (Surry Co., Va., Bk. 2, pa. 126).

1677, June 10. Tith list Charles (1) Barham shows 3 persons of age (this list was taken by Charles (1) Barham) (Surry Co., Va., Bk. 2, p. 146) (Note: There is no list covering the year 1676).

1677, July 4. Jeremiah Ellis, aged 34, testifies about a horse of Capt. Charles (1) Barham (used in Bacon's Rebellion) (Surry Co., Va., Will & Deed Bk. 2, pg. 131).

1677, Nov. 5. Justices for Surry Co., Va. appointed by Governor Herbert Jeffries: they were — Lt. Col. George Jordan, Capt. Lawrence Baker, Major William Browne, Mr. Robert Caufield, Mr. Arthur Allen, Capt. Samuel Swann, Capt. Charles (1) Barham, Capt. Robert Spencer, Mr. Benjamin Harrison, Mr. Nicholas Meriweather, Mr. Francis Mason (Surry Co., Va., Bk. 2, p. 58).

1677, Nov. 19. Account of arms sold by Charles (1) Barham: Pair of pistols, holster and a sword to George Proctor (and himself); pistols and holsters sold to Sion Hill; swords sold to Robert Ruffin, William Edwards, William Newsum, John White and John Price (Surry Co., Va., Order Bk. 1, pages 181-182) (Note: This was immediately after Bacon's Rebellion and Capt. Charles (1) Barham was being reimbursed for weapons sold the people who remained loyal).

1677-8, March 1. Indenture (deed) Thomas Drew to Richard Drew; witnesses, Charles (1) Barham, Arthur Allen, Robert Ruffin (Surry Co., Bk. 2, p. 213).



GALIARD

1678, June 10. Tith List. Charles (1) Barham, Jno Griffin, Andaro Right (Wright) Peg a Negro — total 4 persons over 21 years of age. This list was taken by Charles (1) Barham (Surry Co., Va., Bk. 2, p. 189).

1678-79, March 4. — Margaret Powell, servant to William Gray having during the time she served Capt. Charles (1) Barham run away several times and now appearing in "Court" (court) and being willing to serve six months, it is ordered that she serve ye said six months (Surry Co., Va., Order Book, 1, 1671-1690, page 246).

1678-9, March 4. The difference between William Edwards, guardian, to Elizabeth Carter, and Charles (1) Barham referred to next court (Surry Co., Va. Order k. 1, p. 241).

1679, April 26. Jury viewed the body of a drowned man and swore verdict before Capt. Charles (1) Barham (Surry Co., Va. Order Bk. 1, page 206).

1679, May 6. Judgment is granted William Edwards, guardian, to Elizabeth Carter, orphan of George Carter, deceased against Capt. Charles (1) Barham for present delivery of three cows, two calves, and two years old, one hog of the same age, a yearling steere, a yearling heifer, a mare filly, with costs (Surry Co., Va., Order Bk. 1, p. 247).

1679, June 10. Tith List. Charles (1) Barham, George Prince, Andaro Right (Wright), a Negro woman—04 total (List taken by Capt. Charles (1) Barham (Surry Co., Va. Bk. 2, page 227).

1680, —, Account of sale of goods for the Estate of Nicholas Hoskins: to Barham (1) (Charles) one horse about 4 yrs. old (Surry Co., Va. Bk. 2, —).

1680, June 10. Tith List. Charles (1) Barham, Tho. Ward, 3 Negroes —05 total (List taken by Charles (1) Barham) (Surry Co., Bk. 2, p. 268) (Note: This the last year Charles (1) Barham appears as a tithable).

(This Barham family data will be continued in next issue).



# Climbing

# The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON

**HISTORICAL RARITIES**  
**MORGAN'S EXPEDITION TO KENTUCKY DURING THE CIVIL WAR WAS CONSIDERED A BRILLIANT SUCCESS.** The following article was taken from the Wilmington (N.C.) Journal of January 17, 1863 and was also published in the Winchester (Tenn.) Bulletin of Jan. 9, 1883 and reads as follows:

"General Morgan's command returned to Tennessee Saturday last. In their campaign in Kentucky the Bacon Creek, Nolin, Elizabethtown, Shepardsville (eight miles of Louisville) and other bridges were totally destroyed for the distance of eighty miles. The trestle work of the two first was at Maiden's Hill twelve hundred feet long and ninety feet high, and was burnt and completely destroyed."

"Approaching Elizabethtown, Gen. Morgan received a communication from the commanding officer of the Yankees to surrender his force, as he had him (Morgan) completely surrounded. Gen. Morgan, in reply, ordered the Federal Commander himself to surrender, and upon his refusing to do so, opened three batteries upon the city, after having given timely notice to the women and children to leave. After a bombardment of one hour and a half, the Federal force of seven hundred men surrendered, securing to us a vast quantity of arms and Government stores. The City was considerably damaged by the bombardment, but no citizen was injured."

"In the fight at the trestle, Gen. Morgan captured another regiment with all their arms and stores."

"The number of prisoners captured at Bards'own, Molin, Bacon Creek and other places, amounted to two thousand."

"At Springfield Gen. Morgan was surrounded by 25,000 of the enemy, and for a while it seemed his situation was desperate, but he escaped with his entire command."

"In moving from Springfield to Campbellsville, General Hollesey, commanding the federal forces and harrassing Morgan's rear, was killed in a hand to hand encounter with Lt. Easton. The fight occurred in a creek, and the body of Gen. Hollesey was dragged from the water and carried to an adjacent house. Two members of his staff also came up with three of Gen. Morgan's men—Capt. Tribble, Lt. Easton and a private. Hollesey was attended by two of his staff—Capt. Edwards and his orderly. Capt. Edwards and Hollesey's orderly were then captured by Capt. Tribble. The fight was a hand to hand affair, and the combatants were in the creek at the time."

"The destruction of the railroad is complete from Green River to Shepardsville, a distance of 75 miles. Shepardsville is 18 miles from Louisville."

(Editor's Note: This was

some success for the Confederate Army for the time being.)

### QUESTIONS

**A 991. PLACE CALLED "GREEN RIVER."** I wish information about the place called "Green River". It was called so about the turn of the century and a thought to have been near the James River in Virginia.

My brother - in - law was moved from there when about two years of age, as well as, all of his relatives. They are now all dead and he cannot locate just where "Green River" is located. (E. C., Hampton, Va.)

### ANSWERS

**A908 (A). EMORY-HARRISON.** Could the name Emory be the same as Amery? There are Amery records in Charles County, Maryland. A good many Maryland people settled in Southside Virginia and North Carolina after the Revolutionary War before going on into other states.

One of the sureties for the final settlement of the estate of "Richard Chunn, late of Charles County, Maryland, deceased" was Samuel Amery with Edward Swann—Passed January 7, 1746 by Andrew Chunn (Ref: Annapolis, Maryland, Account Book 23, 1746-1747, Folio 104 or 109).

John Chunn was the administrator of estate of Richard Chunn, "late of Charles County, Maryland, deceased" and Mr. Andrew Chunn and Samuel Amery were his sureties. The bond was dated 28 November 1745—300 pounds sterling (Ref: The Annapolis, Maryland Test Proceedings, Book 31, 1739 - 1746, Folio 6:5).

Samuel Amery was one of the sureties for Andrew Chunn administrator of the state of John Chunn, "late of Charles County, Maryland, deceased"—passed 15 October 1746 by Andrew Chunn. The surety was Thos. Burch, Sr. (Ref: Annapolis, Maryland, Account Book 23, 1746-1747, Folio 76). (A Newport News, Va. reader).

**A977 (B) Yates.** There were early families of the name of Yates in Caroline County, Virginia, whether they were related to the families of same name in Fauquier Co., Va., I do not know. (A Newport News, Va. reader).

**A983. HUNT.** In the "Dominion" Magazine of Daily Press of Sunday, 18 August someone asked for descendants of Thomas Hunt. If the party who asked for it will write me I will give them what information I have.

We have records back to Capt. Joseph Hunt who was born in 1671. He was the son of Joseph Hunt and the grandson of Thomas Hunt. (Mrs. N. P. Wilson, Rt. 1, Box 181, Gloucester County, (NOTE: Would the named Mrs. N. R. Wilson please send to this feature of this Hunt lineage for it would be great interest to many of our readers in York County, Gloucester



County, Hampton and Newport News, as well as, to those who have moved from the areas mentioned?

**A983. HUNT.** In regards to the query No. A983 appearing in 18 August 1963 issues: The Hunt family "of York County" is descended from two brothers Hunt that settled in the New Poquoson area of York County, Virginia. There is always the possibility of linkage with other Hunt lines in England, which may tie together this line with that of Robert Hunt, the clergyman. In completing the direct line of the family of Hunt of York County, there is no evidence of such a connection on this side of the Atlantic (Ocean) The York County Hunt Family Line (1612-1963) is a noble strain, and as much as we would like to, we would have to make the connection with the Reverend Robert Hunt on English soil, not in America. (Vincent Watkins, 256 Wythe Creek Road, Poquoson, York County, Virginia). (It would be appreciated, if Mr. Vi-

cent Watkins would send this lineage with proof to this feature for printing, since many readers in the area have Hunt family connections.—Editor).

### BARHAM FAMILY

**BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA.** This continues as the 14th article in the series on this family of Barhams. We shall begin with Entry No. 14.

**ENTRY No. 14. —4680, Aug. 30. Indenture (deed) from Charles (1) Barham of Laenes Creek Parish, Gent to Joseph; consideration 8,000 lbs. tobacco; all my interest in 850 acres of land granted Wm. Cockerham and Capt. (1) Barham, 14 May 1666. Land known as Pocotineck and located on East side of 3rd swamp of the Blackwater (Surry Co., Va., Will & Deed Bk. 2, page 271.**

**1680, Nov. 3. —** Bond of John Case to pay Edward Browne, orphan of Edward Browne, deceased, his part of his father's estate; securities: Charles (1) Barham, Wm. Seward; witnesses, John Rutherford and Will Foreman (Surry Co., Va. Bk. 2, Page 6, in back of book)

**1683, Sept. —Estate of Samuel Cornell paid rent to Capt. Charles (1) Barham and Robert Caufield for the account of Thos. Cockerham (Surry Co., Va. Bk. 2, page 333).**

**1683-4, Jan. 1. —**Upon request of Mrs. Elizabeth (1) Barham, Extx., of Capt. Charles (1) Barham, deceased, it is ordered that Edward Tanner, Mr. Wm. Hancock & Mr. Jno. Rutherford appraise the estate of Charles (1) Barham (Surry Co., Va. Bk. 1671 - 1690, page 428). (This would most definitely indicate that Capt. Charles (1) Barham died in the year 1683 between Sept. 1683 and Dec. 31, 1683, since there was an entry in the court records of his being paid rent as mentioned above in Sept. 1683.)

**1685-1686, Jan. 4. Indenture (deed) Wm. Cockerham to Wm. Harris; 150 acres of land in Hog Island, Surry Co., Va.,**

which was granted to Wm. Spencer, late of this County (Surry Co.), deceased, 1 Feb. 1637-8. Land beginning at a marked white oak very near a Saw Pit in the line twist said Cockerham and Robert (2) Barham orphan, to the edge of the march of Hog Island Creek, east by a line dividing Cockerham and Wm. Swards Land, S. & SE by Jno. Case's cor-path (NOTE: This land was later deeded by Harris Taylor, grandson of Wm. Harris, to John Holt, Feb. 20, 1738-9).

**1691, June 2. —**Will of John Barnes: What is due me from my Kinsman, Robert (2) Barham, the son of Charles (1) Barham, late of Marchth Hundred (Could this not be Martin's Hundred?), deceased be well and justly paid;

To my son John Tooke my gun; Rest of estate to loving wife Jane and two daughters Sarah and Susannah;

Wife to be Extrx.;

Dated 2 March 1690-91; Witnesses: Samuel Newton, Ar. (Arthur) Allen, Thos. Binns;

Probated June 2, 1691 (Ref: Surry Co., Va., Will & Deed Book, 1687 - 1694, page 202). (Note: The will of Wm Tooke probated Jan. 25, 1675-6—names wife Jeane; Son, John; daughter, Rebecca; James Piland wrote the will said Wm. Ezell to bring up Tooke's children—Surry Co., Va., Will & Deed Bk. 2, p. 104). (Note: This shows that Jeane Tooke married as her 2nd husband John Barnes and that Wm Tooke was the father of John Tooke mentioned in will of John Barnes; Also note the name of Jane and Jeane being one and the same). (The estate of Thomas Bowman, Nov. 3, 1689 shows Jane Bowman, Admx. of Thomas Bowman (a Quaker) declares the inventory to be true; signed Wm Chambers, Thos. Waller, Matthew Swann—Surry Co., Va., Will and Deed Bk. 1694-1709, page 186—this shows that Jane or Jeane Tooke-Barnes-Bowman must have married three times. - Editor). Now see the following will of Jeane Bowman.

**1706-7, March 4. probate of will dated Oct. 5, 1702 of Jeane Bowman:**

To son John Tooke; daughter Jean Newby; grandda. Sarah Newby;

To daughter Elizabeth Ezell—son-in-law Michael Ezell, his son William;

To grandson William Tooke To daughter Sarah Cornell—grandsons Isaac and Samuel Cornell;

To daughter Susannah Barnes;

Extrx., daughter Susannah Barnes;

Witnesses: Wm Price, Susannah Price, John Mills

(Ref: Surry Co., Va., Will & Deed Bk. 1694-1709, p. 358)

(NOTE: The above will show that Jane or Jeane married 1st., Wm Tooke, whose will was probated 1675-6; married 2ndly, John Barnes, whose will was probated 1690-91; married 3rd, Thomas Bowman, whose estate was returned 1699. Also we note that Wm. Tooke's 4 children were left bequests in the will of Wm Ridley, whose will was probated 1671, of which Charles (1) Barham was Exec. and his two daughters were left inheritances).

This Barham family data will be continued in the next issue.

## HABERSHAM

ARMS: Argent, three crosses humettee.

MOTTO: Certa Ronum Certamen Fidei.

This Habersham arms had been used by the early Georgia family of the name. They descend from Governor James Habersham, who was born in the year 1712 and died in the year 1775. Governor Habersham came from England and settled in Savannah, Georgia in 1738. He was a very enterprising man and was stated to have been the first exporter of cotton to his mother country of England. He was a member of the council of the Georgia Colony and was named Royal Governor for the Province of Georgia from 1769 to 1772. It was for him that the Habersham Chapter of Daughters of the American Revolution was named, as well as, for the family who took an active part in the Revolution. He married in the year 1740 the Mary Bolton, who was born 1724 and died 1763. They had,



HABERSHAM.

Honorable James Habersham, who was of Savannah also. This gentleman married Esther Wylly. They had, Richard Wylly Habersham, who was born in 1786 and died in 1842. He married in the year 1808, Sarah Hazzard Elliott, daughter of Captain Barnard Elliott and wife Katherine Hazzard. They had, Rev. Barnard Elliott Habersham, who was born in 1814 and died in the year 1899. His long life was one of faith and duty to mankind. He married in 1837, Harriet Emma Mathews. This couple had,

Robert Alexander Habersham, who was born in 1833 and died in 1921. He studied and became a civil engineer. He was born at the home place of Azalia, Habersham County, Georgia. After his studies in his profession he went to Rio de Janerio in the year 1858. There he was one of the engineers to construct the Dom Pedro Segundo railroad. He later returned to the United States after being in South America for 21 years and went West to the State of Oregon. He was appointed Surveyor General by President Grover Cleveland.



## Climbing

# The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON

### HISTORICAL RARITIES

**WHAT THE CIVIL WAR NEWS BROUGHT ACCORDING TO A CALIFORNIA NEWS-PAPER.** The following article was taken from the Visalia Equal Rights newspaper of California of January 30, 1863.

"THE WAR NEWS. The Atlantic news, though brief, is important this week. General Burnside has been superseded by Hooker in the command of the Army of the Potomac. From this we infer that Burnside has either been defeated in a great battle or has committed a terrible blunder of some kind. Something is the matter, or gold would not be 53 per cent premium."

"Franklin and Sumner have been relieved of their commands, also; W. F. Smith succeeds Franklin, and Gen. Couch takes the place of the veteran Sumner. Who Smith and Couch are, the telegraph does not inform us; we presume, however, they belong to the sandbox heroes with which Washington abounds."

"Admiral Wilkes, of Mason and Slidell notoriety, appears to have aroused the ire of John Bull, as it is reported that British war steamers have received order to capture him wherever found."

"A rebel steamer, supposed to be the terrible Alabama, sunk the U. S. transport steamer Franklin off Galveston, recently."

"The house has passed a revenue bill authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to borrow three hundred millions for the current year, and six hundred millions for the next fiscal year. This sum, enormous as it may appear, is but the beginning of the debt that the abolitionists propose to impose on the people."

"Jeff Davis has issued a Proclamation denouncing Gen. Butler as an outlaw and felon, unworthy to be treated as a prisoner of war, and ordering, in the event of his capture, that he be immediately hung. Officers serving under him, when captured, are to be turned over to the authorities of the state in which they may happen to be. The private soldiers of his command are specially exempted from the penalties of this order, and are to be treated kindly, and paroled until duly exchanged."

"Stevens, in the house, has proposed to give 'cullud pussons' a show by introducing a resolution authorizing the President to raise and equip as many persons of African descent as he may deem proper, to serve seven years. We apprehend that the Western soldiers will object to such companionship."

"The administration has displayed considerable 'vigor' of late, having dismissed Major General Fitz-John Foster from the army. We don't think the soldiers would grumble if a few more of the double starred gentry were served in the same manner."

"Mr. Hickman has offered a resolution in the House authorizing the President to raise a force of three hundred thousand men to serve seven years."

"Gen. Butler has been ordered to assume command at New Orleans again. General Banks has been ordered to Texas."

### QUESTIONS

**EPES - EPPES FAMILY BIBLE RECORDS.** "The Francis Eppes Descendants Society" has been trying to secure original family Bible records in which were included the names of the Eppes or Epes family of Virginia. This Society is making great progress in determining the correct lineages of persons from the first Francis Eppes who settled in Prince George County, Virginia in 1632 and patented land of large acreage on which the City of Hopewell is now located and in which Appomattox Manor is located.

Much effort to gather this data has been expended, as well as, expensive to the Society, so if, those having family Bible records that include the Eppes or Epes names and prior to dates of 1860 would be most helpful to advise this editor of the ownership of the Bible.

If one so wishes he or she could have the records photostated therein, including all of the handwritten entries with the title page showing the publisher of the Bible and date of publication.

The members of the Board of the Francis Eppes Descendants Society would appreciate this contribution to the society's hall of records covering the Eppes family of Virginia



and descendants who have moved into other states.

Send your correspondence to the editor of this feature.—Editor.

**A984. JAMES-GREENE-AND-ANDERSON-HALL (or HULL) - MILLER.** This inquirer requests that descendants, relatives or anyone having knowledge and any family data covering the following names: concerning the family, which apparently originated in Mathews County, Virginia. These names seem to be quite prevalent in Mathews Co., Va. is shown the will of Maria L. James, which is witnessed by S. Miller and John R. Foster. The will names husband, Lemuel James; son Thomas Arthur James (born 20 Nov. 1850, Mathews Co., Va. and died presumably in Mathews Co., Va. and died presumably in Mathews Co. on 8 June 1884; married 29 Nov. 1875 to Ella Eugenia Greene of Harford Co., Maryland, she being born 2 Oct. 1856 and died 30 January 1932 in Norfolk, Virginia.

The children of Thomas Arthur James were: Arthur Gilbert James, born 6 Oct. 1876 in Mathews Co., Va., died 20 Jan-

## FRASER

**CLANSMEN'S CREST:** A buck's head, erased, gules.

**MOTTO:** Fe Suis Prest (I am ready).

The Origin of the Name: French—Fraise (Strawberry)

Badge: Yew

War Cry: Caisteal Dhuni.

Pipe Music: Lavat's March.

This clan, said to be of Morman origin, is first found in the South of Scotland in the 11th century. The first recorded Sir Andrew Fraser in the Highlands was possibly Sir Andrew, who acquired the lands of Lovat through his wife, the daughter of the Earl of Orkney and Caithness, through her descent from Sir David de Graham and from the Bissets.

The Frasers took their share in the feuds of the clans of Ranald for the chieftainship of Clan Ranald as against the claim of John of Moedart. Ranald had been fostered by Lavat, and a desperate battle was fought on the shores of Loch Lochy between the Frasers and the MacDonalds. This battle is known as Blar-na-Leine—the Battle of the Skirts—because the combatants removed their skirts and

fought with such determination that, when it ended, only five Frasers and eight Mac Donalds remained alive.

The Frasers opposed Montrose, but supported Viscount Dundee. For the part played by the Clan in "the '45" Lord Lovat was executed, although it was his son who commanded the clan at Calladen. The son was pardoned for his part in the rising and, in 1757, raised 1800 Frasers for service in America where they fought with distinction. The title was attained, and about fifty years later the direct line failed, but in 1837 Thomas Fraser of Stricken was created Baron Lovat. (Ref: "The Clans of Tartans of Scotland" by Robert Bain).

## FRASER



uary 1963 in Elizabeth City, North Carolina; there were 4 other children.

There was a will 3 Oct. 1867 of Napoleon B. Anderson, Mathews County, Va., which bequeaths 26 acres of land at Cow Neck to Lemuel James and wife Maria L.; to Leonidas James and wife Emily; to Colbert A. Davis and wife Eliza A.; and Mary L. (or "S") Hull (or "Hull"); with Thomas F. Morgan and N. B. Anderson witnesses. Lemuel James petitioned the Court for one-fourth (¼) interest in the will of N. B. Anderson of which his wife is ¼ heir; this land was near Mathews Court House, Virginia.

Then there was a deed dated 11 Sept. 1877, which gives Maria L. James her part of the ¼ interest in the land left by Napoleon B. Anderson and Lemuel James lived on the land of N.B. Anderson.

Could any of our readers give the relationship of the four girls named in the will of Napoleon B. Anderson? Also please advise what relationship Lemuel James was to Leonidas James.

Also wish to know who was this Mae Ida Miller of Mathews Co., Va.? Who were the parents of Lemuel and Maria L. James? (C.B.G., Elizabeth City, North Carolina).

**A985. BROWN - THOMPSON.** A REWARD is offered for the ancestry of Benjamin Brown, who died 1762 and ancestry of his wife Sarah (Thompson) Brown, born 1724 and died 1815 at Brown's Cove in Albemarle Co., Virginia.

This couple had children: Benjamin; William; Agnes; and Barzillai Brown (married Frances Kephart and went to Kentucky about 1800 and settled in Franklin County, Ky.); Benajah; Bernard; Bernis; Bezaleel; Brightberry; and Elizabeth (married John Price); Lucretia Brown (married Robert Harris); Bartlett; and William Brown. (E. H. P., Austin, Texas).

### ANSWERS

**A985. NEELY.** Query in Aug. 25, 1963. I note that you have a query on the Neely in the mentioned issue of his feature. You stated that this family went from Virginia to North Carolina and then to Tennessee.

I am trying to find the parentage of one Neely Butler, who was born in 1796. He married in North Carolina an Amy Ozier, who was born in 1799.

The mother of Neely Butler was supposed to have been a Miss Neely of Virginia. Does the original inquirer have in his or her records that of a Neely girl marrying a Mr. Butler? This is what I am trying to locate. The mentioned Neely Butler named his eldest son Wilson Stark Butler; also had a son named Neely Butler (Jr.). This Neely family most certainly married into the Butler family and your query is the first one that I have seen on the Neely family. After being in Kentucky this family moved on into Tennessee.

I do not know the given name of the Neely girl who married one Mr. Butler. (V. B. B., San Diego, Calif.)

### BARHAM FAMILY

**BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA.** This continues as the 15th article covering the Barham family and we shall call this the Entry No. 15.

**ENTRY NO. 15.—1695, June 10.** Tith List. (Surry Co., Virginia Will & Deed Bk., 1694-1709, page 59). The list shows these three males under one

household Robert Hart, Robert (2) Barham, and William Williams — 03. (Note: This also shows that there was some connection between Robert (2) Barham and Robert Hart; we have stated from previous entries that Robert Hart married Priscilla Barham, daughter of Capt. Charles (1) Barham.

**1695, JULY 3.** Robert (2) Barham, orphan of Capt. Charles (1) Barham, being now in Court and having no settled place to live is being gone from Mr. Thomas Binns, with whom he lately dwelt, and the said Binns refusing to take him again, at his request is placed with Robert Hart, who in Court promiseth to give him two months schooling each year, and shall continue with him, and otherwise provide for his education, maintenance, etc. (Surry Co., Va., Order Book, 1691-1713, page 105). (Note: It would appear from this, that Robert Hart married Priscilla Barham, daughter of Capt. Charles (1) Barham and that Robert (2) Barham was the brother of Priscilla (2) Barham. Robert Hart became a tithable in the year 1683, so he was born in the year 1666-7. Priscilla (2) Barham was mentioned in the will of William Ridley, dated 1671. Robert Hart's will, probated in 1720 makes bequests to his wife, Priscilla. Did Elizabeth (2) Barham, daughter of Capt. Charles (1) Barham, and sister to Priscilla and Robert (2) Barham, marry Thomas Binns? Thomas Binns became a tithable in 1675, therefore was born in 1658-9, but he died without a will in 1699.—Editor).

**1696, June.** Tith List shows Robert Hart and Robert (2) Barham — 02 — males over 16 years of age in 1696 and under the same plantation listing (Surry Co., Va., Will & Deed Bk., 1694-1709, page 108).

**1697-8, Jan. 4.** —Robert (2) Barham petitions the Court saying he is very near of full age and desires the benefit of his labour. Robert Hart with whom Barham was placed was present and consented (Surry Co., Va., Order Bk. 1691-1713, page 188).

**1698, June 10.** Tith List. Under the same plantation listing are: Thomas Holt, Robert (2) Barham, Will and Isabell — 04 (Surry Co., Va., Will & Deed Bk., 1694 - 1709). (NOTE: Thomas Holt's first wife was Frances Mason, daughter of Francis Mason and wife, Elizabeth; Francis Mason's will calls Thomas Holt "son-in-law" (Book 1694-1709, page 116); Elizabeth Mason, wife to Francis, and mother to Thomas Holt, was the widow of Thomas Binns, Sr., who died in 1669 without a will. As Mrs. Elizabeth Binns, she did patent 777 acres of land on Oct. 18, 1669 (Virginia Land Patent Book No. 6, page 281, located in the archives Department of the Virginia State Library, Richmond, Va.). On May 6, 1701, as Elizabeth Mason, she deeded 388½ acres of land to Grandson, Francis Holt, and 388½ acres to Grandson, Francis Mason — "If he dies to Grandson, Charles Binns" (Surry Co., Va., Will & Deed Bk., 1694-1709, page 225). Thus Francis (Mason) Holt, 1st wife of Thomas Holt, was ½ sister to Thomas Binns (Jr.). It seems significant that Robert (2) Barham lived successively with Thomas Binns, Robert Hart, and Thomas Holt. This shows strongly that Priscilla Hart was sister of Robert (2) Barham.

This Barham family data to be continued in the next issue.



# Climbing The Family Tree

—Genealogy: Questions  
And Answers

By HUGH S. WATSON JR.

**HISTORICAL RARITIES**  
**FLAGS OF TRUCE DURING**  
**THE CIVIL WAR WERE FROM**  
**NORTHERN WOMEN TRAV-**  
**ELING TO SEE THEIR HUS-**  
**BANDS IN THE ARMY. CAU-**  
**TION WAS THE WARNING.**  
The following article was taken from the Wilmington (N.C.) Journal of Jan. 21, 1863:

"CAUTION — On a recent trip on the South Carolina Railroad, we were thrown in with a number of female refugees (we question) who had come from the North by the flag-of-truce boat to Point City. In conversation with several of them, we learned that many are Yankee women who have never been at the South, visiting their husbands and who expect to return. They report that people of the North are sick of war, but expect us shortly to surrender from starvation."

"We had supposed the object of the flag - of - truce permits was to persons returning to their domicile, and had no idea that Northern women whose husbands had been caught in our workshops when the war commenced, were to be allowed to visit them. It may be all well, but they certainly should not be allowed to communicate again with the North until the war is over."

"We have reason to believe that many persons arrived by the last flag - of - truce boat. Six hundred women are said to have come. (Signed) —South Carolinian."

**BOOK REVIEW**  
"KINGSTON PARISH REGISTER OF GLOUCESTER AND MATHEWS COUNTIES, 1749-1827", compiled by Emma R. Matheny and Helen K. Yates of Richmond, Va.; address 1718 Glenview Road, Richmond 22, Va.

There are many in the Tidewater area of Virginia who descend from the many family names listed in this time-consuming undertaking work of compiling of data by the mentioned Mrs. Matheny and Mrs. Yates of Richmond, Virginia.

This fine piece of work shows the directness of genealogical experience on giving to the public a labor - of - love so well prepared and indexed from the first entry to the last entry; not indexed by subject heading as so many books have been allowed to contain.

We will find therein 36 entries covering the births of children to the family name of Degge. We all know that the name of Degge is quite prevalent in the Counties of Gloucester and Mathews in Virginia. There were other families having great numbers of births and giving the names of the parents of the child with date of baptism.

Let us read the preface of the book, which was written by the genealogist Joice H. Lindsay in April 1953 for this book, it reads:

"The parish vestry in colonial Virginia was aristocratic in character, being composed of the wealthiest and most prominent men in the parish. From the year 1677, vestrymen serving Kingston Parish as recorded in the vestry book were: Richard Dudley, James Ransone, James Hill, Sands Knowles, George Burge, Thomas Bayley, Robert Elliot, Ambrose Dudley, Peter Ransom, John Billops (Billups), William Tompkins, Charles Jones,



John Coot, Humphrey Tompkins, Edmund Roberts, George Dudley, John Hayes, Hugh Gwinne, Robert Barnard, Charles Debrum, William Marlow, Humphrey Joye Tabb, William Armistead, Kemp Plummer, Gwinne Reade, Thomas Hayes, William Tabb, Charles Blacknal, John Feyton, Captain Thomas Smith, Kemp Whiting, George Dudley, John Armistead, James Ransom, Robert Tabb, William Plummer, William Plummer, William Armistead, Edward Hughes, Francis Armistead, John Willis, Gabriel Hughes, John Billip (Billups), Walter Keeble, Edmund Custis, Edward Tabb, John Dixon, Thomas Peyton, Robert Mathres, Dudley Cary, Mordecai Throckmorton, James Booker, Josiah Dean, Thomas Smith, Jr., Samuel Williams, Joel Foster, Armistead Smith, Robert Cary, Thomas Tabb, Richard Gregory, James Bibber, Sands Smith, John Gary, Milton Glascock."

"Gloucester County possesses few colonial county records, nearly all its archives having been destroyed by fire, either to 1820, through the burning of the county clerk's office, or in 1865, at the fall of Richmond, where they had been sent for safekeeping. The register of Kingston Parish is one of the few extant colonial church records. Dating from 1749, the last entry was made in 1827. A photostatic copy of the original Kingston Parish Register is maintained in the archives of the Virginia State Library, and it is from the photocopy of this ancient record that the compilers have painstakingly copied the births, deaths, and marriages recorded therein."

This book should be included among the book shelves of each and every library having genealogical books for searchers of Gloucester and Mathews county families. Gloucester and Mathews county families have descendants throughout the United States and there are many who reside in the counties to this date.

For one to receive a copy of this fine book write to the above address given at the head of this review.—Editor.

## QUESTIONS

A996. HIGHT-HITE. There is recorded in Sussex County, Virginia Court records, Will Book No. D, page 539, the will of Thomas Hight (Hite). The will left everything to his brother John to settled debts, and wife Elizabeth and then to children. Would like any further data on this Thomas Hight (Hite) and his brother John as to their ancestry. Would also like the maiden name of the wife of Thomas, as well as, the names of the children. (M.L.M., Salem, Indiana).

A997. BUSTER (BUSTARD) WOODS-LAMBERT-SUMPTER. Wish the names and ancestry of parents of William Buster, sometimes spelled Bustard, born at North Garden, Albemarle County, Virginia about 1735. William Bustard married Janes Woods, daughter of Michael Woods, Jr. and Ann Lambert.

William Buster (Bustard) received a land grant in Wythe County, Virginia in 1785 and died there about 1795.

Also wish information on Major Claudius Bustard, or Buster, a Revolutionary War Patriot, born about 1753, married Dorcas Sumpter, died Albemarle County, Va. about 1807; what relation was he to William? (K.D.B., Lincoln, Nebr.).

MCPHERSON. Since so many of us are working on the name of McPherson, please set us straight. Under the McPherson coat - of - arms is stated that Mary Sophia Buchanan McPherson died 1826; son born 1836 Major Horatio McPherson. Could this have been the year 1826?

(When replying to any accounts in this feature, please follow the Rules of the Feature, which states that all correspondence shall be on large size paper and not post cards. Also when making reference to an entry, please refer to the date of the issue and the question number. These hints will be most helpful to the editor, since all correspondence is filed a three - ring binders and post cards just will not aid the editor. Your kindness in joining me in trying to keep my records for ready reference will be greatly appreciated.—Editor).

The answer to this this question is given here since the date of the death of the mother was a typographical error and should have shown her death as being in the year 1936 and not 1926 as shown in the account of the McPherson family under the coat - of - arms, which appeared in the Sept. 1, 1963 issue.—Editor.

## BARHAM FAMILY

BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA. This continues as the 16th article covering this family. And we shall begin with the Entry No. 16:

ENTRY NO. 16—1699. June 10. Tith List —shows John Hancock with Robert (2) Barham—02 (Ref: Surry Co., Va., Will & Deed Book 1694-1709, page 192). John Hancock married Jane Holt, daughter of Randall and Elizabeth Holt, and sister of Thomas Holt; see will of Elizabeth Holt, Surry Co.

## Feature Rules

1. Send all letters to Daily Press, Newport News, Va.; name and address of sender must be given.
2. Questions and answers must be clearly stated on large size paper 8 1/2 by 11 inches, written double-space in ink or typed on one side of paper only; postal cards and small paper not acceptable; 3 questions only.
3. Answers will be through the column only. Correspondents making reply must give answers using data pertinent and brief.

## TOWER

ARMS: Argent, three towers gules.  
CREST: A griffin passant per pale or, and ermine.  
MOTTO: Vica Vivamus.

This arms has been used by the New England family of the name Tower and they descend from John Tower who was born in 1609 and died at a very old age in the year 1701. He came from England in the year 1637 and went to Hangham, Mass. where he settled. The property or land remains in the family now in the twentieth century, that had been granted to the named John Tower of 1637. His home was one of the houses used as a fortress during the King Philip's War of 1675. This gentleman was also an incorporator of Lancaster in the year 1654. He held offices of trust, such as: constable, commissioner and the way-warden. In 1638 he married Margaret Ibrook, daughter of Richard Ibrook. This couple had,



TOWER.

Benjamin Tower, born in 1634 and died in 1721. He saw service in King Philip's War. He married in 1660, Deborah Gardner, who was born in 1637 and died in 1728. This couple had,

Benjamin Tower Jr., who was born in 1686 and died in 1760. He married in 1718, Bethia Woodward, who was born in 1686 or 1687. This couple had,

James Tower, born 1722 and died 1796. He was also in the French and Indian War, as well as, the Revolutionary War. He married more than once and his 1st wife was Mary Day who he married in 1745. This couple had,

Lynde Tower, born 1749 and died in 1835. He was a patriot and also served during the American Revolution. He married Rebecca Bowker in the year 1774.

Va., Will & Deed Book, 1694-1709, page 411).

1700, June 1. Tith List —shows Robert (2) Barham and Joseph Lane — 02 (Surry Co., Va., Will & Deed Bk., 1694-1709, page 287).

1781, June 10. Tith List — SHOWS Robert (2) Barham—01 (Surry Co., Va., Will & Deed Bk., 1694-1709, page 232). (This appears to show that he was alone, however only males were listed in the Tith List; therefore others may have been in the household.—Editor).

1782, June 10. Tith List—Robert (2) Barham, William Smith — 02 (Reference! Same book as above, but different page number).

1783, June 10. Tith List.—Robert (2) Barham, William — 02 (Surry Co., Va. will & Deed Bk. 1694 - 1709, p. 288) (This is the last Tith List recorded in Surry Co., Va.).

1783, May 4. Will of William Seward with following legatees:

Daughter, May Bruton.  
Daughter, Elizabeth Holt.  
Wife, Ann, for life —The Plantation I live on —located on Banford's Creek, to White Marsh, to William Harrison's, to my grandson William Seward's line; and at her death, to son William

Son, William Seward; if he has no heirs, to  
Son Benjamin Seward  
Son, James Seward, land from White Marsh Swamp to Robert (2) Barham's woods; if he has no heirs, to  
Marsh Swamp to Robert (2) Barham's woods; if he has no heirs, to  
Son Joseph Seward.

The rest of my estate to wife and her 5 children - in - law in consideration of her dowry—William Seward, James Seward, Joseph Seward, Benjamin Seward, and Ann Seward.

The will was dated 16 March 1783; witnesses, Edward Barrow, Elizabeth Barrow, William Gray; probated in court May 4, 1783. (Surry Co., Va., Will Book of this date)

Note re the will of above William Seward: William Seward's wife was a sister of Robert Caulfield whose will was probated in Jan. 1st 1691-92 and makes bequests to Niece Elizabeth, wife of William Holt, and to niece Mary, wife of James Bruton—Surry Co., Va., Book 1697-1699, page 240. William Seward's 2nd wife was the widow of Christopher Clinch who died in 1678, mentioning wife, Ann; daughter Elizabeth Clinch; and an unborn child. His will appointed William Seward and William Hancock as Overseers of the will —Surry Co., Va., Will Book 2, p. 216. The Mrs. Ann (Clinch) Seward died in 1714, mentioning in her will children: Christopher Clinch, William, James, Joseph, Benjamin and Ann Seward—Surry Co., Va., Book 1709-13, p. 126. William Seward was a Quaker—Surry Co., Va., Order Book 1671 - 1730, page 27.

Note re the above William Seward who left the will: William Seward also had another son, John Seward, who predeceased him, dying without a will in 1699; his estate was returned Dec. 21, 1699, by Mary Seward, Adminx.—Surry Co., Va., Bk. 1694-1709, page 138; her securities were William Newsum, and Mrs. Elizabeth Balfin—Surry Co., Va. Order Bk. 1691-1713, page 194 (Mrs. Balfin was widow of George Watkins as shown in the records included under date of 1623 and 1675). This Mary Seward, widow, next married William Gray, whose will was probated June 16, 1723, naming sons, William, Robert, Joseph, Thomas, Edmund, Charles, James, daughter Lucy Briggs, wife of Howell Briggs. Also William Gray had a brother named Gilbert Gray. The will of William Gray was dated March 10, 1721; probated June 16, 1726; witnesses, Timothy Thorpe, Sampson Wilson, Nathaniel Gibb (Surry Co., Va., Will Book 1714-1738, p. 664).

The Barham family data to be continued in next issue.



# The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON



The willow of William Allen, Clarrissa (Pearson) Allen, was appointed guardian of the minor children of William Allen (d. 1820).

There was one marriage bond in Bedford Co., Va. between one William Allen and Sarah Harper in the year 1782. Is it possible that this was the same William Allen (Died 1820), the Revolutionary War soldier and that Sarah Harper was his first wife? (H.L.P., Dallas, Texas).

## ANSWERS

**A987. WILSON.** (Question by D.W.L., Boise, Idaho). There appeared a query on this family of Virginia and North Carolina and I am collecting data on the name of Wilson and Butler families. I am trying to find data on Neely Butler, whose mother was a Miss Wilson and he was born in North Carolina in 1797. This couple named their eldest son Wilson Stark Butler. I felt that this inquirer might have some data of help to me. The original query appeared in Sept. 1, 1963 issue. (Mrs. Virginia B. Schur, 4866 Kensington Drive, San Diego 16, California). The letter is being forwarded to the inquirer.—Editor.

**A975. HANCOCK - KAVANAUGH** Sunday, Sept. 8th, W.T.B. Austin, Tex.) There are some

corrections to the statements in the answers of Sept. 8th, 1963 and they are:

The 3rd paragraph read: "William Williams (1st husband of Jael Harrison) died in Essex Co., Va., 1712, as did her father (James Harrison, died Essex Co. Va. 1712" —I have not traced beyond William Williams per the lady who sent the data.

Sixth paragraph, read — "Charles Kavanaugh of Madison County, Ky. will 1796". This should be Madison Co., Va. as Madison Co., Va. was taken from Culpeper Co., Va. 1793, it could have been the home of a Charles Kavanaugh, son of Philemon Kavanaugh, Jr. (son of Philemon Kavanaugh, Sr. of Orange Co., Va. will of 1743) who left a will in Culpeper Co., Va. 1764.

In this will of Philemon Kavanaugh, Jr. of Culpeper, he mentions his "wife Ann Kavanaugh; son Benjamin and all my children;" also certain land on which my brother Charles now lives to be sold by my executors"; with Charles Kavanaugh Charles Yancey and Ann Kavanaugh as witnesses to the will.

The wife of this Philemon Kavanaugh, Jr. (His will 1764) was Ann Cave (dau. of Benjamin and Hannah (Bledsoe Cave) who married Dec. 9, 1775 as her second husband William Strother and went to Woodford Co., Ky. to live. One Philemon Kavanaugh left a will dated 1764, probated 1785 in Orange Co., Va. naming "sister, Elizabeth Taylor." The witnesses to this will were Uriel Mallory, William Mallory, Sarah Tinder, John Bledsoe and mentions his "step - father William Strother, executor", which proves he was the son of Philemon and Ann (Cave) Kavanaugh, Jr.

(This data on the Kavanaugh family will be continued in the next issue of this feature.—Editor).

## FREEMAN

**ARMS:** Argent, three lozenges cr.

**CREST:** A demi lion argent between the paws a lozenge argent. This arms has been used by the Virginia family by name of Freeman they descend from Henry Freeman, who died in the year 1687, having come from England and settled in York County, Virginia as early as the year 1625; he had son,

Henry Freeman, Jr., who died in the year 1676; he had, Henry Freeman, whose birth date we do not have, but his will was probated in the year 1720 being of York County, Va. as was his father.

He married in the year 1662, Barbara Calthorpe (she died in 1680 being the daughter of Colonel Christopher Calthorpe, a Member of the House of Burgesses having come to Virginia in 1622). Henry Freeman and Barbara Calthorpe had,

George Henry Freeman, born in 1673. He did not remain in the county of York as did his father and grandfather, but he removed himself to King William County, Va. He married in the year 1703, Sarah Frances Holmes; they had,

Christopher Homes Freeman, born 1719 and died in the year 1787. He was married in 1746 to Anne Elizabeth Claiborne; this couple had,

George Dandridge Freeman, born 1763 and died in the year 1831. He married in the year 1787, Keziah Yancey, who was born 1763 and died 1834, being the daughter of Charles Yancey; they had,

Eloise Clinton Freeman, born 1801 and died in 1845. She married in the year 1835, William Hall who was born in the year 1793.



## HISTORICAL RARITIES

WHAT A BATTLE IT MUST HAVE BEEN AROUND NASHVILLE DURING THE CIVIL WAR. The following is taken from the Chicago (Ill.) Tribune of Jan. 3, 1863 with the following captions are headings:

**"THE GREAT BATTLE BELOW NASHVILLE — ROSECRANS ATTACKS — SEVERE FIGHTING AND HEAVY LOSSES — CONFLICTING DISPATCHES — THE BATTLE NOT DECIDED"**

"Nashville, Jan. 2 (1863). — The federals encountered the rebels on the 30th ult., near Stuart's Creek and after heavy skirmishing the rebels were driven back."

"We captured 100 prisoners, and killed and wounded a large number of the rebels. Our loss was seventy killed and wounded."

"At daybreak on the 31st the fight was renewed with great fury. Gen. McCook's corps was opposed to Hardee. After desperate fighting, with heavy loss, McCook retreated two miles. He soon rallied and was again driven back. At night he was four miles this side of the ground occupied in the morning. The fight continued until 10 o'clock p.m., at which time we had maintained our position."

"The Federal loss is very heavy. Killed - Brigadier-General Sill, Lieut. Col. Gorsche, Chief of Gen. Rosecrans' staff; Brigadier - General Willieh, of Indiana; Col. Kell, of the 2nd Ohio; Col. Shaffer, acting Brigadier - General; Col. Farmer, 15th Kentucky; Col. Jones, 24th Ohio; Lieut. Col. Catton, 6th Kentucky; Lieut. Col. Jones, 39th Indiana; Major Carpenter, 19th regulars; Major Rosengarten of Philadelphia."

"Murfreesboro, Jan. 1. — A terrible battle was fought yesterday. The latest from the field is up to noon. The rebel centre had been broken and things looked favorable. The losses on both sides are reported to be enormous."

"Louisville, Jan. 2 — Gen. Rosecran captured Murfreesboro on Tuesday morning, and now occupies it. The rebels made a slight resistance, and retreated to Tullahoma."

"Rosecrans' last train of wagons following him was captured by rebels under Col. Morgan."

"There are rumors here of the approach of Forrest from the direction of Salt River, which was entirely unfounded."

"Near Murfreesboro, Tenn., Dec. 31 (1863). — Our whole line suffered terribly this morning. Four regiments of regulars lost half their men and all their commanding officers. Gen. Anderson's troops suf-

fered terribly. Majors Rosengarten and Ward are killed. Generals Stanley, Rosseau and Palmer were wounded."

"2 o'clock, P.M. — General Thomas has just broken the rebel center, driving the enemy a mile. We are advancing our whole line. General Rosecrans is personally superintending the movement. One shot killed two of his staff officers."

"The 15th Wisconsin lost seven captains."

"Negley's artillery is still mowing the rebels in the centre."

"Crittenden's left wing has taken the intrenchments at Murfreesboro."

## QUESTIONS

**A987. OLIVER.** Would like all available data on William Oliver who died 1686 in Middlesex County, Virginia. He was from the Isle of Ely. Would like a list of all of his children, grandchildren and the names of those who each married. Would also like the name of the William Oliver first mentioned who died 1686. (V.B.S., San Diego, Calif.)

**A988. ALLEN-PEARSON-FERGUSON - WHITE - SMITH - ASHWELL - LAMPKIN-MEADOR - BEASLEY - BRADLEY - PAYNE.** Wish the names of the parents and ancestry of William Allen, my Revolutionary War ancestor, who died in Bedford Co., Va. interstate before 1820. He was survived by his wife Clarrissa (Pearson) Allen, who he married Feb. 2, 1812 in Franklin Co., Va.

The surviving children of William Allen were apparently by his 1st wife:

Robert Allen and Charles Allen.

James Allen (married, 1818, Milly (Mildred) Ferguson of Amelia Co., Va.).

Rachel Allen (m.-Dec. 10, 1812 Jacob White, son of Jacob White of Bedford Co., Va.).

Jeremiah Allen (m.—April 6, 1812, Frances Payne of Franklin Co., Va.).

John Allen (m. -1794, Lucy David, Franklin Co., Va., dau. of Pierre David.).

Elizabeth Allen.

William Allen, Jr. (m.-1812 Susannah Smith, Franklin Co., Va.). Sarah Allen (m.-John Beasley).

Francois (Fanny) Allen (m.-William Ashwell).

Mary Allen (m.- Thomas Ashwell).

Mildred (Milly) Allen (m.-one Mr. Lampkin).

Matthew Allen (m.- Sept. 21, 1858, Margaret Meador).

John P. Allen (m. - Feb. 29, 1848, Teresa Bradley).

All of the above listed children were heirs - at - law of William Allen, a late soldier of the First Regiment, Maryland Continental Establishment. I have a photostatic copy from the General Service Administration, National Archives, Washington, D. C. I also have records service also photo copy as found in the Archives Dept., Virginia State Library, Richmond, Va. I shall gladly share other authentic data with other readers.

## Feature Rules

1. Send all letters to Daily Press, Newport News, Va.; name and address of sender must be given.

2. Questions and answers must be clearly stated on large size paper 8½ by 11 inches, written double-space in ink or typed on one side of paper only; postal cards and small paper not acceptable; three questions only.

3. Answers will be through the column only. Correspondents making reply must give answers using data pertinent and brief.

## BARHAM FAMILY

BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY CO., VIRGINIA. This continues as the 17th article on this family. We shall begin with the Entry No. 17:

**ENTRY NO. 17** — In the previous issue was given the will of William Seward, which was probated May 4, 1703 and under the comments under the will by this editor we add the following: Mary (Seward) Gray died in 1757 mentioning in her will, Daughter Lucy Briggs, wife of Howell Briggs; Granddau. Elizabeth Rose; sons, Em., Edmund, James, Robert, Joseph and Thomas Gray, and son William Seward. This will show how the Seward and Gray families were connected in Surry for this Mary Seward as widow married 2ndly one Mr. Gray—Editor. This will of Mary (Seward) Gray had as her witnesses Gray Briggs, Susannah Gray and William Thorpe and the will was recorded in Surry Co., Va. Will Book, 1754-1768, page 113. Editor.

1704 — Surry Co., Va. Quit Tent Rolls of this year shows Robert (2) Barham with 650 acres of land (Ref: Virginia Magazine of History and Biography, Vol. 29, pp. 18-28).

1704, Nov. 17 —Indenture (deed), Thomas Holt, Attorney, for Charles Goring, late of Elizabeth City County, now in parts beyond the seas, to John Joseph Jackson—432 acres of land left Goring by LW&T (Last Will & Testament) of Colonel John Lear, deceased adjacent to Phil. Hunniford on 3rd Swamp of Blackwater upon Mr. Cockerham & Mr. Barham's line (This was Robert (2) Barham, son of Capt. Charles (1) Barham) (Surry Co., Va. Will ? Dill Bk., 1694-1709, page 432).

1712, May 21. Jury to determine boundaries of land of Robert Flake. The jurymen were: Robert (2) Barham, Thomas Lane, William Holt, William Ruffin, James Bruton, Edward Brown, William Little, John Sugar, Joseph Cobb, Arthur Davis, John Phillips, Hustis Grimes (Surry Co., Va., Will & Deed Bk., 1709 - 1715, page 105).

1714, May 11. Grand jury — includes Robert (2) Barham (Surry Co., Va., Order Book, 1713 - 1719, page 105).

1717, May 15, Will of John Clarke; probated May 15, 1717, but this was dated Oct. 2, 1711:

Item: I will that my daughter and her husband keep the plantation they now live on during their natural life and after their decease, I give it to my grandson, John (3) Barham, and the heirs of the body forever and for want of such heirs I give it to my granddaughter, Elizabeth (3) and the heirs of her body.

Item: I will that my grandson, Robert (3) Barham (Jr.), have my plantation and all the land belonging to it which I bought of James Briggs for him and the heirs of his body and for want of such heirs, to my granddaughter Mary and the heirs of her body forever,

Item: I give and bequeath to my grandson Charles (3) Barham my gun.

Item: I give to my daughter, Elizabeth, Barham, my gray horse, "Turk" (Note by this Editor — She was the wife of Robert (2) Barham),

Item: I give to Edward Harris my Simeter and belt.

This will be continued in the next issue of this feature.



# Climbing The Family Tree

—Genealogy: Questions  
And Answers

By HUGH S. WATSON JR.

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

APPARENTLY THE YANKEE ARMY AND THOSE IN AUTHORITY IN THE NORTH WERE VERY INTERESTED IN THE MOVES MADE BY THE CONFEDERATES DURING THE CIVIL WAR. The following was taken from the Chicago (Ill.) Tribune of January 1, 1863, and reads as follows:

**"THAT IMPENDING BLOW."**  
"The faint-hearted or sympathizing opponents of the Government, who are using the recent reverses of our arms as arguments for the acknowledgment of the Southern Confederacy, have forgotten that the whole of the Union Army is not in Virginia; and that the mismanagement and delay there may be only the forerunners of gratifying success in the West, where one brilliant stroke may change the whole aspect of the war and put the Confederacy in the way of quick dissolution. We are not afraid that any truly loyal man will be influenced by the appeals for separation and peace that have become so common; but we point out for those who are on the point of discouragement the fact that a single week or a single day may prove that our success is but a question of brief time; and that we have only to press vigorously forward to insure all for which the country contends. We apprehend that, in spite of the dimensions to which the Southern Government has given, and the vigorous front which it presents to the world, it is but a poor piece of crockery after all, and that it need but one vigorous blow planted in the center to shatter it into a thousand pieces. That blow is, we believe, impending. When it will fall depends upon the pleasure and judgment of those who now withhold it."

## QUESTIONS

**A989. SHORTRIDGE.** This inquirer will welcome an exchange information on the David Shortridge (assumed surname) and descendants. While as a very young child, he was brought to live with a farmer near Richmond, Virginia in the early 1700's. As an adult, he raised thoroughbred horses near Alexandria Virginia. One of his sons was named George, a trooper in King George II's Colonial Army, in Virginia. Some of David Shortridge's descendants migrated to Kentucky. (M. S. McG., Spartanburg, South Carolina).

## ANSWERS

**A975. HANCOCK - KAVANAUGH** (Appeared in the Sunday Question Section of this feature of 8 Sept. 1963). This continues from the Answer Section of this feature of last Sunday, 13 Oct. 1963; Corrections—

In the Henderson County, Ky. records the will of Charles Kavan-

ough dated 1795-6 mentions daughter Jael; sons William and Charles and other children including, "the heirs of my eldest son Philemon deceased (these heirs are not named in the abstracted copy, I have) (Ref: Madison Co., Ky., Will Book "A", page 125).

The Madison Co., Ky., Will Book "A," page 97—Orders—June 1788, "Proof is made that Charles Kavanaugh, Jr. is the elder son of Philemon Kavanaugh, deceased formerly of Culpeper County, Virginia."

Madison Co., Ky., Will Bk. "A", page 101, Charles Kavanaugh, Sr. is exempted from personal service on Public Roads."

The 1784 appraisal of estate of Philemon Kavanaugh is given in Madison Co. Ky., Will Book, "A", page 7. Isaac Duncan was the executor for the estate if Philemon Kavanaugh, deceased and he was replaced by Charles Kavanaugh and Patsy Kavanaugh with bond of \$2500.00 dated 1821 (?). (Could this data be correct the person who is furnishing the data ask).

The will of William Kavanaugh of Madison Co., Ky., for which I do not have reference, names: son Archibald; m 2 grandchildren, son and dau. of my deceased son Nicholas Kavanaugh, "on Dec. 25, 1824; to wife Ruth, all she had before marriage; son Charles Kavanaugh & daughter Susanna Duncan; to Ann Briscoe, Polly Oldham, Sally English; sons Philemon, Charles & Archibald. Recorded 1829 and signed—William Kavanaugh. (This William Kavanaugh was the son of Charles Kavanaugh of the 1795 will of Madison Co., Ky., and this Charles was the son of Philemon Kavanaugh Sr., having will 1743 of Orange Co., Virginia.

The above Archibald Kavanaugh had a daughter Hannah who married Volney Doley who had son John Kavanaugh Dotey.

Philemon Kavanaugh of Cooper Co. Missouri, appointed G. B. Kavanaugh of Madison Co., Ky., his attorney for his land on Muddy Creek as "heir of my father Philemon, deceased 1841 (Note: Cooper Co., Mo. was formed in 1818; Howard Co., Mo. was formed 1816; and Missouri became a state in 1821).

In February 1844, "Martha (Patsy) Kavanaugh; Sallie Carter; Philemon Kavanaugh; Mary and Charles Kavanaugh sell to Jarvis E. Gilbert, three (3) tract of land in Randolph Co., Mo.; 200 acres of land to Gilbert, all rights to land in in Madison Co., Ky. on Muddy Creek being willed to said Patsy by her father Samuel Gilbert, deceased."

The above records are taken from Mr. W. H. Miller's Manuscript found in Kentuckiana of the Library at Teacher's College Richmond, Kentucky, shows several Charles Kavanaughs and that land in Missouri was owned by this family. (These notes were sent to the person who so kindly submitted this data by a lady of New York who is now deceased).

**A982 (C). WALDEN-THORPE** (Question appeared in issue of 18 Aug. 1963); this query was asking the name of parents of John Walden who was born 1762, and died in Howard Co., Missouri; he married in Madison Co., Ky., to Dorcas Thorpe. This couple had a daughter named Permelea, who married 1843, Davis Perry Todd, in Howard Co., Missouri.



The Uriah Mallory who witnessed the will of Kavanaugh in 1784-5 in Orange County, Va. married Hannah Cave also a daughter of Benjamin and Hannah Cave of Orange and was brother-in-law of Philemon Kavanaugh, Jr.'s wife, Ann Cave Kavanaugh.

Roger Mallory left a will in Orange Co., Va. (1743), naming: wife Sarah and "all children" (not named, but from other records the children were: Uriel; Mary (married William Cave); and Roger Mallory Jr. are found as his children). Also the oldest child is believed to have been Susanna (died 1816, aged 79, Culpeper Co. Va. who married (1st) Berreman (Will 1763 Orange Co., Va.) a nephew of Jeremiah Morton of Orange Co. Va. who married as her 2nd husband Roger Mallory Sr.) By Jeremiah Morton she had three Morton children: William Anne and Jane Morton.

The Susanna (Mallory) Davis, above, married 1st, Berreman Davis and had 3 daughters, Mary, Sarah, and another the name of whom is not known to this sender; and after his death in 1763, she married 2nd, Rev. Lewis Conner and had 2 sons and 2 daughters.

The above Mary Davis married Thomas Hughes in Orange Co., Va., 15 June 1775 and had:

(a) Berreman, in 1850 in Rappahannock Co., Va.

b). Gabriel Hughes — died young.

(c). Matthew Hughes, who was in the War of 1812.

(d). Thomas Hughes, Jr., who married Frances ("Annie") Walden on April 5, 1811 in Spotsylvania Co., Va.

(e). Lucy Hughes, who married in Culpeper Co., Va. in 1794, Thomas Walden.

The children of Thomas Hughes, Jr. and wife Frances ("Annie") Walden were: Henrietta; Lilly Ann; Rachel; Mary Lucy; Benjamin; Thomas, 3rd; Mattha; William Hughes. Henrietta Hughes (m. Mr. Moore); Ann Hughes (m. Mr. Jones); Rachel Hughes (among this data we have no record of marriage); Lucy Hughes (m. Mr. Curtis); Mary Hughes (m. Mr. Calvert); I have a letter, advised the sender of this material, written in 1936 from a Culpeper Co., Va. lady, now deceased who will research there and in part states, "I have a letter from a Mrs. Burke who says she descends from Thomas Hughes, Jr. and Frances Walden, a daughter of John Walden of Caroline Co., Va. This Thomas Hughes, Jr. was son of Thomas and Mary (Davis) Hughes. Mary (Davis) Hughes' mother married 2nd, a Baptist Minister, Rev. Lewis Conner and they had four (4) Conner children; after died in 1815, her married 2nd in 1815 Mrs. Margaret French Farrow, widow of Jno. Farrow of Culpeper Co., Va." The 3rd Davis daughter (sister of Mary Davis Hughes) married a Mr. James Rainey and went to live in or near Mt. Sterling, Kentucky. (The person sending this data wants data on this family of Davis-Rainey). The mentioned Mrs. Burke was related to the Hughes & Walden families of Rappahannock Co., Va. (Rappahannock Co., Va. was formed in 1833 from Culpeper Co. Va. so these families evidently lived first in Culpeper and in that part that later became Rappahannock Co., Va. A975. (E). KAVANAUGH -

HANCOCK. The informer advises that, "I forgot to say that, Robert Hancock went to Howard Co., Missouri. He married Jaley Kavanaugh, daughter of Dr. Charles Kavanaugh. The name of Jael Kavanaugh appeared in old Virginia court records as Jalle, Jael and Jaley." This makes me believe that the inquirer wants records from Orange, Culpeper, Rappahannock and perhaps Spotsylvania Co., Virginia. The inquirer also states that one of the Hancock brothers named "Abbot" and this is a Culpeper Co., Va. name. It is believed that the inquirer's people went from Culpeper or Orange Counties, Va. first to Madison Co. Ky. and then branched off into the Missouri counties; you can see that some of the Kavanaughs had land in Missouri.

The informer advised that she was from the 2nd marriage of Susannah Mallory to Rev. Lewis Conner (through their daughter Sally who married Zephaniah Conner, who was son of John E. Elizabeth (Kavanaugh) Conner, daughter of Philemon Kavanaugh of Orange Co. Va. of the will 1743-4. This marriage (Hancock) I found in Orange Co., Va. marriage bonds; the bond shows: William Hancock of Trinity Parish & Jemima Brockman of Thomas Parish, dated May 4th, 1775. The kind assistant also states that the Hancocks were in Orange Co. and perhaps of Spotsylvania before this and probably in Culpeper Co., Va. later. (Many thanks to the lady who so kindly submitted this informative data.—Editor).

## BARHAM FAMILY

**BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY CO., VA.** This continues from the last issue of this feature. This shall be the 18th in the series of articles and we shall use Entry No. 18 for this one:

**ENTRY No. 18—**This continues with the will of John Clarke, whose will was probated May 15, 1717 and in which the previous article stated that John Clarke named his grandson Robert (3) Barham and named Elizabeth (Clarke) Barham wife of Robert (2) Barham, to whom he bequeathed a gray horse; so now begin with the next item of the will:

Item—I give and bequeath all the rest and residue of my personal estate to Mary, my well beloved wife and do appoint her whole and sole executor of this my Last Will and Testament and I do hereby revoke, disannul and make void all former wills by me made heretofore. In witness whereof I hereunto sett my hand and seal the 2nd day of October 1711. With witnesses, Thomas Lane and William Holt. Signed John Clarke, sealed with a wafer.

At a court held at Southwark for the County of Surry, Virginia, May 15, 1717 the within mentioned will of John Clarke, deceased was presented in Court by Mary Clark, Executor, thereof who made oath thereto and being proved by the oath of Thos. Lane and William Holt, witness thereto the same ordered be recorded and is recorded by —Jno. Allen, Clerk of Court."

(In the next issue of this feature we shall continue with the Barham family and give some notes regarding the will of John Clarke in order to clarify the record for those who are interested in this line. — Editor).

## BANGS

**ARMS:** Sable, a cross engrailed ermine between four fleurs-de-lys, or.

**CREST:** A moor's head full faced couped at the shoulders proper, on the head a cap of maintenance gules, turned up ermine, adorned with a crescent whence issues a fleur-de-lys.

This arms has been used by the New England family of the names of Bangs, who descend from Edward Bangs who was born

in the year 1592 and died in 1678. He came from England in the ship "Ann," to the Plymouth Colony of Mass. in 1623. He later moved to Eastham, Mass. in 1644. He was prominent in the affairs of the colony and became captain of the guard against the Indians. He also was a member of the Plymouth Military Company in the year 1643 and later in the year 1652 was a representative from Eastham, Mass. to the General Court. He married Lydia Hicks, and they had,

Captain Jonathan Bangs, who was born in 1640 and died in 1728. He, too, was a servant to his fellow colonists and became captain of the militia. He was also prominent in the affairs of the township of Eastham. He was elected

selectman and treasurer of Eastham. He later became a deputy to the Old Colony Court and representative to the General Court. He married in the year 1664, Mary Mayo, who was born in 1649 and died in 1711, she being the daughter of Captain Samuel and Thomasine Lumpkin. The named Mary Mayo was the daughter of the Rev. John Mayo. Captain Jonathan Bangs and wife Mary Mayo had,

Captain Edward Bangs, who was born in 1665 and died in 1746, being of Eastham, Mass. as was his father and grandfather. He married Ruth Allen, who was born in 1669 and died in 1738, being the daughter of James and Elizabeth Perkins.



Bangs

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## HISTORICAL RARITIES

IT WAS THE TIME THAT THE AREA OF VIRGINIA TURNED TO THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT DURING THE CIVIL WAR AND BECAME WEST VIRGINIA. This was taken from the Federal Confederacy (Georgia) and dated January 2, 1863.

"ADMISSION ON OF WESTERN VIRGINIA INTO THE FEDERAL UNION."

"The New York World denounces the admission of Western Virginia into the Federal Union, as both a wrong and a humbug. And after announcing the passage of the bill in Congress exposes the enormity of the act in a bitter article from which we make the annexed extract:

"Palpable and glaring violations of the Constitution have become such every day occurrences that they cease to produce that strong and immediate expression, to give that shock to the public mind, which they would do if the Republicans, content with making them the extreme medicine of the Government, had not converted them into its daily food. Congress has no more authority to create the State of 'Western Virginia' than it has to create the State of Western New York. But as all leading measures of this administration are violations of the Constitution, this particular instance only makes a small addition to the list. Its confiscation acts, its emancipation proclamations, its paper legal tender, its extension of material law over the whole country, its bastilles, its denial of habeas corpus, are fruits naturally to have been expected from a party which embarked in politics under the banner of the higher law, and whose most distinguished leader among a hundred similar utterances, once said to an audience of his admirers . . .

## QUESTIONS

A990 RICHARDSON - MASON-LATHAN (LATHOM-LATHAM) Miss Clara Laney, Register of Deeds of this county (Monroe, N. C.) (Union County), and a good friend of mine, gave me a copy of your column, "Climbing the Family Tree", containing an article on the Richardson family coat-of-arms. My great-great-great-grandfather, Edward Richardson, came down to this section around 1750 from Virginia, and died in this section in 1797. He was quite a fighter in the Revolutionary War, and tradition has it that he married Polly Mason. However, his will states, "I leave to my beloved wife Catherine . . ." He had five sons and two daughters; one of the sons having been named Thomas. For five years I have been working on this line, but seem to get nowhere. I have a small newspaper copy of the Richardson coat-of-arms, but it isn't like the one in the copy of your paper, dated August 25, 1963. Do you have any information on this family?

And what is the subscription price of the Sunday issue of the Daily Press? Most of my ancestors came down from Virginia and Pennsylvania, and since I am writing a history of the Lathan and Richardson families, I am very anxious to learn more about Edward Richardson. An aunt of mine, now 91, years of age, says she remembers her grandmother speaking of grandfather Sylvanus Richardson in England. I cannot write the Lathen (Lathom,

## Climbing

# The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON

Lathem, Latham) history without the Richardson line, as they are so mixed up. Richardsons married Lathans—such as Juliet Latham, a great-great aunt of mine, who married Edward Richardson's grandson, Valentine Richardson; and another great-great aunt Martha Lathem married Eli Richardson. I could go on and on. The name of Lathom, Lathem and Lathan until the Civil War was such and then changed to Lathan. (V.L.M., Monroe, N. C.)

## ANSWERS

A990 RICHARDSON - MASON-LATHEN. The coat-of-arms of the Richardson family as shown in this feature was that of the New England family of that name. This editor does not have any records on the Richardson family, however, you may obtain some data from Mr. Richardson, Delegate to the Virginia State Legislature, Dinwiddie County, Va. It is suggested that you contact him for he may place you in contact with someone who could assist you. The given name of Sylvanus sounds as though it might be a Southside Virginia name and the name of Mason could also be of the same area, such as, Surry Co., Sussex Co., Southampton Co., Dinwiddie Co., Va.

For the price of subscription for Sunday issue carrying my feature, it is suggested that you write to the circulation department of the Daily Press newspaper of Newport News, Va. or your friend who gave you the clipping should know the price of the Sunday issue; this is something I do not have anything to do with.—Editor.

A985 NEELY (Entered by V.B.B., San Diego, Calif., Sunday 29 Sept. 1963).

The following data was sent by one of our readers:

I do not have information relative to your Neely Butler, born 1796 (married in North Carolina, Amy Ozier, born 1799) whose mother was supposed to have been a Miss Neely of Virginia.

Only last week I received a letter from a Mr. Neely of Tenn., who said that about 15 years ago there was a reunion or gathering of the Neely Clan (called the "Neely Association", near Charlotte, North Carolina, at or near Steel Creeks Presbyterian Church and one Mr. John L. Stacy or Stacey of Charlotte was the secretary of the meeting and that 595 Neelys did register, including the Tenn. branch."

He also said that "some years ago, a Mr. Neely, an oil man in Tulsa, Oklahoma, formerly of Pennsylvania told him that there were three Neely brothers, who came to the States, long before the Revolutionary War and that one settled in the southern part of Pennsylvania, another went into Virginia and the other went into North Carolina. (Be aware of the old saying of, "the three brothers", however it did happen in some cases.—Editor). He had spent two years looking up the Neelys in

England and he also stated that there were 15 Neely men in the Continental Army during the Revolutionary War and that he thought that most of the Neely men were related. This correspondent did not remember his name or address.

About 6 years ago, Mr. Milton A. Parson, P. O. Box 1005, Couer d'Alene, Idaho, was seeking his Maryland and Virginia, North Carolina, and South Carolina Neely family data and invited correspondence. He said, "My interest in the Neely family at the present time centers around the Virginia Neelys and of course their locale was almost entirely limited to Botetourt Co., Va. What I would like to learn is whether any of the Virginia Neelys had a daughter Martha who could have been born about the year 1755. My grandfather's name was Neely Parsons and as others in the family had the middle name of 'Neely', I'd feel almost certain that there was a Neely grandmother somewhere. My second great-grandfather, James Parsons (born 1739 in Maryland) went from Maryland to around Augusta Co., Va. after 1785. He then took his family to North Carolina or South Carolina, where they resided a few years before moving to Knox Co., Ky., where James Parsons and his eldest son Robert Parsons obtained grants of land in 1807 and they appear in the 1810 Census there. Then in 1815 they moved to Monroe Co., Indiana. The wife of James Parsons was named Martha (born 29 July 1755) and died 1814 in Knox Co., Ky."

"I have searched nearly

every compiled and published record of Virginia and find that the Neelys of Virginia were confined entirely to the Valley of Virginia in the vicinity of Botetourt, Montgomery, Rockbridge and Augusta Co., Va. In view of the fact that my 2nd great grandfather James Parsons went (from Maryland) to the Valley of Virginia when a young man and all evidence points to the fact that he married there about 1774-1775, I have every reason to believe that the maiden name of his wife was Martha Neely. But who was she the daughter of is my problem."

Mr. Parsons also gave this data:

John Neely—his will probated Augusta Co., Va. 1778—names wife Elizabeth; children, Robert, Andrew, John and Elizabeth Cloyd.

John Neely—his will probated—Jan. 1802—names wife Sarah, but names no children; executor, Major Robert Neely.

Robert Neely—his will probated Sept. 1780—names wife Anne; children, John, James, Andrew, William and Robert.

(Reference for above: "Early Court Records of Southwest Virginia" by Ann Lowry Worrell).

"Mr. Milton A. Parson wrote to me on 27 Feb. 1957" according to the kind lady, "on a letterhead paper, "Richard Hazelrigg Family Association" (its genealogist); and M. Earle Hazelrigg, Rockport Mo. (is president); Roy Hazel Rigg, Brookfield, Mo. (its Vice-President); Ella G. Hazelrigg, 3205 Mitchell Avenue, St. Joseph, Mo."

(Thanks to the lady who was

so kind to send this data.—Editor).

## BARHAM FAMILY

BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA. This continues as the 19th article in the series of this Barham family. We shall begin with the Entry No. 19:

ENTRY No. 19.—The will of John Clarke, which was probated 15 May 1717 names his daughter Elizabeth Clarke who married Robert (2) Barham. And the following notes are given to clarify and identify the connection of the families. (Note: John Clarke, whose daughter, Elizabeth married Robert (2) Barham, was born in 1652—John Clarke was son of Richard Clarke and wife (—). On 6 May 1673, John Clarke received William Newsum for the estate left him by his father, Richard Clarke; showing that John Clarke was now of age, therefore 21 year old, so would make his birth as of 1652 (Surry Co., Va., Court Book 2, page 26). The Tithe list for 1700-1701-1702 list him between Robert (2) Barham and William Holt. In his excellent article on the "Newsom Family" and published in the Virginia Magazine of History & Biography, Vol. XLVII, and succeeding issues, Dr. B. C. Holtzclaw, the compiler of the data, states that, "John Clark's wife, Mary was probably identical with Mary Flake, etc." This is an error in that Mary Flake married another John Clark. The later mentioned John Clark leased land from Dorothy Meddows, widow, in 1663. (Reference—Surry Co., Va. Court Book 1, page 278) for the following: On 4 September 1666, in a deposition stating that he was at the house of Thomas Gwaltney two days before Thomas Gwaltney died, this John Clark gave his age as "30 od years", showing that he was born about 1636, therefore differentiating the latter mentioned John Clark, born abt. 1636, from the John Clarke who was born 1652, son of Richard Clarke. To the knowledge of this editor, the exact relationship between the two John Clarks is not known. If any of our readers has more data on these Clarke families as to the parentage and ancestry, it will appreciated, if the person will please send the data to this feature for publication).

1717/18, March 16. Indenture (deed) from Thomas Binns, and wife Jane, of Southwarke Parish (Surry Co., Va.) to Henry Hart of Lawnes Creek Parish (Surry Co., Va.) for consideration of 18 pounds, 300 acres of land in Lawnes Creek Parish on the Southeast side of Green Swamp beginning near Robert (2) Barham's land, adjacent to Thomas Johnson; this was part of a patent for 974 acres granted Thomas Binns on May 30, 1679, being formerly John Gorings and lost for want of seating; witnesses: James Seward and John Judkins (Surry Co., Va. Will & Deed Bk., 1715-1730, page 99).

1717/18, March 16. Indenture (deed) from Thomas Binns and wife Jane, to Thomas Waller; 200 acres, part of same patent, Southwest side of Green Swamp, adjacent to William Williams and crossing said land towards Pidgeon Swamp; witnesses: James Seward and John Judkins (Surry Co., Va., Will & Deed Book 1715-1730, page 99).

This series will be continued in the next issue.

## HAWLEY

ARMS: Vert, a saltier, engrailed, argent.

CREST: A dexter arm in armout proper, garnished or, holding in the hand

A spear, in bend sinister, point downward proper.

MOTTOE: Suivez moi.

This Hawley arms has been used by the New England family of the name and they descend from Joseph Hawley, who was born in the year and died in 1690 being of England and having arrived in 1629. This Joseph Hawley was prominent in the affairs of his community. He became the first recorder of records for the town of Stratford, Conn. He was also selected as the Deputy to the General Court for the years of 1665 to 1687. This Joseph Hawley married in 1646, Katherine Birdsey, who died in 1692. They had,

Ephraim or Ephraim Hawley, who was born in 1659 and died in 1690 being of New Stratford, Conn. He married in the year 1683, Sarah Welles, who was born in 1665, and died in 1694, being the daughter of Captain Samuel Welles and Elizabeth Hollister. This Elizabeth Hollister was the Lt. John Holister and wife Joanna Treat, daughter of Richard Treat. This named Capt. Samuel Welles was the son of Governor Thomas Welles of the Connecticut Colony. Ephraim Hawley and wife Sarah Welles had,

Gideon Hawley, born in 1687 and died in 1730, who was of Bridgeport, Conn. This Gideon Hawley married in 1711, Anna Bennett, who was born in 1691 and died in 1727. They had,

Sargeant James Hawley, born in 1713 and died 1746. He married in the year 1733, Eunice Jackson, who was born 1714 and died in 1796. They had,

Major Aaron Hawley, born in 1739 and died in 1803. He was also of Bridgeport, Conn. He was Brigade Major for the American Colonists during the American Revolution. He married in 1759, Elizabeth Hawley.



HAWLEY.



# Climbing The Family Tree

**HISTORICAL RARITIES**  
**FUSSIA DURING THE SETTLEMENT OF SLAVES AFTER THE WAR OF 1812 WITH ENGLAND WAS THE REFEREE BETWEEN ENGLAND AND UNITED STATES. THEY ACTUALLY WERE FAIR ABOUT THE RECOMMENDATIONS.** The following was taken from the Southern Confederacy newspaper of January 11, 1863:

**"CAPTURED AND DEPORTED SLAVES.** One of the questions which will arise in the settlement of the terms of peace, will be indemnity for the slaves captured and carried off by the enemy. It has arisen at the close of each war in which the Southern States have borne a leading part. At the termination of the Revolutionary War it formed a subject of earnest discussion at the formation of the treaty of 1783. In the seventh article it was expressly stipulated that the evacuation by the British troops should be made 'without carrying away Negroes or other property belonging to the American inhabitants,' yet a large number were carried away without restitution."

"Efforts were renewed from time to time to induce the British Government to indemnify for these losses without final success."

"The claim was at length abandoned."

"At the close of the war of 1812, the deportation of the Southern slaves again constituted a claim on the Government of Great Britain. She tried to evade a settlement, although provision had been made in the treaty of Ghent for indemnity. The fulfillment of these conditions was long and pertinaciously resisted by the British Government, but at length they agreed on a reference of the question of reimbursement, to the Emperor Alexander, of Russia. He decided in favor of ample indemnity on the ground that by the rules of the international code, private property was protected from capture. England made restitution. Now, with this example before them, when the question comes up for adjustment after the war (Civil War in U.S.), it is difficult to perceive how the Yankees will escape the practical conclusion to which it leads. An accurate account will be kept of their stealings of slaves, and a day of reckoning come in this as well as other respects."

(Did the Yankees pay for the slaves in full to the Southerners after the Civil War? Did most of our readers know that it has been said that some Yankee officers during the Civil War had slaves in Missouri in the names of their wives? However, it is known that General Robert E. Lee had freed his slaves and did not hide any ownership behind the skirts of his wife. Oh! what a sneaky act of the Yankee officer and-or officers; the Southerners claimed their ownership of slaves; the Yankees hid their ownership under the names of a wife or wives and in an out of the way place they thought.—Editor.)

## QUESTIONS

A991. **EARL OF LANCHIRE - LATHAM - EVANS-ELIOT.** Would like the line of descent of the first Earl of Lanchire (Could this have been Lancashire? —Editor) of 1066, who lived in Latham Castle in Lanchire County, England. This title bestowed upon the chief by William the Conqueror of Normandy after he over ran the country of England.

(B). **LATHAM.** Would like the names of his kin who later held the same title. What was the coat - of - arms of the Latham family of this Earl?

(C). **LATHAM - EVANS-ELIOT.** Would like data on Charles Latham, who was born in England. He had a son named Charles Latham who also was born in England in 1818. He married July 17, 1843 in England to Ann Evans and she was believed to have the daughter of English author, Mary Ann Evans (1819-1880), who wrote under the pen name of George Eliot. Ann Evans was born in the year of March 20, 1820 in Princess End, Stafford, England. They had a daughter Phoebe Latham born Oct. 6, 1847 in Tipton, Stafford, England. Phoebe was only a few months old when her parents came to America. (P.L.R., Hampton, Va.)

## ANSWERS

**HUNT FAMILY.** Since no reference was made to the number of the question, the answer received from Miss Mildred C. Eubank of Route 5, Franklin, Kentucky, which reads as follows:

"I have been told that you told a reader that you would publish data on the Hunt family if it were sent in to you. I have no way of knowing if this is true; so I am sending some data that we have on our family."

"Tradition says that our emigrant was Thomas Hunt of England. This (following) list of Hunts has been distributed over various states. I do not know how it was made.



Some one said that the D.A.R. made the list of children. If you publish it, perhaps we may find someone that knows more than we do." —Signed by Miss Eubank: "the Hunt Family"

1. Jesse — 1755
2. Uriah — 1757
3. Esli — 1759 (married 3 times, was born in Bedford Co., Va.)
4. Mary — 1761
5. Thomas — 1772
6. William — 1773
7. Sene or Gene — 1765
8. Joel — 1775
9. Peter — 1758
10. Elizabeth
11. Moses — 1771; settled in Simpson Co., Ky.
12. John — 1773; settled in Allen Co., Ky; married Mary Jarvis.
13. Benjamin — 1774
14. Phoebe — 1775

The John Hunt born 1773 as above who married Mary Jarvis, but have no proof, had issue:

1. Nancy Hunt, born 1796; married Randolph Gibson.
2. Jamima, born 1798; married Merrick Waddle, it is believed
3. James Hunt — 1800; married Mary Reeder
4. Riley Hunt — 1802; married Elizabeth Anthony
2. Thomas Hunt, born 1805; married Nancy Guy
6. Mary Hunt, born 1807; married Carson Thomas Eubank—Editor.
7. Benjamin Hunt, B. 1809; never married
8. Gilla Hunt, B. 1811; married Emory Reeder

## EWART

**ARMS:** Or, between a cross crosslet fitchee in chief and a dexter hand couped in base, three swords, two in saltire points upward, and

one in fesse point to dexter, all gules.

**CREST:** A hand erect, gauntleted proper, holding a cross crosslet fitchee gules.

The American family of Ewart has been established in Pennsylvania and they descend from Frank Ewart, who was born 1750 and died in the year 1817. He came from his mother country of Ireland and settled in Greencounty, Pennsylvania. He at a later date removed to the State of Ohio and settled in Washington County of that state. The name of the place in Washington County was Grandview. He married a cousin named Elizabeth Ewart. This couple had,

Robert Kells Ewart, who was born in the year 1790 and died in 1852. However, he married in the year 1815, Mary Cochran, who was born 1793 and died in 1870. This couple had,

Thomas West Ewart, L.L.D. and was elected judge. Thomas Ewart was born in 1815 and died in the year 1881. He married 1st, Grace Dana and married 2nd, in 1855, Jerusha Ann Gear.

Many of this family have moved to other areas of the United States.



9. Mahala Hunt born 1813; married Stephen Jackson  
 10. Elizabeth, Hunt, born 1815; married Samuel Carter (If any of our readers can add to this data, it will be appreciated.)

A987. **WILSON** (Question from D.W.L., Boise, Idaho). A thoughtful reader sent the following families listed with data are:

Overman family, F251-74 Library of Congress), Colonial Records of North Carolina (Saunders, Vol. 1, "2", 1-443, yr. 1694:

Jacob Overman, with wife Dorothy (immigrants)

Jacob Overman, with wife Dorothy, head rights for importing —family, Jacob Overman, Jr., Thomas, Ephraim, Margery, Charles, Ann (ref. pg. 443, Albemarle Co., N.C., General Court, 9-24-1694)

Jacob Overman, proved head rights for self, wife Dorothy and family above.

And from E184-F2612 (Libr. Congress) Ency. of American Quaker Genealogy (Hinshaw, yr. 1939) regarding the Overman family, Wilson and Belman families, page 111, Vol. 1, Pasquotank Monthly Meeting of Quakers, states:

Ephraim Overman, son of Jacob & Dorothy, married Sarah Belman 3,13, 1708, dau. of John and Sarah (Wilson) Belman; she was born 6-23-1682.

On page 26—same ref., lists names & births dates of family:

A987 (F) **BELMAN.** John Belman, married Sarah Wilson, 6-19-1687, dau. of Robert and Ann (Blount) Wilson.

From F262-P4W7 (Libr. of Congress) Perquimans Co., N. C. (Winslow, 1931);

John Belman, page 225—Names & dates of family given, his will in Pasquotank Co., N. Carolina, 1706-07 names only sons, John & Robert; his wife Sarah (Wilson).

A987 (G). **Wilson, Kathren** Wilson, age 28 (husband not named arrived in ship "Raule" of London (Ship —Hottens Reg., pg. 434; with sons Robert & Richard, 6-16-1635.

From F262-P4W7 (Libr. of Congress) Perquimans Co., N. C. (Winslow, 1931), page 225;

Robert Wilson, his will, Perk. Prect., probated 1-11-1698, names his gr. children Sarah & Ester Belman; wife Ann, executrix; he died 1-21-1695; Ann died in Surry Co., Va., will probated 5-21-1702.

A987. **BLOUNT.** Thomas Blount, 3rd son of Sir Walter Blount, came to America in 1664; married 1st Ann Grey, dau. of Joseph.

North Carolina Wills & Inventories (by Grimes), N. C. 2, pa. 63—Thomas Blount named Ann Wilson, daug., wife of Robert Wilson.

A987 (I). **TOMS.** From F262-P4W7 (Libr. of Congress) Perquimans Co., W. C. (Winslow, 1931) page 420: shows, Francis Toms, wife Perchilla & children listed (1672)

From E184 - F89 -115 (Libr. of Congress), Ency. of American Quaker Genealogy, Vol. IV by Hinshaw: Francis Toms, died 4-3-1712; 2nd wife was Abigail Lury; 3rd wife was Mary Nicholson; one child Abigail by the 2nd wife; last child by Perchilla, B. 1679. His will named his wife Mary and it was dated 10-6

1709. (Thanks to Marie V. Tufts, 567 Grant St., Santa Cruz, Calif. for sending this data. We trust that she will send more on the Wilson family.)

## BARHAM FAMILY

**BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY CO., VA.** This continues as the 20th article in the series of this family. So we shall begin with Entry No. 20:

**ENTRY NO. 20 —1717-1718,** March 16. Indenture (dead) from Thomas Binns, wife Jane to John Judkins; 200 acres, part of same patent, granted Thomas Binns, May 30, 1679. Southwest side of Green Swamp near Mr. Auburns (Ogburn's) Line toward Pidgeon Swamp; wit: Henry Hart, Thomas Waller, and James Seward (Surry Co., Va. Will & Deed Bk. 1715-20, page 99).

1720, Dec. 10 —Indenture, Thomas Waller to Thomas Dance; the land Waller bought of Thomas Binns (Surry Co., Va. Will & Deed Bk. 1715-20, page 283).

1724-5 —Page 511 Indenture Thomas Adams, wife Anne, to Leonard Ony; 150 acres beginning on a branch side along line of marked tree formerly Mrs. Wm Gray's, line to a pine on the Green Swamp to a Gum marked for a corner tree; witnesses: Wm Gray, Jr. John DeBerry (Same reference as above indenture, but on page 511).

1726, June 11. Estate of William Holt appraised by Robert (2) Barham, John Ruffin, Carter Crafford, (Surry Co., Va. Will & Deed Bk. 1715-1730, page 645). The will of William Holt, names: son William; son, Thomas, land on S. side of Nottoway River where he lives; dau. Sarah; dau. Tephens; Dau. Elizabeth dau. Ann; dau. Mary; son, Charles. This will of Wm Holt was dated 28 Sept. 1725; wit., John Ruffin, John Friday (Surry Co., Will & Deed Bk., 1715-1730, page 617).

(Note: The Will of Elizabeth Holt, probated 21 Sept. 1737, dated 13 June 1727; names, dau. Tapphenas Newsum; dau. Ann & Mary Holt; son, Charles Holt; witnesses: Wm. Edwards, Mary Pilard, Surry Co., Va., Will & Deed Bk. 1730-39, p. 729. Elizabeth Holt was dau. of Wm Seward, called niece in will of Robt. Caulfield whose will was probated 1691, and dau. of in will of Wm Seward, whose will was probated 1701. Wm Holt was son of Randall, his will 1679 and Elizabeth, her will 1709). Editor.

(This Barham data will be continued in the next issue.)

## Feature Rules

1. Send all letters to Daily Press, Newport News, Va.; name and address of sender must be given.

2. Questions and answers must be clearly stated on large size paper 8 1/2 by 11 inches, written double-space in ink or typed on one side of paper only; postal cards and small paper not acceptable; three questions only.

3. Answers will be through the column only. Correspondents making reply must give answers using data pertinent and brief.



**HISTORICAL RARITIES**  
**ONE HUNDRED YEARS**  
**AGO LANCASHIRE, ENG-**  
**LAND NEEDED ASSIS-**  
**TANCE IN FOOD FOR THE**  
**UNITED HAD ALSO HELP-**  
**ED IRELAND IN THE**  
**YEAR 1848.** The following  
 was taken from the Daily  
 Bee newspaper of Sacra-  
 mento, California and dated  
 Jan. 3, 1863:

"LANCASHIRE. It is re-  
 markable and noteworthy  
 fact, says the New York  
 Times, that before the subject  
 of sending relief to Lancashire  
 had been publicly broached in  
 this country at all, there was  
 a very general impression  
 among the Lancashire suffer-  
 ers themselves that they  
 would soon obtain relief from  
 America. This latter fact is  
 brought out in a letter pub-  
 lished recently in the Wash-  
 ington Chronicle, and dated  
 London, November 19. It has  
 this paragraph:

"You may be surprised to  
 find that among the half-  
 starved, out of work cotton  
 laborers of Lancashire, there  
 is a very strong impression  
 that they will soon receive  
 magnificent relief from the  
 United States. They expect  
 this in the shape of grain, and  
 evidently remember the lib-  
 eral and seasonable relief  
 which Americans sent Ireland  
 in 1848. If the United States  
 could be reached on foot, half  
 a million men, women and  
 children, from the cotton dis-  
 tricts here, would have found  
 their way, months ago, to the  
 'land of the free and the home  
 of the brave.' In their present  
 feeble condition they would be  
 of little use anywhere."

A992. MOODY. Want in-  
 formation on Thomas, James  
 and William Moody who were  
 in Burke County, North Caro-  
 lina and listed in the 1790  
 Census. Also want data on  
 John, George, and McCakir  
 (Macajah?) Moody who were  
 listed in the 1890 Census of  
 Burke Co., N. C. It has been  
 stated among those of the  
 family and history of the  
 family that their ancestor  
 came from Wales to Old  
 Hampton, York Co., Va.  
 (Could this not be Elizabeth  
 City County, Town of Hamp-  
 ton, Va., and/or York Coun-  
 ty, Va.?—Editor). Would like  
 information on the York Co.,  
 Va. families.

Is the Mr. Moody who sign-  
 ed the subscription letter of  
 the Circulation Dept., Daily  
 Press newspaper, Newport  
 News, Va., from York Co.  
 Va.? If so, tell him he might  
 read the query above. This  
 is the family from which  
 Daniel Moody, Governor of  
 Texas from 1827-1831, de-  
 scends. (W. H. N., Rushville,  
 Indiana).

#### ANSWERS

A989. (Initials, C. H. K.)  
 HAYNES. Regarding your  
 query in the Daily Press for  
 William Haynes data.

You mentioned only that  
 William Haynes was "of Vir-  
 ginia, giving no county. The  
 name was certainly a fair-  
 ly common one quite early  
 in Isle of Wight Co., Va. In  
 the neighborhood of Warwick  
 and York Cos., also across the  
 James River in Isle of Wight  
 County. Like their neighbors,  
 the Haynes spread out into  
 areas west of here (Newport  
 News former Warwick Coun-  
 ty) and southward into North  
 Carolina on to Georgia.

I do not know that I have a  
 line from a William Haynes,  
 but it is most unlikely pos-  
 sibility, hence I have given

## Climbing

# The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON

a look at Haynes records that  
 I happened upon. Because of  
 the destruction of Warwick Co.,  
 Va. records exact relationship  
 are hard to figure. One  
 Emanuel Wills married a  
 daughter of Miles Cary, had a  
 family of sons about whom we  
 are fairly sure. We can be  
 confident that the large 3rd  
 generation group was surely  
 of his grandsons. We think  
 Matthew Wills was son of  
 Miles Wills for he inherited  
 the ferry boat business at  
 Mulberry Island, Warwick Co.  
 And Matthew Wills seems  
 most likely the father for my  
 man. Matthew Wills is said  
 to have had four wives, but  
 only the last is identified and  
 none of the Wills children  
 were hers. My theory is that  
 one wife was a Haynes. Cer-  
 tainly the two families were  
 closely associated and names  
 of children indicate a relation-  
 ship.

The Haynes family was a  
 very large one, but I have  
 given attention chiefly to those  
 with a Wills connection. But,  
 perchance what I have may  
 give you some leads.

William Haynes left a will  
 of 1646 in York Co., Va. There  
 were also, of about his age a  
 Richard and Anthony Haynes.

William Haynes was called  
 in the year 1722, "late of Isle  
 of Wight County" when he  
 deeded 80 acres of land in  
 Lawnes Creek Parish to a  
 Matthew Wills (Reference:  
 Isle of Wight Co., Va. Deed  
 Bk. 2, Part 2).

The land in question was  
 granted in the year 1642 to  
 Robert Lawrence and the  
 land's complete history is  
 given down to Philip Pardoe,  
 "a child" who died young and  
 whose "only heir was William  
 Haynes" (spelling here was  
 Paines). William Baker was  
 a witness. There seems a  
 close connection among these  
 families—note names—Law-  
 rence Baker, Lawrence Hay-  
 nes and Lawrence Wills (son  
 of Matthew Wills).

William Haynes in 1749 of  
 Warwick Co., Va., chose as  
 guardian Dolphin Dunn with  
 security Hy Scassrooke. I read  
 this name as "Dunn," but see  
 next item, which seems to be  
 the same man to me.

William Haynes, will in Isle  
 of Wight Co., Va., 1766 wit-  
 nessed by Dolphin Drew;  
 Richard Hardy et al; execu-  
 tor was Richard Baker. To  
 wife Catherine! to son Wil-  
 liam and to nephew Wm. Cole  
 Haynes. If son dies, reversion  
 to Lawrence Baker (born 1755)  
 son of Richard Baker (born  
 1732); to Jno Drew, son of  
 John Drew of Nansemond Co.,  
 Va.; and to Mary, dau. of  
 Wm. Nelson of Surry Co., Va.

William Haynes (son of  
 Andrew) and a son were men-  
 tioned 1796 in the will of his  
 brother Thomas Haynes—Hal-  
 ifax Co., Va. Another son  
 Christopher Haynes died 1788,  
 a Rev. War soldier of North  
 Carolina. Andrew Haynes,  
 born ca. 1710-1720 married  
 Annie Eaton and most of his  
 children went to North Caro-  
 lina. Andrew Haynes with  
 Anthony Haynes (married  
 Jane Eaton), Thomas, Vir-  
 ginia, Richard, Elizabeth,

Martha, Mary and Herbert  
 were children of Thomas Hay-  
 nes (died 1742, who had mar-  
 ried Martha who died 1751) of  
 Warwick Co., Va. Several  
 went to Dinwiddie Co., Va.,  
 and then removed further  
 South.

William Haynes, born ca.  
 1760 was a "Child" in the  
 will of 1766 of William Haynes  
 of Isle of Wight Co., Va. afore-  
 said. William B. Haynes had  
 children James, William and  
 Kitty of Warwick Co., Va. as  
 mentioned in a letter dated  
 1821 of James Haynes who  
 also speaks of an uncle Mat-  
 thew Wills.

William Christopher Haynes  
 (1780-1852) of Charles City Co.,  
 Va. fought in the War of 1812.

William Cole Haynes called  
 "nephew" by William Haynes  
 (Isle of Wight Co., Va.) was  
 son of Thomas and Mary  
 Haynes of Warwick. In the  
 year 1750 William Cole Haynes  
 had as guardian Lawrence  
 Haynes, and in 1761 it was  
 William Dudley who was his  
 guardian.

Also I think some William  
 Haynes had a dau. who wed  
 Henry Cary who will was in  
 1784 in Prince Edward Co.,  
 Va., naming children: Wil-  
 liam Haynes Cary, Harwood  
 Cary and Martha Wills. The  
 Harwoods are another old and  
 large family of Warwick and  
 York Counties. I have no  
 doubt these Haynes belong  
 with the others. The Carys  
 lived in Warwick Co., Va.

This seems to make William  
 Haynes who died 1765 brother  
 of Thomas (who had son Wil-

liam Cole Haynes). Thomas  
 Haynes had other children:  
 Thomas, Mary and Anthony,  
 who were young when he died  
 in 1749. The other remaining  
 Warwick Co. court record book  
 is a Minute Book which shows  
 a will was proved by Lucy  
 Haynes and Ann Baker, but  
 the Will Book of Warwick Co.  
 is gone; executors were Mary  
 Haynes and William Dudley.

In 1740 in York Co., Va.,  
 Thomas Haynes received a  
 gift from Wm. and Elizabeth  
 Cary with Lawrence and Anne  
 Haynes as witnesses. In 1750  
 Warwick Co., Va. negroes of  
 Thomas Haynes, Jr. were di-  
 vided by William Harwood,  
 Harwood & John Jones, Serv-  
 ant Jones and William Cary.  
 In the year 1760 orphan Mary  
 Haynes chose as her guardian  
 Wilson Miles Cary. The widow  
 Mary Haynes died in 1750 and  
 her estate was settled 1752 by  
 William Harwood, Matthew  
 Wills, Hy Scassrooke and Jas.  
 Dowsing. Thomas Haynes Jr.  
 was "heir-at-law" and had  
 guardian William Dudley, but  
 all younger children and  
 guardian Lawrence Haynes  
 guardian for at least 10 years.

I figure Lawrence Haynes as  
 brother of Thomas Haynes  
 and so also of William Haynes.  
 Lawrence Haynes was also  
 guardian of Robert, orphan of  
 Robert Thurmer in 1748 with  
 sureties, Matthew Wills and  
 William Dudley. I think Eliz-  
 abeth wife of Robert Thurmer  
 was sister of Lawrence Hay-  
 nes; she married 2ndly, Sim-  
 mon Morgan and her Morgan  
 dau. as I recall (these notes  
 are not before me) married

into the family of Lawrence  
 Wills. The Morgan children  
 were named Lawrence and  
 Haynes Morgan. Maybe an-  
 other sister of Lawrence Hay-  
 nes wed Matthew Wills and  
 was the mother of son Law-  
 rence Wills. Thusly I piece out  
 a family for Wm Haynes; it  
 isn't proof, but I have quite  
 a lot more items that are the  
 same sort as above and build  
 the same picture.

Do not be puzzled that sev-  
 eral counties are involved for  
 York Co., Va. is but a few  
 miles across the Virginia Pen-  
 insula and people were con-  
 stantly back and forth with  
 friends and cousins all over  
 the area. And Isle of Wight  
 Co., Va. was at the other end  
 of the ferry boat landing. Mat-  
 thew Wills and his brother  
 Francis Wills were in Isle of  
 Wight Co. as young men, but  
 Matthew Wills returned to  
 Warwick Co. when Miles Wills  
 (perhaps his father) died, and  
 lived in Miles Wills' home;  
 Francis' family went down in-  
 to Carolina. This fortunate,  
 since both York and Isle of  
 Wight Co. records are preserv-  
 ed (even though so difficult  
 to read).

All these old Warwick fami-  
 lies are very close—Haynes,  
 Harwood, Jones, Cary, Wills,  
 Scarbrooke, etc. Miles Wills  
 wed a Scassrook and as I re-  
 call Hy Scarbrook wed a Cary,  
 etc., etc. I think Thomas  
 Haynes' wife was a Jones, at  
 least John Jones stepped down  
 as judge when her estate was  
 administered, but back again  
 for the next business, which  
 concerned her husband's es-  
 tate. It takes a lot of clues  
 to get theory. Hope this in-  
 formation gives you some helpful  
 ideas and write again, if you  
 have questions. (Signed—Mrs.  
 H. Montgomery (Florence  
 Crane), 8 Woodbury Forest  
 Drive, Hampton, Va.). (We  
 wish to thank Mrs. Montgom-  
 ery for this very informative  
 data, which appears to be  
 most logical).

#### BARHAM FAMILY

BARHAM FAMILY of Surry  
 Co., Va. This continues as the  
 21st article in the series of this  
 family. We shall give this as  
 Entry No. 21.

ENTRY NO. 21.—1727, April  
 19. The Will of James Seward  
 probated this date; names:  
 son John Seward, 1/2 of land  
 purchased of Thomas Binns to  
 be laid off near Henry Hart's  
 line; to loving wife rest of land  
 purchased of Thomas Binns,  
 for life, then to son James Se-  
 ward; wife to have my negro  
 girl Jeanny until son John is  
 18; to child my wife is now big  
 with 10 lbs; wife to be execu-  
 trix; will dated Aug. 15, 1725;  
 witnesses, Wm Gray, Thomas  
 Taylor, Sarah Thorne (Surry  
 Co., Va. Will & Deed Bk., 1715-  
 1730, page 687).

1727 (date ?) Inventory of  
 estate of William Thorpe, by  
 Timothy Thorpe, Exec.; sign-  
 ed William Seward, Charles  
 (3) Barham, Thomas Edwards  
 (Surry Co., Va., Will & Deed  
 Bk. 1715-1730, p. 750). The will  
 of this William Thorpe names:  
 "my mother, Mary Thorpe;  
 brother, Joseph Thorpe (under  
 21 yrs. of age); to sisters,  
 Elizabeth Essell (Ezell); Sarah  
 Thorpe, Olive Thorpe, Marga-  
 ret Thorpe, and Hannah  
 Thorpe; father, Timothy  
 Thorpe to be executor; will  
 dated 24 Feb. 1726/27; wit-  
 nesses, Wm. Seward, James  
 —, Samson Wilson (Refer-  
 ence: Surry Co., Va., Will and  
 Deed Bk. 1715-1730, page 708).

The data on this Barham  
 family will be continued in the  
 next issue of this feature.

## DUNSCOMBE

ARMS: Argent, a chevron between three talbots heads  
 erased.

CREST: Our of a ducal crown or, a horse's leg sable, hoof  
 argent.

This Dunscombe arms has been used by the early Virginia  
 family of the name members of whom descend from the early  
 Norman Conquest for William and  
 Richard de Ingen accompanied  
 William the Conqueror in 1066 to  
 England. This American and Vir-  
 ginia family descend from Samuel  
 Dunscombe, being the son of  
 Thomas. Samuel accompanied  
 Lord Somers in his expedition in  
 1609 to Virginia. From this expedi-  
 tion of Gates & Somers the ships  
 of which were shipwrecked off  
 Bermuda that Shakespeare wrote  
 his play "The Tempest". Samuel  
 Dunscombe settled at some later  
 date in Bermuda and became a  
 Member of the Council from Ber-  
 muda. At a later date Samuel re-  
 moved to New York and this was  
 about the year 1633. He had,



DUNSCOMBE.

Daniel Dunscombe who died before 1699 being of New York;  
 he had,

Daniel Dunscombe, Jr., who died in 1712. He was of the  
 Royal Navy and was in command of a ship during Queen  
 Anne's War in the year 1705. He married in 1693, Helena  
 Swan. They had,

Daniel Dunscombe, III, born in the year 1707 and died about  
 1749 being of the address 34 Broadway in New York City. He  
 was member of the New York militia in the year 1738; he mar-  
 ried in 1725, Mary Aartze who died in 1758. This couple had,

Capt. Daniel Dunscombe, IV, who was born in 1726 and died  
 in 1803 also being of New York City. He was patriotic and  
 served during the French and Indian Wars in 1762 and became  
 a Member of the Committee of One Hundred in the year 1775.  
 He also represented his community in the Assembly of New  
 York from 1776-1777. He was also a member of the Committee  
 of Safety in 1777 and of the Constitutional Convention in the  
 same year. He was a religious man and served as vestryman  
 for Trinity Church of his city. He married 1762, Gertrude Thur-  
 man. Vol. III, pg. 169.



**HISTORICAL RARITIES AN EARLY SAMPLER OFFERED TO A FEMALE DESCENDANT OF THE MATHER FAMILY OF NEW ENGLAND.** ANNE NORTON MARRIED COTTON MATHER. The following interesting information is taken from the Hartford Times newspaper of Oct. 28, 1953, page 45, which reads as follows:

"The following notice has been received from Miss Anne F. Smith, 2120 Santa Barbara St., Santa Barbara, California."

"A sampler of Anne Norton, Ashfield, Mass. 1791, is available to a female descendant of Charles Mather or Ralph Mather of Hartford or Suffield, Conn."

"Anne Norton of Suffield, mar. Cotton Mather of that town. Among her two children were 2 sons, Charles and Ralph Mather who settled in Hartford and Suffield, prob. in the 1830's or 1840's. Charles settled in Hartford and mar. Mary Hathaway. One of his daus. mar. a Glazier and one mar. a Munger. Ralph settled in Suffield, had a dau. Mary who mar. a Loomis."

"Any woman who can prove descent from this Anne Norton and would like to have her sampler, please contact Miss Smith."

(Since this was of interest to persons who might be readers of this feature or who might know persons who can qualify for possession of this early sampler of 1791, this item was entered. The address of the owner offering sampler is given above.—Editor.)

## QUESTIONS

**A993. GOODSON-HAINES.** "Your fine service in connection with 'Climbing the Family Tree' feature has been called to my attention away out here in Oregon, and, as I am a native Virginian and a Past President of the Oregon Society, Sons of the American Revolution, particularly interested in certain ancestral lines in Virginia, I take pleasure in writing you for information. My questions are these: (A) What service did Thomas Goodson render the Country in the Revolutionary War, and who was his son?"

(B) Can you tell me about the Hampton Haines family, which, I am informed, is said to be a 'strang Virginia Family', and did any ancestor of Hampton Haines serve in the American Revolution?"

"Your answers to these questions will be very greatly appreciated. Very truly yours, (signed) William Bittle Wells, Suite 412 Hungerford Hotel, 1410 S. W. Broadway, Portland 1, Oregon. ZIP Code 97201."

(Note: Since the gentleman who entered this query is one who is about 90 years of age, I have taken the privilege to give his full name and address in order to assist him with his time-pleasure hobby and trust that someone of our readers might be able to assist him.—Editor.)

## ANSWERS

**A993 GOODSON-HAINES.** The inquirer will find much data on the Haynes or Haines in the Nov. 10, 1963 issue of this feature, so suggest that the feature be read.—Editor.

**EPPESE-EPES-FAMILY BIBLE RECORDS.** "Your column of Sept. 29, 1963 in the Daily Press newspaper of Newport News, Va requested data on the Epes-Eppes from family Bible records. The following is taken from "Genealogical Research and Preservation of Records-Arkansas D.A.R., Vol. III, Febr. 1929—Mrs. John Nelson Ware, Chairman. This book is in the Daughters of American Revolution Library, Washington, D. C.

"From the Charles Collier Bible — owned by Charles Collier of Dallas, Texas:

### MARRIAGES:

Tuesday, April 21, 1682 — Charles Collier to Mary Eyers.

Thursday, June 6, 1704 — Charles Collier, Jr., to Frances Gaines, dtr. of Col. Frances Gaines.

Tuesday, Dec. 31, 1704 — John Collier to Elizabeth Ballard, dtr. of Col. Thomas Ballard.

Wednesday, Feb. 3, 1706 — John Collier to Mrs. Elizabeth Gaines, dtr. of Francis Ironmonger, Esq.

Tuesday, June 5, 1713, Mary Collier to Robert Gaines, son of Col. Francis Gaines.

Wednesday, Oct. 6, 1713 — John Collier to Ann Epes, dtr. of Col. Francis Epes.

Wednesday, Jan. 12, 1720, Sarah Collier to Robert Tunstall, Esq.

**UNDER BIRTHS:** born May 1, 1680, Charles Collier, third son of William and Sallie Collier.

Aug. 20, 1685, Mary Eyers Collier, dtr. of Robert and Mary Eyers.

Feb. 12, 1683, Charles Collier, son of Charles and Mary Collier.

Mar. 3, 1685, John Collier, son of Charles and Mary Collier.

Jan. 21, 1687, Robert Collier, son of Charles and Mary Collier.

Dec. 29, 1688, William Collier, son of Charles and Mary Collier.

Aug. 25, 1690, Robert Collier, son of Charles and Mary Collier. (Their first Robert Collier died — see deaths later).

April 4, 1692, Virginia Collier, dtr. of Charles and Mary Collier.

Dec. 31, 1693, Thomas Collier, son of Charles and Mary Collier.

Sept. 15, 1695, Mary Collier, dtr. of Charles and Mary Collier.

June 30, 1698, Sarah Collier, dtr. of Charles and Mary Collier.

May 16, 1705, Charles Collier, son of Charles and Frances Collier.

Jan. 17, 1707, Gaines Collier, son of Charles and Frances Collier.

Feb. 28, 1707, John, son of John and Elizabeth Collier.

April 3, 1709, Elizabeth, dtr. of John and Elizabeth Collier.

Nov. 8, 1714, Robert Gaines, son of Robert and Mary Gaines.

Dec. 1, 1714, Thomas Collier, son of John and Ann Collier.

Sept. 30, 1716, Francis Collier, son of John and Ann Collier.

June 30, 1713, Henry Isham Collier, son of John and Ann Collier.

Nov. 16, 1720, Cornelius Col-

lier, son of John and Ann Collier.

Dec. 29, 1720, Robert Tunstall, son of Robert and Sarah Tunstall.

Sept. 15, 1721, Charles Collier, son of Robert and Mary Collier.

Jan. 13, 1722, Mary Collier, dtr. of John and Ann Collier.

Feb. 10, 1724, William Collier, son of John and Anne Collier.

May 26, 1726, James Collier, son of John and Ann Collier.

April 30, 1728, Epes Collier, son of John and Ann Collier.

Jan. 1, 1730, Benjamin Collier, son of John and Ann Collier.

Mar. 31, 1735, Frances Collier, dtr. of John and Anne Collier.

**UNDER DEATHS:**—died—Feb. 20, 1683, Robert Collier, infant son of Charles and Mary Collier.

Jan. 3, 1695, Virginia Collier, infant dtr. of Charles and Mary Collier.

Sept. 15, 1701, Mary Collier, beloved wife of Charles Collier.

Oct. 25, 1705, Elizabeth Collier, beloved wife of John Collier.

April 3, 1709, Elizabeth Collier, beloved wife of John Collier. (Would the sender see this and question the source as it may be possible that the above John Collier may have married as a second wife another named Elizabeth. This would be worthwhile checking.)

Dec. 1, 1709, Elizabeth Collier, infant dtr. of John Collier.

May 21, 1719, Henry Isham Collier, son of John and Ann Collier.

Dec. 2, 1734, Francis Collier, son of John and Ann Collier.

March 24, 1735, John Collier, my beloved son.

Sept. 4, 1735, Charles Collier, Sr., Our beloved father.

(Elizabeth Ballard Collier was born Dec. 31, 1685)

(Elizabeth Ironmonger Collier was born May 3, 1685)

(Ann Epes Collier was born Sunday, Feb. 3, 1696)

The above data was forwarded to this editor by William L. Blanks, Esq., 2514-34th Avenue, Meridian, Miss under letter of Oct. 8, 1953.

This family Bible record will be continued in the next issue and the Society of Friends Epes Descendants should be happy to have the data for their archives. Thanks to Mr. Blanks for taking his time in sending the data.—Editor.

## BARHAM FAMILY

Barham Family of Surry County, Virginia. This continues as the 22nd in the series of this family article. We shall begin with No. 22 Entry.

Entry No. 22.—Year 1727/8, Febr. Ist. "At a General Assembly held at the Capitol in the City of Williamsburg Febr. 1, 1727, and continued (continued) to May 18, 1728—An Act to enable Charles Barham to sell certain entailed lands and to purchase other land."

"Whereas Charles (1) Barham late of Martins Hundred, James City (County, Va.) deceased was in his life time seized in fee simple of 403 acres in Martins Hundred and by his last will and testament dated 5 July 1682 devised the same to his son Charles (2) Barham and for want of heirs to his two daughters Elizabeth and Priscilla and if all these

should die to his son Robert (2) Barham. After his death Charles (2) Barham the son entered and was thereof seized and sold the same and died leaving issue Charles (3) Barham his eldest son and heir. After his death Charles (3) the grandson recovered the said land and is now seized thereof and whereas the said land is all cleared and for want of wood and timber is of little value to the said Charles (3) Barham. After the said Charles (3) Barham had the opportunity to purchase land in Martins Hundred containing 290 acres the greatest part of which is woodland. Whereas Graves Parke, Mariner, lately died seized, which he purchased in his life time of one John Holden, and to enable him to make the purchase hath applied to this General Assembly for an Act to be passed to empower him to sell part of the said entailed lands." (Ref: Public Records Office, London, Documents C-65 12665 54 & 55).

1728, Aug. 30.—Indenture (deed) Thomas Dance to Edward State of James City Co., Va. Land Dance bought of Thomas Waller. (Note: Waller bought from Blinn in 1717/18 — was adjacent to Robert (2) Barham. (Ref: Surry Co., Va., Will & Deed Bk. 1715/30, page 352).

1728, Sept. 14, Account's current for Estate of John Clarke, deceased, payments to the following persons: John Johnson, Mary Margary, Sarah Clark, Wm Williams, Walter White, Robert (2) Barham, James Jenkins, Leonard Oney, Francis Sharp, Henry Foster, John Barnes, John Johnson, Wm Warren, Wm Brown, Jr. & Sam'l Thompson, Robert Warren, Wm Merritt, Wm Francis, Wm Thompson, Wm Fitchell, Henry Sikes, Thos. Edmunds Ex. of Howell Edmunds, Sheriff, deceased. Recorded Sept. 17, 1729 (Surry Co., Va. Bk., 1715-1730, page 970).

1730, April 14. Indenture (deed) from John Berryman and wife Elizabeth to Samuel Jenkins, 1/2 of a tract on Gray's Creek; belonged to Robert Jenkins, who willed it to a son William Jenkins, from whom it descended to two daughters, Elizabeth and Hannah. Bounding on land of Henry Hart sold Robert Pettway, and on Samuel Jenkins' land. Witnesses, Robert (2) Barham, Jr., William Edwards. (Surry Co., Va. Will & Deed Bk. 1720-1730, page 4).

1730-1731, March 17. Will of Thomas Holt, probated this date; names the following: daughter, Elizabeth Cocks, wife of Nicholas Cocks; dtr. Mary, wife of Wm Hansford and names grandda. Martha Hansford; dtr. Katherine, wife of Thomas Cocks; dtr. Martha, wife of John Newsum; dtr. Lucy Holt; son Thomas Holt; son Henry Holt; son James Holt; dated (7); witnesses, Timothy Thorpe, Charles (3) Barham, and Samson Wilson. This will was presented by wife, Mary Holt. (Reference: Surry Co., Va., Will & Deed Bk., 1730-1738, page 86).

(Notes regarding the connections of Thomas Holt and some phrasing will be given in the next issue to clarify statements.)

## SAYRE

**ARMS:** Gules, a chevron between three sea gulls argent.  
**CREST:** A cubit arm erect, proper, holding a dragon's head crested argent.

This family of Sayre is descended from Thomas Sayre, sometimes spelled Sayer also Sayres of Mass. and Long Island, N. Y. and they have used this arms. This Thomas Sayre was

baptized in 1687 and died in the year 1670 having come from England. He was noted in and recorded first at Lynn, Mass. in the year 1638; however, he was a founder of Southampton, Long Island, New York in the year 1640. The home which he built on Long Island is said to be still there. He took a part in the expeditions against the Indians and served as a scout. He had one,

Job Sayre, who was born before the year 1650 and died in 1694. He was a prominent citizen having been chosen as trustee for the community in which he lived for the year 1693. He was apparently a generous man for he gave land for a highway to be constructed and it is known today as Job's Lane, as well as Academy Lane. In the year 1670 he married as his 1st wife Sarah, whose last name is not known to this editor. He married as his 2nd wife, Hannah (Raynor) Howell who died in 1697. He had,

Job Sayre Jr., born 1672 and died in 1735, who was of Southampton, Long Island, N. Y. He, too, married a M<sup>rs</sup> Howell who was named Susannah Howell. They had,

Nehemiah Sayre, who died in 1784 and he was also active in the affairs of his community being named a trustee, as well as, highway commissioner and overseer of the poor for Southampton, L. I. He signed was known as the Association Ten in the year 1775 which was prior to the Revolutionary War. He married Bethia Cooper. They had,

James Sayre who was born in 1748 and died in 1807. He was in the service during the American Revolution and was 1st Lt. of Light Horse for Orange Co., N. Y. In the year 1780 he married Elizabeth Howell.





## HISTORICAL RARITIES

Travel 100 years became by stage coach was not too perilous and was considered comfort in those days. The following was taken from the Sacramento (Calif.) Daily Bee of January 26, 1863:

### "THE OVERLAND TRIP."

"To travel overland to the Mississippi in mid-Winter would, a few ears since, have been considered extremely perilous, if not impossible. It is an every-day affair now, and that it can be accomplished at even the most inclement season with comparative comfort, the correspondent of the Virginia City Enterprise bears testimony, in a letter written at Salt Lake City, January 4th:"

"The line is in good working order, and there is no delay anywhere, longer than is necessary for changing horses and taking meals. At all the stations, the average distance between which is about fifteen miles, the stage company (sic) have ample stores of feed for their stock and provisions for their employees. Plenty of time is given to the passengers at the stations for eating and stretching their limbs, and he is always sure to find a cup of hot coffee at every station, to which he is welcome. The grub is about the same at every eating place, viz: coffee or tea, fresh beef, vegetables, hot cakes, doughnuts, pies, etc. — in fact, grub good enough for anybody not bent upon and sorely addicted to putting on airs. It is a great mistake to suppose constant riding in a coach is going to obliterate any man, or even prove a great hardship. For the first three days I felt a little sore about the small of my back, but soon the muscles of that region became hardened to the unusual strain upon them of sitting in one position, and after leaving Ruby Valley, I felt all right, and enjoyed the ride as well as a school boy taking his first 'coast' on his new hand sled. I did not suffer in the least from cold, not withstanding the severity and storminess of the weather. Snugly shut up in the coach, with my blankets wrapped about me, what cared I?"

(Note: Will our readers note the doughnuts named in the bill of fare of the coach stop-stations is not unlike the bus stations of today, "coffee and doughnuts," a favorite. Editor.)

## QUESTIONS

A994. Campbell Higgs Wish the names of the parents and any available data on one John W. Higgs, born about the year 1812, who married Elizabeth Campbell, Luray Co., Va. on August 7, 1848. They lived in Page County, Virginia most of their married life. He enlisted in the Civil War at the age of 48 years, in Capt. W. A. J. Miller's Co., 1st Battalion Reserves. He died in Shenandoah, Virginia between 1870 to 1871. This couple had a son named Isaac Higgs, who lived most of his life in Newport News, Virginia.

I shall gladly exchange other Higgs family data, if I can make the family connections. (Mrs. Anning M. Dilley, 52 Mallery Place, Wilkes-Barre, Penna.)

## ANSWERS

EPPESE-EPES FAMILY BIBLE RECORDS. This con-

## Climbing

# The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON



continues from the previous issue of 17 Nov. 1963 of this Daily Press feature. The data of the Bible was taken from "Genealogical Research and Preservation of Records—Arkansas Daughters of the American Revolution," Vol. II, Febr. 1929 with Mrs. John Nelson Ware as Chairman; this book is located in the D.A.R. Library in their Continental Hall of the National Society, Washington, D. C. This part is from the Cornelius Collier Bible owned by Charles by Charles Gordon Collier, Madison, Alabama. The records taken from the book and Bible are as follows:

### UNDER MARRIAGES—

Cornelius Collier and Elizabeth Wyatt, married April 18, 1753.

### UNDER BIRTHS—

Cornelius Collier, son of John Collier, was born Nov. 16, 1720. Elizabeth Wyatt Collier, dtr. of John Wyatt, was born Sept. 15, 1730. John Collier, son of Cornelius Collier, born Oct. 13, 1757. Wyatt Collier, son of Cornelius, born July 3, 1759. William Collier, son of Cornelius Collier, born Dec. 2, 1760. Edward Collier, son of Cornelius Collier, born Jan. 12, 1763. Nancy Eppes Collier, dtr. of Cornelius Collier, born Jan. 3, 1765. Cornelius Collier, son of Cornelius Collier, born Mar. 6, 1756. James Collier, son of Cornelius Collier, born Oct. 13, 1757.

### UNDER DEATHS—

Cornelius Collier, died Aug. 1, 1756, age 2 months and 26 days.

Elizabeth Wyatt, mother of Elizabeth Collier, died January 26, 1758, aged 68 years.

Nancy Eppes Collier, mother of Cornelius Collier, died November 1, 1765, aged sixty-nine years.

Capt. John Wyatt, father of Elizabeth Collier, died December 10, 1766, aged eighty-three years.

Elizabeth Collier, wife of Cornelius Collier, died February 14, 1803, aged seventy-two years.

(Son John was twice married: first to Peggy Tyler, and second to Lucinda Glover. James twice married, first to Elizabeth Bouldin, and second to Elizabeth Littlepage a widow. William married Sally Blackwell. Edward was twice married; first to Mrs. Turner, and 2nd to Mrs. Robertson. Nancy Eppes (Collier it is apparent-Editor) married Joshua Hill. Elizabeth Wyatt (Collier it is apparent-Editor from the above records) married Benjamin Hudnutt.)

The next Bible record from the above collection is that of James Collier called "The James Collier Bible" and owned by Charles E. Collier, Madison, Alabama:

### UNDER MARRIAGES —

July 3, 1785, James Collier to Elizabeth Bouldin.

June 15, 1812, William Augustine Slaughter, to Martha Watkins Collier.

December 19, 1817, William Henry Blackwell and Eliza Wyatt Collier.

### UNDER BIRTHS—

James Collier, born October 13, 1757.

Elizabeth Bouldin, born February 13, 1763.

Bouldin Collier, born August 7, 1789.

Wyatt Collier, born August 19, 1791.

Martha Watkins Collier, born Aug. 29, 1793.

James Bouldin Collier, born June 16, 1795.

Eliza Wyatt Collier, born May 21, 1797.

William Edward Collier, born August —, 1799.

Henry Watkins Collier, born January 17, 1801.

Thomas Bouldin Collier, born January 8, 1803.

Charles Ephraim Collier, born January 10, 1805.

Alford Alexander Collier, born August 5, 1807.

### UNDER DEATHS—

James Bouldin, father of Elizabeth Collier, died May 13, 1801.

Elizabeth Collier, mother of James Collier, died February 14, 1803.

Alford Alexander Collier, died July 10, 1808, aged eleven months.

Cornelius Collier, my father, died March 9, 1810, aged ninety years.

Sally Watkins Bouldin, mother of Elizabeth Collier,

died July 4, 1813, in her eighty-first year.

Elizabeth Collier, died February 23, 1832, aged sixty-five years.

James Collier, died August 20, 1832, in his seventy-fifth year.

Elizabeth Collier, died October 18, 1840, in her sixtieth year (she was James Collier's second wife whom he married in 1820, she was Elizabeth Littlepage).

(This editor is grateful to Mr. William L. Blanks of 2514-34th Avenue, Meridian, Mississippi, who so helpfully copied this great amount of data for this feature so that the Society of Francis Epes Descendants might have such records available for their work in connecting the various lines of the Epes-Eppes family. Will those who are interested in the Epes Family society please see that this article is brought to the attention of the society. (Editor).)

## BARHAM FAMILY

### BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA.

This continues as the 23rd article covering the Barhams and their connections. We shall use for this article ENTRY No. 23:

ENTRY No. 23—Notes added to clarify the connections and will of Thomas Holt, which was probated 17 March 1730-31 and recorded in Surry Co., Va. Will & Deed Book 1730-1738, page 86, the notes are: (Thomas Holt's 1st wife was Frances Mason, mentioned in will of Francis Mason, which was probated 1696-7, calling Thos. Holt, "son-in-law." Also Elizabeth, Mary, Catherine, Martha, Lucy, Thomas and Francis named in will of Mary White, whose will

was probated 1721 in Surry Co., Va., Bk. 1715-1730, page 343; these were probably the children of Thomas Holt's first wife. Henry and James Holt were children by the 2nd wife Mary. Charles Binns was appointed guardian to Henry Holt in 1741 (Reference — Surry Co., Va., Order Book 1741-1744, page 387). On January 16, 1744-1745, Nicholas Cocke, John Steele, and wife Mary, Thomas Cocke and wife Katherine, John Newsum and wife Martha, Thomas Holt and Lucy Holt, spinster sued James Baker, Exec. of John Allen, Surry County. Va. Order Book, 1744-1749, page 190, Mary Holt, widow, signed a marriage contract with Francis Price on Oct. 20, 1736.

1734, July 20, Indenture (deed) from Samuel Sands and wife Sarah of South Ware (Southwark) Parish to Richard Piland — 170 acres beginning at a white oak in Ogburne's line which was a corner tree between Edward Pettway and Sands; thence up dividing line on N. side of Green Swamp to the head of the Piney Slash on Sunk-en Marsh; thence along said line to George Piland on S. branch of Crouche's (Crowder is the original name for this creek—Editor) to William Holt, then to Leonard Oneys; this being part of a tract to Samuel Sands by William and Robert Pettway. Recorded 18 July 1731 with witnesses, William Edwards and John (3) Barham (Surry Co., Va. Will and Deed Book, 1730-1738, page No. 427).

1734, Sept. 17—Indenture (or deed) from Leonard Oney of Isle of Wight Co., Va., to Sam'l Sands—100 acres South Warke (Southwark) Parish beginning at a great pine on William Holt's being a corner tree between said Sands & Leonard Oney. Thence along Sand's line to the Green Swamp as ye water course directs to his corner tree on Robert (3) Barham's line; thence along the said Barham's line to a corner tree on the aforesaid Holt's line; thence along Holt's line to a great pine first begun at (sic); witnesses, Joseph Hart, and Nich. Thompson (Reference: Surry Co., Va., Will & Deed Book, 1730-1738, page 419).

1736, —, Accounts Current, Estate of Capt. Thomas Holt: Items—"Paid Thomas Edwards—13-5

Paid Charles (3) Barham —7-6

To a Negro girl called Jenny given to Lucy Hold, a bed and furniture a legacy left her by Mrs. Mason," signed, Mary Holt, Exec. (Reference: Surry County, Virginia, Will & Deed Book, 1730-1738, page 633).

1736, no day or month — Recorded Dec. 15, 1736. Edward Pettway of South Warke (Southwark) Parish to Richard Pyland — deed for 170 acres beginning at Ogburne's line, a corner tree between Pettway and Sam'l Sands. N. side of Green swamp—Sunk-en Marsh Road-Piney Slash-Geo. Piland-Souther most branch of Crouch's Creek — and William Holt. The same being a tract of land conveyed to Sam'l Sands by Wm & Robert Pettway on 18 July 1731 (Surry Co., Va. Will & Deed Bk., 1730-32, p. 642. (Note: How did Edward Pettway get this land? Did Pettway marry Sand's widow?).

## NICKLIN

ARMS: Sable, three boar's heads couped in fesse argent.

CREST: A griffin's head erased argent.

This Nicklin arms has been used by the Virginia family of the name and they are connected with the early family of Price, as well as, Strother and Pendleton. We shall begin with the Price line and show the connection with the Nicklin name.



John Price came from Wales to the Virginia Colony in the ship named "Starr" in the year 1611. This gentleman was a member of the Council and he married Anne Matthews. This couple had,

William Price, who was born 1605; name of wife unknown to this editor, he had,

Robert Price, who died 1688, who had married in 1668, Jane (last name unknown) who died in 1687; they had, John Price, born 1672 and died 1726, who married in 1705, Jane Smith, who died 1722, being the dtr. of John Smith. This couple had,

William Price, born 1723, died 1756, who married in 1750, Jane Brown, who d. 1782, dtr. of William Brown. This couple had,

Catherine Price, born 1753, died 1805, who married in 1778, Benj. Strother, who was born 1750 and died in 1807. He was patriotic American and a Midshipman during the American Revolution. He was the son of Anthony Strother. This named couple had,

Elizabeth Strother, born 1784 and died in 1822, who married in the year 1805, Benj. Pendleton, who was born in 1781 and died 1853, son of William Pendleton. This named couple had, Catherine Thornton Pendleton, who was born in 1806 and died in 1874, married in the year 1830, John Bailey Nicklin, who was born in the year 1803 and died in 1891.



## Climbing

## The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

A YANKEE DISASTER DURING THE CIVIL WAR 100 YEARS AGO. The NEWS-PAPERS BLASTED THE ADMIRALS AND GENERALS—IT WAS A RESULT OF A NEW YEAR'S FROLIC. The following article was taken from the Chicago Tribune of January 29, 1863 and reads as follows:

"THE AFFAIR AT GALVESTON. View it in what light we may, the New Year's Day disaster at Galveston is about the most disgraceful stain which has been put upon our arms during the whole progress of this war. The capture of the town by the rebels was bad enough, but when, at the same time we hear of the boarding and seizing of one United States war vessel—the blowing up of another—and ignominious flight of the rest, before two or three pasteboard Mississippi steamboats piled up with cotton bales and manned by musketeers the measure of the nation's shame and anger is filled to overflowing. Of course, nobody is to blame. What if our admirals and generals, as a sort of New Year's frolic, do lose us a town, a couple of war vessels, any quantity of arms, ammunition and public stores, along with three whole companies of volunteers, and a number of Texas refugees, all murdered in cold blood? We shall only have a brief two or three days of public complaint, a few plausible excuses and exonerations from the guilty parties and from Washington, and the offenders—If such there be—will be given a carte blanche to do and repeat their performances elsewhere."

Editor's Note: This does not seem unlike some actions taken in these days of the 20th century, when some vital questions are blissfully overlooked for the sake of votes. Money has been said to be the "root of all evil," but it appears that "votes are the root of so much evil."—Editor).

## QUESTIONS

A995. QUESTION ABOUT BOOKS ON COATS-OF-ARMS. "I am writing you for information as to where I might purchase a book or books about family coats-of-arms." "I am planning a club meeting with genealogy, as the as the theme. Would you be so kind as to answer?" (Mrs. Virginia Harris, 775 Kaiippi Street, Kailua, Hawaii).

A996. BARHAM. I wonder if any of your readers could help me trace a part of the Barham family. I have been to the court houses down in the northern part of North Carolina to try and find the part that I am missing, but for the most part their records have been burned or they did not keep records until sometime in the 1900's.

Wish data on Joseph Bar-

ham, born —(?), died —(?), who married Jeanette T. Hardee, born —(?), died —(?), married June 5, 1836. This Joseph Barham was the son of John Barham and —(?). Wish also data on the parentage of John Barham. This is all I need to finish the Barham lineage of our family and would appreciate it if anyone could help me. (Mrs. T. A. Dale, 300 Hamrick Drive, Hampton, Virginia).

A995. THE QUESTION ABOUT COATS-OF-ARMS. Since you are planning a meeting with Genealogy as a theme, it is suggested that you contact your nearest library as to the places where books on the subject may be purchased. Most libraries have lists of firms that handle books on the genealogical subject; there are many.

Another suggestion is that you contact the Genealogical Department of the Mormon Church (Church of the Latter Day Saints) in Salt Lake City, Utah, U.S.A. This religious group has one of the finest collections on genealogy in the world. However, I do think that they sell books on the subject of genealogy or coat-of-arms. May this editor also suggest that before one presents a subject on coats-of-arms, that he or she be sure and read the rules of the origin of arms and use of them. The blazonary, also known as the description and coloring, is a most important factor, since no metal coloring is used upon another metal color. And, no color is used upon another color. I trust that this bit of information will assist you with your program and meeting.—Editor.

A996. BARHAM. In your question entered in this issue of the feature regarding one Joseph Barham with father named John Barham, it is suggested that you search the wills and deeds of the court houses of the county in which the mentioned men lived in North Carolina. The Census records which were gathered each ten years can give a great amount of data after the year 1840 for the 1850 Census records give the name of the head of the household together with the name of the wife and lists each of the children, as well as, the place of birth of these heads of households.

You have stated that the records were not kept before 1900's, but I am sure that you must have meant birth records, for all court houses kept records, however, some records were burned. Do you not have some old family Bible records that would assist you in your search? You will find more of these old Bible records than you think, but it is suggested that in the event you do find Family Bible records that you have the title page photostated along with all the records shown or recorded in the Bible and send a copy of the record to the Virginia State Archives, Virginia State Library, Rich-

mond, Virginia for there such record will be kept for posterity. When doing research, no records are of value for actual proof without notary seal or photostatic copy of the entire Bible. Please bear this in mind for this editor has known many persons who have labored for years for records and copy data without giving a proof of same and for leads only this data would not be of any value without proof. For such records to be of value they must have some source of proof and is believed to be the reason for your making search of data. Just take for instance that your children or grandchildren might at some future time wish to join some historic patriotic society, which would require lineage with proof, without the mentioned proof data the same research work would have to be done over to obtain the proof and all such societies require a most exacting record for the lineage. I trust that I have made myself clear and for your interest. Please note that I have been carrying the extensive data on the Barham family of Surry County, Virginia in these issues and it might assist you in linking your family with those who left Virginia and went into North Carolina for many of them did just this. Data on the Barham family follows this.—Editor.

## BARHAM FAMILY

BARHAM FAMILY of Surry County, Virginia. This is the 24th article in the series on this family and covers many of the names of those who left Virginia and went into many other states and in particular the states south of Virginia. We shall begin with ENTRY No. 24.

ENTRY No. 24—Year 1736, Sept. 28. The will of John Foster probated this date naming the following: Eldest son Christopher Foster and son John, land adjoining Charles (3) Barham and Thomas Phillips; son Arthur; wife, Mary; daughters, Elizabeth, Faith, Mary, Lucy, and Sarah; Executors, wife and my brother Christopher Foster; the will was dated Febr. 3, 1735/6; witnesses, Richard Griffith, Christopher, Faith Emry, and Fortune Foster (Reference: Isle of Wight Co., Va., Will Book 4, page 141). The estate of John Foster was appraised by Thomas Holt, Charles (3) Barham, and Thomas Phillips on Dec. 27, 1736, page 152).

1737, July 15.—Indenture (or deed) from Elias George to John Porter (or perhaps Portia?) for 100 acres beginning at a corner tree of William Holt, Mill Swamp—to mouth of Barham's Spring to a pine tree—to Robert (3) Barham's line; witnesses, John Kae, Lewis Williams. (Reference: Surry Co., Va. Will & Deed Bk., 1730-1738, page 724).

1737/8, March 15. The will of Allen Warren was probated 16 Jan. 1741/5, but it was dated March 15, 1737/8, naming son Benjamin and willing him the plantation on which the deceased lived and all land

This Crafts coat-of-arms has been used by the New England family of the name. They descend from Lt. Griffin Crafts or Craft, however, the many persons who are from this group have generally used the spelling of Crafts. Lt. Griffin Crafts was born in the year 1689 and died in 1689 having come from

England with the group of those who came with Winthrop and settled at the town of Boston in Mass. Lt. Crafts was a founder of Roxbury, Mass. and took an active part in the affairs of the community, which he represented as Deputy to the General Court for 1638 and again from 1664 to 1668. He also was on the group for elections from 1663 to 1667. He also was elected to be a Selectman for the township of Roxbury from 1650 to 1673, as well as, a Member of the Board of Commissioners from 1659-1670. During the defending of the community against any enemy he served as lieutenant for over 20 years. He married more than once, but his first wife was named Alice, whose last name is not known to this editor. They had,

Lt. Samuel Crafts, born 1637 and died in the year 1690. He also was voted to be a Selectman for his community, as well as, Constable. He married Elizabeth Seaver, born 1643 and died in 1731 being the daughter of Robert and Elizabeth (Ballard) Seaver. Lt. Samuel and wife Elizabeth Seaver had,

Samuel Crafts, who was born in 1667 and died in 1709. He chose the profession of surveyor of highways, but he was also appointed or elected to the office of Constable as was his father. He married Elizabeth Sharp and they had,

Lt. Moses Crafts, born 1703 and died in 1768. He was named lieutenant and was among those who served during the Siege of Louisbourg during the French and Indian War. He, too, was named Selectman for his community for years 1741 to 1745. He married Esther Woodward.

100 acres; executor, son Benjamin Warren; witnesses, Thomas Warren, John Warren, and Thomas Barham (Reference: Surry Co., Will & Deed Bk. 1730-1738, page 488). (It will be noted that Allen Warren and wife Elizabeth acknowledge deed to Allen Warren, Jr. on October 28, 1714 as recorded in Surry Co., Va., Order Book, page 42).

1737, April 8. Indenture (or deed) from Simon Osburn to Stephen Bell for 200 acres beginning at a corner tree of Robert (3) Barham's land on the head of Green Swamp, along Edward Pettway's line to a white oak, thence along Clement's line to a pine, a corner tree; thence along Allen Warren's line over a branch at foot of Branch's Bridge Road to a dividing line between said Ogburn's and Mary Ogburn's, down dividing line to an arm of the Bay Tree Branch to the Green Swamp, up Green Swamp to 1st station; witnesses, George Piland, Thomas Piland, Elizabeth Piland (Reference: Surry Co., Va., Will & Deed Bk. 1730-1738, page 717).

1737, Nov. 16.—Estate of Samuel Sands. "By the sale of his estate to the several persons as under wrihten" (sic): Thomas Lane, Robert (2) Barham, Wm Drew, John (3) Barham, Joseph Hart, Capt. Wm Edwards, John Cox, Robert (3) Barham Jr., Sarah Sands, George Piland, Robert Piland, Samuel Thompson, Nathaniel Edwards (Reference: Surry Co., Va., Will & Deed Bk. 1730-1738, page 750).

1738, July 4. Thomas Holt Jr. of Lawnes Creek Parish, Surry Co., Va., to Charles Barham of Nottoway Parrish, Isle of Wight Co., Va.; for consideration of 30 Lbs., 150 acres where (3) Barham now dwelleth Sw of Nottoway River adjacent to John Foster and Josiah Barker; witnesses, —(?) (Reference: Isle of Co., Va., Deed Bk. 5, page 243).

1738, Nov. 14. Indenture (deed) from Thomas Drew to Thomas Barham; consideration of 6 Lbs., for 100 acres in Lawnes Creek Parish be-

binning at a pine tree on the head of Cross Branch on North side of Sunken Marsh and joining William Holt;—to the head of Fall Run on Holt's line; witnesses, Chas. Binns, William Williams (Reference: Surry Co., Va., Will & Deed Book, 1730-1738, page 916).

1738/9, Febr. 20.—Indenture (deed) Harris Taylor, of Isle of Wight Co., Va., to John Holt; 150 acres of land which my grandfather, William Harris, bought of William Cockeram and willed to me. Beginning at a marked white oak, very near saw pitt line between sd Taylor and sd Holt's land which hbe bought of Robert (2) Barham, to edge of march of Hogg Island Creek to a line of marked trees between sd Taylor and Wm Seaward; witnesses, Charles Binns, Thomas Binns, John Berrymand, Wm Waller (Reference: Surry Co., Va., Book 1730-1734, page 11).

1738, —. John Holt refused bounds between his land & marsh belonging to Wm Seaward. The court ordered a jury of ancient freeholders to procession — Richard Cocks, surveyor, Wm Edwards Jr., Thos. Davidson, Thos. Addison, John Thompson, Augustin Hennicutt, John Edward, Nicholas Faulcon, John Portis, Wm Merriott, Newet Edwards, Joseph Handcocke, and Wm Newsum (Reference: Surry Co., Va., Book 1730-1734, page 149, Map 150).

1740, —. Indenture (deed) —Thomas (2) Barham, of Isle of Wight Co., Va., to his brother, Robert (2) Barham, of Surry Co., Va.; for consideration of 6 Lbs.; 100 acres in Southwarke Parish, Surry County, that he bought of Thomas Drew; beginning at Cross Branch on William Holt's line. Thos. Drew's other land; witnesses, John Ruffin, R. Hamlin, Ben Ruffin (Surry Co., Va., Deed Bk. 1730-1734, p. 282. (Note: This record proves that Thomas (2) Barham of Isle of Wight Co., Va. was brother of Robert (2) Barham of Surry Co., Va. It was from Thomas Barham that Southampton Co., Va. & North Carolina families mostly descend).





BOOK REVIEWS

"HENRICO COUNTY, VIRGINIA, ORPHANS' COURT BOOK 1677-1739," by Pauline Pearce Warner. This work was surely a "labor of love" for one to have made such an effort to preserve for the researcher transcribed records.

Just to read the faint records was an effort, as well as, the possibility of knowing that errors might be made would have been cause for others to have stopped when getting to pages that could not be read with the human eye. But, Mrs. Warner did not let this task go undone.

The almost 300-year-old paper of the original book is very frail. When Mrs. Warner saw its condition she was unwilling to use it, but the only copy in existence was not accurate. The Virginia Archives Department of the Virginia State Library in Richmond, Virginia made statement that the book could be photostated, so for a Christmas present, 1962, her husband, Mr. Warner, gave her a photostatic copy of the entire manuscript volume.

Since Mr. and Mrs. Warner could read the penmanship and interpret the lettering for each of the words and with the aid of a strong reading glass the dimmed and aged writing was brought out so that transcriptions could be made.

From these records Mrs. Warner copied the entire book very legibly by hand. So, it is now known why Mrs. Warner did copy the legible handwriting of her own for publishing.

This is what caused the reproduction of her handwriting, which can be read most easily. Some characteristics of the old penmanship could not be reproduced on a regular typewriter. Typing the spelling, punctuation, etc. proved so difficult, even for a professional, and so expensive, that Mrs. Warner's transliteration was printed.

This book covers areas of Virginia that embraced both sides of the James River at that time, such as Charles City, Henrico and others on the North side of the James River, as well as, Prince George County and Dinwiddie County on the South side of the James. Therefore, it is one of great value to the searcher, since it will include names that are lost to posterity due to the fact the records of Prince George County and some of Dinwiddie County have been destroyed during the years.

During the years 1677-1739 Henrico had living in it not only the early English settlers, but also the French Huguenots west of the Falls of the James River.

Orphans had been left and records had to be kept as to their care and estates. So, the book is full of genealogical data and gives much of the family connections of these orphans. The early names included such families as: Akin, Allen, Anderson, Archer, Arrington, Ascough or Ayscough, Ayscock, Atkinson, and

Ball, Ballew or Ballowe, Bass, Batte, Batton or Bottom, Baugh, Beuskin (perhaps Benskin), Beville, Bisby, Blackman, Blanch, Blankenship, Blunt, Bolling, Bottomely, Bowman, Bradley, Brag, Branch, Bridgwater, Brigs, Britt, Broadway, Brooks, Brown, Bullington, Burroughs (Burus, Burrows), Burton, Byrd,

Climbing

# The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON



Cannon, Cardwell, Caroll, Cary, Carter, Catlin, Chambers, Charles, Cheatham, Childers, Clay, Clyborn (Clyburn, Claiborne), Cocke, Collins, Combs, Cousens, (Cousins), Cox (Crawley (Crowley), Davis, Dejoux, Delaloe, Deely (Delye), Dunnivan, Dupray, also

Eakins (Akins), Easly, Edwards, Eldridge, England, Enroughty, Epes, Evans, Eyres, Faile, Fargus, Farmer, Farrar, Featherstone (Featherstone), Ferris, Field, Floyd (Floyd), Fore, Forrest, Fowler, France, Fueque, Garthwright, Gee, Gent, Glidwell, Glover, Granger, Gower, Green, Greenhaugh, Grigg, Hambleton, Harding, Harris, Haskins, Hatcher, Herbert, Hill, Howard, Howlett, Hudson, Hudsoeth, Huson or Hughson, Humphrey, Hutchins, James, Jamson, Jefferson, Jordan, and

Keatt, Kendall, Kennon, Kilpatrick, Knibb, Lord, Lester, Lewis, Ligon, Lible, Lound, Marshall, Martin, Maxfield, Milne (Milner), Moreset, Mosby, Nash, Newcombe, Newman, Norris, Nunnally, Osborn, Oulton, Parker, Patram, Pearce (Peirce), Perkins, Perrin, Platt, Pleasants, Polly, Poulton, Poyall, Price, Puckett, Rehone, Randolph, Redford, Risby, Roberts, Roberts, Robertson, Rowen (Rowin), Russell, also

Sadler, Salle (Sally), Salisbury, Sarrazin, Saunders, Schutt, Scott, Sewell, Shettlein, Sheereman (Sherman), Shiny, Shiny, Shutt, Smith, Soane, Standley (Stanly), Steward (Stewart), Stratton, Tabor, Tenner, Tilly, Tilman, Totty, Trent, Tucker, Tollitt, Turnin, Vaulton, Dadds, Walther, Ward, Ware, Watkins, Watson, Webb, Webster, Wells, Wilson, Womack, Withers, Woodson, Worsham and Wright.

This book has 127 pages including the full index of all the names entered therein and is valuable as an addition to the shelves of all libraries having area for family research, as well as, private collection of genealogical books. The work covers families of all standings in the community including the poor and the rich.

Copies of the book, "Henrico County, Virginia, Orphans' Court Book, 1677-1739" may be obtained by contacting the compiler, Mrs. Pauline Pearce Warner, Tappahannock, Virginia. The price is only \$10.00 until January 15, 1964 and thereafter the price will be \$12.50.—EDITOR.

QUESTIONS

A997. WYATT-SAUNDERS-JOHNSON. Would like to know the birth place of John Saunders Wyatt; name of his parents and names of his brothers and sisters, if any.

We have the following data concerning this Wyatt name: John Saunders Wyatt was born 11 September 1821 (where?) and died at Fox Hill, Elizabeth City County, Virginia in 1890.

John Saunders married Susan Tabitha Johnson, she being born January 6, 1828 (where?) and died 1910.

John Saunders Wyatt and Susan (Johnson) Wyatt, had, Delia Ann Wyatt, Mary (?) Wyatt, Edward Thomas Wyatt, John Saunders Wyatt (Jr.), William Thomas Wyatt, Sara Virginia Wyatt, Columbus Wyatt, Thomas (?) Wyatt; and David Wyatt.

We have the following unproven data on John Saunders Wyatt, first mentioned: That, he was born or came to Fox Hill, Elizabeth City County, Va. from Accomac on the Eastern Shore of Virginia and had one sister said to have been from Gloucester, Virginia; this sister was named Fanny or Frances Wyatt. (B.W.C., Hampton, Va.)

BARHAM FAMILY

THE BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VA. This continues from the previous issue. And, this is the 25th article covering the name of Barham. We shall begin with this being numbered as Entry No. 25:

ENTRY NO. 25—Year 1742, Sept. 5. The court ordered Joseph Hart, Thomas Lane, Nich. Thompson and Jno. (3) Barrom, or any three of them, to appraise the estate of William Batts (Surry Co., Va.,

Order Book 1741-1744, page —). The will named Elizabeth; grandsons William Batts, and William Lain; the will was dated 31 December 1741; witnesses, Charles Binns, Henry Holt, David Drew; the will was probated 17 November 1742 (Surry Co., Va., Will Book 1738-1754, page 419).

1743, May 27. Due from Thomas (3) Barham to Solomon Newsum for 100 acres (from Isle of Wight Co., Va., Book 6, page 7 insert).

1743/4, March 30. Thomas (3) Barham patented 190 acres on North side of Three Creeks in Isle of Wight Co., Va. (Land Patent Book 13, 20, page 489 in the Archives Department of the Virginia State Library, Richmond, Va.)

1743, —. Indenture (deed) —From William Jones, Isle of Wight County, Virginia, to Benjamin (3) Barham, of Surry Co., Virginia; for 200 acres of land in Nottoway Parish, Isle of Wight County, Virginia. 100 acres had been granted to William Jones by patent dated March 30, 1743; the 100 acres had been granted to Joseph Regan on July 9, 1743 (Isle of Wight Co., Va. Bk. 6, page 341).

1744, Nov. 21. Indenture from John Portis, Isle of Wight Co., Va., to John Judkins, Jr. of Surry Co., Va. for 100 acres bounded by land of William Holt to run of Mill Swamp to the mouth of Barham's spring branch to a corner tree of Robert (3) Barham's; witnesses: Thos. Williams, John Tyler (Surry Co., Va., Deed Book 1738-1754, page No. 249).

1745, June 19. Moses Johnson and James Chappel, Church wardens of Albemarle Parish vs. Mary Barham, defendant, for debt (Surry Co., Va., Order Book 1744-1749,

page 47; at the April Court of the same county for the year 1746, this action was dismissed, the plaintiffs failing to prosecute. It is to be noted that Albermarle Parish did become Sussex Co., Va. when it was cut off from the mother county of Surry).

1745, July 22. Indenture (deed) from Moses Newsum to Thomas (3) Barham; the acres of which were given to Moses Newsum by his brother, Thomas Newsum (Isle of Wight Co., Va., book 6, page 7). (This would show that Moses and Thomas Newsum were brothers with the possibility that Thomas (3) Barham had married the daughter of Thomas Newsum—so, see the next entry to follow).

1745/6, Jan. 27. Will of Thomas Newsum (Reference: Isle of Wight Co., Va., Book 5, page 5); the will was probated Jan. 27, 1745/6; names: son, Nathan; son, Benjamin; son, Jacob; son, David; son, Thomas (3) Barham (this must have been a son-in-law for he must have married Sarah Newsum, dau. of Thomas Newsum); the will also names daughter, Sarah Barham; wife Elizabeth; executors, wife and son Jacob; dated October 14, 1745 and probated Jan. 27, 1745/6. (This was recorded in Isle of Wight Co., Va., Court Records, Book 5, page 5). (Note: Thomas Newsum, born in Surry Co., Va., in 1685/6, married about 1705, Elizabeth Crafford, daughter of Robert and Elizabeth (Carter) Crafford. Thomas Newsum's brother, John Newsum, married Sarah Crafford, a sister of Elizabeth. Thomas Newsum received land grants in Isle of Wight Co., Va., totalling some 100 acres, the first in 1714. This land fell in Southampton County, Va., when it was cut from Isle of Wight Co. in 1749. Thomas and John Newsum were sons of William Newsum, born in Surry Co., Va. in 1648, and dying there in 1691, and his wife, Mrs. Anne Sheppard Hart, daughter of Robert Sheppard, and widow of Thomas Hart. Other children of William and Anne Newsum were: Newsum (born 1672/3, died 1751); Robert Newsum (born 1681/2, died 1757); Elizabeth Newsum; Anne Newsum. After the death of William Newsum in 1691, Mrs. Anne Sheppard (Hart) Newsum married George Foster. She made her will as Anne Foster, making bequests to sons Robert and Thomas Newsum, and daughters Elizabeth and Anne. As wife to Thomas Hart she had sons Henry Hart (1682-1739), Thomas Hart (1684/5-1708/9), Robert Hart (1636/7-1720). This was taken from the very article covering the Newsum (Newsum) family by Dr. B. C. Holtzclaw and published in the Virginia Magazine of History and Biography, Vol. XLVII. It was Robert Hart with whom Robert Garham lived according to the Title Lists of 1695, 1696 and 1697 in Surry Co., Va. and it is presumed that Robert Hart married Priscilla Barham).

1745/6, Febr. 2—Indenture (deed) from Stephen Bell to William Piland; for 240 acres on Green Swamp adjoining to Richard Piland, Edward Pettway, John Harris, Benjamin Warren, John Davis, and Bay Tree Branch; witnesses, Samuel Thompson, Wm. Clements, James Price (Re: Surry Co., Va., Deed Book, page 412).

(To be continued in the next issue.)

## CROCKER

ARMS: Argent, a chevron engrailed gules between three ravens (called by some as cornish choughs), sable.

CREST: A drinking cup, three fleur-de-lys issuing therefrom, all or, charged with a rose gules.

MOTTO: Deus alit eos.

This family of Crocker is of the New England group and descend from the Deacon William Crocker, who was born in 1612 and died in 1692 being from England and having come to Scituate, Massachusetts about the year of 1633. He then removed to Barnstable in the year 1639. He became an important man in the affairs of his community and therefore was selected to represent the population in the General Court from 1679 to 1671 and again in the year 1674. His wife's given name was Alice, but the surname is not known to this editor they had,

Sgt. Joseph Crocker, who was born in 1654. He married in the year 1677 Temperance Bursley being the daughter of John Bursley. This couple had,

William Crocker, born in 1679 and died in the year 1741. He married his cousin in 1705, named Mary Crocker being the daughter of Josiah. This couple had,

Benjamin Crocker, who was born in 1720 and died in 1785. This Benjamin married in 1747 the daughter of Deacon Ball, her name having been Bathsheba Hall. This couple had,

Josiah Crocker, born in the year 1760 and died in 1846. It was he who married in the year 1788 Sarah Toby. They had,

Thomas Crocker, who was born 1793 and died in 1856. Now, he was from Pawlet, Vermont. He married in 1814 Mary Hooker.



Crocker



# Climbing The Family Tree

—Genealogy Questions  
And Answers

By HUGH S. WATSON JR.

## BOOK REVIEW

"MARRIAGES OF NORFOLK COUNTY, VIRGINIA (NOW CITY OF CHESAPEAKE), 1788, 1793, 1817", Vol. II, by Elizabeth B. Wingo of Norfolk, Va.

This newly published book is another milestone in bringing documents of Virginia records to historians all over the United States. This has been done by the untiring efforts of Mrs. Wingo to cautiously transcribe these named records.

Being a seaport as Norfolk has always been many early adventurers came into the area and settled leaving descendants from whom many of local area claim connection, as well as those who have moved into other sections of our great country, the United States.

This is the second volume of marriage records covering Norfolk County, Virginia that Mrs. Wingo has published and she has spared no effort in chronically arranging the names of the groom and then that of the bride: the grooms are alphabetically arranged for easy search and the brides are indexed in the back of the book.

It goes without saying that Mrs. Wingo could not have indexed all of the names of persons listed on marriage bonds, however, it may have been of some assistance in research, since families might be proven connected due to a surety on a marriage bond. The indexing of all names on marriage bonds or licenses has not been the practice of others who have compiled such books for public consumption, therefore we do not expect Mrs. Wingo to do so.

The book covers a period of American history, when transportation was becoming somewhat easy due to the packet boats between points and coast traveling boats that carried shipments and persons from New England to the coast of Florida and around the known Cane Horn to the West coast.

So we will find names among that period of 1788 to 1817, which seem foreign to those generally in the area. Well, we know that some soldiers were left in the area after the Revolutionary War; they did not return having married young ladies from Norfolk County as was done during the war period of World War I and World War II. This is only natural. And we must also remember that friends visited friends and relatives visited relatives in and out of the county. Many Eastern Shore of Virginia persons settled in the Norfolk area and many came to the area from Mathew County, Gloucester County, and James River counties. Many Norfolk County, Virginia families had connections in the Colony of North Carolina, later the State of North Carolina.

We will find names as Abbott, Abernethy, Ackiss, Addington, Addison, Alford, Alger, Allen, Allis (Ellis), Allmand, Anderson, Anderton, Angel, Arenton, Armistead, Armstrong, Aswell, Athey,

Atkins, Atkinson, Atwood, Ayles or Agles, also,

Bacon, Baggs, Bailey, Baine, Baird, Baker, Bale, Ballance, Ballentine, Banks, Barber, Barclay, Barker, Barnabus, Barrett, Bartee, Barzonnie, Bashaw, Bass, Battest, Beasley, Beaton, Beck, Bell, Bennett, Benson, Bensten, Benthall, Bergeon, Bermingham, Bernier, Best, Betts, Bidgood, Billups, Bingham, Bizzell, Blambo, Blewford, Blount, Bloxson, Bloxton, Blyth, Boarman, Boddingron, Bressie, Brian, Briquet, Brittain, Brown, Browne, Bruce, Bufkin (Buskin), Bunkley, Buntin, Burfoot, Burgess, Bustin, Butler, Butt, and Buxton.

We also find the names, Cadenhead, Callenger, Callis, Campbell, Camper, Cantelo, Care, Carey, Carmine, Carney, Carpenter, Carroway, Carson, Carter, Casey, Casteel, Cater, Caton, Chandler, Chapple, Charlton, Cherry, Chowning, Churchill, Clark, Clayton, Clements, Clinch, Coats, Cobbs, Cocke, Coleman, Colfer (Coffer), Colman, Colton, Comb, Cone, Conner, Corbell, Corning, Corprew, Corran, Costa, Cotton, Cotrill, Cowper, Cox, Coxell, Coyle, Creach, Creek more and,

Dabeo, Dalmar, Dameron, Darling, Darnal, Dawley, Deacon, Deal, Dean(es), DeFerriere, Delastations, Celvany, Delisle, Denby, Desmond, Disher, Enslow, Eshon, Etheredge, Eubert, Ewell, Farr, Fatherly, Ferte, Fitchet, Fitzgerald, Fitzhugh, Flaro, Flood, Folger, Ford, Foreman, Foulon, Fountain, Francis, French, Firth, Glasgow, Glison, Goldsmith, Grandy, Grant, Grice, Griggs, Guemper, Guernon, Guttery, Guy, Hallsey, Hanbury, Hanna, Hartshorn, Haynes, Hertel, Hobday, Hobgood, Holt, Jarvis, Jilcot, Jobson, Keeling, Kellum, Kendall, Kennicott, Kint, also,

Laboyteaux, Lacherier, Lamporter, Lancaster, Land, Langley, Laycock, Matthias, Melow, Merchant, Mesley, O'Leary, Olive, Payntar, Peaton, Pedworth, Peed, Petree, Portlock, Powers, Pendergast, Prince, Puzey, Rainbow, Rebouso, Rutter, Salusbury, Saubalt, Shipp, Sikes, Silby, Sivills, Smith, Snail, Sompayrae, Sorey, Southgate, Spadey, Spann, Sprice, Stacey, Stroud, Sweny, Swift, Tabb, Tarant, Tatem, Tea, Teaton, Tebbets, Tomblinson, Toomer, Totterdale, Twady, Twiford, Vickers, Veale, Warren, Watson, Watts, Werckmuller, Woodhouse, Wrightington and Wyatt.

There are too many more to list for all surnames were not given.

This book should be included among the books of all libraries having genealogical data and in many private collection of books. Copies may be obtained by addressing Mrs. William B. Wingo, 1230 Manchester Avenue, Norfolk, 9, Virginia. The price postpaid is only \$6.00.

## OFFERED

NEWBY - HUNNICUTT - GRUMANS - LADD, TOM - LAMB - BLOUNT - McCLEARY - ALEXANDER. Marie V. Tufts of 507 Grant



Street, Santa Cruz, Calif. offers notes on these listed families of Virginia. This editor will be happy to have any notes for publication in this feature on any of the above names. It would be appreciated if Mrs. Tufts will send any other lineages with proof for this feature.—Editor

## BARHAM FAMILY

BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA. This continues as the 26th article on the Barham family. We shall start with this Entry No. 26.

ENTRY No. 26—1744, April 20. Indenture (deed) from John Drew of Isle of Wight Co., Va., to John Ruffin; 200 acres of land next to David Alexander's land, the land that he bought of John Drew, Holly Swamp to Sunken Marsh road, and up the road to Robert (3) Barham's corner tree on South side of road. Along Barham's line to Corner tree of Thos. Lane. Along Lane's line to John Coxes. Along Coxes' line to Holly Swamp to the mouth of Sassafras Branch. Including land Cox rented of said Drew's father. Witnesses, Thos. Cocke, Jr., John Hunnicutt, Willot Roberts (Surry Co., Va., Deed book 1741-

1746, page 443). (Note: This land was in Surry Co., Va.)

1746, June 5—Charles (3) Barham, 180 acres South side Nottoway River, beginning at head of Cabbin Branch, a corner of Wm. Walker's land in Isle of Wight Co., Va. (Reference: Land Patent Book No. 25, page 131 in Archives Department, Virginia State Library, Richmond, Va.) (Note: This was a patent of land to Barham.—Editor)

1746, July 25. Patent of Land to Charles (3) Barham for 320 acres of land on South side of Nottoway River, beginning at a corner of Christopher Foster the younger, Raccoon Swamp, Isle of Wight Co., Va. (Land Patent Book 25, page 146, in Archives Department, Virginia State Library, Richmond, Va.)

1746, Aug. 28. Patent of land to Charles (3) Barham, 250 acres on South side of Nottoway River, being on Raccoon Swamp in Isle of Wight Co., Va. (Land Patent Book 25, page 312, in Archives Dept., Va. State Library, Richmond, Va.)

1746, — Indenture (deed) from Charles (3) Barham, Isle of Wight Co., Va. to John Fort; 100 acres of land, part of a large grant to Charles (3) Barham, dated July 5, 1746. Adjacent to Thos. Holt and Christopher Foster, Sr. (Isle of Wight Co., Va., Book 6, page —).

1746, Dec. 30. Indenture (deed) from Edward Slate to Thomas Johnson. The land which Slate bought from Thos. Dance (Surry Co., Va., Deed Bk. 1746-1749, page 1 (Note): Binns to Waller 1717-18; Waller to Dance 1720; Dance to Slate 1728).

1748, — Indenture (deed) Stephen Vaughan to Benjamin Barham; 150 acres (?), Witnesses, Thomas Barham, Jacob Newsum, Charles Bar-

ham (Isle of Wight Co., Va. Bk. 8, page 78).

1748, — Indenture (deed) from Thomas Barham to Benjamin Barham; 50 acres of land in Nottoway Parish, Isle of Wight, South side of Nottoway River, adjoining Stephen Vaughan, corner of David Newsum (Could he have been a son?). (Isle of Wight Co., Va. Bk. 8, page 151).

1748, June 9. Estate of William Page, by John Fort. Appraised by Charles Barham, Thomas Holt, Peter Butts (Isle of Wight Co., Va., Bk. 5, page 118) (The will of Wm. Page, was probated March 12, 1746-7; names granddaughter Mary Page; wife Anne, and at her decease to Betty Fort. No heirs to Joshua Fort; executors, John and Rebecca Fort; dated Oct. 16, 1746; witnesses, John Land, Robert Land (Isle of Wight Co., Va. Bk. 5, page 49).

1748-9, Jan. 17. Action of Trespass, Benjamin Barrum, Vs. Edmund Barrow (Surry Co., Va. Order Bk. 1744-1749, page 534).

1751, March 14. Will of Timothy Thorp names:

Daughter, Margaret, wife of James Bruce, given a Negro girl named Gilley

Daughter, Mary, wife of Owen Mirich, 5 shilling.

Granddaughters, Mary Harris and Ann Harris, 8 lbs.

Granddaughter, Mary Barham, 10 lbs.

Son, John and Son, Joseph, son Timothy.

Daughter, Olive Atkinson.

Land to be sold and divided between 3 sons and 2 daughters, John, Timothy, and Joseph Thorp, Olive Atkinson and Margaret Bruce.

Dated Dec. 2, 1750; witnesses, Edward Harris, Francis Hilliard, Thomas Amon (Southampton Co., Va., Bk. 1, page 37). (Note: Timothy Thorp was a tithable in 1690, therefore born in 1673-1674).

1751, Aug. 12.—Deed from Thomas Briggs and wife Frances, of Surry Co., Va., to James Barham, consideration 89 lbs., 14 shillings; 245 acres of land Northwest side of 3 creeks; a patent granted to James Sammon, Feb. 21, 1730 and Aug. 20, 1745; adjacent to John Holt; witnesses, James Ridley, Joseph James, Drewry Parker (Southampton County, Va., Deed Bk. 1, page 29).

1752, Sept. 26. Ordered Nicholas Thompson, John Jenkins, John Barrum, and Thomas Lane to appraise the Estate of James Bennett (Surry Co., Va., Order Bk. 1751-1753, page 192). (Note: The will of James Bennett, probated Oct. 17, 1752; names,

Son, William, land bought of Charles Binns.

Son, James.

Son, John.

Daughters, Ann, Martha, Sarah, Bridgett.

Son, Samuel.

Grandson, Thomas, son of William.

Executor: Son, Samuel; will dated Oct. 1745; witnesses, Chas. Binns, Wm. Goodwyn, Wm. Batts, Wm. Clark (Surry Co., Va. Will Bk. 1730-1754, page 894).

(This Barham data to be continued in next issue.)

## Alston

ARMS: Azure, The Stars, 4, 3, 2, 1

CREST: Or, a wreath, a half-moon Argent, charged with a star Or in the arms.

MOTTO: Immotus.

This arms has been used by the North Carolina family of the name of Alston. They descend from John Alston, who was born in 1610 and died in 1687. He was a man of education and standing for he was of the Inner Temple and the Parvenha, in England. He was granted a tremendous tract of land, which embraced most of the county of Fairfax in the Colony of North Carolina. This gentleman married in the year 1634, Lady Dorothy Temple, daughter of Sir John Temple. She died in 1668. They had,



ALSTON

John Alston, who died in 1704, who married Anne Wallis; they had,

Colonel John Alston, born 1673 and died in 1758 and he was from England. He was recorded first in the year 1711 as being in Chowan County, North Carolina.

He was prominent in the affairs of his county and community being named associate justice of the Supreme Court of North Carolina. He served during the Colonial Wars having been in the North Carolina Militia. He married Mary Clarke and had,

Major Philip Alston, born 1706 and died 1784. He was of the Colonial period of service for his colony and was major for Cumberland County. He married about the year 1746 as his 2nd wife, Winifred Whitmell. They had,

Elizabeth Alston, who married Col. Joseph John Williams, who was born 1730 and died 1808. He was member of the Committee of Safety for Halifax County, North Carolina during the Revolutionary War period.



# Climbing The Family Tree

—Genealogy Questions  
And Answers

By HUGH S. WATSON JR.

**HISTORICAL RARITIES NAVAL FLEETS DURING THE CIVIL WAR MUST HAVE PLAYED A GREAT PART IN THE WAR ACTIVITIES ACCORDING TO GENERAL BANKHEAD MAGRUDER 100 YEARS AGO. THE FLEET CAN STILL PLAY A TREMENDOUS PART IN OUR PRESENT DAY WARFARE.** The following article was taken from the Natchez (Miss.) Courier newspaper of Jan., 1863. This was an official dispatch from the headquarters of the mentioned general, reading as follows: "Head Quarters, Galveston, Texas, Jan. 1st, 1863."

"To S. Cooper, Adjutant General: This morning first of January, at 3 o'clock, a.m., I attacked the enemy's fleet and garrison at this place, and captured the latter, and steamer Harriet Lane and two barges and a schooner of the former. The rest, some four in number, ignominiously escaped under cover of a flag of truce. I have about 600 prisoners and a quantity of valuable stores, arms, &c. The Harriet Lane is very little injured. She was carried by boarding from two high pressure cotton steamers, manned by Texas cavalry and artillery, and the line troops, and were gallantly commanded by Col. Thos. Green, of Sibley's brigade, and the ships and artillery by Major Leon Smith, to whose indomitable energy and heroic daring the country is indebted for the successful execution of a plan which I had conceived for the destruction of the enemy's fleet. Col. Bagley, of Sibley's brigade, also commanded the volunteers from his regiment for the naval expedition, in which every officer and every man won for himself imperishable renown. I am very respectfully, Your obedient servant, (Signed) J. Bankhead Magruder, Major Gen. Com. Dept. and Dist. of Texas."

**EPPESE-EPES-EPPS**  
EPPESE-EPES-EPPS FAMILY BIBLE RECORDS AND OTHER DOCUMENTED DATA REQUESTED. The Society of Francis Epes Descendants is asking for any early family Bible records, which contain the name of EPPESE-EPES-EPPS therein. This society is making great strides from efforts of the past three years in collecting court records, as well as, family Bible records together with land patent records of early Virginia to prove without doubt the correct lineage of this family from the first known Francis Epes, an early settler of the Virginia Colony. He possessed the patent of land which included the point of land on James River and the southside of the Appomattox River on which was built "Appomattox Manor", an historic shrine of today. Francis Epes came to the Virginia Colony in the early 1600's and today has many descendants.

The report of November 1963 of The Society of Francis Epes Descendants, states: "Dear Relative, During our third year the Genealogical Committee has continued to make excellent progress toward our goal of a complete history of the Epes-Eppes family. A tentative genealogical chart of the first four generations was presented last Spring; since then there have been several additions and changes. The second report of later generations will be ready for our next reunion."

"The Committee members have given unselfishly of their time and efforts and have worked diligently to thoroughly check all names, dates, and records available at court houses, libraries, etc. Contributions from members of Bible records, personal research, and family histories have been a tremendous help. We have also been fortunate to be able to secure two genealogists to work with the Committee: Colonel Robert Bolling Batte and Mr. Charles Hughes Hamlin."

"Please continue to send us names of relatives or other persons interested in becoming members. We now have 250 members, but hope to have 500. Also, please send us any genealogical records you may have—these are a great help."

"Our reunions have been most enjoyable. We plan to have another next Spring and will let you know later the time and place. We hope to see many of you there. Cordially, (Signed) Helen D. Holden (Mrs. Herbert R. Holden, Corresponding Secretary."

So, we see that the Society is making great strides with their research. Can any of the readers of this feature contribute to or can recommend to the Society the owner or any early Bible records pertaining to the name of Epes-Eppes - Epps.—Editor.

## ANSWERS

**A982. WALDEN - HUGHES.** The kind reader sends this information stating:

"Here is something I overlooked in the last Walden and Hughes notes. I wonder if John Walden and Joseph Walden of Question No. A982 - with initials W. T. B., Austin, Texas entered in August 18, 1963 issue, could have been of the following family? I am not too sure these two marriages were of John (1st) Walden or his son Richard's, look at what it says about the last child that makes me think it was John."

According to old notes and data sent me in 1926 by a Walden descendant, the following may be of your Waldens through one of the sons of Colonel John Walden of Caroline County, Virginia who later settled in either Culpeper, or Rappahannock Counties, Virginia (I do not know which wife was the mother of his children). It reads:

"John Walden of Caroline Co., Va. married (1st) Sarah Hastings; married (2nd) Sally Easton or Eastin. Issue:

1. Ambrose Walden married Elizabeth Taylor

2. John Walden married Lily Gatewood

3. William Walden . . . .

4. Thomas Walden, married 1794 (Culpeper Co., Va.) Lucy Hughes



5. Elizabeth Walden, married one Mr. Feensly

6. Sally Walden, married John Gayle

7. Johanna Walden, married William Gayle

8. Edmund Walden (by 2nd wife) never married

9. Richard Walden (no data)

10. Lucy Walden, married Dr. John Harris; she married 2ndly, one Mr. Bowcock

11. Polly Walden, married George Walden

12. Nancy Walden, married John Puller of Amisville, Va.

13. Rachel Walden, married Benj. Munday.

14. A daughter, married and Estes or Estis perhaps by 2nd marriage."

This makes me think that the Colonel John Walden married twice, and not the son Richard.

These notes state: "Capt. Thomas Walden, son of Colonel John Walden of Caroline County, Virginia, married Lucy Hughes. His son, Edwin Walden, married a daughter of Isaiah Perry and wife Nelly Corbin of Culpeper Co., Va. Mrs. Fannie Johnson of Fauquier Co., Va., was their daughter."

The Corbin Family in the A. M. Pritchard book, "Read, Corbin, Lutterell & Bywaters Families," states on page 124

that Nelly Corbin (dau. of Isaiah Corbin and wife Lydia Garnett (and on page 132) married 3 April 1810, Col. Pierce Perry of "Mountain View" (original home of a William Corbin) and they are buried there by the grave of Mrs. John Washington (Ann Massie), aunt of Col. Perry and sister of his mother, Lydia Massie Perry. Issue: 12 children, the 2nd Elizabeth Ann, married 4 December 1832, Edmund Pendleton Walden and had 4 children (names not listed here; this being the only Walden name listed in the whole book).

The wonderful reader further states: "The reason I have been confused about the two marriages is the way I carelessly jotted down the notes and they appear as opposite the father (Col. John) or his son Richard Walden, but I think the 2 are for the father. As I say - look at what the note of the last child says. Then too, there was the note about the son Edmund Pendleton Walden, 'a son of the 2nd wife.'"

The name Gatewood is found in Culpeper Co., Va., records and I think in Spotsylvania Co., Va. The name of Gayle is a Spotsylvania Co., Va. So if you have time see if you can find Waldens listed in Crozier's "Spotsylvania County, Virginia" records."

"These Walden, etc., notes were sent to me in 1936 by a Miss Lena Burke, of Charlottesville, Va., who had been a nurse and afterwards had paying guests University students." signed, H.M.T., Newport News, Va. (This lady who has so freely given of her time wants to know if the inquirer with initials W.T.B. has any data on the Davenport family of Culpeper Co., Va., or where the Davenport data might be found. (Editor).

## BARHAM FAMILY

**BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA.** This continues as the 27th article on the Barham

## STARLING

This arms was granted A.D. 1661. And it was to Sir William Starling, of Stoppley Hall, Bedfordshire, England. It was granted at time of his being knighted in 1661. Sir William, had,

William Starling, who had, Roderic Starling, who married a Miss Hubbard and they had,

William Starling, who married Jane Gordon. They had, William Starling, who was born in the year 1756 and died in 1826. He married in the year 1774, Susanna Lyne, born in 1757 and died in 1802, being the daughter of William Lyne of King William County, Virginia. This Lyne family was of interest, since William Lyne mentioned was from England and came to the Virginia Colony in 1725. In the county of King William, Mr. Lyne served his community by representing the people in the House of Burgesses and was attending the Virginia Convention in 1775, when the famous Patrick Henry made his never forgotten speech, which is known to all school children as, "Give Me Liberty or Death." This William Starling and wife Susanna Lyne had,

Thomas Starling, who was born in 1779 and died in 1852. He married in 1803, Anne Redd, daughter of John Redd, a major during the American Revolution. This couple had, Susannah Starling, who was born in 1804 and died in 1847. She married Mr. Daniel Beamey.



Starling

family. We shall begin with Entry No. 27:

**ENTRY NO. 27—Year 1753,** —, Estate of John Fort appraised by Benjamin Barham, Charles Barham and Thomas Westbrook (Southampton Co., Va Book No. 1, page 122). (This shows that some of the Barham family moved into Southampton Co., Va., so we shall give the will of the named John Fort, which was probated March 3 1753, naming the following:

Sons, Elias, John, Henry, Joshua, and Arthur.

Grandson, Henry Thomas.

Daughter, Lucy Grisard.

Daughter Betty.

Wife, Rebecca.

The will was dated Jan. 10, 1753; witnesses, Peter Butts, John Forstler, Arthur Foster (Forster), and David Newsome (Recorded in the Southampton Co., Va., court record Bk. 1, page 165).

Since the Fort family is connected with Surry Co., Va., we give the will of Elias Fort, which was dated 20 Sept. 1732, probated 19 March 1739-40 and in Surry Co., Va., records, he names:

Son, John Fort, land on which he lives.

Son, Holiday.

Grandson, John Fort, land on John Shehawhen Swamp where William Fitchett lives.

Daughters, Phyllis Pennington, Mary Forster, Alice Foster, Faith King.

Wife, Sarah Fort.

Witnesses: John Chapman, John Bynum, Joseph Andrews (Recorded in Surry Co., Va. Will Book 1738-1754, page 135).

1753, —, Charles Barham appointed Surveyor of Highway (recorded in Southampton Co., Va. Order Book No. 1, page —).

1753, May 14.—Indenture (deed) from John Ruffin and wife Martha, to Roger Delk for 50 lbs., 200 acres whereon Thomas Thorne dwells, West side of Holly Swamp at a place called the Codd, to the mouth of Sassafras Branch—up Sassafras Branch to the Middle Pocoson to Sunken Marsh road—up Sunken Marsh road to Robert Barham's line, along Barham's line to Thomas Lane's—John Cocks. Included all land John Ruffin bought of John Drew, Jr.; witnesses, Robert Ruffin, Thomas, James Newsum. (Recorded in Surry Co., Va. Deed Book, 1743-1753, page 652). (It is interesting to note that the estate of William Thorpe was returned by Thomas Thornton and Mary Thornton, administrators, Nov. 17, 1731—see the name of Thomas Thorne mentioned above; could they be one and the same?—Editor).

This Robert Barham mentioned immediately above is the Barham from whom the present Norfolk, Va., Virginia Beach, Newport News, Va., and the late Sidney Barham, longtime elected Clerk of Courts of Surry Co., Va., and who died just recently, also ancestor of the late Judge Thomas Jefferson Barham of Newport News, Va., father of F. Baxter Barham, Sr., the present Clerk of Courts of the City of Newport News.



# Climbing The Family Tree

—Genealogy Questions  
And Answers  
By HUGH S. WATSON JR.

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

Even during the war days of the Civil War there was some time given to the cultural side of life. The following was taken from the newspaper, "Southern Confederacy" of Georgia and dated Jan. 1, 1863; it reads as follows:

### "THE SLOMAN FAMILY."

"We were able yesterday morning to give but hurried and imperfect notice of these interesting artists."

"Miss Annie's execution on the piano evinced the skill of an accomplished artist. Her touch is one of extreme delicacy, combined with power, added to a full command of the instrument. The Fantasia from Thalberg, a piece of difficult execution, was rendered with an ease and taste that evinced both culture and science."

"The duett between the sisters was admirably sung, with a genuine sense of the delicacies of refined vocalization."

"Miss Elizabeth executed by the Alexandre Organ, or Harmonicon, which was substituted for the Harps, that instrument having been unexpectedly detained at Mobile. This organ was brought by Mr. Sloman from England on his late visit there. It is an instrument of great compass, power and expression. Its scale is five octaves, and by a certain scientific combination, it embraces every note in the harmonic scale. Its variety and imitative power are such that nearly every instrument in modern use finds an echo in its remarkable compass of expression—the softness of the Flute—the shrill note of the Trumpet—the spirit-stirring Drum—the Violin, the Harp, the Flageolet, with the grand tones of the Organ. It occupies a small space, and the inventor has contrived not only to give distinct expression to each instrument successively imitated, but to combine the whole in fine unison. It is certainly one of the greater musical inventions of the age. Miss Elizabeth performed on it with great skill and judgment."

"Mr. Sloman gave fine effect to the song of Tubal Cain as well as to all his other lyrical efforts, of humor for which he has been long distinguished."

(Note: This must have been some instrument to have incorporated therein all the tones of the instruments above in the article of 100 years ago.—Editor).

## Feature Rules

1. Send all letters to Daily Press, Newport News, Va.; name and address of sender must be given.

2. Questions and answers must be clearly stated on large size paper 8½ by 11 inches, written double-space in ink or typed on one side of paper only; postal cards and small paper not acceptable; three questions only.

3. Answers will be through the column only. Correspondents making reply must give answers using data pertinent and brief.

## QUESTIONS

A998. HARDYNGE (HARDING) - PERKINS - TAYLOR. The following is one lineage from the name of Constantine Hardyng down to a date including the year 1869. The line is:

I. Constantine Hardyng; believed to be from England; his wife's name is not known this inquirer.

III. Nicholas Perkins Jr. (married, Elizabeth Hardyng, dau. of the above mentioned Constantine Hardyng); they had,

II. Nicholas Perkins, Jr. (Married, ca. 1680, Sara Childress, dau. of Philemon Childress); they had,

IV. Constantine Perkins (m. ca. 1705, Ann Pollard, dau. of Joseph or Robert Pollard); they had,

V. Joseph Perkins (m. Hellender Taylor, ca. 1762, daughter of whom?); they had,

VI. George Perkins (m. 1813, 2ndly, Jemima Dawson, dau. of whom?); they had,

VII. Augustus M. Perkins (m. Winnifred E. Atkisson in 1845, dau. of Archibald Atkisson); they had,

VIII. Ophelia J. Perkins (m. Robert Wright Spencer in the year 1839); from this couple descends the inquirer.

The above line of ancestry as given goes back ten generations to Constantine Hardyng. To whom Constantine Hardyng married and is he still in England when his daughter Elizabeth Hardyng married in 1640, Nicholas Perkins, Sr. of Bermuda Hundred? Any source of information on the origin of Hardyng and Perkins before 1640 would be appreciated. Constantine Hardyng's given name was firmly established in the Perkins family for two hundred and fifty years.

Regarding the Constantine Perkins, born ca. 1685 (Nicholas, Jr. (8), Nicholas, Sr. (9) married circa 1705, Anne Pollard (born in late 1690's).

Anne Pollard was a sister to Joseph Pollard (born 1690's, married Priscilla Hoover of the Mansion and since two daughters of Joseph Pollard married the two Judge Edmund Pendletons, Senior and Junior respectively. Anne Pollard would be an aunt to the two Mrs. Pendletons.

The father of Anne and Joseph Pollard has been given variously as Joseph and Robert Pollard of New Kent County, Virginia and of England.

The Pollard ancestry before 1690 is not known to this inquirer and I especially wish this data.

(B). TAYLOR - POLLARD - PERKINS - PENDLETON. Henry Pendleton (father of Judge Pendleton, Sr.) was born 1683 and died 1721; he married Mary Taylor, a daughter of James Taylor.

Judge Pendleton, Sr. (born by 1690's) married Sara Pollard; and Edmond (or Edward) Pendleton, Jr., his nephew married Mildred Pollard. A third daughter of Joseph Pollard and Ann Pollard (niece of Anne Pollard Perkins) (born in 1732) married in 1748, one "Mr. Taylor." He was never identified further.

The only son of Ann Pollard Taylor and "Mr. Taylor" was Colonel John Taylor (born



1750 and died 1824) later of Orange, Caroline and King & Queen Counties, Virginia.

Colonel John Taylor had four sons, two of whom he survived: George Taylor of King and Queen Co., Va. and William F. Taylor (perhaps of Hanover Co., Va.).

Was Colonel John Taylor the only issue?

Joseph Perkins (born abt. 1735) son of Constantine (7), Nicholas (8), Nicholas (7), son of Constantine (10) Hardyng; he was a first cousin to Anne Pollard Taylor; he married circa 1762 a Miss Hellender Taylor. The book, "Douglas Register" records births and baptism of eldest and three other children. The eldest was George Perkins, born June 29, 1764, so the date of marriage of Joseph Perkins and Hellender Taylor (they are the inquirer's gr-gr-grandparents) is presumed to have been about 1762-1763. The place of marriage is not known.

Court records establish that the Mansion House and plantation on which Joseph and Hellender lived in Louisa Co., Va. is the property willed to Joseph Perkins by his father, Constantine (7) Perkins in 1761 and was by a land grant of 1724 "in the counties now of Goochland, Louisa and Hanover, Va., but when taken our was Henrico" Co., Virgin-

## BEARDSLEY

ARMS: Argent, two bars gules, on a canton of the second, a maunch of the first.

This arms has been used by the New England family of Beardsley who descend from William, who was born in 1605 and died in 1661. He was the first of his line to come from England to the New World in the ship "Planter" and went to the Massachusetts Colony in the year 1635. He became a prominent man in the colony and was a great land holder. He also distinguished himself as the founder of Stratford, Conn. in the year 1639. He also represented his community to the General Court as deputy for the years 1645-1651. His wife was named Mary, however, her last name is not known to this editor. This couple had, Joseph Beardsley, born 1634 and died in 1712. He married in the year 1665 Abigail Dayton, who was of Long Island, New York. This couple had,

Josiah Beardsley, born in the year 1681 at Stratford, Conn. It was he who married in the year 1712, Mary Whitmore of Middletown, Conn.; they had,

Ensign Benjamin Beardsley, born 1728 and died in the year 1802. This gentleman married Thankful Beardsley, who was born in 1727 and died in 1787. This couple had,

Whitmore Beardsley, born in 1758 and died in 1833. He served his country during the Revolutionary War and was with the Connecticut Continental Line. He married in the year 1780 Dolly Beard. They had,

Everett Beardsley, born in the year 1785 and died in 1870. He married Olive Peters.



Beardsley

ia (this being quoted from Constantine's will.)

Joseph (6) Perkins died in 1813 and his will, fully detailed names the four children in Douglas Register, but Hellender, his wife is not named. She, therefore, was not living.

The ancestry of Hellender Taylor, has not been proved. Evidence points to indicate she may be a sister to Col. John Taylor (a dau. of Ann Pollard Taylor and "Mr. Taylor.") In this case, Joseph Perkins would be marrying his second cousin. She cannot be a daughter of Colonel John Pollard as he would be only 14 years old when Hellender married.

Similarity of names in the Perkins family of the next two generations and of the Taylor family may be significant.

Is the ancestry of this Taylor family known, or available?

George (5) Perkins (the eldest son of Joseph (6), Constantine (7), Nicholas (8), Nicholas, Sr. (9)), married 1794, Frances—(?) (by whom he had three children) and married 2ndly, Jemima Dawson in 1813 by whom he had two sons, George Perkins, Jr. (born 1817), and Augustus Perkins (born 1822).

Jemima Dawson, "of age" - therefore born in 1790's has not been identified, but she was ward or under the trusteeship of Peter Guerrant or John Gurrant, (Col.) William Lane or Layne signed her marriage bond.

Any details concerning Hellender Taylor, the Pollard family, Jemima Dawson, or the Hardyng and Perkins ancestry will be appreciated. (M.D., Newport News, Va.).

BARHAM FAMILY  
BARHAM FAMILY OF  
SURREY COUNTY, VIRGINIA.  
This continues as the 28th article in the series of articles on this name. We shall begin with the Entry No. 28:  
ENTRY NO. 28—Year 1754,

April 16. Indenture (deed) from Benjamin Holt, wife Elizabeth, to Robert Barham, 100 acres of land in Southwarke Parish, Surry Co., Va., being part of the land he now lives on. Bounded by Benjamin Phillips, to a corner tree of the land that was Tomas Barham's; Roger Delk's land and William Newsu— (Surry Co., Va. Deed Book 1753-1757, page 134) (The will of William Holt, probated 19 June 1753—leaves 20 shillings to son, Benjamin Holt).

1754, April 23, John Holt of Surry Co., Va., and Thomas Holt of James City Co., Va. of the first part deed to James Barham for 30 lbs. 100 acres on south side of Nottoway River, N. side 3 creeks, adjoining to James Sammon, a patent granted by Robert Carter, sold to John Holt on June 16, 1727; witnesses: John Judkins, Benjamin Judkins, Samuel Judkins (Southampton Co., Va. Court Records, Deed Book 2, page 37).

1754, May 22, Benjamin Clark granted administration of estate of John Clark, deceased; with Benjamin Phillips and James Price, securities. Ordered John Newsu, Nicholas Faulcon, William Edwards, Jr., and Robert Barham to appraise (Surry Co., Va., Order Book 1753-1757, p.26). (Note: This John Clark seems to have been son of Henry Clark, whose will was probated 1721, names sons, Henry, John, William, and Benjamin Clark—according to Surry Co., Va. Book 1715-1730, page 349).

1754, Nov. 5. Indenture (or deed) from William Watkins to James Barham for 15 lbs. for 120 acres on South side of Nottoway River, a patent-ent granted Christopher Foster, Jr., 5 Sept. 1749, conveyed to Watkins on July 9, 1753; witnesses, Peter Butts, Arthur Foster, Charles Barham (Southampton Co., Va., Deed Book 2, page 51).

1755, Aug. 14. Will of Elizabeth Newsu; names:

Son, Jacob, negro girl Tillie  
Son, Thomas, 1 shilling  
Son, Moses, 1 shilling  
Son, Sampson, 1 shilling  
Son, Solomon, 1 shilling  
Son, Nathan, 1 shilling  
Son, Amos, 1 shilling

Daughter, Ann Holt, wearing apparel

Daughter, Sarah Barham, side saddle

Son, David, balance of estate and negro wench Frank

Son David executor

This will was dated September 18, 1751; witnesses, Peter Butts, Charles Barham, James Barham (Recorded in Southampton Co., Va. Court Records, Book No. 1, page 175) (See also the will of Thomas Newsu 1745-1746).

Elizabeth Newsu's estate was signed by James Barham, Charles Barham and Benjamin Barham on April 9, 1756 and recorded in the same Southampton Co., Va. book, page 203.—Editor. (These are the Southampton Co., Va. branch of the Barham family.

1756, —. Charles Barham was a witness for Benjamin Hale VS. Holliday Fort (Southampton Co., Va. Order Book No. 1, page —).

(This Barham data will be continued on the next issue).



1964

The 1964 Columns will be indexed at the end  
of the year.







Climbing

# The Family Tree

by HUGH S. WATSON

**HISTORICAL RARITIES**

THIS IS NOT A RARITY for I wish as editor of this feature to wish each and everyone of our readers A Happy New Year with wonderful health. During the past year I have tried to bring to this feature data that has not been published, but which has tied in with many of the early settlers of Virginia and New England, as well as, data on the other early colonies. We are only too happy to publish your questions and hope that through this feature we will be able to answer them.

I trust that our readers have borne with me in the detailed data on the Hunnicutt and Barham families of Surry and Southside Virginia. Since there were so many of the same name and connected, it was thought that to straighten this data for future generations, it would be most helpful. It had been said that it could not be straightened out, but it has been done with more data to come. HAPPY NEW YEAR.—Editor

**QUESTIONS**

A999. CARY-Wills. "A friend in Norfolk (Va.) mailed me your column "Climbing the Family Tree," dated Nov. 10, 1963. With real interest I read the information regarding Elizabeth Cary and Emanuel Wills, as I descend from this pair."

"I write to ask whether you have any other information or columns about Elizabeth and Emanuel Wills. I have documented so far the lineage from 1500 A.D. down, but an unable to get proof of the names of the sons of Miles Wills (son of Elizabeth Cary and Emanuel Wills) and Hannah Scarsbrook who were married about 1690. I realize the Warwick (Co., Va.) records were burned by the Yankees and I have all records about the Wills family from the Isle of Wight (Co., Va.) Court House. I have recently advertised in the periodical in Utah."

"However, if you can direct me to anyone who might have personal information or if any editions of your paper refer to this lineage, I would indeed like to purchase them." — "Most sincerely," signed — Dorothy Cromwell Leber (Mrs. Henry Hoke), 5007 Greenleaf Road, Baltimore 10, Maryland.

A907. GREEN - WILLIS - RANSOM - DUKE. "Please refer my letter to the inquirer of No. A907 regarding Edward Green who married Nancy Willis. I am seeking Colonial connection for the following: Philip W. Green, born ca. 1810 in Tennessee, father was born in South Carolina, the mother was born in North Carolina. This mentioned Philip W. Green lived to be past 70 years of age in Ark."

"Philip Green married Lourana Holcombe, and their two daughters Martha and Priscilla were born in Mississippi 1841 and 1844 respectively. Lourana Holcome was born in North Carolina ca. 1815, the daughter of William P. Holcombe who lived in Maury Co., Tenn., according to the 1840 Census."

Phillip Green and Lourana appear in the Prairie Co., Ark., tax records in the year

1857, along with his father, William E. Green, and his brothers, S. N., James, and Willis Green. His father, William E. Green, was a large landowner in this area in Arkansas as early as 1853.

It occurred to me that there might possibly be a connection to Edward and Nancy Willis of Virginia, and North Carolina, because I have searched South Carolina records a number of times only to find that the line on which I was working came to South Carolina from North Carolina and Virginia around the year 1790.

Philip Green could not have traveled to Arkansas expecting to make his own way because, as an infant, he had been dropped into the fire-lace by a slave and sustained injuries to his feet which made him walk with a cane throughout his life. His children (at least 8 of them): George Green (m.-Sallie Kinkson); Henry Green (m.-Rachel Garner); Priscilla (m.1st, Jacob Winkler & 2ndly, Alfred Ferguson); Emmarillys Green (m.-William Wilson); Doshia Green (m.-William Strange); Martha Green (m.-William Lee Cook); Sarah Green (m.-William Ringgold); and Mary J. Green (m.-Wyatt Ringgold of North Carolina).

The above mentioned Sarah Green was born Jan. 1, 1834; Mary J. Green was born Jan. 25, 1836. The mentioned Wyatt Ringgold was born 1823 in Pitt County, North Carolina.

The Ringolds left North Carolina after 1836; were in Tennessee in the year 1840, before settling in Lonoke County, Arkansas in 1856.



If you have any data about the parents of Philip W. Green or W. E. Green, I will be most grateful to share it. (Mrs. E. W. Martineau, 1016 N. Monroe St., Little Rock, Arkansas, 72265).

**BARHAM FAMILY**

**THE BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA.** This continues as the 29th article in the series of articles on the Barham family. So, we shall begin with Entry No. 29:

ENTRY No. 29—Year 1757. Feb. 10—Arthur Foster sells to James Barham for the amount of 35 lbs., 150 acres of land on the south side of Nottoway River adjacent to John Foster and said James Barham Part of a larger tract purchased by John Foster of Joseph Holt on Sept. 23, 1728. The land was devised by John Foster to Arthur Foster. There were no witnesses (Recorded in Southampton Co., Va., Deed Book 2, page 158). (This was the Southampton Co., Va. family.—Editor).

1757, April 5. — Thomas Barham patented 250 acres of land on the North Side of

Round Hill Swamp, adjacent to Benjamin Edwards and Leonard Oney (Land Patent Book No. 29, page 349 located in the Archives Department, Virginia State Library, Richmond, Virginia). (This is the Surry Co., Va. group.—Editor)

1757, July 14, David Newsom deeds to Benjamin Barham for 5 lbs., 10 acres of land on the South Side of Nottoway River, part of a larger tract of land granted to Thomas Newsom on January 12, 1746, adjacent to Benjamin Barham, Jacob Newsom; witnesses: Benjamin Simmons, Henry Westbrook (Southampton Co., Va., Deed Book 2, page 171). (This again included the Southampton Co., Va. group of Barham family.)

1757, Sept. 8.—The Estate of John Turner Smith appraised by Charles Barham, Jacob Newsom and David Newsom (Southampton Co., Va. Book No. 1, page 231). The will of John Turner Smith probated Dec. 9, 1756, names: David Edlow Disto;

James Hood with reversion to Newit Harris & Newit Foster

Wife, Sarah Smith  
Executors Davis Edloe Disto

Dated, Oct. 31, 1756.  
Witnesses: Christopher Foster, Alee Foster, and Amy Foster (Recorded in Southampton Co., Va., Book No. 1, page 208). The estate of John Turner Smith was audited by Benjamin Simmons, Benjamin Lewis, and Charles Barham (Southampton Co., Va., Bk. 1, page 253 on May 11, 1758). (This also includes the Southampton Co., Va. Barhams — Editor).

1758, Feb. 8. — Marriage Bond — Joshua Fort and Mary Celia Thorpe, daughter of Joseph Thorpe, Joshua Fort was of Southampton Co., Va. & was the ward of Arthur Foster; with surety, Major Tiller; witnesses: John Tiller, James Milner, Benjamin Barham, Cornelius Mabry (Recorded in Sussex Co., Va.).

1758, May 16 — John Barham appointed overseer of road in room of Edward Pettway (Surry Co., Va. Order Book 1757-1763, page 88).

1759, Jan 16 — Accounts current of the Estate of Richard Piland, signed by William Harris, Carter Crafford; Item — Paid John Barham the amount of 8-3-3 (Recorded in Surry Co., Va. Will Book 1754-1768, page 180).

The will of above mentioned Richard Piland, was probated May 17, 1757; names: Wife, Mary  
Sons, George, Robert, Nicholas, Benjamin Piland  
Daughters, Elizabeth Jenkins, Mary and Martha Piland  
Dated 12 November 1758  
Witnesses: Samuel Jenkins, Benjamin Harrison  
(Recorded in Surry Co., Va. Will Book 1754-1768, page 94)

Year 1759 — Then we find in York County one William Barham, Frances Kirby, born May 13, 1723 married — Barham; issue includes: Thomas Barham and John

Barham (Reference: William & Mary College Quarterly 14, No. 3, page 156).

1760, May 8 — Joshua Pretlow deeds to Benjamin Barham for 140 lbs., 390 acres of land on South Side of Nottoway River; land Joshua Pretlow bought of Chiefman of the Nottaway Indians in Jan. 1749; no witnesses (Southampton Co., Va. Deed Bk. 2, page 341).

1760, Jan. 10. — Will of Robert Booth was probated this date; names:

Son, Arthur, given land bought of Robert Barham

Son, Robert  
Grandsons, John, James, Beverly Booth

Son, Shelly, given land bought of James Dres

Son, Moses  
Daughters, Sary, Faith  
Granddaughters, Sarah & Patience Booth

Executor: Son, Moses  
Will dated, Oct. 6, 1757

Witnesses: Mary Hase, Barnaby Bailey (Recorded in Southampton Co., Va. Will Book No. 1, page 318).

1760, May 8. — Benjamin Barham deeds to Nathan Newsom for 80 lbs., where Benjamin Barham now lives, 210 acres purchased by Benjamin Barham of Stephen Vaughan on May 2, 1748; 50 acres other part purchased of Thomas Barham on May 14, 1748; 100 acres other part purchased of Thomas Barham on Sept. 4, 1748; 10 acres other part purchased of David Newsom; witnesses: William Taylor, Thomas Storrs, Pryde Williams (Southampton Co., Deed Bk. 2, page 343). (Note: Is Ben. Barham conveying 370 acres or 210 acres?—Editor).

1760, May 8. — Thomas Barham deeds to Solomon DeLoach for 80 lbs., 100 acres on the South side of Nottoway River and on South side of Spring Swamp, bounded by a patent to Christopher Robertson on March 30, 1743; no witnesses (Southampton Co., Va. Deed Book 2, page 342).

(Note: It will be noted that the two apparent brothers Benjamin and Thomas Barham are selling their holdings of land at the same time for some reason; could it be that they were contemplating moving on South into North Carolina or yet farther. It is quite singular that this would be done at the same time.)

In the next issue on the Barhams we shall include the will of John Jenkins dated 12 Dec. 1758 and probated 12 May 1760 in Surry County in Will Book 1754-1768, page 225. This will gives the Barhams of Surry Co., showing their connections to this who descended and lived in Norfolk, Newport News, and other places.

**Feature Rules**

1. Send all letters to Daily Press, Newport News, Va.; name and address of sender must be given.

2. Questions and answers must be clearly stated on large size paper 8 1/2 by 11 inches, written double space in ink or typed on one side of paper only; postal cards and small paper not acceptable; these questions only.

3. Answers will be through the columns only. Correspondents making reply must give address using date pertinent and brief.

**RICE**

This family arms of Rice has been used by the Southern family and are connected with the families of Inabnett of Swiss extraction and the name of Wisenbaker. We shall give the lineage of Inabnett and then show the connection. We begin with:

John Inabnett, born before 1722 and who died in the year 1788. He was from Switzerland arriving in 1737 and settling in South Carolina. He served his newly adopted country of America during the Revolutionary War. This John Inabnett married in Orangeburg Township of South Carolina in the year 1743, Margareta Negeley, who was born about the year 1727; they had:

Samuel Inabnett, who was born in 1751 and died in 1825. It was he who married Mary Elizabeth Geiger, who was born in 1755 and died in 1816. This couple had:

Peter Inabnett, who was born in 1758 and died in 1835. He married in the year 1827, Sallie Rice. So this is the connecting link with



the Rice family.

We shall now give the lineage of the Rice family. Aaron Rice was born about the year 1758 and died about the year 1820. He, too, like the Inabnett family served his country during the Revolutionary War. He married about the year 1778, Eleanor Rodden, who was born about 1758. They had:

William Rice, who was born in 1791 and died in 1871. It was he who served his country during another conflict and it was during the War of 1812. He married in 1811, Thome Guess, who was born in 1791 and died in 1812. This couple had:

Sallie Rice who was born in 1812 and died in 1864. She married the Peter Inabnett, born 1758 and died 1835, whose lineage is given above.



## Climbing

# The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON



### BARHAM FAMILY

**THE BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY VIRGINIA.** This is the 30th article covering the Barham family and we shall begin with the Entry No. 30.

ENTRY No. 30.—1760, May 12. Will of John Judkins. Mentions:

- Son, Nicholas
- Son, William—given the plantation where he lives
- Son, Joseph — bequeathed — part of land purchased of Benjamin Cocke
- Son, Samuel — given balance of land purchased of Benjamin Cocke
- Son, Jesse — given, Land bought of William Edwards
- Son, Charles — given, Plantation where I live
- Son, John
- Daughter, Mary Barham — given, Negro girl Jenny for life, then to her heirs
- Daughter, Ann Mouring
- Daughter, Sarah Barham—given, Negro girl Cate for life, then to her children.
- Charles Barham, given — one (1) iron pot
- Grandson, Robert Barham — given one cow

### FORWARD

This name of Forward is one of unusual New England names and not generally heard in the South.

This family descends from Samuel Forward who died in 1684 and Windsor, Conn. He was said to have come from England to Danbury, Conn., about the year of 1666 and traditionally thought to have come through the West Indies and then on to New England. It has been said that he was the owner of an island in the West Indies, but due to war troubles that might have happened there, he came on to America. He married Abigail Goodhall, whose birth date is not known, but who died in 1695. This couple had,



Samuel Forward (Jr.), born in 1671 and died in 1738. He settled in the township of Simsbury, but he married Deborah Moore, who was born in 1677 and died in 1734 being of Windsor, Conn.; they had,

Ensign Joseph Forward, who was of another settlement named Granby, Conn. He married Mercy Lawton, the daughter of James Lawton of Suffield, Conn. This couple had,

Justus Forward, born in 1730 and died in 1814. He became a cleric and was the first minister at Belchertown, Mass., being located there for 58 years. He married in the year 1756, Violet Dickinson, who was born in 1738 and died in 1834, being the daughter of Joshua Dickinson and wife Martha. This couple had,

Justus Forward, born in 1774 and died in 1855. It was he who married in 1795, Lydia Merrick, born in 1776, the daughter of Noah Merrick, she also was descended from minister as her grandfather, Noah Merrick was the 1st minister at Wilbraham, Mass. This couple had,

Francis Forward, born 1807 and died in 1891 of Granby, Mass. He married in the year 1844, Maria Smith, born 1813 and died 1905.

thought of. She staid there until the last wounded soldier was placed on the cars, then bid us good bye and left."

"I wrote you at that time how we got to Alexandria that night and next morning. Our soldiers had no time to rest after reaching Washington, but were ordered to Maryland by forced marches. Several days of hard marching brought us to Frederick, and the battle of South Mountain followed. The rattle of 150,000 muskets and the fearful thunder of over 200 cannon, told us that the great battle of Antietam had commenced. I was in a hospital in the afternoon, for it was then only that the wounded began to come in."

"We had expended every bandage, torn up every sheet in the house, and everything we could find, when who should drive up but our friend, Miss Barton, with a team loaded down with dressings of every kind, and everything we could ask for. She distributed her articles to the different hospitals, worked all night making soup, all the next day and night, and when I left, four days after the battle, I left her there ministering to the wounded and the dying. When I returned to the field hospital last week, she was still at work, supplying them with delicacies of every kind and ministering to their wants, all of which she does out of her private fortune. Now, what do you think of Miss Barton? In my feeble estimation, Gen. McClellan, with all his laurels, sinks into insignificance beside the true heroine of the age, the angel of the battlefield "The Connecticutville (PA 6) Record.

### HISTORICAL RARITIES

OF FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE AND CLARA BARTON 100 YEARS AGO. The following article was taken from the Daily Bee newspaper of Sacramento, California of January 2, 1863:

#### "AN INTERESTING INCIDENT"

"Are permitted to take the following extract from a private letter from Brigade Surgeon James L. Dunn, written to his family in this place."

"However thrilling the history of heroic women, however bright the story of Florence Nightingale, they lose much of their interest to the American heart when supplanted by such true womanhood, philanthropy and self-sacrificing spirit on the part of one of our own countrywomen. How the heads of the men who let our wounded soldiers die from thirst and starvation within twenty miles of Washington, when no foe was near, should hang the shame at the recital of this incident. We will not attempt further comment upon the subject. The letter was written from Harper's Ferry, and gives the incident as follows:"

"The Sanitary Commission, together with three or four noble self-sacrificing women, have furnished everything that could be required. I will tell you of one of these women, a Miss Clara Barton, of Boston, Massachusetts. I first met her at the battle of Cedar Mountain, where she appeared in front of the hospital at twelve o'clock at night, with a four mule team loaded with everything needed, and at a time when we were entirely out of dressings of every kind. She supplied us with everything, and while the shells were bursting in every direction, took her course to the hospital on our right, where she found everything wanting again. After doing everything she could on the field, she returned to Culpeper, where she stayed dealing out shirts to the naked wounded, and preparing soup, and seeing it prepared in all the hospitals. I thought that night if heaven ever sent out a homely angel, she must be one, her assistance was so timely. Well, we began our retreat up the Rappahannock. I thought no more of our lady friend, only that she had gone back to Washington. We arrived on the disastrous field of Bull Run, and while the battle was raging, the fiercest on Friday, who should drive up in front of the hospital but this same woman, with her mules almost dead, having made forced marches from Washington to the Army. She was again welcome visitor to both the wounded and the surgeons."

"The battle was over, our wounded removed on Sunday, and we were ordered to Fairfax Station. We had hardly got there before the battle of Chantilly commenced, and soon the wounded began to come in. Here we had nothing but our instruments, not even a bottle of wine. When the cars whistled up to the station, the first person on the platform was Miss Barton to again supply us with bandages, brandy, wine, prepared soup, jellies, meal and every article that could be

William Thompson — given one iron pot

Four (4) Grandchildren — Philip, Frederick, Rebecca and Pattie Thompson (Note by editor of this feature: It was this Pattie and-or Martha known as one and the same, who married Lt. Jesse Warren of the Revolutionary War and there are records in the Daughters of the American Revolutionary lineage files covering members who descend from this Pattie Thompson and Lt. Jesse Warren). (Apparently she was named for grandmother, Martha Judkins.)

Wife, Martha  
Will was dated 12 December 1758 and probated 12 May 1760

Witnesses: Joseph Newsum, James Davis, Samuel Judkins, John Warren. (This ends the account of the will but note the Barham names therein for they will appear later.—Editor). (Surry Co., Va., Will Book 1754-1763, page 225.)

1760, August 14. Will of Robert Barham (Probated August 14, 1760 in Southampton Co., Va.; names the following:

"I, Robert Barham, of South Parish in the County of Surry (Va.)

Son, Charles, — given — Negro man named George

Son, Robert — given — Negro girl Nan

Son, John — given Negro girl Joan

Daughter, Martha — given — Negro boy Jack

Son, Thomas — given — Negro girl Sew

Son, Benjamin — given — Negro boy Dick

Daughter, Elizabeth — given — Negro girl Amy

Daughter, Mary — given — Negro boy Sampson

Daughter, Sarah — given — Negro girl Abigail

Five sons and four daughters to keep what they already have of my estate

Executors: Son, Charles, and Daughter, Elizabeth

Will dated 18 January 1748 and probated 14 August 1760 in Southampton Co., Va. Proved by oath of Henry Hart and by the solemn affirmation of Benjamin Bailey, one of the people called Quakers.

The will was presented by Charles Barham (Recorded in Southampton Co., Va. Book 1, page 331 of Wills).

The inventory of estate of Robert Barham, deceased was presented by Charles Barham, Executor of the estate on 12 February 1761; showing 9 slaves, 1 bed and furniture, 1 chest and wearing apparel with no signers (and recorded on page 357 of Southampton Co., Va. Book No. 1 of wills).

1760, Sept. 10. Timothy Thorp patented 40 acres of land on West side of 3 creeks adjacent to John Mirick and James Barham in Southampton (Reference: Land Patent Book of Virginia, Book No. 29, page 905 in the Land Office Records of the Virginia State Archives, Richmond, Va.)

1760, July —. Estate of

William Hansford: Item — Received of Mr. Charles Barham (York County, Va., Will Book 1760-1777, page 10). (Note: The Will of Thomas Holt, probated 17 March 1730-1731 — "Daughter Mary, wife of William Hansford. Granddaughter Martha Hansford." Charles Barham and Timothy Thorpe were witnesses to the will). (William Hansford was dead by January 1744-45, when Thomas Holt's children deeded land and Mary was then wife of John Steele).

1760, Sept. 10. Indenture (deed) Samuel Harwood, wife Agnis, Albemarle Parish, Sussex Co., Va. to Thomas Barham, Parish of Nottoway, Southampton County (Va.) for 110 lbs., 200 acres of land in Sussex Co. on the South side of Nottoway River on North side of Poplar Swamp bounded by Cockes Branch, land formerly Samuel Harwood but now Henry Tyler's, and William Knight; witnesses: Gregory Rawlings, Charles Knight, William Knight (Sussex Co., Va., Deed Book B, page 181).

1761, Dec. 25. Timothy Thorp deeds to Benjamin Barham for 20 lbs., 20 acres of land on the East side of White Oak Meadow joining land Benjamin Barham now lives on; witnesses: George Little, Peter Hay, and D. Fisher (Southampton Co., Va., Deed Book 3, page 120).

1761, Feb. 12. Estate of Elias Foster appraised by Charles Barham, Solomon (Southampton Co., Va., Book 1, page No. 358). (Note: No will on record for Elias Foster, but the will of Christopher Foster makes bequest to Grandson Richard Foster, son of Elias Foster. Others mentioned — Son, John, Son Moses, Daughter Amy, wife Alice, Son Newit; Sons Newit and Moses, named executors; witnesses — Arthur Foster, John Fort, John Westbrook. Dated Nov. 17, 1766; probated March 12, 1767 in Southampton Co., Va. Book 2, page 191).

1782, Jan. 7. A writing purporting to be the Last Will & Testament of Sarah Barham was produced in Court by Pate Harwood the Executor therein named and proved by John Harwood and Wood Perkins, witnesses. Charles Barham, heir-at-law is allowed til the next Court to contest the said will if he sees cause. Ordered John Lewelling, Richard Winn, Wood Perkins and William Burt to appraise (Warwick Co., Va., minute Book 1748-1762, page 367).

1762, March 11. Estate of Walter Gilliam appraised by John Gilliam, Thomas Holt, and Charles Barham. (Southampton Co., Va., Book 1, page 422). The will of Walter Gilliam, probated Aug. 10, 1758, names:

Son, Arthur  
Sons, Drury and Ephraim — given — plantation bought of Abel Mabry

Wife, Sarah  
Executrix, wife Sarah.  
Will dated 28 April 1758

Witnesses: Burrell Gilliam, William Hutchings, Arthur Foster

(Reference: Southampton Co., Va. Book 1, page 261). (Note: The Will of Hinsha Gilliam was probated 1734 in Surry Co., Va. and names son, Walter.)



# Climbing The Family Tree

—Genealogy Questions  
And Answers

By HUGH S. WATSON JR.

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

THE NATIONAL DEBT WILL ALWAYS BE A QUESTION WITH US, IT WAS IN 1863 AND STILL IS IN 1964. The following was taken from the January 23rd 1863 issue of Visalia (California) Equal Rights, and reads:

"THE NATIONAL DEBT. The public mind has become so demoralized by war, that nothing but the reports of great battles and horrible slaughters seems to satisfy it. All that intense and remarkable interest manifested by the republicans in regard to the national expenditures when the government was under the control of democratic administrations has entirely disappeared, and the man who now proposes to examine the financial condition of the country is denounced as a rebel sympathizer. Should any old fogey of their persuasion, but now altogether approxing of their recklessness, ask any questions concerning the debt, he is referred to a short paragraph in some administration organ, setting it down at some millions under half of its real amount, and with this explanation he is expected to be satisfied, otherwise he is not a true Union man, in the republican acceptance of the term."

"According to the U. S. Treasurer's Report, which, every one who has devoted any thought to the subject, is satisfied do not come up to the mark, the estimated public debt, on the first day of July next, will be \$1,122,197,408.24. Add to this the estimated expense until July 1st, 1864—\$622,300,702.22—and, if happily the war should cease then, the national debt will reach the enormous sum of one billion seven hundred and forty-four million five hundred and ninety-eight thousand one hundred and nine dollars and forty-six cents! Yet, gigantic as this sum may appear, this is not all. The numberless claims against the government arising out of the war will add millions to this vast sum. Thousands of men wounded in battle must be pensioned by the government, and provision will have to be for the support of the families of those who have fallen in battle."

"In view of these appalling facts—facts which cannot be evaded or denied—facts the natural results of two years of abolition misrule—it does seem to us that every true patriot must favor immediate peace, even though it be at the cost of separation. The advocates of slaughter and subjugation may clamor for war as furiously as they please and assert the ability of the north to prolong it indefinitely, but the facts will not sustain their boastful assertions. At least two thousand millions of dollars have been expended, and what has been gained? The petty 'insurrection' that was to be quelled in 'sixty days' by seven-fifty thousand men has assumed the proportions of the most formidable revolution recorded in the annals of the world. You have called into the field a million and a half men, and of these nearly, one fourth have perished in battle, thousands have died from diseases contracted in camps, while

many thousands more are crippled for life, living, though ghastly monuments to the perfidy of abolition misrule. The foe, whom you affected to despise, victorious on many fields, and rebounding with elastic vigor from defeat, now confronts you with half a million bayonets. In quelling the 'insurrection' you have made a nation of the south—you have aroused to united and determined action a people of boundless resources and invincible will."

"You have taught the South the great secret of her strength, and demonstrated the impossibility of subjecting to foreign rule a people as united and determined for independence as the southern people are. In warring against southern independence you have well nigh lost your own liberty. Trade is paralyzed, and general ruin stares you in the face. You set out to conquer the South; you have failed, and in doing so accumulated a debt which must be either repudiated or felt as a burden on your children for generations to come. This debt would weigh heavily on the people even if the Union existed as it was two years ago; but as the old Union is destroyed beyond the possibility of restoration, it must be borne by the free states. The people of the West will assuredly not sacrifice their interests much longer in fighting a people upon whose prosperity their own success depends; they will repudiate the war and its concomitants. California, then, must either repudiate also, and go with her natural allies—the western states—or, bound to the chariot-wheels of New England, reduce herself to the miserable condition of a heavily taxed province, instead of assuming, as she might, the proud position of a state of the first-rank. The question now deriving the consideration of the true friends of their country is, whether it is not wiser to preserve the Union as it is, and arrest the growth of the National debt by acknowledging Southern independence, than by a longer continuance of the war, render it necessary to accept one or the other of the conditions we have named."

## QUESTIONS

A956. KNOWLES (KNOWLES). Want all possible data known on Daniel Knowles and Edmund Knowles. Daniel Knowles came to Tidewater area of Virginia in early 1600's, from Northamptonshire, Norwich, England. His son Edmund (called "Old Silver Head" because of a silver plate in his skull as result of a tomahawk wound) migrated from Virginia to Somerset Co., Maryland, which is now Sussex Co., Delaware, in the mid 1700's. He died in 1762. His children were John, Ruth, Richard and Thomas Knowles.

(B). BARNET (BARNETT). Where in Virginia was one William C. Barnet born and who were his parents? He was born June 18, 1814 and died Sept. 17, 1887 in Mason Co., Ill. He had one brother and one sister. He married Asenath Killian (born 3 April 1815 and died 8 Nov. 1864). She being born in Fleming Co., Kentucky. They had a son, Michael James, my great-grand-



father. (D. R. G., Hampton, Va.)

A957. HANCOCK. I am collecting data for the preparation of a genealogy on the Hancock Family. I find in old family Bible my great-great-grandfather listed as: "G. G. F. Daniel Hancock, born May 30, 1794, Bristol, England. All of his nine children had only one name. And this practice continued with the one name until my father and his brother were given two names. Can anyone tell me for what the initials "G. G. F." stand before the name of Daniel Hancock, for it is hardly possible that these initials could stand for given names?"

Where could one find the genealogy on the John Hancock, signer of the Declaration of Independence family? (M. L. H.) Hampton, Va.

## ANSWERS

A956. KNOWLES. It is possible, but improbable that Edmund Knowles, son of Daniel Knowles could have lived through to 1762 for if the father came to Virginia in the early 1600's, he must have been of some age and married soon thereafter. Just let us estimate the time: say he married in 1630 and his son may have been born in a reasonable time thereafter or about the year 1640 and thus died in 1762,

then this son would have been 122 years of age. Would it not have been probable that the one who died in 1762 was a grandson or great-grandson?—Editor. It is suggested that you check the records of the Maryland Historical Society in Baltimore and the Hall of Records of Maryland in Annapolis, Maryland for this proof for they have a world of data there for those who wish to delve into the records of Maryland. In the process of determining ancestors, it is always best to count 3 to 4 generations in a century for very few persons lived in the early days of the Virginia and Maryland Colonies, as well as, other colonies to the age of 50 years. Generally many of them married at an early age and died at an early age.—Editor.

A956 (B). BARNET (BARNETT). If you have not already searched in the Swem's Index, which covers the volumes up to 1931 of the William and Mary College Quarterlies. Virginia Magazine of History and Biography, Lower Norfolk County Antiquary and Henning's Statutes. This index is one of the best leads to finding ancestors of Virginia origin. Of course there were other volumes, which followed and they are indexed within themselves. There are other volumes which might be searched and this is very time-consuming for one, but if one is interested to learn more about his ancestors, it might turn out to be a real treat as to what might be found among the volumes pertaining to the area for which one is looking.—Editor

A957. HANCOCK. Since your ancestor was not born until 1794 and in Bristol, England, it would hardly be possible that he, G. G. F. Daniel Hancock, would have any connection with the Signer of the Declaration of Independence,

John Hancock. The Signer was of New England and his people had been in America prior to the American Revolution. Any library would have data on the Signers of the Declaration of Independence and some give data as to the ancestry of them.

In view of the above, it is suggested that you go to the Newport News, Va. Public Library and ask for Burke's Peerage or Burke's Landed Gentry and there you might find some data on your family of the name Hancock; we know it was of English origin, but I do not see how your lineage could connect with that of John Hancock of America and Signer of the Declaration of Independence unless it might have been further back into the English family.—Editor.

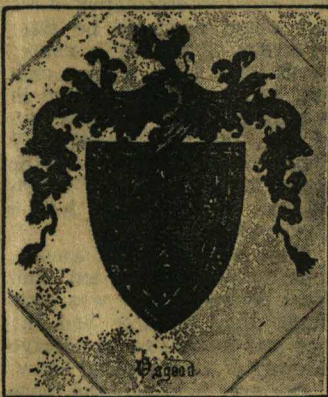
HUNNICUTT FAMILY  
HUNNICUTT FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA. This article continues as a series of that family which had connections with all of the prominent families of the named county and surrounding counties as well as with those who moved South into North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama and Mississippi also Louisiana. We shall begin with Entry No. 47.

ENTRY NO. 47. In the Surry Co., Va., Order Book dated 1735/6, Feb. 18th, we find the estate of Richard Price with William Drummond, administrator, sworn to by John Ruffin and signed by William Edwards, John Newsum and Thomas Edwards and this is shown on page 568 and on page 528 we find how the orphans were having guardians appointed for them as follows: William Seward Jr. guardian to James Price; John Hancock guardian to Francis Price; and Thomas Edwards guardian to Martha Price. (Note: This estate is given, since Thomas Edwards was connected with the Hunnicutt family as stated before in this series of articles.—Editor).

1772, Dec. 22. Surry Co., Va., Will Book. This is the will of James Price, who was mentioned in the settlement of estate of Richard Price immediately above. The will of this James Price names: son, Randolph Price and gives him a plantation; daughters Cylviah (Silviah) Bell, Rebekkah Holt, Martha Holt (wife of Thomas Holt), and Hannah Copeland Price; granddaughter, Hannah Bamer Holt; son Randolph Price to buy land from Thomas Davis as I have agreed and to deed it to Thomas Holt and wife Martha to go to all their children at parents' death (see year 1793 for other data); executor, Randolph Price; will dated 11 December 1772; witnesses, Charles Judkins Sr., John Judkins Sr. (This is recorded page 253 of the Will Book of 1772. (Note: It is noted that in this will of James Price that Samuel Price was not named, however, when Samuel Price died and will was probated 19 Aug. 1767 on page 480 he mentioned brother Randolph; and sisters, Silvia, Rebecca, Martha and Hannah Copeland. This Samuel Price was not named in his father's will as he had apparently died without issue and before his father.—Editor).

## OSGOOD

This name is of the New England early families and many Americans descend from the first John Osgood who was born in 1595 and died in 1651. He was an early settler at Ipswich, Mass., having come from England in 1638. At a later date he settled in Andover, Mass., in the year 1645, where he represented his community in 1651 at the General Court.



About the year 1627 he married Sarah Booth and they had,

Captain John Osgood, born in 1630 and died in 1693. He also was a man of his community and represented the people as selectman for Andover, Mass. He also saw service during the early colonial conflicts and served in the capacity of a sergeant, lieutenant and captain of the militia. In the year 1663, he married Mary Clements who was born in 1637-1638. This poor wife was one of those unfortunate souls who was tried and indicted for witchcraft and this took place in the year 1692. She was the daughter of Rev. Robert Clements. This couple had,

Lt. John Osgood, born 1654 and died in 1725. He apparently spent his time in the service of colony and was considered a freeman. He also was elected to represent his community as selectman, then constable and a deacon of the church for Andover, Mass. He also served in the militia in which he became a lieutenant. He married in the year 1681, Hannah Ayres, born 1662 and died in 1735, being the daughter of Peter Ayres and wife Hannah Allen. This couple had,

Nathaniel Osgood, born 1686 and died in 1756 of Salem, Mass. He married in the year 1710 Hannah Butolph. They had,

Nathaniel Osgood (Jr.) born 1714 and died in 1799. He married in 1745, Hannah Babbridge.



## Climbing

## The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON

**HISTORICAL RARITIES**  
ONE HUNDRED YEARS AGO THERE WAS STRONG DESIRE FOR CONNECTING THE WATERS OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER WITH THE ATLANTIC OCEAN FOR ECONOMIC REASONS. Inland ports of Virginia such as Richmond and Hopewell are today trying to deepen the channel of the James River to accommodate ships of deep draft, this was requested by Governor Albertis Harrison on Wednesday, 8 January 1964 in his State of the State message to joint members of the Virginia House of Delegates and the Virginia State Senate. The following article was taken from the Chicago (Ill.) Tribune of January 7, 1863.

"CONNECTING THE WATERS OF THE MISSISSIPPI AND ATLANTIC. A Washington dispatch to the N. Y. Herald of the 5th says:"

"The project of connecting the waters of the Mississippi with those of the Atlantic by means of a ship canal, which has been approved by both the Naval and Military Committees of the House, and the military Committee of the Senate, will be brought forward immediately. It is strongly urged, not only as a measure of military necessity, but one of great public importance on account of the saving to the producer in the cost of transportation to market. It is estimated by those who have carefully studied the statistics of production and transportation that the saving upon a single crop will be more than sufficient to pay the whole expense of the improvement, including the enlargement of the New York canals."

A100. WARREN-TABB-BENNETT. "I guess I'm searching for 'Warren' family Bible records to locate the parents of my gr-gr-grandmother, Martha 'Patsy' Warren Bennett. She is shown born N.E. in 1850 Census and 1860 born Md. (Maryland), it appears. Both records from Chickasaw County, Miss, where she died after 1868. This Martha Warren married August 1799, John Tabb Bennett who was born 1771, Amelia County, Va., son of Dr. Walter Bennett and Jane Wyatt."

"My reason for saying 'I guess': for years now, I have worked on my Warren line and have not been able to move on one generation. I've not worked alone either. Several other descendants have worked as hard as I have. Here we go into 1964. We believe our only hope now is to find our Martha Warren listed in an old family Bible. Do you know of any person with a copy of Bible records for sale? Warren family research or Warren History?"

"We know little about our Warren ancestors and all can be told in this letter. Family says she was neice of General (?). Could be Warren or (?) from her mother's family. In 1790 Dr. Walter Bennett lived in Halifax County, Virginia; then removed to Randolph County, North Carolina; 1808 in Christian County, Kentucky; and it appears John Tabb & Martha (Warren) Bennett were living close by; 1807 to 1814 we think they lived in Williamson County, Tenn. and after the death of

his father, Dr. Walter Bennett they lived in Christian County, Ky. Dr. Walter died in 1812 and his estate was settled in 1814 then Giles Co., Tenn. This couple was in Mississippi in the 1820's."

"The children of John Tabb Bennett and wife Martha (Warren) were: Alice Coles Bennett, born 1800; Edward Warren Bennett, born 1802; Walter M. Bennett, born 1805 (all of 3 children mentioned born perhaps in North Carolina); Henley S. (perhaps Stone) Bennett, born 1807; John Milton Bennett, born 1809; John Briscoe Bennett, born 1811; Sally Allen Bennett, born 1813; Richard E. Bennett, born 1815. All of these last 5 children were born in Tenn; do not know where the 8th child was born. From the given names it is possible that the names of the parents of Martha (Warren) Bennett may have been John and Sally or Edward and Sally Warren and that Sally could have been a Miss Briscoe or Miss Allen, or Miss Milton or a Miss Stone. From an old note, there was a Barton line, one would think for she named her grandchild Barton."

"It would be my pleasure to exchange or pay what I can for information on my Warren ancestors. My Martha must be listed in a family group somewhere." (Mrs. Gayden Bennett Petett, Box 213, Greenwood, Miss.)

A1001. WATSON. "When visiting the original Jamestown colony (Va.) I noticed a marker stating that one John Watson had been a colonist and that the marker was on his original homesite."

"Watson is my name also, and, as my paternal grandparents came from Glasgow, Scotland to Port Huron (Fort Gratiot), Michigan in the late 19th Century, and your name is also Watson, I became interested and curious to know if there could be some remote family connection."

"I hope you will see fit sometime in the near future to publish an article on the genealogy of the Watsons." (John W. Watson, 227 Eastfield Court, Hampton, Va.)

A1002. BLANKS-FREEMAN Joseph Blanks, died 1752, Lunenburg Co., Va.; married Amy Freeman, dau. of Henry Freeman, Surry Co., Va. Her brother, Arthur Freeman took inventory of her husband's estate.

Joseph and Amy (Freeman) Blanks were married and living in Surry Co., Va. prior to 1740; had daughter Martha Blanks christened 15 April 1740 in Surry Co., Va.

Joseph and Amy (Freeman) Blanks had the following children: Martha, Joseph, John and Nathan, also Mary is evidenced as a daughter, but final proof is lacking.

This couple removed to Brunswick Co., Va. and settled, possibly in that part, which in 1746 became Lunenburg Co., Va., or they moved to Lunenburg Co., as Joseph

Blanks sold 100 acres of land in that Wm Saffold, 2 July 1750, at which time Amy relinquished her right of dower. Joseph Blanks died in 1752, leaving his wife Amy and several small children. Inventory of his estate was taken by his brother - in - law, Arthur Freeman, 7 April 1752.

Amy (Freeman) Blanks then married Henry VanDyke. In court suit wherein she was defendant, had "intermarried sine last continuance." (Reference: Lunenburg Co., Va., Order Bk. 5, pg. 84, May 1758). They had at least one son, Freeman Van Dyke (Joseph Blanks listed with Henry VanDyke in Lunenburg Tithes, 10 June 1764; Freeman VanDyke is listed with him in 1783. Henry Freeman, father of Amy (Freeman) (Blanks) VanDyke, made his will in Surry Co., Va., dated 17 Dec. 1753, the will was probated 4 April 1755, naming his dtr. Amy Blanks and her sons John and Nathan. He gives Nathan Blanks land in Lunenburg Co., Va. and to grandson John Blanks he gave a Negro "Sall" at the death of Amy (this will was proved in Sussex Co., Va. 4 April 1755).

It is not known when Amy (Freeman) (Blanks) VanDyke died. She was still living in Lunenburg Co., Va., 7 April 1786. On 26 Nov. 1785, "Edward Brodnax and Thoms Garland, gents. to secure dower release of Amy VanDyke, whereas Amy VanDyke cannot conveniently travel to our court—"; this was accomplished however 7 April 1786. Recorded and proved 8 June 1786.

There is a David VanDyke found in Lunenburg Co., Va., who sold a "Negro Branch" to James Hazelwood on 4 May 1789. This transaction was witnessed by Martha Gill (thought to be dtr. of Amy and Joseph Blanks, and wife

of Henry Gill). In June of that year, he purchased land from Richard Jones and Abraham and James Davis. This David VanDyke could have been a son of Amy and Henry VanDyke.

The Martha Blanks, dtr. of Joseph and Amy (Freeman) Blanks, christened 15 April 1740, Surry Co., Va., married Henry Gill of Lunenburg Co., Va. Their son, William Gill, married (whom?) and had two known dtrs.; Betty Ingram Gill and Amy Gill, who married Thrower Freeman.

Joseph Blanks, son of Joseph and Amy (Freeman) Blanks, died 1811, Mecklenburg Co., Va.; married Ann (last name not known). Joseph Blanks Jr., is listed with Henry VanDyke in Lunenburg Tithes, 10 June, 1764. He is still found there June 14, 1770, when he, Henry Gill, (his brother-in-law) among "other good and lawful men," testify at an inquisition (Mecklenburg Co., Va. Deed Bk. 11, p. 374). Also, on 23 Oct. 1774, when he sells 425 acres of land to Thomas Moody (Deed Bk. 12, p. 425). He possibly moved to Mecklenburg Co. (this county formed from Lunenburg Co., in 1764) as he made his will in that county dated 14 Dec. 1808 which was proved 21 Oct. 1811, naming wife Ann, and sons: Richard, James, Thomas, John and Francis Blanks, also deceased Joseph; dtrs., Betsey Easten, Edna Griffin, Nancy Worsham, Dicey Haley, Amy, Milly and Rebecca Blanks; with executor, son John; the will certified by Stephen Worsham, husband of Nancy.

John Blanks of Lunenburg Co., Va. was found in Wake Co., North Carolina in 1755, son of Joseph and Amy (Freeman) Blanks, married Martha (whom?).

John Blanks is found

## EDDY

This arms is that of the New England family of the name of Eddy. They descend from Samuel Eddy, born in the year 1608 and died in 1888. He was the son of the Rev. William Eddy,



who was born about the year 1550 and died in 1616, being the Vicar of St. Dunstons, Cransbrook, England. The Rev. William Eddy married Mary Fosten. The first named Samuel Eddy came from England in the ship "Handmaid" and with brother John was at Plymouth, Mass. and Colony in 1631. Though he came to Plymouth, Mass. he eventually settled at Swansea, Mass. The surname of his wife is not known to this editor, however, her given name was Elizabeth, who was born in 1601 and died in 1682. This couple had,

Zachariah Eddy, born 1639 and died in 1718. He married in 1663, Alice Paddock the daughter of Robert Paddock of Dartmouth, Mass. She was born in 1640 and died in 1692. They had, Obediah Eddy, born in the year 1683 and married in the year 1709, Abigail Devotion. They had,

Job Eddy, born in the year 1726 and married Patience Phillips. They had,

Preserved Eddy, born in 1748 and died in 1838 who settled in Swansea, Mass. He married in the year 1771, Lydia Davis. They had,

Daniel Eddy, born 1775 and died in 1842. He took as his wife in the year 1804, Betsy (Palmer) Slade, born 1778 and died 1855. They had,

Captain Daniel Brayton Eddy, born 1813 and died 1883. He married in the year 1846, Mary Bowers, born 1826 and died in 1904.

in Wake Co. N. C. for on 1 Dec. 1755, he conveys a Negro slave "Sarah" and two Negro children Dick and Agg, "which Negro is in the possession of Henry and Amey VanDyke and there to remain during the natural life of the said Amey VanDyck and at the natural death of the sd Amey VanDyke, I John Blanks do acknowledge my right & title to the said Negroes, Sarah, Dick & Agg—"

Nathan Blanks received a gift of land in Lunenburg Co., Va. from his grandfather, Henry Freeman (The Will proved 4 April 1755); nothing more known of Nathan.

Mary Blanks (evidently, but the proven dtr. of Joseph and Amy (Freeman) Blanks, died 1823, Mecklenburg Co., Va.; married Wm Weatherford, who died 1806, Mecklenburg Co., Va. This couple had issue: Freeman Weatherford; Elizabeth B. Weatherford; Lucy Smith Weatherford; Mary Ingram Weatherford; Amy Weatherford (M.-1805, Jess Westbrook); Sarah Weatherford, born abt. 1780, died 1866 (M.3 Dec. 1799, Bartley Smithson).

Bartley Smithson and Sarah (Weatherford) had issue: John Smithson, b. 1801; William Cox Smithson, b. 1804; Charles Coleman Smithson, b. 1806; Mary Ann Blanks Smithson, b. 1808; Martha Smithson, b. 1811; Elizabeth Smithson, b. 1813; Allen Freeman Smithson, b. 1816; Susanna Smithson, b. 1818; Permelia Caroline Smithson, b. 1820; Marion Pinckney Smithson, B. 1823; and James Albert Smithson, b. 1825.

Any additional information on the above families is requested. (William Blanks, 2514 -34th Ave., Meridian, Miss. 39301).

## ANSWERS

A1000. Warren. It is suggested that you verify the birthplace on the Census record for Martha "Patsy" Warren, wife of John Tabb Bennett, who were married August 1799 for it may have stated that she was born in "N.E." and you have stated in your inquiry. However, since you have also stated that there was a "Barton" name among your notes, it is surely possible that the family was of Maryland for there is one Barton Warren lineage, which this editor has seen and this Warren family does come from Maryland. It is further suggested that you search in the Rucker Family Genealogy by Sudie Rucker Wood, for I believe, in relying upon memory only, that she had Warren data on the Maryland family included therein. Another book by Sudie Rucker Wood was that of the Keene family and possibly the record will be shown therein. Also, I suggest you review the Lineage Book or books of the Daughters of the American Colonists for there seemed to be some Maryland Warren family line therein also. Have you searched Swem's Index for the Warren-Barton name?

A1001. WATSON. In answer to your interest on the name of Watson, this editor does not have data which will connect with your line from Glasgow, Scotland to my knowledge.



# Climbing The Family Tree

—Genealogy: Questions  
And Answers By HUGH S. WATSON JR.

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

SAYS THE RICHMOND DISPATCH OF RICHMOND OVER 100 YEARS AGO ON JANUARY 3, 1863:

"EXTRAVAGANT HUMOR FROM KENTUCKY."

"A gentleman, who left Knoxville Sunday evening says it was reported there that the Kentucky legislature had passed, by a majority of five to one, an ordinance of secession from the Abolition Union. He further states that as soon, as this decision was announced the Legislature hall was surrounded by a regiment of Pennsylvania soldiers, and every member of the body arrested. It is hardly likely that there is any truth in either of the reports."

## QUESTIONS

A1003. Wish data on the following family of Blanks and their connections:

Thomas Blanks, Charles City County, Va., Westover Parish, bought 214 acres of land in Lunenburg Co., Va. from Richard Kennon, 13 Oct. 1747, proved and recorded May 2, 1748 (Lunenburg Co., Va. Deed Bk. 1, page 320). He made his will in this county of Lunenburg on March 26, 1752 and it was proved 2 June 1752, naming, wife Hannah, and sons: Richard and William Lunenburg Co., Va., Will Book No. 1, page 74).

On 23 March 1753, Hannah Blanks and Cornelius Cargill entered an agreement "not withstanding the contract of marriage as may be hereafter between the said Cornelius Cargill and Hannah Blanks—to let each dispose of own property as each wishes —", proved and recorded 4 July 1753, witnessed by William Blanks (Lunenburg Co., Va. Deed Book 3, page 293). They were married on 3 April 1753 (marriage Bond No. 4, Lunenburg Co., Va.) and inventory of the estate of Thomas Blanks, deceased, was taken 20 Aug. 1753 by Susannah Cargill (Lunenburg Co., Va., Will Book 1, page 107). Cornelius Cargill binds himself by penal bond of 500 pounds to William and Richard Blanks, sons of Hannah Blanks, 20 March 1753 (Lunenburg Co., Va., Deed Bk. 3, pages 243-247).

Hannah Cargill made her will 7 November 1757, and it was proved 4 April 1758, by Richard Blanks — "other exr. William Blanks can join in probate any time he shall think fit." The will names: husband, Cornelius Cargill, goddau, Elizabeth Drew, sons: William and Richard Blanks, grandson "Thomas Blanks, son of William Blanks by his present wife, Judith."

Executors, sons William and Richard Blanks. William Blanks may have married a second time as his mother names "grandson Thomas Blanks, son of William Blanks by his present wife Judith." He must have been in the Virginia Militia at the time of his mother's death in 1758, for, the statement "other exr., William Blanks can join in probate any time he shall see fit." Henning Statutes, Vol. 7, page 223, shows, "William Blanks, Militia, Lunenburg Co. (Va.), Sept. 1757." He bought 360 acres of land from his stepfather, in Lunen-

burg Co., Va. on 12 July 1764, when Mary, wife of Cornelius Cargill relinquished dower (Cornelius Cargill remarried after the death of Hannah (Blanks) Cargill).

Richard and William Blanks Cornwall Parish, Lunenburg Co., Va., sold Paul Corrington 180 acres of land, "part of a larger tract" left them by "Thomas Blanks, father to the said Richard and William Juriah, wife of Richard Blanks and Judith, wife of William Blanks relinquished right of dower (Lunenburg Co., Va., Deed Book 8, pages Nos. 326-329).

Richard Blanks was appointed Surveyor of Road — "That he together with the Hands—do forthwith clear and keep the same in repair according to law," November Court (Lunenburg Co., Va., Court Orders, Book 5, page 3). He sold 34 acres of land to Right Bond in Lunenburg Co., Va. on Feb. 9, 1764, and wife Juriah relinquished dower (Lunenburg Co., Va. Deed Bk. 9, page 386). Along with several others, he Richard Blanks was "bound to King George III to levy taxes," June 12, 1766 (Lunenburg Co., Va. Deed Bk. 10, pages 249 - 252).

I desire any additional information on the above family and its connections. (William L. Blanks, 2514 - 34th Avenue, Meridian, Miss., 39301).

A1004. CURTIS - CARY THOMAS. Would like to have the proof of the marriage date of Edmund Curtis, born June 6, 1754, son of Edmund and Anne Drewry Curtis to Ann Cary, daughter of Thomas Cary who fought during the Revolutionary War.

The birth of Edmund Curtis is shown in Charles Parish Register of York Co., Va. on page 79. His will is recorded in York Co., Va. court records June 15, 1810, Will Book 3; page 757 and the following is an abstract:

"Edmund Curtis, Sr. of York Co. (Va.) lends son Edmund Curtis all my land whereon I now live, if he leaves issue then I give it, if Edmund died leaving no issue then I lend it to my son Thomas C. Curtis, should he die leaving no issue, I lend it to my next eldest son in like manner and so on to my youngest son John Curtis."

"All the rest of my estate to be divided equally among my then surviving children or their issues reserving one equal lot of my slaves only to be kept in the hands of my executors to school my grandson Edmund C. Thomas."

"Give son Edmund Curtis my negro boy Lewis. Brother, Thomas-Curtis, sons Edmund and Thomas C. Curtis, Executors."

The above will was dated 12 November 1807 and proved 15 January 1810 — signed — Edmund Curtis, Sr.

Here is further proof of the death of Edmund Curtis:

York Co., Va., Will Book 10, page 31 — "To the estate of Edmund Curtis, deceased, in account with Edmund Curtis, Exec., January 1810: To cash paid Kemp Charles for crying the estate two days; To Edmund Curtis account against the estate; To cash paid James Moss for making coffin."



Then we see in the York Co., Va., Order Book 8, page 453: "On May 20, 1811, Edmund Curtis, guardian of Miles Curtis, Christopher Curtis, Elizabeth Curtis, John Curtis, and Edmund C. Thomas returned accounts of his said wards estates."

The children of Edmund and Ann Cary Curtis were:

Christopher Curtis, born abt. 1775

Henry Curtis, born abt. 1777, died Sept. 1810 York Co., Va. Wills Book 23, page 78.

Ann Curtis, born abt. 1779

Frances Curtis, born abt. 1781

Edmund Curtis, born abt. 1784, Aug. 22 (Charles Parish Register, page 76)

Thomas Cary Curtis, born abt. 1785, Feb. 17 (Charles Parish Register, page 77)

Elizabeth Curtis, born abt. 1783

Miles Curtis, born abt. 1791, Feb. 9 (Family Bible Record)

John Curtis, born abt. 1801, May 15, (Tombstone record in Grafton Cemetery, York Co. Va.)

Then on page 76 of the named Charles Parish Register we find: Edmund Curtis, son of Edmund Jr. and Anne, born August 22, baptised De-

ember 6, 1784 (Warwick Co., Va.).

Same Parish Register, page 77: Thomas Cary Curtis, son of Edmund Junr. and Anne, born February 17, baptised March 9, 1786 (Warwick).

The date of marriage of Edmund and Ann (Cary) Curtis stated on the Daughters of the American Revolution Lineage Page the date of "1787", which I am sure is incorrect according to the births of their children as given above. Wish corrected proof. (Mrs. William S. Wornam, nee' Esther C. Wornom, Seaford, York County, Virginia).

## BARHAM

BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY CO., VA. This continues as the 31st article on this family. We shall begin with my number Entry No. 31.

ENTRY NO. 31. —Year 1762, May 18. Will of Thomas Edwards, of Upper Southwarke Parish in Surry Co. (Va.); names:

Daughter, Elizabeth Barham, 70 lbs. current money of Va. to be paid by her son William out of my estate.

Daughter, Lucy Clarke, 70 lbs. current money of Va. to be paid by my son William out of my estate.

Grandson, Thomas Edwards, my gun and silver shoe buckells,

Son, William Edwards, my lands —Negroes, Ned, Jeffrey, Moll and Hannah,

Son, William, Exec., Will dated 25 Jan. 1761; probated 18 May 1762,

Witnesses: Thomas Binns, Thomas Edwards, Nicholas Faulcon, Jr.,

Will proved by Thos. Binns & Nicholas Faulcon, Jr.

(Reference for above will: Surry Co., Va., Court Will Book 1754-1768, page 212(?). (Note: This Edwards family

is tied in with the families of Hunnicutt, Barhams as shown above and other prominent families of Surry Co.—Editor).

1763, Jan. 4. Patty Barham, daughter of Thomas & Sarah Barham, born; sponsors, Charles Knight, Elizabeth Knight, Anne Wren (Reference: Albemarle Parish Register —please note that this parish record and register covers Sussex Co., Va. formerly Surry Co. —Editor).

1763, Jan. 23 —Elizabeth Barham, daughter of Charles & Mary, born; sponsors, Benjamin Adams, Frances Adams, Rebekah Long - bottom (Reference: Same Albemarle Parish Register which covers Sussex Co., Va. —Editor).

1763. Benjamin Barham — has 3 tithables residing in York —Hampton Parish, York County, Va. (Tyler's Quarterly, Vol. 7, page 19) (Note: This the family of Barham, which apparently was in James City Co., Va. and had moved into York County.—Editor).

1764, March 19. Estate of Benjamin Barham. Appraised by Samuel Hill, John Chapman, Charles Hansford (York Co., Va., Book 1760 - 1777, page 200). This estate was settled by Matthew Hubbard with "item" received by Mr. Robert Barham and shown on page 528 of the same reference. (Note: Here again we find that there was definitely the Barham family in York Co., Va., but as stated before, this must have been the line that remained in James City Co., Va. and moved to York Co. — Editor).

1764, March 20. Ordered Carter Crafford, William Nesum, Robert Hunnicutt and and Robert Barham to appraise the estate of John Drew (Surry Co., Va. Order Bk., 1764-1767, page 9). The will of John Drew, probated 20 March 1764, names:

Wife, land I live on for life then to be sold

Daughter, Faithy and all her children

Daughter, Betty and all her children

Daughter, Martha, if she has children

Executor, Wife

The above will was dated 4 January 1764; with witnesses —John Nesum, Edmund Walker, Wil Salter (Surry Co., Va. Will Bk. 1754-1768, page 355). (Note: This will shows that Robert Barham was in Surry Co. Va. and another Robert Barham, son of Benjamin was in York Co., Va. during the same period. This is why the Barhams have been difficult to identify as some York Co. Barhams moved to Sussex Co. —Editor).

## BLANTON

ARMS: Argent, on a bend sable, three lions rampant.

This arms has been claimed and used by the Virginia family by the name of Blanton.

This family descends from one Richard Blanton whose will was proved in Spotsylvania Co., Va., on the date of 1734. Richard Blanton married Elizabeth whose surname is not known to this editor. They had,

## BLANTON



Richard Blanton (Jr.), born about the year of 1730 and died in the year 1807. He married in the year 1750, Hannah Anderson, who was of Caroline County, Va. They had,

David Blanton, born 1760 and died 1823. He was of the county of Cumberland in Virginia. He served his country during the American Revolutionary War being a soldier. He married in 1793 Lucy Johns, who was born in 1773 and who died in the year

1859. She was a daughter of Joseph Johns and wife Frances Tinsley. They had,

Anderson Tinsley Blanton, who was born in 1794 and died in 1852. He was also a patriotic citizen and served his country during the War of 1812. He married Elizabeth Pitt Vawter. They had,

Edward Anderson Blanton, who was born in the year 1813 and died in the year 1900. He married in the year 1836, Mary An. E. Miller.

This Blanton family was well connected and with the families of Armistead and Walker, as well as, the Miller family. Some were:

Ralph Armistead, who patented acreage in Gloucester Co., Va., in the year 1679; his wife surname is not known to this editor. They had,

John Armistead, who was of Essex Co., Va.; his wife name not known. They had,

Francis Armistead, whose wife name is not known to this editor. They had,

John Armistead, born in Virginia and who left a will in Cumberland Co., Va.

## Feature Rules

1. Send all letters to Daily Press, Newport News, Va.; name and address of sender must be given.

2. Questions and answers must be clearly stated on large size paper 8½ by 11 inches, written double-space in ink or typed on one side of paper only; postal cards and small paper not acceptable; three questions only.

3. Answers will be through the column only. Correspondents making reply must give answers using data pertinent and brief.



# Climbing The Family Tree



By HUGH S. WATSON Jr.

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## HISTORICAL RARITIES

**HERALDIC FAMILIES OF ENGLAND AND REGISTERED PEDIGREES.** A great study of such has been done by a Virginian, Lundie Weathers Barlow, Esq., of Richmond. With the permission of Mr. Barlow, the following data is being printed from his article in the New England Historical and Genealogical Magazine of January 1963. Therefore only in part shall we use the data leading to the family of Crafford of Virginia; they had settled in Virginia about the year 1683. Robert Crafford came to Virginia.

The article mentioned was headed, "The Use of Heraldic Visitation Pedigrees," by Lundie Weathers Barlow, of Richmond, Virginia; Communicated by the Committee on English and Foreign Research:

"The pedigrees recorded by officers of the College of Arms at their visitations of the English counties between 1530 and 1686 afford a vast amount of information concerning the filiations of many gentle families of the late 15th to the early 18th centuries. But these pedigrees so often have been proven erroneous, particularly in their earlier generations, that careful genealogists are generally distrustful of them unless the data they include are confirmed by other records of greater authority. Nonetheless, numerous such tabulations are essentially accurate in whole or in part and, when this can be shown, they should be so acknowledged and received."

"At first glance it may seem there is no basis whatever for assuming the reliability of a several generation pedigree in which few dates are indicated and no authority is cited for any of its statements. Closer inspection, however, may disclose that no anachronisms are evident, and that chronology and nomenclature appear to be consistent. Moreover, from internal evidence and reasonable deductions therefrom, the truth or falsity of a pedigree can frequently be determined as to essentials respecting at least the last four, if not five, generations given therein."

"In analyzing a record of this kind, the question immediately arises as to which of several men, especially if of the same name, provided the information recorded by the herald in the stated year of the visitation. Sometime the approximate ages are shown of those comprising the latest generation and in such cases, particularly if they were minors, it may tentatively be assumed that the propositus was of the first or second preceding generations; men of earlier times probably being dead when the pedigree was written. Working backward under the useful rule of an average of three generations to a century, any dates or periods of time set forth can be tested and conclusions drawn regarding the probable span of each generation. From these deductions, the consistency of the indicated relationship of any recorded forebear as, for example, father, grandfather, or more remote ancestor, can be determined. Thus, careful consideration of chronological expectations and limitations can be a helpful approach to checking an undocumented pedigree."

"To be noted throughout is whether there was close adherence, insofar as ascertainable, to the long prevailing custom of naming the eldest for his paternal grandfather and the second for his maternal grandfather; likewise of giving to the first born daughter the name of her paternal grandmother and to the second that of her maternal grandmother. Also, the acquisitions of lands by marriages, and their subsequent devolution, are of interest as tending to show the accuracy of charting, for obviously a holder would know the origin of his properties and how they came to him."

"Generally, the data supplied by a propositus are creditable respect himself and wife and his contemporary and near contemporary kindred, that is, his parents, uncles and aunts, brothers and sisters, sons and daughters, and his grandchild-

ren. Further, it can sometimes be demonstrated that the grandparents of the propositus were correctly identified, considering the descent of lands to him; and whence came a name repeatedly bestowed in later generations of the family. It is perhaps a minor point, but persuasive, that if the family arms are simple, and rightfully borne, they probably are indicative of an ancient lineage and of social status consistent with a marriage to an heiress of the same or a higher class. Of earlier generations, however, conservative compilers of family history usually and rightly require additional evidence."

"Consideration may now be given to three pedigrees which overlap and supplement each other. In the light of the principles outlined, and independently of any other records, these pedigrees provide acceptable evidence of six generations of the family of Crafford of Great Mongeham (England) as registered by Thomas Benolt, Clarenceus King of Arms; Robert Cooke, Clarenceus King of Arms; and John Philipot, Rouge Dragon Pursuivant; respectively, at successive visitations of County Kent. The data relevant to the senior line of the Crafford descent are set forth below:

"Visitation of 1530. Arms: Or on a chevron vert three eagles heads erased argent. 'John Crafforde of Great Monham in the countie of Kent (married) —d. of Edward Wood of London and one of the heyres unto her father,

"John Crafforde the younger (son of John of Great Mongeham, married) Marget, d. to John Cryspe of Tennet  
"Edward" (son of John the Younger."

"Visitation of 1592. Arms: Or on a chevron vert three hawks heads erased argent."

"John Crayforde of Muche Mungeham—Esquire, Sonne and heire to John, married Margaret daughter of John Cryspe of Quekes (in Thanet)—Esquire, and by her had issue—

"Edward Craforde of muche Mungeham aforesaide Esquier, Sonne and heire of John aforesaide, married Marye daughter and one of the heires of Henry Sea of Heron in the Countie of Kent gent, and had issue (among others named)—

"William Craforde of Muche Mungeham Esquire, Soone and heire to Edward, married Anne daughter of John Norton of London gent, and by her hath issue (among others named)—

"Edward Crayford, his eldest Sonne"—

"Visitation of 1619. Arms: Or on a chevron vert three ravens heads erased argent.

"Edwardus Craford de Mongeham, Armiger, filius et haeres (of John and Margaret, married), Maria, filia et cohaeres Henrici atte Sea de Herne,

"Willielmus Craford de Mongeham Magna, Miles (son of Edward and Marie, married) Anna, filia Johnnis Norton de London—

"Edwardus filius et haeres (of Sir William and Anna, married) Anna filia Rolandi Hayward, Militis ac Maioris Londinensis—

"Willielmus aets. 10 an. Georgius aets. 8 Ricardus aets. 6 (sons, among other issue named, of Edward and Anna)—(Signed) William Crayford'."

The short pedigree of 1530 is not signed but as Edward was then unmarried, and undoubtedly a minor, the data necessarily came from his father or grandfather. In either case it is creditable as being of the personal knowledge of the informant."

"In the 1592 account the generations of John and his son Edward are repeated from the 1530 pedigree and the information is enlarged and brought down to date with regard to Edward, who was under-age and unmarried in 1530, and his immediate family. The propositus was William Crafford, as evidenced by the present tense 'hath issue' of those preceding. Hence, the testimony of William is acceptable with regard to his own and his father's generations, and concerning his son Edward; five generations being thus established by the two pedigrees."

"The pedigree recorded in 1619 was signed by Sir William Crafford. It overlaps that of 27 years before, expands the information about his son, and provides the names and ages of his grandsons. Thereby a sixth generation is added to the five previously accepted. Based on subsequent registrations in the College of Arms, the Crafford lineage can be carried forward for several additional generations."

"To experienced and well qualified family historians the foregoing will appear quite elementary. But, by the suggested analytical approach, amateurs delving into pre-American genealogy can save themselves effort which results in unconvincing claims, and avoid recording and perpetuating errors."

"In summary, it is emphasized that undocumented material should be neither accepted blindly nor ignored but rather the rule of reason should prevail. Many ancient pedigrees are based on records no longer extant or not now to be found, and are true accounts, partially if not wholly, although earlier filiations and alleged descents frequently depend on tradition which may have become distorted or entirely erroneous over the years and is unacceptable without documentary confirmation. After careful checking for apparently false claims of whatever nature, for anachronisms, and for inconsistencies respecting chronology, nomenclature, and the devolution of land, data found in visitation pedigrees may be rejected as worthless, or tentatively accepted at least in regard to the several generations either contemporary with or within the ken of the informant or recorder. If an account seems reasonable by these tests, verification should be attempted as a matter of caution, if for no other reason, by searching for other records or confirming documents. Gleanings from varied and seemingly unlikely sources sometimes will not only certify a questioned statement but will provide details and add interesting facts to an otherwise bare outline of names and places."

The above data was taken from pages 28 to 31 of the January issue of the New England Historical and Genealogical Register of 1963 and the footnotes of page 31 are very informative, though we have not given them here in this instance.

## FOWLER

This has been claimed by the New York family of Fowler. And this family descends from Captain Richard Fowler, who was born in England having been the son of Richard Fowler of Northumberland in England and wife Isabel mather. Richard Fowler came with the British Army and was engaged in battles in New York State. He was killed during the Battle of Harlem Heights in that state. He married Sarah Hunt, daughter of Thomas Hunt of "Hunt Point," New York. They had,

Mark Fowler, who was born 1655 and died 1687 being of New Haven, Conn. The name of his wife is not known to this editor, however, it is known that she died about the year 1688. They had,

John Fowler, born 1680 and died in 1751 was of Lebanon, Conn. Not too much is known about this gentleman. He married Sarah Apbe who was born in 1686 and died in 1774. They had,

Captain Dejah Fowler, who was born in the year 1717 and died 1804, he also was of Lebanon, Conn. He married in the year 1745, Abigail Biglow. They had,

Mark Fowler, who was born in 1756 and died in the year 1813. The gentleman was also from Lebanon, Conn. He married in 1777, Mariam Sterling and was the widow Warner at that time. She was born in 1755 and died in 1843. They had,

Amos Fowler, who was born in 1786 and died in 1863, he being of Litchfield, New York. He married in the year 1819, Achsah Raymond and they had,

Leroy Fowler, born 1817 and died in 1871 also of Litchfield, New York. He married Lucinda Ball, born 1825 and died 1905, daughter of Nathaniel Ball and wife Martha Boynton.



**HISTORICAL RARITIES**

**STRIKES BY LABOR WERE PREVALENT 100 YEARS AGO AS THEY ARE TODAY AND IT APPEARS THAT SHIPS ARE FREQUENTLY INVOLVED. THIS TIME IT WAS A NAVAL SHIPYARD.** The account of such strike appeared in the newspaper Times Picayune of Louisiana Jan. 1, 1863 and reads as follows:

"Another strike has occurred in the Brooklyn Navy Yard. The ship carpenters demand \$2.75 to \$3 per day. The matter is not yet settled." (Note: The demands may seem the same, but the pay is surely different).

**QUESTIONS**

**A1006. BLANKS-INGRAM-HOUSE-VAN DICK (VAN DYKE).** Wish more data on the family of Blanks and wife Elizabeth. Ingram Blanks, living in Prince George Co., Va., Sept. 1, 1743 and was married to Elizabeth — at the time, as he sold 360 acres of land in Brunswick Co., Va. to John Edloe, Jr. of Charles City Co., and wife Elizabeth relinquished her right of dower same date. (Brunswick Co., Va., Deed Bk. 2, page 354).

Then on Feb. 26, 1744, he bought 160 acres of land in Brunswick Co., Va. from John Davis (Brunswick Co., Deed Bk. 2, page 423). He was living in St. Andrews Parish, Brunswick Co., when he made his will Nov. 20, 1761, which was proved January 25, 1762 (Brunswick Co., Va., Will Bk. 4, pages 267-8), naming: wife Elizabeth; sons William, James, and John Blanks; daughters Nancy (Ann), Suckey (Susannah) and Mary; Exors: wife and Thomas Morris; witnesses, William Bishop, Thomas Morris and Richard Blanks (indications are that Ingram Blanks and Richard Blanks are also sons of Ingram and Elizabeth Blanks, but not definitely proved).

Richard Blanks married Winifred House (Brunswick Co., Va. Marriage Bond, 9 Oct. 1753). They were living in Brunswick Co. April 17, 1761, when he sold 200 acres of land in Lunenburg Co., Va., to Henry Van Dick (Van Dyke), "adjoining the lands of John Edloe's orphans and Joseph Blanks, which land was granted the said Richard Blanks by patent Aug. 16, 1755." (Lunenburg Co., Va., Deed Bk. 7, p. 52). He was living in St. Andrews Parish, Greenville Co., Va., Feb. 8, 1785, when he made his will which was proved March 24, 1785 (Greenville Co., Va., Will Bk. 1, pages 78-85), naming: sons Ingram and James; daughter Martha—"at age of 18." The executors were: sons Ingram and James; witnesses: Thomas Morris, Carroll Grigg, John Hobbs, Jr., Matthew Davis and John Hobbs. (It is evident that David Blanks was also a son, but not proved).

David Blanks married (1st) Elizabeth Spicely (Greenville Co., Va., Marriage Bond, 21 Dec. 1785); married 22 Dec. 1785 by Rev. William Anderson, Methodist; Surety, Carril (Carroll) Grigg; witness John Barlow. David Blanks married 2ndly, Rhumay Simmons (Greenville Co., Va., Marriage Bond 6 Dec. 1792. Married 8 Dec. 1792 by Rev. John Mason, Methodist, Surety, Edmund Lawrence.

Ingram Blanks married Patty Grigg (Brunswick Co., Va., Marriage Bond, 23 Feb. 1778. This Patty Grigg was thought to have been a sister of Carroll Grigg.

Martha Blanks, born 18 Dec. 1768, died 22 Dec. 1815; married Carrell (Carroll) Grigg, Feb. 22, 1796 (Greenville Co., Va., Marriage Bond dated 11 Feb. 1796; with Surety, Ingram Blanks (brother); witness, James Blanks (brother).

Carroll (Carroll) Grigg was born 7 Jan. 1763 and died Jan. 5, 1811; he and Martha (Blanks) had issue: (1) Richard B. Grigg, born Dec. 16, 1786; (2) Winney C. Grigg, born Feb. 7, 1789, died Dec. 20, 1816; (3) Jesse Grigg, born April 10, 1791; (4) Mary McCarroll Grigg, born April 19, 1793, died March 5, 1836 (Married, 15 Feb. 1812, Greenville Co., Va. Marriage Bond dated 12 Feb. 1812, to Augustine Loftin, born 15 Mar. 1786 and died 4 Dec. 1850); (5) Bolling Grigg, born 30 Dec. 1796, died 7 Nov. 1815; Martha C. Grigg, born Nov. 18, 1798 (in the Greenville County, Va. Marriage Bond dated 12 May 1814, Stewart, Edmund and Martha Grigg, dau. of Martha Grigg, Surety, Burwell Grigg); (7) Elizabeth W. Grigg, born Feb. 18, 1800 (or 1801); and (8) Laly C. B. Grigg, born July 1, 1809. (These births and records were taken from the Family Bible records).

Augustine Loftin (b. March 15, 1786 and wife Mary McCarroll Grigg had the following issue: (1) Herbert C. Loftin, born Jan. 4, 1812 (m. Mary Ann H. — on Sept. 29, 1836); (2) Martha B. Loftin, born July 18, 1814, died Feb. 20, 1818; (3) Rich-

**MORRIS**

**ARMS:** Quarterly, first and fourth gules, a lion rampant, regardant or; second and third argent, three torteaux in fesse. **CHEST:** A tower in flames proper.

This arms has been claimed by the family of Morris of New Jersey. They descend from the first known of the line, whose name was Daniel Morris. The name of his wife is not known to this editor. They had:

Stephen Morris. His birth date and death are known, as well as, the name of his wife not known to this editor. They had:

Major Joseph Morris, who was born in 1732 and died in 1778. He was a patriot and served during the Revolutionary War. He married in the year 1758, Hannah Ford, who was born in 1740 and died in 1783. They had:

L. Jonathan Ford Morris, who was born in 1760 and died in the year 1810. He studied and became a doctor. He married in the year 1784, Margaret Smith Euen, born 1758 and died 1844. They had:

William Cullen Morris, born in 1789 and died 1870, who married in the year 1819, Mary Magdalen Stryker, born 1796 and died 1857. This couple had:

Doctor Theodore Frelinghuysen Morris, born 1831 and died in the 1897, who married in 1855, Gertrude Vreeland Johnston, born 1835 and died 1889. They had:

Doctor Austin Flint Morris, born in 1869 and died in 1906. He studied at Rutgers College. He married in 1893, Helen Lincoln Kent.

ard B. Loftin; E. F. Loftin (m. 1st, on Oct. 19, 1848 to James B. Todd, and m. 2ndly, on Jan. 1860, William M. Smith).

Nancy (Ann) Blanks married Moses Collier (Brunswick Co., Va., Marriage Bond dated 1 Aug. 1769 with John House, Surety). This couple had perhaps among other children: William Moses Collier; Ingram (B(lanks) Collier; and Charles Collier. (This inquiry was entered by William L. Blanks, 2514-34th Ave., Meridian, Miss.-39301). (This data will be continued in the next issue to show other descendants of the Blanks family.)

**ANSWERS**

**A1007. PROCTOR-CHRISMAN.** In order for one to do a thorough job of collecting data on one's family he or she must begin with himself and work back to the earliest generation in America. Properly done, one must obtain references for each and every generation and he proceeds to gather this data or the data is worthless at any future date. Bible family records could be a good starter, as well as, court records, wills and deeds recorded in the county or city courts, but one must remember that he must take the references from which the data is accumulated as he moves on the lineage and the name of the county or city from which the data is gathered. The U.S. Census records are good for such, however, the Census records are not open to one before about 1890 or 1900.

Now, for the coat-of-arms, one must be sure that an arms is granted to his or her ancestor. For one to just select an arms because the name is spelled the same as his is not always the correct one.

**A1008. WILSON.** If the person who inquired about data on the Wilson family will send in queries about the given names of the persons in the Wilson family about whom he wishes data and the approximate dates and locations of residences, this writer will be happy to publish the inquiries. This writer has little data on the Wilson family and it therefore is not very helpful to any inquirer.—Editor.

**BARHAM FAMILY**

**BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY.** This continues as the 32nd series on this family. We then start with Entry No. 32:

**ENTRY No. 32. Year 1764, April 16.** Rebekah, dau. of Charles and Mary Barham, born; sponsors, Charles Knight, Sarah Knight and Amy Harwood (From Albemarle Parish Register of Sussex Co.) This is the group that stayed in the Sussex and Southampton County area.

1764, Aug. 21. Benjamin Phillips ordered to pay James Price and John Barham as witnesses against George Piland (Surry County. Order Book 1763-1774, page 55).

1765, Feb. 20. Indenture (Deed) Samuel Stokes, wife Mary, of Sussex to Charles Barham of Sussex County; for 11 lbs. for 75 acres of land on S. side of Cocke's Branch lower part of a patent granted to Thos. Felts for 1800 acres on Jan. 12, 1746; witnesses: Gregory Rawlings, Thos. Moore (Sussex Co., Deed Bk. "C", page 139). (This is again the branch of Barham family that remained in The Sussex Co. and Southampton Co., Va., area.)

1765, March 6. The Estate of Thomas Barham was signed by Robert Hunnicutt, William Newsam, Edmund Waller (Returned May 19, 1765 for recording in the court records (Surry Co., Va., Will Book 1754-1758, page 463); on April 15, 1765 Lucy Barham was granted Administration of the Estate of Thomas Barham; Robert Hunnicutt, Wm. Newsam, Edmund Waller and George Pylant ordered to appraise (Surry County, Order Book 1763-1774, page 55). Estate of Thomas Barham, deceased, with Lucy Barham, Admx. and Elizabeth Barham the orphan. Cash paid for copy of John Clark's will. (Surry Co., Will Bk. 1754-1768, page No. 463). Then on Aug. 20, 1771, Thomas Barham's estate Account Current, signed John Feltway, Elizabeth Barham the orphan. On 1772-3, Elizabeth Barham, Orphan of Thomas with Joseph Holt, Guardian (Surry Co., Orphan Accounts Book 1763-1783, page 247). (Note: This was the Thomas Barham from whom the Surry Co. family descend.)

1765, March 14. Benjamin Barham deeds to Henry Taylor for sum of 17 lbs., 10 shillings, the 35 acres of land on N. side of Cabin Br., Part of a larger tract purchased by Benjamin Barham from Joshua Prewlow; no witnesses (Southampton County, Deed Bk. 3, page 337). (This again is the Southampton Co., Barham family.)

1765, April 15. Lucy Barham again granted Adm. of Estate of Thomas Barham; ordered Robert Hunnicutt, Wm. Newsam and Edmund Waller and George Pylant to appraise (Surry Co., Order Bk. case 55).

The will of Thomas Moore is given here since he mentions the given name of Barham Moore indicating the connection between the families; the will names:

Wife, Sarah—100 acres of land between Double Branch & Raccoon Swann.

Son, Thoms Moore—100 acres where he now lives and 1 Negro named Peter.

Son, John—1 Negro woman named Amy and 19 lbs.

Son, William Moore—185 acres where I now live & Negro woman, Yenor.

Son, **BARHAM MOORE**—remainder of land & Negroes, Ben & Moses.

Dau., Elizabeth Johnson—a Negro was given named Patt.

Dau., Ann Renn given a Negro woman named Frank.

Dau., Susannah Moore given a Negro girl named Anah.

Dau., Martha Moore given a Negro girl named Lucy.

Dau., Rebecca Moore given a Negro boy named Jesse.

Dau., Sarah Moore, given a Negro girl named Phebe.

Daughters, Martha, Rebecca and Sarah to have estates at age 14. Wife to bring them up; son, Barrum to go for himself when 18.

Execs. Son, Thomas Moore and Joseph Renn.

Will dated 9 March 1765 and probated in court of Surry, 15 Aug. 1765.

Witnesses: Sylvanus Stokes, William Ezell and Nathaniel Newsam. (Surry Co., Will Book; recorded 15 Aug. 1765).

**Climbing  
The  
Family  
Tree**



By HUGH S. WATSON Jr.

**Feature Rules**

1. Send all letters to Daily Press, Newport News; name and address of sender must be given.

2. Questions and answers must be clearly stated on large size paper 8 1/2 by 11 inches, written double-space in ink or typed on one-side of paper only; postal cards and small paper not acceptable; three questions only.

3. Answers will be through the column only. Correspondents making reply must give answers using data pertinent and brief.





# Climbing The Family Tree

Genealogy: Questions  
And Answers

By HUGH S. WATSON Jr.

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

HAVE YOU EVER HAD ONE TO ASK YOU JUST HOW LONG IT TOOK THOMAS JEFFERSON TO WRITE THE DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE? This writer has had this asked of him many times, however, a direct answer could not be given for never had there been an answer to such a question of this kind.

Jefferson was named to a committee June 7, 1776 to formulate a resolution for the Colonies in the Continental Congress in which it was to declare the independence of the 13 American colonies. Jefferson had completed the document by June 28, 1776, so it appeared that it took him 21 days to write the Declaration of Independence.

## QUESTIONS

**A1009. BLANKS - INGRAM HOUSE - VAN DICK VAN DYKE.** This continues as the second on the series covering these families, which appeared under No. A1006 in Sunday issue of 16 Feb. 1963.

Nancy (Ann) Blanks, m.—Moses Collier (Brunswick County, Marriage Bonds, dated 1 Aug. 1769, with John House Security). They had, perhaps among other children: Willia (Blanks) Collier and Charles Collier.

Moses was living in Brunswick County, Dec. 21, 1771, for this following indenture so proves: "This indenture made this 21st day of December in the 12th Reign of our Soveraign Lord George the 3rd, by the Grace of God — of Great Brittain, France and Ireland — King, and Defender of the Faith, etc., and in the year of our Lord God 1771, between Moses Collier, and Ann his wife, of the Parish of St. Andrews, and County Brunswic Co., Va.) Aforesaid of the other part. Witnesseth that the said Moses and Ann, his wife; for, and in consideration of the sum of eighty-four pounds, current money of Virginia, to them in hand paid at and before this en sealing and delivery of these presents, the receipt thereof."

**THEY DO** hereby acknowledge themselves therewith to be fully satisfied and contented, and have granted tract of land lying and beginning in the Parish, and County aforesaid on the West side of Rocky Run, containing by estimation 161 acres more, or less, beginning at the road on the Rocky Run, thence up the various courses of the said run to Daniel Mabry's, etc. Mose Collier (SS), An (her X mark) Collier (SS); Witnesses: William Vaughan, D. Collier. Recorded 24th February 1772—. This indenture acknowledged by Moses Collier and Ann, his wife, parties thereto having as the law directs examined privately, and freely, and voluntarily relinquished her right of Dower." Reference: Brunswick County, Deed Book No. 10, page 322).

Also living in Brunswick County, Jan. 21, 1774, when deed to 100 acres of land to William Fanning was recorded, Deed Bk. 2, page 193.

Moses Collier died prior to June 25, 1787 according to the following: "appraisal, and account of Moses Collier's Estate. To, Cash paid to Anne Collier in part of her Dower —" the on "Dec. 20, 1787 — to one years board in Ingram, Moses and Charles Collier, — 24 pounds, Lewis Collier, Administrator. Returned to Court 24th day of Dec. 1787, and ordered recorded."

Moses Collier was the 3rd son of William Collier, born Dec. 29, 1688 (Family Bible Record). This William Collier died Nov. 1759. No record has been found of the name of the wife of William Collier. The will of William Collier, died Nov. 13, 1739, proved Nov. 26, 1759 (Brunswick County, Will Book 3, page 304.)

The will of William Collier mentioned just above names: sons Howell, Moses, Lewis, Drury, William, Nathaniel, Elizabeth and Sarah.

Moses Collier served as a soldier in regular service in Col. Byrd's Regiment, Virginia Colonial Militia, Rockbridge County, 15 August 1779 (from Land Bounty Certificates).

**RECORDS FURTHER** show that Moses Collier served both Colonial and Revolutionary Militia: Page 84, Virginia Colonial Militia — list of John Murray's Co. of Volunteers from Botetourt County, reads, "Moses Collier, Sgt. — Source Draper MSS, Vol. 17, Virginia Magazine of History & Biography, page 325), "The same in favor of Wm. Napier and Moses Collier for service in Capt. Dickinson's ranging Capt. Dickinson's Ranging Ingram Collier, son of Moses Collier and wife Nancy (Ann) Blanks, married Susanna Broward, 21 years of age, on Oct. 4, 1782, in Brunswick County, Jos. Broward gives affidavit as to her age; surities, Edmund Collier, & (?) and married by Rev. Aaron Brown, Methodist as shown on page 71, Virginia Marriage Records.

Ingram Collier and wife Susanna Broward had issue: Ingram Blanks Collier, who married Martha Covington, Dec. 24, 1817; she being born 10, 1801, died Sept. 12, 1863. Ingram Collier moved to Rutherford County, Tenn. before 1817.

Ingram Blanks Collier and Martha Covington had issue: James M. Collier, born Oct. 19, 1818, died 4 Oct. 1862, while serving in Confederate Army, married Eliza Clark and their children died in infancy; Emily B. Collier, born March 10, 1820, died Aug. 13, 1849, m. Edmond Coker, Dec. 10, 1839. Edmond Coker was born Oct. 11 1810 and died Dec. 16, 1857; Emily B. Collier, who was born March 10, 1820, died Aug. 13, 1849; this couple had: Sallie Elizabeth Coker, died June 7, 1924, did not marry; William Coker, born Sept. 12, 1844, died Jan. 29, 1874, unmarried; Martha Collier, born April 9, 1842, died July 7, 1900, married Feb. 7, 1860, Burgess H. Jameson, born Feb. 20, 1835, died Sept. 5, 1870.

Susan E. Collier, dau. of Ingram & Martha (Covington)

ton) Collier, born Dec. 13, 1821, died Jan. 6, 1822.

John A. Collier, born June 2, 1823, died June 20, 1896, son of Ingram and Martha (Covington) Collier, married (1st) Susan —, m. (2nd) Fannie A. Wills; their children died in infancy.

Nicholas Collier, born Nov. 11, 1825, died April 24, 1826, son of Ingram & Martha Collier.

Martha S. Collier, born Mar. 19, 1827, died July 25, 1891, dau. of Ingram & Martha Collier, married William Lane on Nov. 1, 1843; he being born Feb. 15, 1821, died May 24, 1882.

Thomas H. Collier, born Dec. 9, 1830, died May 12, 1831, son of Ingram and Martha.

Jesse Anderson Collier, born June 4, 1829, died June 9, 1880, son of Ingram and Martha Collier, married Martha McKnight.

Newton Cannon Collier, born Mar. 12, 1832, died Feb. 6, 1915, son of Ingram Collier and Martha, married Joana Rowe; they had no issue.

Marcus L. Collier, born Feb. 26, 1834, died without issue.

Ingram Blanks Collier, Jr., born Dec. 10, 1838, died Jan. 22, 1879, son of Ingram and Martha Collier, married Louisa Cushman Jones; she died Jan. 1, 1924. This couple had the following children: Nama Collier, born Apr. 9, 1870, died Sept. 10, 1886; Carmine Col-

lier, born Feb. 20, 1872, died Nov. 1, 1954, unmarried; Ingram Blanks Collier, III, b. Jan. 2; 1874 and died Nov. 10, 1880. The above mentioned Ingram Blanks Collier Jr. was a man of great wealth and prominence; he served as mayor of Murfreesboro, Tenn. and was one of the founders of the First National Bank and was its first cashier; he was for many years an active cotton broker.

Feliz W. Collier, born July 30, 1840, died April 22, 1890, son of Ingram and Martha Collier, died unmarried.

**THEN WE GO** back to an earlier member of the family named William Moses Collier, who married Angeline or Evangeline Cross, dau. of Charles Cross who was born in Lunenburg County, Va. in 1747 and died 1785, Amelia County. This Wm. Moses Collier married Phoebe Tomlinson, Nov. 6, 1770, in Lunenburg County. Charles cross served in the Revolutionary War as a private in Capt. Edward Carland's Co., 14th Regiment, commanded by Col. Charles Lewis. He enlisted Sept. 5, 1777 for three years, was transferred to Capt. Winston's Co. (his name is last borne on the company's muster roll for March 1779, dated Valley Forge, April 5, 1778, Book 269, plate 8; he resided in Amelia County, during the War).

(This Blanks family data

will be continued in the next issue).

## BARHAM

**BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY.** This continues as the 33rd article on the Barham family. We shall begin with Entry No. 33:

Entry No. 33. —1766, July 14. Accounts current for Estates of Robert and Mary Warren, returned by Peter Warren:

Item: dated (1754) "by cash of Robert Barham 0-10-5½; By Cash of John Barham 0-4-7 (Reference: Surry County, Will Book 1754-1768, p. 419). (Note: We shall give the will of Robert Warren, which was probated 21 July 1752, which names:

Son, Joseph, given land  
Wife, Mary  
Eldest daughter, Elizabeth  
2nd Daughter, Mary  
3rd Daughter, Martha  
4th Daughter, Sarah (youngest dau. is an infant); witnesses: Peter Warren, Thom—the will was dated 9 April 1751 and as stated was probated July 21, 1752 (Surry County, Will Book 1738-1754, page 782).

1766, July 14, Estelle of Robert d Mary Warren, page 418, Book 1754-1768, began 1754. Paid legacies to Patty, Sally & Lucy's legacies at LB. 22 - 10 - 0 each 67:0:0. Paid Joseph Warren's legacy due him per his father's will, 22: 10:0.

By Cash of John Barham 0-4-7-

By cash of Robert Barham 0-10-5; Dated July 14, 1766 by Peter Warren (Surry County, Book 1738-1754)

**THE WILL** of Robert Warren dated April 9, 1751, probated 21 July 1752, names:

Son, Joseph, given land and plantation  
Eldest daughter, Elizabeth  
2nd Daughter Mary  
3rd Daughter Martha  
4th Daughter, Sarah  
Youngest daughter an infant (not named yet) (Note: This child was not given as this above, so we have an unnamed child here)

Wife, Mary, Extrx.  
Witnesses, Peter Warren, Thomas Warren; Probated 21 July 1752.

Then in Surry County, Book 1754-1768, page 19 —Indenture Robert Warren, 21 July Thompson, John Harris and W. Marriott Jr.

1768, we find in the Sheriff's Tax Book of James City County, the names of two Barham with:

Robert Barham with 6 tithes Barham family showing these and 148 acres of land

Charles Barham with six tithes and 550 acres of land (This reference is: "The Virginia Genealogist, Vol. 1, pages 18-22).

1768, May 2. Lucy, daughter of Thomas and Sarah Barham, born; with sponsors, Nathaniel Newsum, Lucy Fort and Elizabeth Adams (This is from the Albemarle Parish Register of Sussex County, and again shows those Barham names to the south of Surry County.

This Barham family data will continue in the next issue.

## BARD

This family arms of the Bard name has been used by the family of Delaware.

This named family descend from Archibald Bard who died in the year 1765. He was with others who were from the mother country of Ireland and settled in the Delaware Colony at Newcastle about the year 1740.

A group took up land by purchase and he Archibald Bard bought 5,000 acres in Prince George's County, Maryland and named this "Carroll's Delight." This became the family seat of the Bard family. Archibald Bard had,



Richard Bard, who was born in 1736 and died in the 1799. This Richard had wife name unknown to this editor; however, this family group had difficulty with the Indians and all were captured meaning the named Richard Bard, wife and two children together with servants of the family in April 1758 by the Delaware Indians from their home. Their home was located

near the foot of South Mountain. The children were killed, a great grief to the parents, though the father escaped he could not take his wife, but for sums of money at a later date of about 3 years he paid her ransom. This Richard Bard settled in the county of Cumberland in Penna., where he was a man of prominence in his community; he was a judge the county courts. He served during the Pennsylvania Convention of 1787. The Town of Bardstown in Kentucky was settled by Richard Bard and brothers David and William, which they layed out. The holdings of this Richard Bard were great for he possessed land in three known states, namely, Pennsylvania, Maryland and Kentucky. Richard Bard married in the year 1755, Catherine Poe, who was born in 1737 and died in the 1811.



# Climbing The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON

## STOCKTON



ARMS: Gules, a chevron vair, argent and azure between three mullets or.

CREST: A lion rampant, supporting an Ionic pillar

MOTTO: Omnia deo pendent.

This arms has been used by the family of Richard Stockton, who was born about the year 1630 and died 1707 having come from England to Flushing, Long Island, New York before the year 1666; he acquired much land and this great tract became the place where Princeton, N. J. now is located. This Richard Stockton was patriotic and helpful to defend his fellow citizens by having been a member of the Flushing, L.I., N. Y. Troop of Horse in the year 1665. He married a lady whose given name was Abigail, but whose last name is not known to this editor; the marriage took place in the year 1652; they had,

Abigail Stockton, who was married in the year 1693 to Richard Ridgeway as his 2nd wife. This Richard Ridgeway died in 1723, having been the grandson of Sir Robert Ridgeway, 2nd Earl of Londonderry. The Richard Ridgeway in question was in American in the year 1679 and was named to judgeship of Burlington, N. J., at which he served several terms; this couple had,

Joseph Ridgeway, who married in the year 1737, Hannah Allen; and this couple had,

Abigail Ridgeway, who married in the year 1760, Josiah Haines; and they had,

Caleb Haines, who married in the year 1781, Mary Eldridge; they had,

Josiah Haines, who married in 1820, Lydia March.

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

SECESSIONISTS IN THE FAR NORTH-WEST WERE ACTIVE DURING THE CIVIL WAR PERIOD 100 YEARS AGO. THIS WAS RECORDED IN THE STATE OF OREGON. The following was taken from the Sacramento (Calif.) Daily Bee Newspaper of January 3, 1863:

"OREGON. The steamer Sierra Nevada brought Portland dates to the 24th ultimo. Secessionists seem to have taken a fresh start in Portland, and the Jeff. Davisites were rather more bold in their manifestations. It is rumored that Gen. Joe Lane was at work for the rebels, making some sort of an organization which was to make a demonstration shortly. It is not denied that the rebel sympathizers have made regular county societies throughout Oregon and Washington Territory, particularly in the mining districts. A large number are also reported as having taken up their quarters at Victoria, where the authorities openly sympathize with the rebels."

### QUESTIONS

A1010. BLANKS-INGRAM-HOUSE - VAN DICK (VAN DYKE). Wish any data possible on the listed names and their connections with those listed in the following data given here:

The children of Charles Cross were: Agnes or "Angeline," born 1780 (m.-William Moses Collier (Roster of Soldiers, The Tennessee Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, 1894-1960", pp. 514-515).

The following Indenture made "this 17th day of Aug. 1816, between Moses Collier of Madison, Mississippi Territory (now Madison, Ala.) of the first part, and Avent Massey, County of Greenville, Virginia, the other part: In consideration of 51 pounds, 14s & 8½d. to him, give all my rights and interests and claims whatsoever in the land that fell to me by the death of my father Moses Collier, also all the dower of my deceased mother Nancy Collier." We know that in 1820 Census records that the family is found in Montgomery Co., Tenn., later in the State of Miss. (Tallahatchie Co.) and finally settling in Montgomery Co., Tenn. He served for a short time in the War of 1812, with Capt. William Bolling's Goochland Volunteers, Troop of Cavalry from the 36th Regiment, Virginia Militia stationed at Camp Fairfield, Virginia, and the records indicate that his organization was from Nottoway Co., Va. His service record was from Aug. 23rd to Sept. 3rd, 1814.

This Moses Collier had the following children: William Henry Collier, born in Va., 1808, died in Montgomery Co., Tenn., buried in Rudolph Cemetery of that county (m.-Elizabeth (Betty) J. Bryant Crockett, an orphan reared by Col. David Crockett.

The 1860 Census records for Montgomery Co., Tenn. show as follows:

Wm. Henry Collier, age 52 yrs., born Virginia (wife) E. J. Collier, ae 46 yrs., born Va. Children)

Martha A. Collier, ae 19, b. Miss. (m.-Mack Swift, 1870)

One (1) son deceased

William Moses Collier, ae. 17, b. Miss. (Tallahatchie Co., on Febr. 18, 1840 or 43,

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3. Answers will be through the column only. Correspondents making reply must give answers using data pertinent and brief.

4. Answers will be published from other readers as research by editor is too time-consuming; however, the editor will assist when possible. This feature is a clearing house for readers. The editor reserves the right to retain and edit questions and number of questions and date that question appeared. If answers are to be forwarded, must be accompanied by plain stamped envelope.



died March 4, 1930, buried Greenwood Cemetery, Clarksville Co., Tenn.; m.-Ellen Ramey, born Nov. 10, 1851, died May 1929).

Amanda Virginia Collier, ae 14, born Tenn.

Richard M. Collier, ae 12, born Tenn. (m.-Sallie Powers)

Alexander E. Collier, ae 10, born Tenn. (m.-Cornelia Burton, and had one son).

So, the family moved from Miss to Tenn. (Montgomery Co., about 1855-1856.

Now, back to children of Moses Collier—Edmond Lewis Collier, b. 25 Oct. 1817, died Feb. 23 1881 (m.-Sarah Johnson on 8 May 1857, she being born Feb. 15, 1834 and died 25 May 1904, both buried in Orwood Cemetery, Lafayette Co., Miss.

Charles Ingram Collier, son of Moses Collier,

Elizabeth (Bettie) Collier, dau. of Moses, Martha Collier, dau. of Moses,

Pheba (Phebe) Collier, dau. of Moses, Jane Collier, dau. of Moses Collier.

Now we go back to Charles Collier, who married Elizabeth Hudson on 12 Nov. 1804, with sureties. Charles Collier and Ingram Blanks, Brunswick Co., Va. Marriage Records. The 1810 Census of Rutherford Co., lists Charles Collier and the Court records there show he served as a juror in the years of 1811 and 1812.

The names of Ingram and Joseph Blanks are almost certain to be brothers as descendants preserved the name Ingram for several generations. Thomas Blanks is also thought to be a brother. It can be assumed that the mother was a Miss Ingram.

John Ingram of the Upper Parish, Isle of Wight Co., Va., mentions sons Roger, John, William, and daughter Elizabeth, Exor., son John; dated Dec. 21, 1720, proved 26 June 1721 (Isle of Wight Co., Va., Will Book 2, page 89). The Roger Ingram, earliest to be found of the family in Virginia Colony and county of Isle of Wight, perhaps left no will, but the account of his estate and inventory was returned by John Munger, Jan. 10, 1668 (Isle of Wight Co., Va. Records, Vol. I, page 12, by Blanche Adams Chapman).

The first Roger Ingram was probably the father or grandfather of Roger Ingram, who died in Isle of Wight Co., Va., leaving a will dated March 12, 1733 and proved Sept. 23, 1734, in which are named the following:

Wife, Elizabeth; son John; daughter Sarah; dau. Elizabeth; son William; son Roger; and son Richard; Exor., Thomas Shelley and Benjamin Hodges. The executors refused to serve and wife Elizabeth qualified (Isle of Wight Co., Va., Will Book 2, page 70).

One of the above Elizabeth could have been the mother in question since the Ingrams ended up in Brunswick Co., Va.

Anyone having data on these lines and placing the Elizabeth in question, please contact Mr. William L. Blanks, 2514-34th Avenue, Meridian, Miss. 39301).

### ANSWERS

TOMES FAMILY OF NORTH CAROLINA. Francis Tomes, Sr. died 4/3/1712; he married Pershillah Nicholson, and m. (2ndly) Mrs. Abigail Lury; m.-3rd, Mary Nicholson.

Children of Francis Tomes, Sr. & wife Pershillah Nicholson:

Penelope, b. 10/2/1668

Mary, b. 4/1/1670 (m.-Gabriel Newby)

Francis Tomes, Jr., b. 1672 (m.-Mrs. Margaret Brogue Lawrence; m.-2ndly, Rebecca Peirc (Reference Will; Sept. 5, 1728,

North Carolina Wills & Inventories by Grimes, N.C.2, pp.430.

Elizabeth

Pershillah, b. 1675 (m.-John Nicholson, 9/20/1700

Joseph (the 1st), b. 1677

Caleb, b. 1/30/1679

Joshua, b. 1679 (m.-Sarah Gosby, 2/23/1701; m.-2nd, Rebecca Sutton, in 1726)

Francis Tomes, Sr. & 2nd wife Mrs. Baigail Lury had, Abigail, born 12/10/1684.

Now, Francis Tomes, Jr. & Margaret (Brough) (Lawrence) had,

Mary Tomes, m.-Nathan Newby; m.-2nd, Samuel Moore)

Elizabeth Tomes (m.-John Phelps, 11/4/1720)

Penelope Tomes (m.-Jos. Pierce

Margaret Tomes (m.-Isaac Elliott)

Francis (2) Tomes, Jr. & 2nd, wife had: Francis (3) Tomes (m.-Rebecca—)

Pleasant Tomes (m.-Jos. Winslow)

Priscilla Tomes (m.-Williams, 10/1/1725)

We then have Francis (3) Tomes and wife Rebecca —, who had issue:

Zaraciah Tomes (M.1st, Margaret White (will 11/14/1770)

Rebecca Tomes (m.-Caleb White

Mary Tomes (m.-Jos. McAdams)

Caleb Tomes, born 3/3/1748

Elizabeth Tomes (m.1st, Samuel Phelps; m.2nd, Chalkey Albertson)

(More on this Tomes will be printed at a later date.—Editor).

### BARHAM

BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA. This continues as the 34th article on this family; therefore this will be Entry No. 34:

ENTRY No. 34—1768, July 14. Will of David Newsum; names:

Wife, Mary

Sons, Randolph, Joel, Barham, William, James;

Daughter, Lucy

Execrs., Wife Mary & friend James Barham

Dated 22, Nov. 1767

Witnesses: Henry Taylor, Temperance Taylor, James Taylor, John Pearce.

Probated 14 July 1768 (Reference: Southampton Co., Va., Book 2, of Will, page 244).

1768, Aug. 11. Charles Barham was witness for Thomas Day & wife in case VS the Executors of John Browne, deceased. Ordered Thomas Day pay him 150 lbs of Tobacco for 6 days attendance at court (Reference: Southampton Co., Va. Order Book, 1768-1772, page 89).

1768, Aug. 16. Accounts Current for Estate of George Cryer; Item—Robert Barham 0-6-3 (Reference: Surry Co., Will Book 1768-1779, page 11).

1768, Dec. 8; Indenture—(Deed). from James Speed, wife Ellener to James Barham, Planter; 100 Lbs. for 280 Acres on North Side of 3 Creeks; part granted to John Watkins by his father, William Watkins, 16 Oct. 1747; 75 acres bought by John Watkins of John Harper on 4 Sept. 1762; balance of 20 acres bought by James Speed of John Sands on 10 March 1763; no witnesses (Reference: Southampton Co., Va. Deed Book 4, page 128) (Note: This shows that this James Barham remained in Southampton County.)

1769, Jan 19. Indenture (Deed) from Thomas Barham of Albemarle Parish, Sussex Co., Va. to son, Charles Barham for love and affection; 200 acres on South Side of Nottoway River above the mouth of Cock's Branch, a corner line of land formerly Samuel Harwood's, byt now Henry Tyler's, adjacent to Mary Knight; witnesses, Benjamin Adams, Philip Harwood, Danile Harwood (Reference: Sussex Co., Va. Deed Book "C" (1768-1772, page 48).

1768, April 18. Indenture (Deed) from John Judkins, Sr. to Samuel Judkins; 100 acres land adjacent to Nicholas Fauldon (formerly William Holt's); Mill Swamp to the mouth of Barham's Spring Branch, and up said branch to a corner tree and by a line of marked trees joining one John Barham (formerly Robert Barham's), to the 1st station. (Reference: Surry Co., Va. Deed Book 1760-1769, page 422).

This Barham family data will be continued in future issues of this feature.



# Climbing The Family Tree

## WYLLIS



ARMS: Argent, a chevron between three mullets gules.  
CREST: A falcon, wings expanded, proper, belled or.

This arms has been used by the family of Governor George Wyllis. He was born in the year 1602 and died in 1645 a comparatively young man having come from his mother country of England and settled in Hartford, Conn. where he was prominent in the affairs of his community, as well as the Colony of Connecticut. He was a member of the troopers in the Piquot War. His leadership led to his being named as the governor's assistant in the year 1638-9. And at a later date was named Governor of the Colony of Connecticut for 1641-42. He had son,

Samuel Wyllis who married in the year 1655 Ruth Haynes, the daughter of John Haynes. This Haynes line was well established and the members are recorded to have been descended from Charlemagne, Hugh Capet, Louis I, King of France, as well as, King Edward I, of England and Alfred the Great. Samuel Wyllis and Ruth Haynes had,

Mary Wyllis, who was born in the year 1655 and died in 1729. She married in the year 1684, the Rev. Joseph Eliot, who was born in 1638 and died in 1684, who was also a son of a minister, the Rev. John Eliot. Mary Wyllis and Rev. Joseph Eliot, had,

Dr. Jared Eliot, who was born in 1685 and died in 1763. This Dr. Eliot married Elizabeth Smithson, daughter of Samuel Smithson. This couple had,

Jared Eliot who married Elizabeth Lord of the New England family of the name and long prominent in the affairs of New England. This couple had,

Jared Eliot, who married Clarissa Lewis and they had, Mary Eliot who married Joseph Grafton.

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

One hundred years ago the pay of a policeman in the South was but \$40 per month. It was considered not sufficient to obtain the type of men they wished on the job. The following was taken from the Memphis Daily Bulletin newspaper of Jan. 8, 1863:

"The police pay."

"A resolution was offered that the pay of the police be raised from \$40 to \$50 a month. It was well stated that the present pay of \$40 a month is not sufficient, these hard times, to keep a man and family. There are many complaints about police, but what kind of men can the public expect to have at \$10 a week each. If we are to have a good police a rate of compensation must be paid that will support a man and his family decently."

## QUESTIONS

A1011. VANCE. Several months ago in your column, "Climbing the Family Tree", you printed the Vance family coat-of-arms. Can you tell me where to find the colors used in it? (Alice H. Vance, 209 Robert Elliffe Road Williamsburg, Virginia).

A1012. WARREN - PRESTON - GENTRY ROBINSON. Wanted the names of parents of Reuben and John Warren. Reuben Warren was born ca. 1760/1765 (was a Revolutionary War Soldier). He married 1st, in 1790 — Preston in Kentucky, possibly Lincoln Co.; he married 2nd, in Jan. 1811, Margaret Hancock in Wayne Co., Ky.

Reuben Warren had issue by both marriages. About the year 1838, Reuben Warren and family settled in Itawamba Co., Miss., where he died in 1850. Reuben Warren was probably born in Virginia.

John Warren, brother of the above mentioned Reuben Warren, was born abt. 1776/8, and by the 1850 Census, he states he was born in Virginia. He died in Itawamba, Co., Miss. in 1863. The 1st wife of John Warren was supposedly — Gentry and his 2nd wife whom he married ca 1833/4, in Tenn., was Sarah Robinson. John Warren had seven children by Gentry (?) and 10 or 11 children by Sarah Robinson.

Reuben Warren the Revolutionary War Soldier, is my ancestor. He had sons: Reuben, Jr., Nathaniel, Noble, and others (?) Daughters, Ellen and possibly Nancy.

Would like to contact any person or persons who are working on the Warren lines.

Family tradition is that Reuben Warren was related to General Joseph Warren of Bunker Hill, Revolutionary War fame, but I find most Warrens claim some relationship to old Gen. Joseph; he was also related to the John Adams family, (Is this the President John Adams family?). NOTE by Editor of this feature: Is it suggested that any tradition be followed, but do not put too much stock in tradition claiming connection with persons of fame, if they are not from the same area of the country for such is not very probable).

I am descended from Reuben Warren through his son (Thomas?) Noble Warren, his dates about 1812-1874; he died in Lee County, Miss. and I have seen his Grave, but his gravestone has gone. He had sons:

Reuben F. Warren, James F., Addison Franklin, and Benjamin Harrison Warren; and there was a daughter, Mary V. Warren.

I have much information on the Mississippi Warrens and will be grateful for help. (Beulah Warren Moore, Mrs. C. E. Moore, 557 S. Beach St., Fort Worth, Texas 76105).

A1013. ELAM - MURRAY - STOBES-BOLLING. Want any data available on Samuel Elam and Margaret B. Murray, his wife, of Virginia; however, he died in Tenn., where she also died. He married 2ndly, Elizabeth Stobes, widow of Allen Stobes.

The "B" in name of Margaret Murray may have stood for the name of Bolling. Especially wish data on the line of Margaret B. Murray. (Milton Murray, II, Mathews Court House, Virginia).

A1014. CRITTENDEN. Am trying to obtain information regarding one John J. Crittenden. It is my understanding that Mr. Crittenden was born some place in Virginia in the year 1832 or 1839, he was a resident of New York in 1875 and according to the Census at said time he was a sea captain. He died a resident of New York on June 23, 1915.

I would like to know Mr. Crittenden's



By HUGH S. WATSON

birthplace and also whether he has any relatives surviving. (C.J.H., Staten Island, N.Y.).

## ANSWERS

A1011. VANCE. Since the inquirer about the coloring or blazonary of the Vance coat-of-arms lives in the area of which is included the finest library on Virginia families and books covering such arms, it is suggested that the inquirer make a trip to the William & Mary College Library, Williamsburg, Virginia and there ask for books covering arms. There are many and this editor is sure that with a little time and effort you can find just what you wish.—Editor.

A1012. WARREN - PRESTON - HANCOCK - GENTRY - ROBINSON. Since you are looking for data on the name of Warren covering the brothers Reuben and John, it is suggested that you ask your local librarian for the Preston Papers, which are in book form. Also suggest that you go through the abstracted records of Augusta County, Va., which were done by Chaulkley.

The Warren families are more than one in Virginia, since there was one group in the Charles City Co., Va. area and another in the Southside area including Surry Co., Sussex and Prince George Cos. Then there was the group that came out of Maryland and went into the Western section of Virginia and into Kentucky and Tenn. You may have come from the Maryland group, so suggest that you search in the book, "The Rucker Family", by Sudie Rucker Wood; therein are some data covering the Warren Family of Maryland and your Reuben and John Warren could be listed there. Then again, you could have a Warren line out of Mecklenburg and Lunenburg Cos., Virginia. This line is from the Surry County, Va. family of Thomas Warren, who purchased the property of Thomas Rolfe, son of the Indian Princess, Pocahontas, and thereon built the famous "Warren House", a gem in architecture and now a historic shrine owned by the Association for the Preservation of Virginia Antiquities. This line has been written well and included among the many books published by John Bennett Brodie.—Editor.

## BARHAM FAMILY

BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA. This continues as the 35th article covering the Barham family and its connections. We shall use for this article ENTRY No. 35:

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ENTRY No. 35-1763, May 11. Will of Benjamin Jarrell probated this date names:

Wife, Mary,  
Daughters, Elizabeth and Ann  
William Jarrell, son,

Exors., Wife and Albridgeton Jones  
Will dated 25 Feb. 1769 with witnesses, Henry Thomas, Richard Ricks, and Benjamin Barham (Reference: Southampton Co., Va. Will Book No. 2, Page 276; this being the Southampton Co., family of Barham listed herein—Editor; also note that there was a marriage bond in Southampton Co., Va. for Benjamin Jarrell to Mary Jones, daughter of Albridgeton Jones in the year 1764; with surety, Charles Simmons — Editor).

We shall also include the will of Thomas Jarrell, which was probated in 1753 in which he names:

Sons, Thomas, John and Benjamin  
Daughters, Ann Ricks, and Elizabeth  
Grandson, Thomas Jarrell

Execrs., Wife Martha, son Thomas, and Richard Ricks (Reference: Southampton Co., Va., Will Book No. 1, page 130; also note that there was a marriage bond in that same county in the year 1755 for Martha Jarrell, widow and Henry Thomas. This will show that the widow Martha Jarrell, of Thomas Jarrell, married Mr. Henry Thomas.

1770, Sept. 13. The Estate of Benjamin Jarrell was appraised by Henry Taylor, Benjamin Barham and Robert Jones. (Here again we have Benjamin Barham—Editor). Additional appraisal of the Estate of Benjamin Jarrell by Benjamin Barham, Robert Jones, Peterson Thorpe and signed by Albridgeton Jones (Reference: Southampton Co., Va., Will Book 2, page 338).

1769, June 15. Indenture (or deed) from Charles Barham and wife Mary, of Albemarle Parish, Sussex Co., Va. to Thomas Barham for 15 lbs. covering 75 acres of land in Sussex Co., Va. on the North side of Poplar Swamp, south side of Cock's Branch adjacent to Samuel Stokes. Lower part of a tract granted Francis Felts for 180 acres on Jan. 12, 1746. There were no witnesses. (Acknowledged at Court; Reference: Sussex Co., Va. Deed Book "D", 1767-1772, page 103).

1769, Aug. 10. The Estate of Christopher Foster appraised by Charles Barham, Joshua Fort, and James Barham (Reference: Southampton Co., Va., Will Book No. 2, page 294). The Will of Christopher Foster was probated March 12, 1767 and names:

Sons, John, Moses, Newit Foster  
Daughter, Amy  
Grandson, Richard, son of Elias Foster

Wife, Alice  
Christopher Foster resigns guardianship of John Westbrook's orphans

Execs., Sons Newit and Moses Foster

Will dated Nov. 17, 1766; witnesses, Arthur Foster, John Fort, John Westbrook (Reference: Southampton Co., Va., Will Book 2, Page 191). (This again shows the Southampton Co., Barham family.—Editor).

1769, Oct. 17. Jesse Barham appointed Overseer of Roads in the room of George Gardnes (Reference: Surry Co., Va. Order Book 1764-1774, page 199). This now is the line from which the present day family of Barham has its connection in Surry Co., Va. — Editor).

1770, March 17. Indenture (or deed) from Thomas Barham to Charles Barham, both of Sussex Co., Va. This deed was for a Negro girl named Abigail about age 13 years; witnesses, Benjamin Adams, William Newsum and Daniel Harwood (Reference: Sussex Co., Va. Deed Book 1768-1772 and designated as Book "D", page 210).

1770, March 20. James Baird, administrator for Estate of Philip King, VS Peter Barom and James Carroll (Surry Co., Va., Order Book 1763-1774, pages 2-7). The will of Robert Barham was probated July 17, 1770, and names:

Son, William Barham, given all lands and given negroes, Lucy, Amy, Dick, Harry and Pat

Granddaughter, Elizabeth (not of age) given 20 shillings

Will was dated March 27, 1770; with witnesses, Edmund Waller, and William Ruffin (Reference: Surry Co., Va., Will Book 1768-1779, page 98).

This Barham family data will be continued in the next issue.



# Climbing The Family Tree

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

It seems that the government has been cheated 100 years and may have been cheated before. Could our government be cheated today? The following article was taken from the "Southern Confederacy" newspaper of Georgia of January 1, 1863. It reads as follows:

"The Yankee Government Again Cheated. Ten thousand shells were sent to Burnside by Gen. Meigs of the Ordnance Department when the former was about to cross the Potomac. Upon examination, it was ascertained that not one in ten was likely to explode; sand having been substituted for powder. Burnside seems to be rather unfortunate. When his expedition first left Annapolis, he discovered that a large quantity of the cartridges furnished him, were actually without powder."

## QUESTIONS

A1015. Johnston-Bradley-Alexander. Wish all possible data on Benjamin Johnston and wife Elizabeth (Bradley) who in 1744 came from England; also want data on the brothers and sisters of their son, Abel Johnston. Abel Johnston, son of the above Benjamin Johnston resided at Cross Creek, Ohio Co., Va., 1776 to 1820-21. He married Ann Alexander, daughter of Joseph Alexander.

(B). Mc Clary-Johnston. Wish all possible data on William Mc Clary or McCleary who married Machel Johnston, daughter of Abel and Ann (Alexander) Johnston, above.

(C). Collier-Pike. Does your corresponding inquirer with the initials "B.W.L." of Boise, Idaho have any data on the parents of Samuel Collier who married Elizabeth Pike on March 20, 1771 in Pasquotank County, North Carolina? If "B.W.L." is interested, this is an allied line to the Overman, Blount, Elliot, Belman and Wilson family lines.

(The above query was entered by Marie V. Tufts, 507 Grant St., Santa Cruz, California 95062 and she has offered data on the family names of Belman, Newby, Overman, Blount, Wilson, Toms, Johnston, Johnson, Pike, Collier, some Nixon, Elliott, Pearson, McClary also Hunnicut, Lamb and Ladd).

A1016. Williamson-Webb-Smith. Would like to contact any one of the descendants Rev. William Williamson, who married Mary Webb Smith (1763-1814) about the year 1799 in Granville County, N.C. Mary Webb (Smith) Williamson was the daughter of Colonel Samuel Smith (1729-1800) of "Abram's Palms" in North Granville County near Stovall, N.C. and later removed to the Dakota Territory, where the Rev. Mr. Williamson was a missionary to the Indians. They had a daughter, Jane Smith Williamson (1803-1895) also a son and maybe more children. I have several letters of great interest, which they wrote back to her mother Mary Webb Smith and to other members of the family regarding her inheritance from the estate of her uncle John Granville Smith. (W. Pressley Davis, P.O. Box 61, Stovall, N.C.)

A1017. Pollard. Want all available information on the parents and wife of Henry Pollard, born ca. 1743; married ca. 1765 Machel (last name of this wife not known). This couple was found in Lunenburg County with nine children as early as 1769 and three of their children married in the County of Lunenburg. Their children were:

- (1) William Pollard, born 1766/7; married 16 Jan. 1787; died by the year 1814, Cropper, Shelby County, Kentucky.
- (2) Rebecca, born 1768; married 11 May 1785.
- (3) Mary, born 1770; married 3 Dec. 1789
- (4) Elijah
- (5) Elisha, born 2 April 1773; married 14 July 1798, Sarah Croke in Madison County, Ky.; he died 22 Sept. 1852, Campbellsburg, Washington County, Ind.
- (6) Celia Pollard
- (7) Ony Pollard
- (8) Henry Pollard
- (9) Nancy Pollard

In the year 1793 Henry Pollard and Rachel, his wife, sold all property in Lunenburg County and removed to Shelby County, Ky. where they both died leaving wills.

As Bedford County was formed in



By HUGH S. WATSON

1753/4 from Lunenburg and Albemarle Counties was the above Henry Pollard of Lunenburg County related in any way to Francis Pollard who left a will of 23 July 1771 in Bedford County?

(B). Pollard. Want all information on one Robert Pollard originally of King & Queen Co., Va., who settled at "Mt. Zoar," King William Co., Va., who had a son George Butler Pollard, who married Mary Elizabeth Edwards and they were the parents of James Harvie Pollard, who married Caroline Ellett. (H.M.T., Newport News, Va.)

## ANSWERS

Tomes family chart. This continues from the issue of March 1, 1964; the North Carolina family:

Zachariah (4) Tomes (son of Francis (3) and Rebecca; a son of Francis (2), son of Francis (1) Tomes, Sr. & Pershillah); this couple had:

- Francis (5), left will Nov. 14, 1773
- William (5) Tomes
- Rebecca (5) Tomes (m.—Edmupsey Copeland
- Elizabeth (5) Tomes (m.—Mr. Tow
- Margaret (5) Tomes (m.—Mr. Tow).

Now, we go back to Francis (1) Tomes and wife Pershilla (Nicholson the parents who had:

Joseph (2) Tomes, born 1677 (m.—and had, James Tomes, John Tomes; Joseph Tomes, who died in 1728.

(Editor's note: Since the sequence of this data is so confusing, it cannot be decided, which generation is from which one and the numbers behind the names, which should indicate the number of generations in America are suffixed with "(1)", when that generations should be number "(4)". Since this could be confusing to present readers, it might be very confusing to readers of a later date. Would the sender of this data please chronologically arrange this data with the proper suffixed number of the generation in America and forward the corrected data to this editor and he will gladly publish same. Thanks.—Editor).

## BARHAM

Barham family of Surry Co., Virginia. This continues as the 36th article on the family of Barham. We shall therefore begin with the Entry No. 36:

Entry No. 36, 1770, Aug. 9. Estate of William Jelks was appraised by James Barham, Drewry Parker, Jacob Newsum

(Southampton County, Will Book 2, page 334) and names:

- Wife, Anne
- Sons, Lemuel and William Jelks
- Daughters, Mary, Tabby, Betty
- Execs., Wife Anne, and son Lemuel

Will was dated 9 Oct 1776; witnessed by, Gregory Rawlings and River Barker; the will was probated 12 April 1770 (Southampton County, Will Book 2, page 319) (The will of Richard Jelks, probated 1695 in Surry County, names son William under 21 years of age; executor, Francis Mason. The will of Francis Mason states, "desires that William, orphan of Richard Jelks remain with my son-in-law, Thomas Holt until 21 years of age" and recorded in 1696/7). So this proves that the William Jelk above was the son of Richard, since Southampton County, was taken from Isle of Wight and Surry Counties).

1770, Nov. 11. The will of Benjamin Holt, names,

- Daughter, Lucy Barham
- Daughter, Ann Bell
- Son, Joseph Holt
- Son, Michael Holt
- Son, Philip Holt
- Executor, Joseph Holt

Date of will not at hand, but was probated as stated above on 11 November 1770 (Surry County, Will Book 1769-1778); Nicholas Faulcon qualified as executor of the estate.

The Estate of Benjamin Holt was appraised by George Piland, Edmund Waller and Ethelred Lane and shown on page 116 of the same book mentioned above.

(Note: Joseph Holt married Mary Salter as shown by the will of William Salter, which was probated March 1779, naming daughter Mary and her husband Joseph Holt (no children at time will was written), also names sons, William and John Salter, and daughter Sarah; this is recorded in Surry County, Will Book 1778-1783, page 61). The estate of Benjamin Holt was administered by Nich. Faulson; one of the items paid was to Lucy Barham in the amount of 4.19 and the appraisal was returned Dec. 22, 1772 and shown on page No. 262 of the same Surry County, Will book).

1770, Sept. 18. Joseph Holt appointed Guardian to Elizabeth Barham, orphan to Thomas Barham (Surry County, Book 1769-1778, page 226).

1770, Nov. 20. Indenture (deed) from Peter Knight of Edgecomb Province, North Carolina to Thomas Moore of Sussex County, for 270 acres of land on the South side of Nottoway River, Lee's branch, Richard Avis, and Jordan Knight; witnesses, Joseph Renn, John Knight, and Jordan Knight (Reference: Sussex County Deed Book 1768-1772, page 355).

1770, Dec. Lavinia Barham, born, daughter of Anne & — (?); sponsors, Charles Barham, Fanny Newsum, Rebekah Longbottom (Reference: Albemarle Parish Register, which covered that part of Surry County, which became Sussex County).

1771, Jan. 19. Mary Harwood Barham, daughter of Charles and Mary Barham; Sponsors, Daniel Harwood, Rebekah Moore, Elizabeth Richardson (Reference: Albemarle Parish Register of Sussex County).

1771, Feb. 13. John Barham, born, son of Benjamin and Sarah Barham; Sponsors, Frederick Fort, William Knight and Mary Hicks Jr. (Reference: Albemarle Parish Register, Sussex County).

1771, Feb. 14. Estate of Charles Webb; audited by Thomas Holt and Charles Barham; signed by Elizabeth Webb (Southampton County, Will Book 2, page 366). The will of Charles Webb and probated 13 April 1758, names:

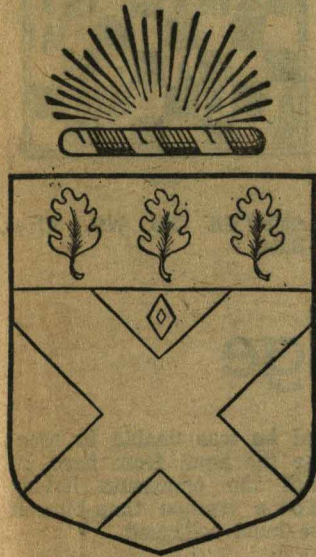
- Son, Charles Webb
- Son, John Webb
- Son, Micajah Webb
- Daughter, Elizabeth
- Wife, Elizabeth
- Will dated, Feb. 21, 1758

Witnesses, Benjamin Clements, Thomas Caple, Arthur Gilliam. (Reference: Southampton County Will Book 1, page 246).

(Note: This will show that there were members of the Holt family in Southampton County and they were close friends of the Webb and Barham family of Southampton County).

Barham family data to be continued in next issue.

## BLACKWOOD



BLACKWOOD

ARMS: Argent, a saltire sable, on a chief of the second three oak leaves proper, in the collar point a muscle gules.

CREST: The rays or beams of the sun proper.

MOTTO: Per vias rectas.

This arms was used by the family of the name of Blackwood and they descend from Samual Blackwood who was born about the year 1795 and came from his mother country of Scotland and later settled in Elliotts Mills, which is now named the City of Elizabeth, New Jersey. He died in the year 1840. This Scotsman married a Miss Carroll of Baltimore, Maryland. This couple had a daughter.

Mary Josephine Blackwood who was born in the year 1840 and at the age of 17 years she married in the year year 1857 Miguel Antonio Otero, who was born in the year 1829 and died in 1882.

This named Miguel Antonio Otero descends from Pedro Otero, who died at the age of 90 years in the year 1846 having come from Spain to Havana, Cuba. Pedro Otero settled in Valencia, New Mexico and became prominent in his state where he was a member of the Senate and House in the province of New Mexico. This Province was under the Republic of Mexico in 1844 and 1846. Pedro Otero married Carlota de Mondoza. And they had,

Vincente Otero who died in 1851 having been judge of the First Instance under the Republic of Mexico and was also a probate judge under the American Government. He married Maria Gertrudes Chavez y Aragon. This couple had, Miguel Antonio Otero, who married the named Mary Josephine Blackwood given.



# Climbing The Family Tree

Genealogy Questions  
And Answers

By HUGH S. WATSON Jr.



SOULE



**ARMS:** Vert, a chevron gules between three sole fishes haurient proper, a bordure engrailed gules with crest.

**CREST:** The shield is surmounted by a helmet over which there is for a crest a crescent, a sole fish resting horizontally upon the horns of a crescent.

**MOTTO:** Per Industria.

This arms of the Soule family has been among the family of the New England group. This family descends from George Soule, who came to America in the ship, "Mayflower" in the year 1620 and landed in Mass., New England. This George Soule was the 35th Signer of the Mayflower Compact. He became active in the affairs of his colony and was selected as Deputy of the General Court of the Mass. Colony from his community of Duxbury for the years 1645 to 1654. He was married in Plymouth to his wife named Mary, but whose name is not known to this editor. He also was one of the volunteers during the Pequot War. This couple had,

George Soule Jr., who was born about the year 1624 and he settled in Dartmouth, Mass. His wife was named Deborah. They had,

William Soule, who was born prior to the year 1670 and he also was of Dartmouth. His wife was named Hannah, but her last name also is not known to this editor. This couple had,

George Soule, who was born in 1695 and was also of Dartmouth, though he removed to the area named Nine Partners in Dutchess County, New York Colony after the year 1734. He married Lydia Howland, daughter of Samuel Howland of the New England. This couple had,

Benjamin Soule, who was born in the year 1728 and it was he who married Abigail Howland. Their descendants became prominent.

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

HOW DIFFICULT IT IS TO FIND SOME ANCESTORS WHO HAVE MOVED FROM THE COLONY OR STATE OF VIRGINIA, BUT CHARLES HUGHES HAMLIN IS HELPING OTHERS TO LEARN FROM WHERE ANCESTORS CAME IN HIS NEW BOOK.

Charles Hughes Hamlin is a professional genealogist of Richmond, and the name of his new book, "They Went Thataway", is one that will be very helpful to the researcher and it is suggested that persons who have data taken from wills, deeds, orphans records and courthouse records send the data they have worked to gather for their families on to Mr. Hamlin as he is planning to compile a second volume with other records accumulated. In a long talk with this professional genealogist, who knows what he is doing when working with records I learned that he has the right idea for searchers and ways to assist them without much duplication of work on the searcher's part for I am sure he has spent many hours in finding one name.

Since Hamlin's book has just gone to press, I shall with his permission copy his announcement on the forthcoming book.

"Announcing the forthcoming publication of the above genealogical entitled book ("They Went Thataway") compiled by Charles Hughes Hamlin, Professional Genealogist of Richmond, to be ready for mailing on or before April 1, 1964."

"Composed almost entirely of abstracts of original Courthouse records, Powers of Attorney, Deeds of Sale, Wills, Marriage records, etc., from various Virginia Counties with the citation of each item to source and authority, proving and providing incontestable evidence of the migration and settlement of individuals or families to Virginia or from Virginia to other states, countries or territories."

"It is believed that this book is the first of its type and nature to be produced and the content provides a most unique and long felt want for everyone interested in genealogy and for proving, with prima facie evidence, the connecting link of settlers to or from Virginia, and which in many cases proves not only the name of the migratory individual but also the names of his parents, brothers, sisters, and/or other relationships. In many instances the author has also augmented and amplified the cited records with copious notes and explanations. It is completely indexed with the full names of all individuals alphabetically arranged."

"The pre-publication price of this limited first edition is \$8.50 postpaid, check or money order with the order, or \$10 postpaid after April 1, 1964. Libraries, Historical Societies, etc. may order on 30-day terms after receipt of book or with five per cent discount, check accompanying the order."

"Address your order to Charles Hughes Hamlin, Post Office Box 3525, Richmond 34, Virginia."

(NOTE: This is a very important genealogical work for any searcher in genealogy and for any reference library. Every library should have a copy for this editor has had such difficulty in determining if one person in another area was connected with another in Virginia. Much supposing and thought could be saved the searcher. Those who have similar records should send them to Hamlin for his next book.

## QUESTIONS

A1017. DIXON-HOUGH-HUTCHENS-SANDERS-BLAKE-WRIGHT-MC NOLLY. Wish parents of William George Dixon, born 1783 in Camden, S.C., married 1811 Nancy Sanders of Adams County, Miss., the record showing as in Natchez; he died in Feliciana Parish, La., in 1840. We have record of 6 sons all born in East Feliciana Parish, La.

(B). BLAKE-WRIGHT. Wish names of parents of Needham Hough, who married Rebecca Blake; they resided in Chesterfield District, S.C., where my grandfather, John Crawford Hough, was born April 1825; he had older brothers, Eli, Jackson, Samuel B., Wade Hampton, and Joel Hough and had one sister, ———, who married Major Wright.

(C). HUTCHENS-MC NOLLY-O'RERE. Wish names of parents of David Hutch-

ens, Sr., who married a Miss McNolly (probably Nancy McNolly); his mother was a Miss O'Rere. Wish the given names of these persons. I might mention that Watt Hough, sister of the above mentioned brothers, was the name who married Major Wright. (K.D.S., Monroe, La.)

A1018. HAZARD-CORD (COARD, CHARD-BRERETON. Wish the names of the parents of David and William Hazard listed as Tithables in Accomac County for years 1691-1695. David Hazard went to Maryland where he sold his Virginia; he married Ann Cord, her birth registered as, "dau. of William Cord and wife, born 20 Feb. 1667."

Also wish the maiden and full name of the mother of Ann (Cord) Hazard and her ancestry; this Cord name has several variations of spelling, such as, Coard, Chord, etc. David and Ann (Cord) Hazard had son, ———, who married Rachel Brereton of Maryland, the Breretons having come from Virginia, so wish their ancestry. History and tradition say that the Hazard family came from England to Virginia. (C.D.M., Newport News).

A1019. BALL-JONES-CORBIN-RUXTON-CROMWELL-MERRIMAN-MC CARTY-HARDIN-ROWSEY-WELLS-TALBOT. William Ball in 1667 used the headrights of Hannah Ball and her daughters Martha & Mary Jones. Then, in 1672, Northumberland Co., Va., Wm. Ball "as paid by Robert Jones" and then in 1676 was mentioned in the account of Robert Jones. What, if any, is the connection between Hannah Ball & William Ball or Robert Jones?

Then, in 1677, Lancaster Co., Va., one William Ball recorded a deed in Baltimore Co., Maryland, witnessed by Nicholas Corbin and Rowland Thornborough (both with Northern Neck, Virginia family connections); William Ball "of Lancaster" appears in Baltimore County, Md., records 1678 with Attorney Nicholas Ruxton. Did William Ball remain in Virginia or did he (as many neighbors did) go to Baltimore Co., Md.? One William Ball died in Baltimore 1685. His will was witnessed by Wm. Cromwell. William Ball of Batimore County, Md., had wife Mary; was she a Cromwell.

Hannah Ball, who may have been a kin of William Ball, married Thomas Everest & in the year 1682 in Baltimore County, Md., sold 300 acres of land to Charles Merriman who moved to Baltimore County, Md., from Lancaster County.

Sarah Ball, dau. of William (3) Ball of Virginia, married 1724 in Prince William County, Dennis McCarty who surely is of the McCarty family of Baltimore County, Md., where a Dennis McCarty is listed on the 1699 Tax List. I am interested in all connections between people of Northern Neck, Virginia and Baltimore County, Md., for there seems to be a "pattern." I suspect people went first to the counties on the tip of Northern Neck and later, as new lands opened up, moved up the Potomac River (both sides) with some of them going by way of a short stay in Baltimore County, Md. In the 1690's there were fewer than 500 "taxables" (including slaves) in all Baltimore County,

## Feature Rules

1. Send all letters to Daily Press, Newport News, Va.; name and address of sender must be given.
2. Questions and answers must be clearly stated on large size paper 8½ by 11 inches, written double-spaced in ink or typed on one side of paper only; postal cards and small paper not acceptable; three questions only.
3. Answers will be through the column only. Correspondents making reply must give answers using data pertinent and brief.
4. Answers will be published from other readers as research by editor is too time-consuming; however, the editor will assist when possible. This feature is a clearing house for readers. The editor reserves the right to retain and edit questions and number of questions and date that question appeared. If answers are to be forwarded, must be accompanied by plain stamped envelope.

which at that time covered a section later cut into several counties. The Tax Lists show many names that sound like Northern Neck families, such as Earpe, Bunbury, Thornborough, Hardin, Rowzey, Todd, etc. Those with more known names require more attention. I found for example in Lancaster County, records of 1679 one Moys Edwards owed money to Stephen Wells. In 1692 Moses Edwards & Stephen Wells were neighbors on the Baltimore County, Md., Tax List. Also found one William Talbot in Rappahannock County, 1675 & on the Baltimore County, Md., Tax List in 1692 living at Nicholas Corbin's. There are so many such cases that it is thought there must be a "pattern". Is there anyone else working on these families of Baltimore County, Md., and Northern Neck, Virginia? (F.C.M., Newport News, Va.)

## BARHAM

BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY. This continues as the 37th article on the family of Barham. We then shall begin with this Entry No. 37.

ENTRY NO. 37. 1771, Feb. 21. Will of Henry Thomas; names:

Wife, Martha, given Negroes, Tome and Peeas (?)  
Son, William, given land and Negroes, Will & Judy  
Daughter, Ann, wife of James Exum, given Negroes Moll & Patience  
Daughter, Elizabeth, given Negroes Harry and Annica  
Daughter, Mary, given Negroes, Bill & Jeney  
Daughter, Sarah, given Negroes Lucy & Patt  
Execr., Son, William  
Witnesses, John Thomas Blow, William Francis

(Reference: Southampton Co., Va. Will Book 2, page 460)

Then we have the following marriage bonds in Southampton County:

(Nov. 12, 1772, William Barham married Sarah Thomas)

(Sept. 13, 1759, James Exum married Ann Thomas)

(May 16, 1772, William Exum married Mary Thomas)

(Nov. 14, 1755, Henry Thomas married Martha Jarrell, widow)

Then there was a suit for debt: 1771, April 16. Richard Baker vs. Peter Barham, debt awarded (Ref. Surry Co., Va., Order Book 1763-1774, page 253).

1771, July 16, Will of John Barham probated, naming:

Son, Jesse, given a Negro boy, Tom  
Son, John, given Negro man, Squire; and given bed and furniture  
Son, Joseph, given Negro man Jimmy, also given bed and furniture  
Son, Benjamin, given Negro boy named Sampson, also given bed and furniture  
Daughter, Mary Judkins, widow of Benjamin Judkins, given Negro woman Hannah

Daughter, Ann Barham, given Negro woman Joan and Negro girl Edy; also given bed and furniture, and chest with lock and key.

Daughter, Elizabeth, given Negro woman Sarah (Note: There is a question as to where this Elizabeth was married?)

Daughter, Martha Barham, given a Negro girl Amy

The remainder of the estate to be sold and the money to be divided among John, Joseph and Benjamin (these surely were sons of the deceased).

Executors: Sons, Jesse, John and Joseph

The Will was dated 29 Sept. 1770  
Witnesses: Samuel Judkins, Sr., and William Barham

(Reference: Surry County Will Book, 1768-1779, page 153). (Note: The William Barham listed as a witness was surely one of the family, but apparently not a son; this William may have been a brother of the deceased; since the deceased named each child and stated just how much he or she was to have, he most surely would not have forgotten another son unless he had given him property prior to writing the will; this seems very unlikely.

1772, May 19. John Barham's Estate was appraised totalling 537 lbs. by Edmund Waller, John Davis, John Judkins, Thelred Lane (Reference: Surry County Will Book, page 212).



# Climbing The Family Tree

## CLAIBORNE



**ARMS:** Quarterly, first and fourth, argent, three chevrons, interlaced in base sable, chief of the last, second and third argent a cross engrailed vert.

**CREST:** A demi-wolf rampant regardant proper.

This arms has been used by the Virginia family of Claiborne, who descend from William Claiborne, who was born in 1587 and died in the year 1676. He was the son of Edmund Claiborne (Clayborne) of "Cliburn and Hall." This named Edmund Claiborne was Lord of the Manor of Cliburn and Likkerby. The named William Claiborne came from his native home in England to the Virginia Colony at the time of the Virginia Governor Wyatt in the year 1621.

William Claiborne was named Secretary of State for the Virginia Colony in the year 1625. He was also a Member of the Governor's Council and then in 1625 to the year 1660 was on this Council. And in the year 1642 he was named Treasurer of the Virginia Colony for his lifetime. He was also named Deputy Governor in 1653. He was also active against the Indians and named Commander of the Troops from 1629 to 1644. This gentleman married Elizabeth Butler and they had,

Lt. Colonel Thomas Claiborne, who was born in the year 1647 and died in 1683 being of the estate named "Romancoke" in Virginia. He married Sarah Fenn, and they had,

Capt. Thomas Calborne, who was born in 1680 and died in the year 1732, who was of "Sweet Hall" in King William Co., Va. He married as his 3rd wife, Ann Fox and they had,

Colonel Nathaniel Claiborne of "Sweet Hall," who married Jane Cole, daughter of William Cole of Warwick Co., Va. They had,

William Claiborne, who died in the year 1809, he being of Manchester, Virginia. He married Mary Leigh.

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

A NEW BOOK LONG NEEDED FOR GENEALOGICAL RESEARCHERS. ITS NAME IS, "NORFOLK COUNTY, VIRGINIA (NOW CITY OF CHESAPEAKE, VIRGINIA) REVOLUTIONARY WAR AND WAR OF 1812 APPLICATION FOR PENSIONS, BOUNTY LAND WARRANTS AND HEIRS OF DECEASED PENSIONERS," compiled by Elizabeth B. Wingo of Norfolk, Virginia, 1964.

There have been very few books that cover the names of the person rendering service to the wars of the Revolution and War of 1812 in which there are included the names of the heirs of the man who gave service to his country. This should be an inspiration to those in other countries throughout the state of Virginia and other states over the country to encourage other historians to compile data from records in their counties and cities, as well as, from the files of the National Archives in Washington, D. C. covering the services rendered by residents after these mentioned wars.

Such records as were used as source material by Mrs. Wingo are not readily obtainable to the average researcher without a trip to the desired courthouse having the records in any one community. And if one did make a visit to the courthouse of his choice, it would be much time wasted in untying bundles of records and going through many sheets of paper without finding the desired data except for one bundle. This is truly a book of great help and thanks to Mrs. Wingo for her labor of love.

In Mrs. Wingo's book we will also find that one can learn the regiment in which his or her ancestor did serve. In one instance and for example it is noted that on page 52 of her book we find that one John Jones served as a private Soldier in the Illinois Regiment and there was only one surviving heir, his niece, Elizabeth White. This would prove that no one could prove lineal descent from this one John Jones; however, it does prove that the White family by name was connected with the Jones family. This instrument was dated 15th day of April 1834 and recorded in Norfolk County.

**WE ALSO FIND** that such counties as Nansemond that otherwise could not have been destroyed are mentioned therein. This will also assist one in records for Nonsemond that otherwise could not have been known to exist. This instrument is shown on page 1 and relates to one John Airs or Ayres who served as a soldier during the Revolutionary War, who died leaving only one child and heir, Anna Golden. This will prove that Anna Golden was established as the daughter of the named John Ayres or Airs and that she was living as late as 1851 and also establishes that this Revolutionary War soldier died about the year of 1840.

Then we also find on page No. 1 the historic instrument covering the Revolutionary War Service of one Dr. John Applewhaite. It reads as follows:

"Applewhaite, John—20 January 1834—Original. Norfolk Borough (Va.)—to wit, Judge Robert B. Taylor—this day personally appeared before me Wright Southgate an alderman of said Borough and made oath that Judith Cary Applewhaite (who is now urging before the Executive or the State of Virginia a claim for the Land Bounty of her father the late Dr. John Applewhaite for services as a Surgeon in the Revolutionary War) is the Sole Heir and Representative of the said Dr. John Applewhaite."

"In Testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand this fifteenth day of January in the Year eighteen Hundred and thirty-four." Signed—Wright Southgate." (For further information see Virginia Revolutionary Applications, Volume II by J. Frederick Dorman.)

**THERE ARE MANY** other names listed among the persons included in this historical collection, such as:

John Archer, James and Jesse Armstrong, John Barnes, Richard Barron, William Barron, Samuel Bartee, John Best, Hugh Bingham, Scarborough Bloxom of Accomac County of the Eastern Shore Virginia, John Braidfoote, John Branham, William Bressie, Simon Butt, John Buch-



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anan, Thomas Butler who served as a sailmaster in the Navy during the War of the Revolution.

Also listed are, Christopher Calvert, William Cammack, Joseph Carter, Richard Campbell, George Chamberlaine, John Champe (Camp), John Cox, William Creekmur, James Cunningham. Also Zaddock, Robert Darrrough (Darrah), James Duffee, William Dunford and John Dunn (e).

We also find the names of Robert Elloit who was Mate of the Brig Neptune, Charles English, and Francis Epps.

And, Peter Fiveash, Henry Fleming, John M. Galt, Jobe Gaskins, Harrod Gibbs, Laban Goffigon, Stephen Graham, Thomas Grant, William Gaines. Cary H. Hansford, Elijah Henry Harcum, Argyle Herbert, John H. Holt, James Hook, John Jackson, Joshua Jolliff, Thomas Kemp, Elvington Knott.

Others were, James Malcom, Thomas Manning, Joseph Marshall, Thomas Matthews, Gabriel Maupin, Javan Miller, Christopher Morris, Charles Morris, John McClanning, Sylvanus McDaniel, Daniel McDorman, Nathaniel Nickins, James Oast, Joshua Oldner, John Overton, Abijah and Thomas Parsons, John Piemont, William P. Percy, William Porter, James and Fatima Powers, Thomas Ransone, John and Archibald Rose, Ephroditus Rudder, Thomas Snail, Joseph Stafford, George Suggs, John Tankard.

Also, John Ville, William Wakefield, Thomas Walker, William Wallace, William Watts, Tapley Webb, Wright Westcott, Edward Woneycutt, James Wood, David Wright, and Spivey Wyatt. And there were others.

**COPIES OF THIS** book may be obtained from Mrs. William B. Wingo, 5916 Powhatan Avenue, Norfolk, Virginia, 23508 at the price of \$7.50 and a copy should be in every library and in the home libraries of those who are interested in genealogical research on Virginia families.—Editor.

## QUESTIONS

A1018. **HAWKINS-FARMER-HARGIS.** Want the names of parents and ancestry of Gregory Farmer Hawkins. According to his tombstone in Wyaconda Cemetery near Canton, Missouri, he was born March 26, 1789 and died in December 15, 1859. He was the son of Thomas Hawkins and Mary Hargis. There was a grandson of Gregory Farmer Hawkins still living in the year 1958 and was at that time aged 96 years. Thomas Hawkins was born Jan. 20, 1760 in Virginia and the record states that the 1st Husband of Mary Hargis was named Mr. Steele. Gregory Farmer Hawkins was married to Sarah Cannon before going to Missouri; she and both of her parents are buried in the Wyaconda Cemetery. It is known that these families migrated from Virginia to Kentucky and then on to Missouri. (R.F.McC., Hot Springs, Ark.).

A1019. **GIBSON-CANDLER-COOK.** Wish data on James Gibson, Bedford Co., Va., who made his will on Feb. 26, 1765. His children were: Randall; James; John; Joseph; Archibald; dau. Elizabeth (married a son of Daniel Candler of Bedford Co. and want the name of her husband); Catherine (m. Meshack Hale); Hannah (m. Mr. —Cook), what was his given name?). Was the Jacob Gibson of Prince William Co., Va., who made his will on May 21, 1735, a brother of the named James Gibson of Bedford Co., Virginia? (B.S.B., Los Angeles, Calif.)

## BARHAM FAMILY

**BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA.** This continues as the 38th article on this family, therefore we shall begin with the entry No. 38.

**ENTRY No. 38—1771, Nov. 19.** Benjamin Barham, Orphan of John Barham, made choice of Charles Judkins for Guardian (Reference: Surry Co., Va., Order Book 1763-1774, page 270) (Note:—The Estate of Benjamin Judkins was appraised by John Davis, James Seward and John Cocks, on May 22, 1771 and this was from Surry Co., Va., Will Book 1768-1779, page 149).

1771, Aug. 20. Accounts Current for estate of Thomas Barham:—Cash paid for a copy of the will of John Clark, Elizabeth Barham the orphan; signed John Pettway; examined by Wm. Heath, John Stewart (Ref: Surry Co., Va., Will Book 1768-1779, page 153).

1771, Sept. 12. Nathaniel Newsum, wife Susannah, of Sussex Co., Va., deed to Benjamin Barham for 60 lbs.—210 acres of land in Sussex and Southampton Cos., bd as by a deed from Joel Cornet to Nathaniel 15 March 1771; witnesses, David Mason, Arthur Waller, Edward Reese (Ref: Southampton Co., Va., Deed Book 4, page 390).

1771, Nov. 14. Marriage Bond of Howell Harris to Mary Newsum, widow; with surety, James Jones; witness, Samuel Kello (Southampton Co., Va.) (Also see the Will of David Newsum of 1768).

1771, Nov. 19. Will of Elizabeth Edwards, names:

Daughter, Mary Edmunds, wife of Nicholas Edmunds, given a mourning ring of about 20 sh. value.

Son, James Seward, given one cow.

Daughter, Mildred Williams, wife of Lewis Williams, given bed and furniture, side saddle, earthenware, clothes.

Grandson, Jesse Barham, given 5 shillings.

Granddaughter, Fanny Clerke, given 5 shillings.

Son, Benjamin Edwards, given the rest of her estate.

Executors, Friends, James Price and Joel Thompson.

Will dated 21 Sept. 1771; probated 19 Nov. 1771.

Witnesses, Richard Rowell, Lewis.

The will was presented by Joel Thompson, the Exec.

(The Will recorded in Surry Co., Va. Will Book 1768-1779, page 168)

**THE INVENTORY** of the Will of Elizabeth Edwards, signed by Richard Rowell, John Cox, Ethelred, Dec. 22, 1772 (Surry Co., Va., Will Book, 1768-1779, page 264). (Note: See this marriage bond of Jan. 13, 1775, Mary Nicholson, widow and Nicholas Edmunds, Sussex Co., Va.; then see Robert Nicholson, Mary Nicholson and Henry Nicholson, Executors of John Nicholson Suit VS Nathaniel Sebrell and Thomas Davidson, May 21, 1754 as recorded in Surry Co., Va., Order Book 1753-1757, page 89). (Also see Will of Nathaniel Bennett, in camp at Portsmouth, Va., naming mother, Mildred Williams, brother William giving 90 acres near Bennett's Bridge, also names sister, Elizabeth Bennett; dated 23 Sept. 1776, probated 24 Nov. 1778, Surry Co., Va. Will Book 1768-1779, p. 511).

In connection with the above Elizabeth Edwards, see will of Thomas Edwards, probated in Surry Co., Va. May 18, 1762.

Also see the connection with the above in the will of William Newsum, probated Nov. 19, 1751, naming:

Daughter Elizabeth, wife of Thomas Edwards.

Daughter, Mary, wife of William Holt.

Sons, John Newsum, Joseph Newsum.

Grandsons, John Newsum, William Newsum.

This will dated 23 Oct. 1747.

Witnesses: John Ruffin, Robert Ruffin (This Will was recorded in Surry Co., Va., Will Book 1738-1754, page 730).

For further proof and connection with above Elizabeth Edwards, see Will of James Seward, which was probated April 1727, naming:

Sons, John and James Seward.

Child my wife is big with

Will dated 4 Aug. 1726; Witnesses, William Gray, Thomas Taylor, and Sarah Torpe.

Will presented by Eliz. Seward, Execut.

(Ref: Surry Co., Will Bk., 1715-1730, page 835).



# Climbing The Family Tree

Genealogy: Questions

And Answers

By HUGH S. WATSON Jr.

## HUDDLESTON



HUDDLESTON

**CREST:** Two arms dexter and sinister, embowed, vested argent, holding in the hands a scalp proper, the inside gules.

**MOTTO:** "Soli deo honor et gloria."

This Huddleston arms and crest has been used by the Pennsylvania family of the name; however, many persons bearing this surname have moved into all sections of the United States. Of this particular line of Pennsylvania, they descend from one Henry Huddleston, who died in the year 1706, having come from his mother country of England.

Henry Huddleston settled in Langhorne, Pennsylvania about the year 1688. He married Elizabeth Cooper, and they had,

William Huddleston, who married Dorothy Walsh. This couple had,

George Huddleston. It was this George Huddleston who was patriotic and served his fellow countrymen by serving during the American Revolution. He had, son,

William Huddleston, who married Mary Bond. This Mary (Bond) Huddleston died in the year 1862. This couple had,

Jonathan Huddleston, who was born in the year 1798 and died in the year 1890. This showed that he lived a long life. He married Sarah Paxton Conn. This couple had,

Captain John Huddleston, who was born in 1834 and died in the year 1922. This Captain Huddleston was a Southerner and faithful to Virginia's cause in the conflict of the Civil War. He served in Company A of the 25th Virginia Infantry with Early's Brigade and under Ewell's Division. This brigade was Stonewall Jackson's Corps of the Army of Northern Virginia, Confederate States of America. Capt. John Huddleston was wounded at Gettysburg. He married in the year 1863 Miss Mary E. Patterson, who was born in 1844 and died in the same year as her husband, which was 1922.

### HISTORICAL RARITIES

SINCE RECORDS PROVE THE PAST FOR SEARCHERS, WE BRING TO OUR READERS A SERVICE NOT OFFERED BY THIS NEWSPAPER, BUT BY A NON-PROFIT MICROFILM SERVICE FOR CENSUS RECORDS OF EARLY DATES. SINCE CENSUS GIVE MUCH DATA ON THE LOCATION OF A FAMILY AND ITS MIGRATION, ONE MIGHT BE ABLE TO MAKE THIS AVAILABLE TO HIMSELF. This data is not given for any profit on the part of this newspaper, nor do we foster same, but if one wishes to avail himself of it, he or she can do so.

The Microfilm Records Library, 5301 Hanawalt Drive, El Paso 3, Texas, renders this service from this address. I quote from the sheet sent to this editor:

"Patrons Information Sheet. The Microfilm Records Library is a part of the Southwestern Genealogy Library—a cooperative, non-profit institution—which handles microfilmed publications, serving patrons wherever located through mail order service, a new concept in library operation. At present, we are specializing in the Census Records of the United States until complete the collection."

"A somewhat out-of-date list of films is enclosed, but be sure to ask about your films, since we are adding films at quite a rapid rate, and we may just have it."

"All of our films are available through your local library in most cases. See your reference librarian to turn in your requests. She may use either the standard interlibrary loan form or a letter request as she chooses. In this case, the service charge and postage must still be paid, but no deposit is necessary."

"When we ship to individuals we require a deposit of \$5.00 to insure return of the film in good condition. This is in addition to the service charge and postage fees. All moneys deposited with us is held in an account and the balance of the account will be refunded at any time upon request."

"Both individuals and libraries pay the service charge of \$1.00 per shipment. (This is a film strip, usually containing one county of one state for one Census; although some counties are so small that there may be several on one strip, and some are so large that there are several strips to the same county). This charge is to cover costs of shipping, packing, cleaning, etc. The patron also pays the postage and insurance fee of \$0.20."

"Patrons are required to return the films by some insured method, preferably for the minimum \$10 as this covers the replacement costs in some cases. More valuable reels should be insured for more."

"You may keep the film 10 days after receipt, and the library reserves the right to make a charge of 10 cents per day or \$1 per month for overage, whichever is cheaper for the patron."

"If you need to search the Census Records, just send in a list of your reels, listed by state, year, and county. Do not list alternates. We will naturally assume that you need every film on your list, which you may change, cancel or rescind at your pleasure. You should also send in some money with your list. You will need at least \$6.20, as this gives you \$5 for deposit, \$1 service charge and 20 cents postage for one reel. You can then pay for the films as you receive them by using the small envelopes which will be enclosed with your films."

"CENSUS RECORDS AVAILABLE AT SOUTHWESTERN GENEALOGY LIBRARY (Nov. 1, 1963) (NOTE: This is a partial listing only, just to give you some idea of what is available. We are adding film at the rate of 3,000 to 4,000 feet each month. Always inquire whether or not your film is available):

- 1790 Federal Census—Complete for all states.
- 1800 Federal Census—Complete for all states.
- 1810 Federal Census—Complete for all states.
- 1820 Federal Census—Complete for all states.
- 1830 Federal Census—Alabama, complete; Arkansas, complete; Delaware, complete; District of Columbia, complete; Florida, complete; Georgia, complete; Illinois, complete; Kentucky, complete; Louisiana, complete; Michigan, complete; Mississippi, complete; Missouri, complete; New Jersey, Gloucester, Cape May, Salem, Cumberland, Somerset, Middlesex, Hunterdon Counties only; New York, Broome, Cattargus, Clinton, Columbia, Livingston, Madison, Ontario, Otsego, Queens, Dutchess, St. Lawrence, Setuben, Seneca, Tioga, Tompkins Sullivan, Greene, Wayne, and Yates Counties only; Ohio complete; Pennsylvania, Bradford, Armstrong, Luzerne, Dauphin, Franklin, Bedford, Indiana, Lehigh, Somerset, McKean, Potter, Jefferson, Cambria, Clearfield, Susquehanna, Fayette Greene, Tioga, Washington, Venango, and Westmoreland Counties; South Carolina, Kershaw, Marlboro, Newberry, Union, Spartanburg, Lexington, Richland, Colleton, Marion, Sumter, Edgefield, Chesterfield, and Greenville Counties; Tennessee, complete; Virginia State, Hampshire, Hardy, Jefferson, Kanawha, Lewis, Logan, Lee, Monongalia, Lunenburg, Stafford, Spotsylvania Northampton, Patrick, Henry, Nottoway, Brunswick, Henrico, and Fluvanna Counties and City of Richmond, Preston, Pendleton, Pocahontas, Randolph, Russell, Rockingham, and Rockbridge Counties.

- 1840 Federal Census:
  - Alabama, complete; Arkansas, complete; Delaware, complete; District of Columbia, complete; Florida, complete; Georgia, complete; Illinois, complete; Indiana State, Davies, Dearborn, Decatur, DeKalb, Delaware, Dubois, Elkhart, Fayette, Floyd, and Fountain (Part I), Jefferson (Part II), Jennings, Johnson, Kosciusko, Knox, Lagrange, Lake, LaPorte, Lawrence, Hendricks, and Henry (Part I) and Henry (Part II), Huntington, Madison, Marion, Orange, Owen, Parke, Perry, Pike, Porter, Posey, and Pulaski Counties; State of Iowa, complete; Ken-

tucky, complete; Maine State Penobscot (Part I), Piscataquis, Somerset, and Washington Counties; State of Maryland, Dorchester, Frederick, Harford, Kent, Montgomery, Prince Georges, Queen Annes, St. Marys, Somerset, Talbot, Washington, and Worcester Counties; State of Michigan, St. Clair, St. Joseph, VanBuren, Washtenaw, and Wayne Counties; Mississippi, complete; Missouri, complete; State of New York, Albany, Allegany, Broome, Cattargus, Chemung, Cayuga (Part I), Chenango (Part II), Delaware, Cortland, Clinton, Columbia, Dutchess (Part I), Lewis, Livingston, Madison, Montgomery, Monroe, Oswego (Part II), Otsego, Queens, Rockland, Richmond, Rensselaer, St. Lawrence, Warren (Part II), Wayne, Yates, Westchester (Pt. I) Counties. North Carolina, complete; Ohio, complete; Pennsylvania, Berks (Pt. II), Allegheny, Armstrong, Bradford, Bucks (Pt. II), Butler, Columbia, Clinton, Erie (Pt. II), Fayette, Greene, Huntington (Pt. I), Lehigh, (Pt. II), Monroe, Luzerne, Northumberland (Pt. II), Potter, Susquehanna, Montgomery, Northampton, Perry, City of Philadelphia, Philadelphia County (Pt. I), Westmoreland (Pt. II), Washington, Clearfield, Warren, and York Counties; Rhode Island, complete; State of South Carolina, Abbeville, Anderson, Barnwell, Beaufort, Charleston, and Colleton (Pt. I), Counties; Tennessee, complete; Virginia, complete; Wisconsin, complete."

The above is not complete, but as stated above, and if you wish, any reader may contact the Microfilm Records Library, 5301 Hanawalt Drive, El Paso, 3, Texas, for his desired Census records.—Editor.

### QUESTIONS

**A1020. FAVER-FAVOR-FAVOUR.** Wish information on the family name of Faver with many spellings of Essex Co., Va., and later of Culpeper Co., Va. In the will of Theophilus Favor probated Feb. 1780 in Essex Co., Va., he names children: Theophilus; Thomas; Caleb; Rosemun; Betty. Was this Caleb Favours living in Shelby Co., Kentucky by 1794 with sons: Thomas and Samuell and daughters, Nancy and Elizabeth? Who was Caleb Favours who was living in Culpeper Co., Va., in the 1782-1785 Tax Lists?

Who was John Faver, Sr., who died in Wilkes Co., Georgia in 1818? His wife was Mary (Morgan) Faver; their children: Sanders Walker Faver (married Catherine Ann Davis, 28 Oct. 1934); Henry Faver; and Thomas Faver.

Any data on this family will be appreciated. (Mrs. W. H. Nutter, 1003 N. Morgan St., Rushville, Indiana, 46173). Note: Any data in answer to this query will be appreciated by this editor to complete this query.—Editor.

**BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA.** This continues as the 39th article in the series on the family of Barham. We shall continue with Entry No. 39:

**ENTRY No. 39.**—In the previous Entry No. 38 we gave the will of Elizabeth (Newsum) Edwards in which she named her grandson Jesse Barham and she also named her son James Seward; this showed two things having transpired during her life and they were: that, her daughter had married a Mr. Barham and named their child Jesse Barham; and that, she had previously married a Mr. Seward and by this Mr. Seward had a son named James Seward; her will was dated 21 Sept. 1771 and the will was probated in Surry Co., Va., on 19 Nov. 1771. Also in the 38th Entry we showed the will of James Seward, which was probated 19 April 1727, naming sons, John Seward and James Seward and also stating the wife was to have another child of course not naming same; this will of James Seward was dated 4 Aug. 1726 and probated 19 April 1727, which was 8 months later; and this will of James Seward was presented for probate by Elizabeth Seward, who was most definitely the widow; so apparently there were only three children of James and Elizabeth Seward. So, Elizabeth married secondly, Thomas Edwards and by him had issue at least Benjamin Edwards and perhaps others. Among the records we find the recording of the Estate of James Seward by Thomas Edwards and Elizabeth Edwards, Executors as of 21 Aug. 1728 and this document shows that a legacy was given to daughter Martha, who was unborn at the time of her father's death (Surry Co., Va., Will Book, 21 Aug. 1728, page 835).

1771, Nov. 19. Benjamin Barham, Orphan of John Barham, made choice of Charles Judkins for Guardian (so this Benjamin Barham must have been at least 14 years of age to have been allowed to choose his Guardian according to court custom of the day (Reference: Surry Co., Va., Orphans Account Book, 1766-1782, page 270). (Note: Account continued into 1773, will of John Barham and probated July 16, 1771, naming daughter Mary Judkins, widow of Benjamin Judkins; the will of John Judkins of year 1760 in Surry Co., Va., names son Charles Judkins and give him the plantation on which he, John Judkins, lives; then the will of Martha Judkins of year 1772, names son Charles; then the will of Jesse Judkins of year 1781 names brother Charles Judkins.—Editor).

1771, date not at hand. Judgment granted Robert Tyne in suit vs. Peter Barham for debt (Surry Co., Va. Order 1763-1774, page ?)

1772, Feb. — George Ezell of Hartford Co., North Carolina deeds to Jacob Newsum of Southampton Co., Va.; 160 acres of land in Sussex Co., Va., on Poplar Swamp being part of land Timothy Ezell, deceased will to son George Ezell; witnesses, Moses Foster, James Barham, Gilliam Newsum, and John King (Reference: Sussex Co., Va., Deed Book, 1768-1772, page No. 469).

1772, Jan. — Indenture (deed) from Joseph Cornet, Sussex Co., Va., to Benjamin Barham, of Southampton Co., Va., for 38 lbs., 133 acres beginning at Jonas Cornet's line to Hornet Swamp, Benjamin Newsum; witnesses, Henry Taylor, Alexander Murray, Peter Hay, Arthur Foster (Ref: Sussex Co., Va., Deed Bk., 1768-1772, page 433).



# Climbing The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON



## Hunnewell

**ARMS:** Per fess sable and argent, three hawks heads erased counter-charged.

**CREST:** A bee hive with bees volant proper.

This arms has been used by the family of Hunnewell of New England which settled in the Colony of Maine. They descend from Roger Hunnewell who came from his native country of England and from Devonshire. He was known to have been in Saco, Maine before the year 1663. And he died there in 1654. He had son,

Captain Richard Hunnewell, who was born about the year 1646 and died between the years 1703 and 1713. He became prominent in the affairs of his community and was named Trustee of Scarborough in 1694. He also served to protect his fellowmen from the attacks of the Indians. He married a Miss Moore, the daughter of Richard Moore. This couple had,

Roger Hunnewell, who was born in the year 1675 and died in 1720. He was a Miller in his community. This Mr. Hunnewell married in 1701, Miss Mary Moore, daughter to John Moore. This couple had,

Zerubbabel Hunnewell, who was born in 1716 and died in the year 1803. He, too, was a Miller. He also served as treasurer of Windha, in the year 1774. During the Colonial Wars he served with Captain Jordan in 1754. This Mr. Hunnewell married about the year 1740, Hannah Haskell, a daughter of Thomas Haskell. This couple had,

Elijah Hunnewell, who was born in 1747 and died in 1815. He also served his countrymen and was private in Captain William Knight's Company under the Regiment of Colonel Mitchel in 1775. He married in the year 1776, Rebecca Locke, a daughter of Nathaniel Locke.

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

Varina in Henrico County home of John Rolfe and Pocahontas. What do we know about it? This following thumbnail history of this historic vicinity was found among the papers of the late Mrs. Lucian Curry of Richmond, Va. and now in the possession of her son, Mr. William Newton Curry of Catesby Jones Drive, Hampton, Virginia; it reads as follows:

"The name 'Varina' was derived from Varina, Spain, owing to the similarity of the tobacco grown."

"John Rolfe, coming to America in 1610, settled at Varina (Virginia) and established the first commercial plantation in the English Colonies. Rolfe and his wife lived at Varina for several years, the location of their house appearing to have been near the present dwelling. Their son, Thomas, was born here in 1615."

"The first location of the Henrico County Court House was here, having been established in 1632. The remains of this brick building are still visible in the orchard, near the dwelling. The foundation of the church built in Virginia can still be seen at that part of the estate, known as 'Fair Hill'."

"Varina was owned for one and a half centuries by the Randolph family, having been presented to T. M. Randolph, Jr. by his father, Thomas M. Randolph, Sr., as a gift, when he married Martha Jefferson, at which place they lived for six years. It was subsequently owned by the Aiken family, the present mansion being built by Albert M. Aiken."

"The first cotton mill in the South was established in the present brick barn on the premises."

"Varina was occupied during the Civil War by General Butler as headquarters, at which time he attempted to cut Dutch Gap, one mile distant. The dwelling was damaged by cannon balls, fired by the Confederate Batteries from the Chesterfield (County) side, near Dutch Gap. It was also the place of exchange of prisoners between the Confederate and Federal Armies."

"About 450 acres of the present plantation was reclaimed from marsh (land) by means of a dike along the river, three and one half miles long, and six miles of canal were cut, four (deep) by twenty feet (wide), on the inside of the dike, connected with automatic tidal gates, which drain the land and thereby permits cultivation. This being one of the most interesting and productive developments of the plantation, at present devoted to modern farming, dairying, stock raising, etc."

(NOTE): It has been figuratively stated that due to John Rolfe's promotion of the tobacco industry, that "he set up the first Chamber of Commerce in America." It is also recorded in the Surry County, Virginia, that Thomas Rolfe, son of John Rolfe and wife Pocahontas, sold the land in Surry County about 1651-1652 to Honorable Thomas Warren, who built his manor house, known as "The Warren House" in the year 1652-1653. "The Warren House" through the generosity of the late John D. Rockefeller, Jr. was purchased from a negro and with the adjoining land was presented to The Association for the Preservation of Virginia Antiquities. It was restored by the association and now one of Virginia Historic Shrines.

## CENSUS RECORDS

Census Records Available To The Researcher at a Nominal Fee. This continues as the second of the notices that such records for those who wish to make themselves available of same. This group of records is a "gold mine" of data in establishing the location of an ancestor and his migration, as well as, the ancestor's time of residing in any one community. This service is offered by the Microfilm Records Library, 5301 Hanawalt Drive, El Paso 3, Tex., so contact them for your needs. We shall continue with the 150 Census records available:

### 1850 FEDERAL CENSUS

Alabama—Complete; Arkansas, Complete; Connecticut, Fairfield (Pt. 111), Hartford, Litchfield (Pt. 1); District of Columbia, complete; Georgia, complete; Illinois, complete; Indiana, complete; Iowa, complete; Kentucky, complete; Maine, Cumberland (Pt. 11), Franklin, Hancock, Kennebeck (Pt. 1); Maryland,

Allegany, Anne Arundell, Baltimore, and City of Baltimore (Pt. 1); Michigan, complete; Mississippi, complete; Minnesota, complete; Missouri, complete; New Hampshire, Coos, Grafton, Hillsboro; New Jersey, complete; New Mexico, complete; New York, Chemung, Delaware, Dutchess (Pt. 1), Monroe (Pt. IV), Montgomery, New York City (Pt. 1, Pt. XV, Pt. XI), Niagara, Oneida, Ontario, Orange, Orleans, Oswego, Otsego, Suffolk (Pt. II), Sullivan, Tioga, Tompkins, Westchester (Pt. II), Wyoming and Yates Counties; North Carolina, complete; Ohio, complete; Oregon, complete; Pennsylvania, complete; Rhode Island, Providence (Pt. 110 and Washington Counties; South Carolina, complete; Tennessee, complete; Texas, complete; Utah, complete; Vermont, Addison, Bennington, Windham, and Windsor Counties; Virginia, complete; Wisconsin, Adams, Brown, Calumet, Chippewa, Columbia, Crawford, Dane, Dodge, Fond du lac, Grant, Green, and Iowa (Part I).

## ANSWERS

A1006. Question appeared in Sunday, 16 Feb. 1964. LOFTIN-GRIGG-BLANKS-HOUSE. Your question was sent to me by a friend and also a Loftin searcher with whom I have been corresponding for some time.

I am sorry that I can be of no help, but your question has been a "gold-mine" to me on the Grigg-Blanks-House lines.

I have been attempting to trace the parents of my great-great grandfather and grandmother—they were:

Augustine Loftin and Mary M. C. Grigg. You stated that the Grigg records were taken from the family Bible records, so, may I ask:

Where is and who has this Bible?

Do you have a photostat of this or do you know if it is possible to secure?

Augustine Loftin and wife Mary had more children than you listed. Augustine Loftin's will is recorded in Will Book No. 9, pages 646-647, Williamson County, Tenn. I have a certified copy and the following children are listed:

"To my youngest daughter Ann E. Loftin; my son, William S. Loftin; equal shares to the balance of my children: Hubert C. Loftin, Richard B. Loftin, Joseph B. Loftin, Mary E. Wray, Eleanor Todd and Sarah A. B. Giles."

Mary E. Wray was my great-grandmother and wife of William A. Wray. I now have started working on the Blanks and House lines. Signed, Henry G. Wray, 10362 Margate Street, North Hollywood, California 91601.

A998. POLLARD, SUB-PARAGRAPHS (A) & (B). Question appeared in Dec. 29, 1963 with initials "M.D." Your question was for data on the name of Pollard and in particularly for Joseph Pollard (married Priscilla Hoopes, not Hoover) branch of that family. The inquirer states that Joseph Pollard's daughter Anne Pollard married Constantine Perkins ca. 1705. She could not have been that Joseph Pollard's daughter for he (Joseph) was born 1701. I do not have a copy this Joseph Pollard's will, but I have the following manuscript copy of which is preserved in the

## Feature Rules

1. Send all letters to Daily Press, Newport News, Va.; name and address of sender must be given.

2. Questions and answers must be clearly stated on large size paper 8½ by 11 inches, written double-spaced in ink or typed on one side of paper only; postal cards and small paper not acceptable; three questions only.

3. Answers will be through the column only. Correspondents making reply must give answers using data pertinent and brief.

4. Answers will be published from other readers as research by editor is too time-consuming; however, the editor will assist when possible. This feature is a clearing house for readers. The editor reserves the right to retain and edit questions and number of questions and date that question appeared. If answers are to be forwarded, must be accompanied by plain stamped envelope.

Virginia State Archives, Richmond, Virginia:

"Robert Pollard", King & Queen Co., Va., June 11, 1833, containing a list of the Pollard family. "The following statement is the best information respecting the Pollard family, I have been able to obtain. The first of the family came from France, but was born in Great Britain, settled in King & Queen Co., Va. and buried in the neighborhood of Bruington Meeting House (Quaker), on the land now owned by Mr. Edward Fox; had three sons and daughters. One of the sons went to sea and was never heard from."

"Joseph, another son born 1701, settled in the upper part of King & Queen County (Va.) and was Sheriff of that county between 1750-1754, removed to Goochland and had two sons and six daughters; William and Thomas, the sons; the daughters, Sarah, Ann, Frances, Elizabeth, Jane and Mildred. William Pollard settled in Hanover Co., Va. having 5 sons and 5 daughters were his children that arrived to the age of twenty-one years."

"His (William) sons, Joseph, William, Robert, Benjamin and Thomas; his daughters, Elizabeth, Mary, Mildred, Jane and Susanna. The surviving children are Joseph, Robert, Benjamin, Mary and Susanna. Of these: Elizabeth (married Mr. Todd and left children); Mary (m. - Mr. Austin, no children); Mildred (m. - Mr. Martin and had one child); Jane, unmarried; Susanna (m. - Mr. Kelso and had one son."

"Thomas Pollard, the other son of Joseph Pollard settled in Fairfax Co., Va. and later in life removed to Kentucky; had 4 sons, Joseph, Thomas, Robert and Benjamin; and daughters, Fanny, Sally, Priscilla, Mildred, Elizabeth and Jane."

(Note: to Hugh Watson, editor of this feature by the sender of these data, states: Hugh, I inserted and then scratched out the name of Robert Pollard, the immigrant ancestor, as Mr. Robert Pollard who wrote the letter containing the Pollard data did not name him but, since then research has revealed that he was the named Robert Pollard and exhaustive research had not established any relationship between Robert Pollard of Bruington, King & Queen Co., Va. and the early Robert Pollard of Lancaster Co., Va., who was there by 1656. He is thought to have been father of James Pollard found in Orange and Culpeper Cos., a., perhaps also in Spotsylvania Co., Va., signed, H.M.T.).

"The daughter of the 1st Robert Pollard not ascertained, but one married a Pendleton, who had a son Major Benjamin Pendleton, who lived and died at an advanced age in King & Queen Co., Va. and most of his descendants still reside in King & Queen. The daughters of the 1st named Pendleton married Thomas, Chapman, Harwood, and Pigg."

"Robert another son of the first named Pollard and brother of the said Joseph settled in King & Queen County near Bruington Meeting House (Quaker Meeting House). The said Robert Pollard had four sons and four daughters."

"The daughters of Joseph Pollard were: Sarah Pollard (married Judge Edmund Pendleton, no children); Ann Pollard (m. - Mr. Taylor and had one and one daughter); Frances Pollard (m. - Mr. Rogers, and had 4 sons and some daughters); Elizabeth Pollard (m. - Mr. Merriweather, and had 2 sons and daughters); Jane Pollard (m. - 1st, Mr. Dandridge; m. - 2ndly, Mr. Underwood, and no children); Mildred Pollard (m. - Edmund Pendleton, Jr., nephew of the above Hon. Judge Edmund Pendleton; this couple had 2 sons and 5 daughters)."

"Robert Pollard, brother of Joseph had these children: Robert Pollard, died young leaving 2 sons, Richard and Robert; Richard Pollard, died in King & Queen Co., Va., had 2 sons and 6 daughters; Robert Pollard, died in King & Queen Co., Va., had 4 sons and 4 daughters."

"Richard Pollard, another son removed to Culpeper Co., Va."

"John Pollard, another son died in King & Queen Co. and had 7 sons and 2 daughters (Note: This is incorrect for John Pollard died Stafford Co., Va. with his will of 1789 and had only one son, John Pollard, Jr.—Initialed by H.M.T.)."

This Pollard data will continued in the next issue of this feature.



# Climbing The Family Tree

Genealogy Questions  
And Answers

By HUGH S. WATSON Jr.



## HISTORICAL RARITIES

THE YANKEES WERE IN NORTH CAROLINA 101 YEARS DURING THE CIVIL WAR. The following was a report taken from the Daily Journal and from the Raleigh Progress of January 10, 1863: "IMPORTANT FROM NEWBERN (by Underground Route) (and this was dated Jan. 6, 1863)—"

"J. L. Pennington: Dear Sir: The Yankee force in Newbern is about 30,000 men, and Maj. Gen. Negly's division is landing at Morehead City and camping at Carolina City. The 56th and 100th New York landed at that place one week ago to-day, and are there waiting for the balance of the division. Wilmington was the place of attack, but the iron-clads did not turn up right, one having put in at Beaufort Harbor badly damaged and unfit for service until repaired, and the other iron-clads supposed to be sunk at sea. Since the disaster among the ironclads the Yankee programme may be changed and the attack made on Goldsboro or Weldon. The Yankees say they have three hundred Indians, but my opinion is they are Negroes painted up as Indians. A Yankee chaplain last Sunday and also on Christmas Day made proclamation to the Negroes at Newbern, declaring them forever free. On Gen. Foster's last raid towards Hamilton or Williamston, he stole several pair of horses and a number of carriages, and has made Mrs. Col. Emory a present of an establishment and she is driving around town in a grand style."

A1021(A). BUCKHANEN-HORN. I would like any information about one Mr. Lemuel Buckhanen. I have located a marriage certificate made out to him and a Mary Horn in Davie County, North Carolina, dated October 19, 1864. Have not been able to trace him after that time.

(B). HORN. Would like to know if Moses Horn, father of the above mentioned Mary Horn, who married Lemuel Buckhanen, is the same Moses Horn mentioned in a will found in Edgecomb County, North Carolina and dated 10 Sept. 1753. This will mentions William, Henry, Charles, Thomas, Margret, Michael, Moses and John Horn.

(C). FITZGERALD, JACOBS-PHIFER-VAUGHN-CRATER-REEVES - BARRON-SUMMERS-TRIVETTE - MESSICK-RINEHART-ALLEY-LATHAM - HUGO-ALLEN. Would like to exchange data with anyone interested in these lines. (P.R., Hampton, Va.).

## ANSWERS

A998. POLLARD. This continues from the previous issue on the name of Pollard. We had listed the sons of Robert Pollard, brother of Joseph Pollard and now we list the daughters, the given names not shown:

One daughter married one Mr. Mitchell and lived in Mecklenburg County, Va.

One dau. married Gaines and lived in Orange Co., Va.

One dau. married a Mr. Smith and lived in King & Queen Co., Va.

One dau. married Mr. Garlick and lived in King & Queen Co., Va.

THE RECORDS of the County Court of King & Queen Co., Va. being destroyed no information of the records could be obtained, but Mr. Joseph Pollard of King & Queen assisted me in ascertaining our ancestors and connections which I think may generally be relied on as correct.

"Robert Pollard, June 11, 1833—Ann Taylor's son, the late Col. John Taylor of Caroline Co.; his sister married Col. Philip Johnson of Caroline Co. (Va.); was married in the year 1771 and removed some years afterwards to Ky."

"Frances Rogers' sons Edmund and

Thomas removed to Ky., probably still alive."

"Mildred Pendleton's sons resided in Caroline Co., Va.—John the eldest died leaving several sons—one is the Clerk of Caroline Co., and Edmund the other son is now living in Caroline."

"The following is forwarded you at the request of my brother Benjamin of Hanover—Your Most obedient servant, Robert Pollard" (Note: This Robert Pollard was son of Wm Pollard of Hanover Co., Va. and Robert Pollard was Clerk of King & Queen Co., Va. for many years. This data was endorsed-Mailed at Beaver Dam, June 20, 1833, according to the sender of the information to this editor. The kind individual who so graciously sent this data also stated that the above quoted data given was known to whom the letter was addressed, but this data was sent to her some years ago by the sister of the late Rev. B. R. Roller, a Pollard descendant).

Joseph (2) Pollard's birth date is given as 1701, and death as 1791 and married. Does the inquirer with initials "M.D." know which Perkins man married Lucy Coleman and which Pendleton man married her sister Elizabeth Coleman and if so, does he or she have the maiden name of these Coleman girls' mother or any data regarding her family or the Coleman family of King & Queen Co.?

"The Virginia Pollards," which appeared in The Richmond Times Dispatch, Jan. 1, 1905 stated that the earliest Pollard in Virginia was Robert Pollard of Lancaster Co., Va. in 1656 & thought to have been the ancestor of 1st Robert Pollard of Bruington, King & Queen Co., Va., but exhaustive research by several Pollard descendants of the late Robert Pollard, failed to establish any relationship between the two men. This mentioned article states that Robert Pollard of Bruington had 3 sons and one known daughter; one son went to sea and was never heard of again; Joseph another son was born 1701, married Priscilla Holmes (NOTE: this should be Hoomes) of Caroline Co., Va., born 1704, was sheriff of King & Queen Co. in 1750, moved to Goochland Co., Va. & died there where his will is recorded. This Joseph Pollard had 2 sons, William & Thomas and 6 daughters, Sara, Ann, Frances, Elizabeth, Jane and Mildred.

The daughters of immediately mentioned Joseph (born 1701) were married as follows:

Sara Pollard was born May 4, 1725; married Judge Edmund Pendleton, June 20, 1745, no issue,

Anne Pollard, born Feb. 22, 1732, mar-

ried James Taylor of Caroline Co., Va.; had issue, Col. John Taylor and a daughter,

Frances Pollard, married George Rogers, and had issue 4 sons and 4 daughters (George was a brother of General John Rogers and the grandfather of General George Rogers Clark,

Elizabeth Pollard, born Oct. 1736, married James Merriweather on Sept. 6, 1760, and had issue 2 sons and some daughters,

(Thomas Pollard was the fifth child of Joseph Pollard),

Jane Pollard, was the next child and she was born May 25, 1744, and married 1st, Nathaniel West Dandridge on Aug. 2, 1779; married 2ndly, Thomas Underwood; no issue,

Mildred Pollard, born May 12, 1747, married Col. Edmund Pendleton, Aug. 7, 1764, and had issue 2 sons and 5 daughters,

(William Pollard was the 8th child of Joseph Pollard).

The sons of Joseph Pollard have been traced as follows:

Thomas Pollard, born Sept. 30, 1741, married Sally Harding, June 15, 1763 & had 4 sons and 6 daughters, who were (Joseph Pollard, married a Miss Thornton; Thomas; Robert; Benjamin; Fannie; Sally; Priscilla; Mildred; Elizabeth; and Jane. Of these, Thomas Pollard settled in Fairfax Co., Va. and was one of the Wardens of Pohick Church where Gen. George Washington was Senior Warden; both resigned together—Thomas Pollard late in life removed to Kentucky. In the year 1736 one Joseph Pollard and one John Pollard patented land between them about 10,000 acres of land in Harrison Co., now West Virginia—who were they?)

William Pollard, brother of Thomas Pollard was probably older than Thomas and most of his sisters. William married a Miss Anderson and had children: Joseph; Benjamin; Robert; Mary; and Susanna, who were still living in 1833 in Hanover Co., Va. Elizabeth Pollard had married a Mr. Bernard Todd and left no issue; Mildred married a Mr. Martin and left one child; Jane, unmarried of those living in 1833; Mary Pollard married Mr. Austin, no issue; Susanna, married a Mr. Kelso and had one son.

Robert Pollard, brother of Joseph Pollard (Sr.) married and had 4 sons and 4 daughters. He settled in King & Queen Co., Va.; one daughter married a Mr. Mitchell of Mecklenburg; one dau. married a Mr. Gaines of King & Queen Co.; the sons were Robert, Richard, John and Benjamin.

From here on the line goes into the Richard Pollard family of which the inquirer did not ask. One paper on the Pollard family of my branch was written by Congressman, Judge F. W. Strother of West Virginia, a cousin of my grandfather and this group was of Culpeper Co.; Va. As the inquirer did not state just where the Perkins family was from, it may be that this Pollard location is "way-off" Joseph Pollard family of King & Queen Co., Va., Goochland Co., and Hanover Co., Va. I have been told recently there is a book published in 1960 by M. J. Pollard called, "The History of the Pollard Family in America," but I have never seen it; also that this Mr. Pollard is now working on Vol. 2 and is searching for what he calls "The Southern Pollards." Have you ever seen his book, which was sold out by March 1963, so a correspondent wrote me? (Thanks to H.M.T. of Newport News, for this informative data.)

## Feature Rules

1. Send all letters to Daily Press, Newport News, Va.; name and address of sender must be given.

2. Questions and answers must be clearly stated on large size paper 8½ by 11 inches, written double-spaced in ink or typed on one side of paper only; postal cards and small paper not acceptable; three questions only.

3. Answers will be through the column only. Correspondents making reply must give answers using data pertinent and brief.

4. Answers will be published from other readers as research by editor is too time-consuming; however, the editor will assist when possible. This feature is a clearing house for readers. The editor reserves the right to retain and edit questions and number of questions and date that question appeared. If answers are to be forwarded, must be accompanied by plain stamped envelope.



# Climbing The Family Tree

Genealogy Questions  
And Answers

By HUGH S. WATSON Jr.

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

**WHAT LONG DISTANCES THEY COULD TRAVEL 101 YEARS AGO EVEN THOUGH IT WAS AN ARMY.** The following was taken from the Chicago (Ill.) Tribune of January 15, 1863:

"CALIFORNIA TO MASSACHUSETTS. Cavalry Arrived and More to Come. Boston, Jan. 14 (1863). The public reception and welcome to the California cavalry took place today, and not withstanding the bad weather, it was a very interesting and cordial affair."

"Governor Andrew in his address to the reception of the California cavalry today said that this morning he received assurances from Washington that the tender of a whole cavalry battalion from California was accepted, and notice had been telegraphed to San Francisco. The battalion will be counted as part of the contingent of Massachusetts."

## JUDKINS FAMILY

This editor has received many requests concerning the family of Judkins and its early lineage from the Virginia family, so as to assist those who have wanted the data, the following is given:

"JUDKINS OF SURRY. The progenitor of this family was Samuel Judkins whose will dated 1671 was probated in Surry County May 7, 1672. It mentions his eldest son, Samuel, sons, Robert and Charles, and wife Lydia Gray. The widow Lydia Judkins, married (2nd) Capt. Thomas Pitman and was dead prior to March 4, 1678/9 (Surry Co., Va. Book 2, page 201). Lydia may have been a daughter of Captain William Gray (1661-1719) whose will was witnessed by Nicholas Maget, Robert Judkins and Samuel Maget, all connected with this family."

"1. Samuel Judkins, eldest son of Samuel and Lydia, was born 1657-8, as he was a thithable in 1674. He married Elizabeth, daughter of Edward and Elizabeth Petway of Surry Co. (Va.) and died in Surry in 1705, his inventory being dated May 18, 1705 (Ref: Surry Co., Va. Book 3, page 339). He had two sons, namely:

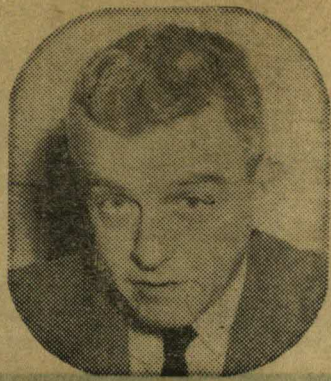
(1) Samuel Judkins, born 1683-4 (thithable first 1700), m. Ann —, and died in Surry Co. 1740, his will dated April 13, 1740, and probated Oct. 15, 1740, mentioning son Samuel, daughters, Ann Champion and Sarah Holt, granddaughter Lucy Champion, and wife Ann. (See Champion family in Vol. 1, page 128 of this book from which this entire data was taken).

(2) John Judkins, born abt. 1686-90, married Martha — and died in Surry County (Va.) 1760. His will dated Dec. 12, 1758 and probated May 20, 1760. His wife, Martha, died in 1772, her will being dated Jan. 19, 1767 and probated Nov. 19, 1772. The two wills show the following children:

(a) Nicholas Judkins, born about 1710-12 (first appears in the records in 1733, Surry Co., Va. Deed & Will Book 1730-33, page 306), married Elizabeth —, and died in Surry County 1765. His will, dated May 20, 1763 and probated in Surry, June 18, 1765, mentions sons, John and Jacob, daughters Mary, Martha, Ann and Elizabeth Judkins, and wife Elizabeth.

(b) William Judkins, died in Surry County in 1760. His will, dated Dec. 10, 1760 and probated Dec. 16, 1760, mentions sons, Joes, Thomas, Jordan and Mark, daughters, Hannah, Rebecca and Sarah Judkins; brothers, Joseph and Samuel Judkins, executors.

(c) Joseph Judkins, died in Surry County in 1779. His will dated Oct. 3, 1778 and probated Feb. 23, 1779 was as follows: "To my daughter, Sally Lane, 1 Negro & 250 pounds cash to Sally Lane for her and John Lane to buy land; said land to go at her death to



my grandson, Judkins Lane. To my son, James Judkins and to my daughter Sally Lane all the rest of my estate to be equally divided between them. Executors: John Lane, James Judkins and Sally Lane (Surry Co., Va. Will Book II).

(d) Samuel Judkins, probably identical with a Samuel Judkins whose will was probated in 1782 in Surry Co., Va.

(e) Jesse Judkins whose will was probated in Surry in 1781.

(f) Charles Judkins.

(g) John Judkins, will probated in Surry Co., Va. 1794.

(h) Mary Judkins, married a Barham (probably Robert Barham, Jr. whose wife's name was Mary).

(i) Ann Judkins, married Mouring.

(j) Sarah Barham, married probably Charles Barham. John Judkins' will mentions not only his daughters, Mary and Sarah Barham, but also leaves bequests to Charles Barham and to his grandson, Robert Barham.

(k) (daughter) Judkins (probably) m. William Thompson. John Judkins' will leaves a bequest to William Thompson and legacies to his grandchildren, Philip, Frederick, Rebecca and Patty Thompson. (Note: It was this Martha and/or Patsy Thompson who married Lt. Jesse Warren of Surry Co., Va., an officer during the revolution, ancestors of the present owner of Historic Bacon's Castle in Surry Co., Va.—Editor).

II. Robert Judkins, second son of Samuel and Lydia, was born 1660-1661, as he first appears as a thithable in 1677. He married Elizabeth — and died in Surry County in 1693, his will, dated May 19, 1693 and probated Jan. 2, 1693/4 mentioning his sons, William and Robert, daughters Elizabeth and Sarah and wife, Elizabeth (Ref: Surry Co., Va. Will Book 3, page 343). The son William married Margaret Harris and died in 1721, leaving two daughters, Elizabeth who married John Berriman and Hannah. The widow Margaret married (2nd) Bartlett Morland by Aug. 16, 1721; she m. (3rd) by 1729 James Vaughen (cf. Va. Magazine of History & Biography, Vol. 46, page 360; also Surry Co., Va. Deed & Will Book 1715-1730, page 971).

This Robert Judkins, son of Elizabeth & Robert Judkins, married Faith, daughter of Nicholas Maget and moved to Sussex Co. (Va.) where he died in 1761. His will, probated Feb. 20, 1761 (Sussex Co., Va., Will Book A, page 188) mentions his wife, Faith, sons, William, Robert and John, and daughter, Sarah Judkins. Robert's and Faith's son, William, is probably identical with a William Judkins who died in Sussex Co. in 1790, his will, dated Oct. 10, 1786, and probated Sept. 2, 1790, mentioning wife, Sarah, sons, James, John and Nicholas. Three of the children of William and Sarah Judkins are mentioned in the Albemarle Parish Register as follows: William, b. Oct. 22, 1748; John b. Oct. 3,

1746; Mary, b. Nov. 29, 1750. Robert Judkins, the other son of Robert & Faith, married Sarah — and had the following children recorded in the Albemarle Parish Register: Elizabeth, b. Jan. 5, 1759 and Susannah, b. May 2, 1761.

III. Charles Judkins, son of Samuel and Lydia, was born in 1670 or 1671, as he first appears as a thithable in 1687. He married Jean or Jane —, and died in Surry in 1710, his will mentioning his wife, Jane, and sons, James, Charles, Thomas and William. His widow was married (2nd) to William Williams prior to Sept. 12, 1711. (Ref: Virginia Magazine of History & Biography, Vol. 48, page 360). The son, Thomas Judkins died unmarried in Surry in 1732. His will leaving his property to his brothers, William, James and Charles. Of the other sons, William Judkins is probably identical with a William Judkins wife, Catherine, the birth of two of whose children is recorded in the Albemarle Parish Register, namely, William, born March 22, 1739/40, and James, b. March 5, 1742. Charles Judkins, son of Charles and Jane, married Sarah Gray, lived in Albemarle Parish, and died in Sussex Co., (Va.) in 1774. His will dated Nov. 6, 1773 and probated in Sussex June 16, 1774, mentions sons, John, Charles, and Gray; daughters Sarah and Mary Judkins and Frances Hobson; son-in-law Amos Atkinson; grandchildren, Margaret Drake, Sarah and Jemima

Atkinson, Allen, Berney and Mary Dunn; and son-in-law Thomas Dunn. The births of the following of Charles and Sarah Judkins' children are recorded in the Albemarle Parish Register: 1) John, b. Dec. 19, 1737; 2) Frances, born about 1740; 3) Susannah, b. July 14, 1740; 4) Charles, b. Feb. 16, 1742; 5) Gray, b. Aug. 28, 1748. The Register records the death of Charles Judkins as Feb. 24, 1774. It also records the births of the children of two of his sons as follows: (1) children of John & Mary Judkins: Charity, b. Jan. 14, 1764; Martha, b. Dec. 4, 1765; Gray, b. April 11, 1770; and Howell, born Oct. 28, 1772. (2) Lucy, daughter of Charles Judkins, Jr. and Martha, was born Oct. 2, 1769. (Charles Judkins, who married Sarah Gray, above, may have been a son of John Judkins, died 1760, and wife, Martha, but it seems more probable that he was the son of Charles and Jane).

(Reference for the above Judkins family data was: "Southside Virginia Families" Vol. II, pages 287-289, by John Bennett Boddie, published 1956).

## ANSWERS

A1015. POLLARD. Under section (B) of this question of Sunday, March 15, 1964 issue there was a request for parentage of James Harvie Pollard and Caroline Ellett, a King William Co., Va. family.

We have received an answer showing the descendants of the above mentioned couple from a reader. They are:

(1) Samuel Pollard who died a young man.

(2) Spotswood who married Ellen Puller; children: (a) Ellett Drewry Pollard, deceased; (b) Jennie, single;

(c) Puller, Polard, married (not known).

(3) Kemper Pollard, who married twice; only one child I know, by name of Kenneth.

(4) Ellett Drewry Pollard, who married Blanche Moren (both deceased); children: (a) Blanche Pollard, deceased, who married twice, first to George Oliver, deceased; 2ndly to Carlyle Turner; no children; (b) Gladys Pollard, who married — 7 had one child; (c) Noel Pollard married —, and had two or three children; (d) Drewry Pollard, married —; (e) James Pollard, married —; (f) Ellett Pollard, married —.

(5) Gertrude Pleasant Pollard, deceased, married Robert Willis Woods, deceased; had children: (a) Caroline Ellett Woods, single, of Clifton Forge, Va.; (b) Kathleen Samuel Woods, deceased, married William Leon Brown, now deceased, had children: (1) Caroline Thelma Brown, who married William M. Jones and had Annette who married Wayne King and this couple had Kendal Wayne King; and another James Leon King, who married and had Jamie.

Other children of Kathleen Samuel Woods and William Leon Brown:

(2) Robert Augustus Brown, single.

(3) James Winton Brown, married Suzanne Ackiss; they had, James Winton Brown, Jr. and Patricia Ann Brown.

(4) Kathleen Woods, married Robert Sheehan; and had, Robert Sheehan, Jr. and Linda Sheehan.

(5) William Leon Woods, married Virginia Bradley; they had, William Leon Woods, Jr., Gary Woods, and Keith Woods.

(6) Gertrude Pollard Woods, who married George Ramming; and had, Robert Reid Ramming.

(More of this Pollard family data will be published in a future issue, however, I wish that the sender would have given the full names of the children.)

## MEIGS

ARMS: Or, a chevron between three mascles gules, on a chief sable, a greyhound courant argent.

CREST: A talbot's head erased argent, eared sable, collared or, under the collar two pellets fessways. Three acorns erect issuing from the top of the head proper.

The New England family of the name Meigs has used this arms. They descend from Vincent Meigs or Meggs, who

was born about the year 1583 and died in 1653. He came from his mother country of England in 1639 with sons John and Mark Meigs to the Massachusetts Colony and to Weymouth. At some later date he moved to New Haven, Conn., which has been thought to have been in 1646. He later showed up in Milford and then in Guilford, now known as Killingsworth, Conn. He married in the year 1606 a Miss Churchill. This couple had,

John Meigs, born in 1612 and died in 1671, who was also at Weymouth, Mass. and was later known to have been in Rehoboth, Mass. He was also in Conn. for he took the oath of fidelity at New Haven in the year 1644 and there was admitted to be a freeman. He too was at Guilford, Conn. as was his father for he was known as a planter in the year 1654, where he was a towns officer, being Constable, a very honorable and lucrative position in the early days. He married in 1632, Thomazin Fry. They had,

Deacon John Meigs, born in the year 1641 and died in 1713. He like father and grandfather was also of Guilford, Conn. where he was one of twelve patentees of that community. He was married twice; 1st, in the year 1665, to Sarah Wilcox, who died in 1661; married 2ndly, to Lydia Crittenden, widow of Isaac Crittenden. This couple had,

Capt. Jonna Meigs (1672-1739), a prominent man, who married in 1698, Hannah Willard of Wethersfield, Conn.









May 19, 1964

# Climbing The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON JR.



ARMS: Or, a lion rampant, vert, double queried.

CREST: A lion's head erased

MOTTO: Nec gladio nec arcu.

This Dudley family arms has been used by the New England family of Thomas Dudley, who was born in the year 1576 and died in New England in the year 1653. This gentleman came from his mother country of England in the ship named, "Arbella." He had been named deputy-governor for the Colony known as the Massachusetts Bay Colony in 1630. He took an active part in the affairs of his group and was named the second governor of that colony in the year 1634. During his time there was a group known as the United Colonies of which he was twice named president. Among his other activities was that of the military service having been named Major General of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company. It is from this company that so many persons have proved descent and for which an organization has been named. Governor Thomas Dudley married Dorothy Yorke, who died in 1643. He married as his second wife in the year 1644, Catherine, widow of Samuel Hackburne. This couple had,

Reverend Samuel Dudley, who was born in England in 1610 and died 1683 in New England. He was much married for his 3rd wife was Elizabeth; they had,

Stephen Dudley, born in New England and died in the year 1734. He married in 1684, Sarah Gilman, who was born in 1667 and died in 1713, a daughter of John Gilman. This couple had,

James Dudley, who was born in 1690 and died in 1746. He also served his community by having been a lieutenant in the militia during the famous French and Indian Wars; he married Mary Folsom.

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

**BUT PEOPLE DID TRAVEL DURING THE PERIOD OF 1770's.** They moved just as persons do today; they took up new land grants; they joined relatives in new locations; they also had pioneering spirit. Just let us see how some men were born in one place and during the recruiting of soldiers for the militia during the Revolutionary War the list of only one group will give us evidence as to the migratory situation of the day. The following is the list of some Revolutionary War soldiers who enlisted at Chesterfield County Court House, Virginia after 1 September 1780; the name of the enlistee, age place of birth and residence will be given in this order:

Thomas Anderson, ae. 30, born New Kent Co., residence Hanover Co.; Spencer Allgood, ae. 21, Amelia Co., Mecklenburg Co.; William Anderson, ae. 37, Essex Co., Hanover Co.; Amos Alderson, ae. 22, Northumberland Co., Cumberland Co.; Benjamin Allday, ae. 20, Henrico Co., Charlotte Co.; Nat. Anderson, ae. 39, Norfolk, Va., Princess Anne Co.; George Ambler, ae. 40, born England, Spotsylvania Co.; Austin Acres, ae. 17, Buckingham Co., Montgomery Co.; Valentine Acres, ae. 18, Buckingham Co., Montgomery Co.; Gem Ash, ae. 18, Isle of Wight Co., resided in Isle of Wight Co.; Joseph Abraham, ae. 35, Culpeper Co., Spotsylvania Co.; Jessey Armstrong, ae. 18, King George Co., res. King George Co.; also

NAME, AGE, PLACE of birth and residence: John Abner, ae. 20, Albemarle Co., res. Albemarle Co.; William Adcock, ae. 26, born Windsor England, res. Albemarle Co.; Lincey Arnold, ae. 16, Spotsylvania, res. Spotsylvania Co.; William Adkinson, ae. 25, born London, England, res. Fauquier Co.; also,

Name, age, place of birth and residence: Evan Archer, ae. 25, Hertford, North Carolina, res. Norfolk, Va.; William Algood, ae. 19, born Amelia Co., res. Mecklenburg Co. (he must have been a brother of the above mentioned Spencer Algood); Bennet Artist, ae. 18, Southampton Co., res. Southampton Co.; John Butler, ae. 20, born Dinwiddie, res. Dinwiddie Co.; Thomas Belvin, ae. 28, born York Co., res. York Co.; William Bailies, ae. 25, born Birmingham England, resided Leesburg, Va.; Cake Brown, ae. 23, Cumberland Co., res. Cumberland Co.; Joseph Buttridge, ae. 18, Stafford Co., res. Charlotte Co.; James Butler, ae. 22, Hanover Co., Mecklenburg Co.; Zachariah Butler, ae. 44, born Hanover Co., res. Mecklenburg Co.; and John Beal, ae. 18, born Maryland, resided Pittsylvania Co., Va.

(The above list was taken from the April 1964 issue, Vol. II, No. 2, Virginia Genealogical Society Quarterly Bulletin, page 34. This was only a part of those shown; however, the quarterly has stated that other lists will follow. It may be suggested that persons who are interested in this mentioned Bulletin, write to the Virginia Genealogical Society, Box 53, Richmond, Va. 23224.)

## BLEDSON

This continues in answer to requests for the name of Bledsoe and from the last issue of 3 May 1964 of this feature.

"Mr. Bledsoe was detached with others, under Colonel Lee, to capture a certain strong post of the enemy's called the 'Hook'. Just before the troops reached the fort, an hour before day, Lee harangued them and said he wanted no cowards. Seventeen stepped out of the ranks—the balance, with UNLOADED guns, made their attack. A soldier in his shirt was in the act of putting his match to a cannon, pointed at the invading column, when Col. Lee (who was foremost in the charge), transfixing him with his sword. After a few minutes' work with the bayonet, the fort was surrendered. In searching for

the enemy in the dark, Mr. Bledsoe was shot at so close as to be burned by the powder, and was severely wounded by a bayonet. He was at the battle of Camden and was in North Carolina also, near enough to Guilford to hear the report of the cannon in that battle. Mr. Bledsoe had command of a company in the South. After a time he returned with his company to Henry County, where they had enlisted, and went thence himself and joined the army near Yorktown." (This was during the Revolutionary War.—Editor).

"He had made many promises during the war, if the Lord would spare his life, he would serve Him. In 1783, he obtained his hope and joined the church in Orange County (Va.), called North Fork, and was baptised by Aaron Bledsoe, a relative. He soon began to preach and was ordained about 1792 by George Morris, Aaron Bledsoe and John Waller. In February 1793, he migrated to Oglethorpe County, Georgia. The first church of which he had charge was at Salem, then numbering about seventeen members. He was pastor also of Freeman's Creek, Baird's Meeting-House and Scull Shoals. He and Silas Mercer were instrumental in fathering 'Big Creek' which was first called 'Liberty'. They had preached some time at Major Water's dwelling house."

"He numbered the baptisms he performed until they reached twelve hundred, then desisted, lest he should sin after the manner of David in numbering the children of Israel. As this occurred long before his ministry closed, it would be interesting to know how many he did baptise."

"HE DIED AT HIS son-in-law's, in Oglethorpe County (Ga.), about the year 1845. The last five years of his life were full of suffering, but he said he had nothing to change in the main truth he had preached."

"He was allowed pension on his application executed Sept. 3, 1832, at which time he was living in Oglethorpe County, Ga., and was seventy years of age. General Accounting Office, Records Division, Washington, D. C., Miller Bledsoe, Certificate No. 12253 or No. 12254, issued April 11, 1833, rate \$80.00 per annum commenced 3/4/1831, Act. of June 7, 1832, Ga. Agency."

"Miller Bledsoe married Jean Elizabeth Bolling (Bolling) in Va. Tradition says she was the daughter of Dr. Bolling of Fredericksburg, Va., who moved to Ga. right after the Revolution."

"Miller Bledsoe of Orange County, Va., and Oglethorpe Co., Ga., born Oct. 7, 1761, is not to be confused with William Miller Bledsoe born April 13, 1761. The fact that William Miller Bledsoe, Jr., born April 13, 1792, put into his Bible that his father William Miller Bledsoe was born April 13, 1761, is of great importance in distinguishing these two men. William Miller Bledsoe born April 13, 1761, was the son of Joseph Bledsoe and his wife Elizabeth Miller." (The names of the children of Rev. Miller Bledsoe and wife Jean Elizabeth Bolling will not be given here as they can be found in the reference to be given at the end of this article.—Editor).

"Abraham (2) Bledsoe, third son of George (1) Bledsoe, married first Katherine Ball, and secondly, Sarah. On June 6, 1732, Abraham Bledsoe and wife Sarah sold 400 acres in St. Marks Parish, Spotsylvania (Co., Va.) to Thomas Watts (Crozier, page 122). He and his brother William Bledsoe also sold part of a patent granted them May 30, 1726. The Will of Abraham Bledsoe was dated March 15, 1753, in Granville County, and was probated May 29 of same year. He names wife, Sarah, his sons Isaac, Abraham, Thomas, Jacob, Moses and Aaron, and refers to 'the rest of my children'. The executors were his wife, Sarah, and his

son-in-law, Henry Thornton. Aaron Bledsoe was given a Captains commission in Spotsylvania County in 1756. Isaac Bledsoe served as a private in Dunmore's War, and in the subsequent Indian Wars. Anthony Bledsoe, who was not named in the above mentioned will, was commissioned a Captain in the Colonial troops about 1774."

ABRAHAM BLEDSON was an Ensign in Captain Long's company in 1774. Abraham, Anthony William and George Bledsoe, noted Indian fighters, who removed from Augusta to Washington Co., Va., at an early date, were probably cousins of Anthony, Isaac and Abraham Bledsoe who settled in Tenn. On of the four brothers, Abraham, had sons: Thomas, Loven, Anthony, William, and Isaac." To be continued.

(Reference for the above Bledsoe family: Historical Southern Families, Vol. III, pages 119-121, published 1959 and compiled by John Bennett Boddie).

## BARHAM FAMILY

BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA. This continues as the 41st article on this family. We shall begin with Entry No. 41:

ENTRY NO. 41—The appraisal of the estate of William Barham of Surry Co., Va. by John Cocke, Randolph Price and Edmund Waller; the inventory shows Negro slaves: Lucy, Harry, Dick, Sall, Amy and Patt (Reference: Surry Co., Va. Will Book, 1768-1779, page 258). This was dated June 10, 1772.

1774, Jan. 22—Accounts Current for the Estate of William Barham, with Joseph Holt, administrator; paid the following: Ethelred Lane, Joseph Barham, Mrs. Mary Slade, Edmund Waller, John Newsum, William Newsum, John Judkins and Richard Rowell; and the sale of Negro slave Sall was 53:1 lbs. (Ref. Surry Co., Va. Will Book, 1768-1779, page 231).

1772, Sept. 22. Accounts Current for Estate of Benjamin Judkins, signed William Bailey, Jr., and John Judkins, Jr; items paid: paid, Phillip Holt, Jesse Barham, Elizabeth Adams, Joel Thompson (Ref.: Surry Co., Va. Will Book, 1768-1779, page 247) (Note: The wife of Benjamin Judkins was the daughter of John Barham; see will of John Barham year 1771).

1772, Nov. 12.—Marriage Bond: William Barham to Sarah Thomas, daughter of Henry Thomas, deceased; consent of Martha Thomas; with surety, John Thomas Blow; witnesses, Rich. Kello, Thomas Judkins (Ref.: from the Southampton Co., Va. Marriage Register (Note: See the Jarrell-Thomas marriage of 1769.—Editor).

1772, Nov. 19. Will of Martha Judkins; names:

Daughter, Mary Barham,  
Daughter, Sarah Barham  
Daughter, Ann Mooring,  
Granddaughter, Patty (or Patsey or Martha) Thompson. (Note: This Patsey or Martha Thompson married Lt. Jesse Warren of Surry, a soldier of the American Revolution and among their children was Jesse Phillips Warren who married Sally C. Bell and this last mentioned couple had among other Lucy Caroline Warren, who married William Major West.)

Charles Judkins,  
7 children—Joseph, Mary Barham, Ann Mooring, Sarah Barham, Samuel, Jesse and Charles,

Executor: Son, Jesse Judkins  
Will proved by John Davis, Zach. Madera, Nathaniel Davis.

This will was dated 19 January 1767 and probated 19 November 1772.

(This will of Martha Judkins was received in Surry Co., Va., Will Book, 1768-1779, page 172).

(This Barham data will be continued in the next issue of this feature).



# Climbing The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON JR.

## MINOTE



**ARMS:** Azure two bars dancette argent, in chief a label of three points gules.

**CREST:** A passion cross above which are three estoiles of eight rays, one and two gules.

**MOTTO:** Ad astra per aspera.

This arms has been used by the New England family of the name Minot or Monote. This family descends from George Minote, who was born in the year 1594 and died in 1671 being the son of Thomas Minote. George Minote came from England and settled in Dorchester, Mass. in the year 1630 and was listed among those who had proved their title of Freeman and this was in 1634. He like many other New Englanders took an active part in the life of his community. He was elected from his vicinity to represent the population in the General Court in 1635. Being a religious man he was Ruling Elder for a long term of 30 years. His wife's given name was Martha, but the surname is not known to this editor. This couple had,

John Minot, who was born in 1626 and died in 1669. As his 1st wife he married in 1647, Lydia Butler, who died in 1667. They had,

Capt. James Minot, who was born in 1653 and died in 1735. He was an educated man having been graduated from Harvard in 1675. He married Rebecca Wheeler of Concord, Mass., who was born in 1666 and died in 1734. They had,

Samuel Minot, who was born in 1706 and died in 1766. This Samuel married Sarah Prescott of Westford, Mass., who was born in 1712 and died in 1737 as young woman. They had,

Capt. Jonas Minot, who was born in 1735 and died in 1813. He served his country during the American Revolution. He married Mary Hall, who was born in 1738 and died in 1792.

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

So many of my readers have asked the question, "Where can I obtain my coat-of-arms?" Well, it is not that this feature and editor are advertising such a firm or business, but one who contacts the mentioned firm does so at his own desire. However, it is to the advantage of readers to know just where and what to ask for when wishing a coat-of-arms. The firm of Shepherd's Scottish Shop, 105 Bacon Avenue, Williamsburg, Virginia, specializes in arms.

The Shepherd Scottish Shop owner has contacted me advising me of his services, as well as, all imports from Scotland. Mr. David M. Shepherd, proprietor, further advises that his firm carries a "complete line of Scottish files also other names not necessarily Scottish, also parchments done by Heraldic Artists in Scotland, also wooden plaques in any coat-of-arms, also sew-on crests in silk or spun gold. We have the best books that are possible to buy on Scotland and her Clans."

## QUESTIONS

A1022. SCARBROUGH-PAYNE. Mathew Scarborough of Somerset Co., Maryland, 19 May 1703, gave in a Deed of Gift to his daughter, Hannah Payne, wife of Daniel Payne of Northampton Co., Va., "that parcel of land called 'Islington'." The land of Mathew Scarborough was near the Virginia-Maryland border.

In the will of Daniel Paine, a cordwainer, of Northampton Co., Va.—he names his wife, Hannah; his sons, John Payne and Daniel Payne; his daughter, Esther Paine; will probated 28 July 1709.

In 1734-35 one John Pain appears on the Somerset Co., Md. tax lists as paying taxes on land in the same section of land as that given to Hannah Payne. Due to lost records, I am unable to find just how this land got into the possession of John Paine.

Is there a connection between these Payne families named in this request for data? The younger sons of John Pain and those of his sons were bound out to learn the trade of a cordwainer.

Would like data on these families and proof to their connection. (W.H.N., Rushville, Ind.)

A1023. CHERRY-PERRIN-TALBERT-WEIR. Thomas Cherry married Rachel Perrin. This young couple came in company with a large party of relatives and settled in Virginia in 1730's. Thomas Cherry had a brother, William Cherry, who had large land holdings in Virginia. He died without heirs and left his brother large land holdings in Virginia. George Washington later surveyed some of this land for Thomas Cherry.

Thomas and Rachel (Perrin) Cherry had four sons to fight in the American Revolution: as listed,

William Cherry, Capt. in Pennsylvania Army

Aaron Cherry, (Pbt.?), Washington's Army—later went to Texas

Mose Cherry, Lt. in Brandon's Regt., South Carolina; married Elizabeth Talbert; he died in 1783; his widow then married a Mr. Weir; she died in Oct. 1821, Tuscaloosa County, Alabama. The children of Mose and Elizabeth (Talbert) Cherry were: Thomas, Samuel, Nancy and Rachel.

John Cherry, Ensign (Service not known)

There were several smaller children.

Any information on the Cherry family of Virginia will be appreciated. Would like to correspond with anyone having data and with relatives. (Z.A.H., Meridian, Miss.)

## BLEDSON

BLEDSON FAMILY OF VIRGINIA. This continues the data on the family from the last issue of this feature:

Colonel Anthony Bledson was born in Orange Co., Va. in 1733. In 1760 he mar-

ried Mary Ramsey, daughter of Thomas Ramsey, born in Augusta Co., Va., in 1734. One of her brothers, Josiah Ramsey, was captured by the Indians when a child, being returned to the settlements after Boquet's treaty in 1764. He was in the Battle of Point Pleasant, and was a scout in the Cherokee Campaign in 1776 and in 1780 removed to Kentucky, the next year coming to the Cumberland settlement, where he was a Major of the Militia. He died at an advanced age, at the home of his son in Missouri. Other brothers of Mrs. Bledson were Henry and William Ramsey, both killed by Indians. She was 54 years of age when her husband was killed. Five years later she married an old, a pioneer, Nathan Parker. She died in 1808 (Cisco's 'Sumner Co.').

"Colonel Anthony Bledson was a Justice of the Peace in Botetourt, Fincastle, and Washington Counties, Virginia. He was a Captain in the Colonel Army; Major in Virginia Militia in Revolutionary War; was in the 'Battle of the Flats'; Commander of the troops at Long Island from Dec. 1776 to April 1777; first Representative from Washington Co. in the Virginia Legislature. He removed to Sumner County, Tenn., in 1781. One of the first justices of the peace for Davidson County; first Colonel of Davidson County Militia; one of the three Commissioners appointed to run the 'Commissioner's Line'; one of the first trustees of Davidson Academy; first Representative in the North Carolina Legislature from Sumner County." (It appears that the county name of Sumner as being in Tennessee above apparently should have been North Carolina.)

"In the Fall of 1781, Colonels Anthony and Isaac Bledson patented several thousand acres of land near a Sulphur spring where the buffaloes came to lick salt. This country was explored by Col. Isaac Bledson, one of the famous 'Long Hunters', and the 'Lick' and creek still bear the Bledson name. The present owner of 'Bledson's Lick' is George Winchester Wynne, whose great-grandfather, General James Winchester, bought it from Isaac Bledson."

"Early in the year 1788, Colonels Robertson and Bledson addressed a joint letter to McGillvery, the Indian Chief, with reference to the repeated attacks of the Indians. To this communication the chief replied, promising to use his best endeavors to put a stop to the depredations. But soon afterwards hostilities were renewed, and Colonel Bledson was one of the first victims. In 1788, for greater security, he had moved his family to the fort of his brother Isaac, at Bledson's Lick. An account of this action is given by William Hall, who was present in the fort with his mother, brothers and sisters.

"Bledson's Fort was built around an oblong square, with a big double cabin occupied by Colonel Anthony and Col. Isaac Bledson, across the front on the Nashville Road, so that the whole was completely enclosed by a stockade except the open passage between the two cabins. The mouth of a lane running at right angles to the first was about 30 yards distant. The Indians had been scouting the place during the day, and the night being a bright moonlit one, the savages hid in the fence corners, then got a party to mount on horseback and gallop down the road in order to attract persons into the passage between the cabins. The plot succeeded. About midnight at the sound of the horses feet, Col. Anthony and his servant Campbell jumped up and stepped into passage through which the moonlight poured. The Indians shot them both. Col. Anthony died the next morning, July 20, 1788."

Col. Anthony Bledson, after his wound, knew that he was going to die, and said, to his brother, that if he could get a pen and ink he would write his will.

Isaac Bledson called James Clendening from the other room and asked him to write Anthony's will, as he was too confused and upset to do it for his brother. They brought a table close and while Mr. Clendening was writing the caption of the will Anthony Bledson observed to his brother Isaac that he wanted him and Col. Daniel Smith and his wife to be executors and executrix of his will. Anthony was suffering great pain, and Caty Bledson got up behind him in the bed and supported him until the will was finished. Isaac said to Anthony, 'Mr. Clendening is ready to write your will. How do you want your property disposed of?' Anthony Bledson stated to Clendening that he wanted to leave a small tract of land to each of his daughters, at the discretion of his executors, and the balance of his lands to his sons, except his land on Holston and in Kentucky, and that he wished these sold to raise and educate his children, the balance of his property to be equally divided among all of his children, except the four oldest negroes, and them he desired to remain with his wife until her death, then to be equally divided among his children."

"The children of Mary (Ramsey) and Col. Anthony Bledson were: Abraham, born ca. 1763, in Virginia; Thomas and Sarah born in Virginia ca. 1765; Anthony, Jr.; Isaac, Henry Ramsey, Rachel, Polly, born in Virginia (ca.) 1780; Betsy; Prudence; Susan."

"Sarah Bledson married David Shelby who fought at Kings Mountain; Betsy Bledson married James Clendening (see Later); Anthony and Thomas were killed by the Indians." (To be continued in next issue.)

(Reference: "Historical Southern Families," pages 121 to 123, compiled and published by John Bennett in 1959.)

## BARHAM FAMILY

BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA AND THEIR CONNECTIONS. This continues as the 42nd article on this family. So, we shall begin with Entry No. 42:

ENTRY No. 42 — 1772, Dec. 22. Estate of Benjamin Holt, with Nicholas Faulcon, Administrator; among items paid: Paid Lucy Barham 4:19 (Ref.: Surry Co., Va., Will Book 1768-1779, page 262) (Note: This shows most certainly a family connection between Benj. Holt and Lucy Barham; perhaps his daughter.—Editor).

1772/3.—Elizabeth Barham, orphan of Thomas Barham; account by Joseph Holt, Guardian (Ref.: Surry Co., Va., Orphan Accounts Book, 1762-1783, page 247). (Note: If the child was less than 14 years of age the court appointed the Guardian, but if the child was over 14 years of age, the child had the privilege of choosing his or her Guardian; this being generally the case.—Editor).

1773, Jan. 26. Will of James Carrell, probated this date; names:

Elizabeth Ruffin, daughter of friend, William Ruffin

Neighbor, Alice Drew  
Ann Newsum, Dau. of Wm Newsum of Surry

John Snipes, Lucy Snipes, Silva Snipes  
Betsy Barrom, dau. of Peter Barrom when 18

Daughters-in-law, Lou Ann Snipes, Sarah Barrom

Molly Waller of Surry  
Exec.: William Ruffin

Dated, 30 Dec. 1772; Witnesses, Alice Drew, William Newsum and Robert Ward; probated 26 Jan. 1773 (Reference: Surry Co., Va., Will Book 1768-1779, page 267). (The relationship of the word "Daughters-in-law" during the early days generally meant step-daughter as it would to us today, so the daughters-in-law named could have been children of his wife before James Carrell married her.)

The Barham data will be continued at later date and perhaps in the next issue.



# Climbing The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON JR.

## PUGH



This family arms of the name Pugh has been used by those of that name in Virginia and they descend from Francis Pugh. The family of Welsh extraction came to the Virginia Colony and became connected with families of distinction at an early period. There were brothers, namely Francis, Thomas and Daniel, but among them we shall deal with the line of Francis Pugh, who came to the colony in 1666 with these brothers. They were sons of the Welsh aquire of Glendower Hall, Carnavon, Wales. Francis Pugh settled in Nansemond County, Virginia in which the City of Suffolk is located today. His plantation was named "Jericho Manor". The name of the wife of Francis is not known to this editor; however, he had son, Francis Pugh Jr., who also resided in the county of Nansemond, Virginia. Proof of his being in the named county is that of the Quit - Rent Rolls of the county, which showed that he possessed 2,300 acres of land in that area, which was Nansemond County. The name of his was Ann, but her surname is not known to this editor. They had,

Francis Pugh, III, who died in the year 1735 or 1746, who was one of the Justices of Chowan in the year 1731, this being in the North Carolina area today for we know that at an early date North Carolina was part of Virginia. In the year 1722 Francis, III, married Pheribee Savage. They had,

Lt. Colonel Thomas Pugh, who was born in 1723 and died in the year 1813. He was a patriot and took an active part in the affairs of his community and colony, as well as, state. He was owner of large tracts off land in North Carolina. He was a member of North Carolina Constitutional Convention. He married in the year 1745, Mary Scott, who was born in 1725 and died in 1785.

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

The American University of Washington conducts genealogical classes.

The 14th Institute of Genealogical Research will be held this year during July 6-24. It is offered by the American University in cooperation with the American Society of Genealogists, Maryland Hall of Records, and the National Archives and Records service.

The course is designed to provide both theoretical and practical training in genealogical research.

The course will consist of lectures on principles of genealogical research, specialized source materials, specific areas, methodology, visits to archival establishments and libraries, and research projects.

Directors of the institute are Jean Stephenson and Frank E. Bridgers.

Many qualified specialists will present the lectures. These include Mrs. Julia B. Carroll, John Insley Coddington, John Frederick Dorman, Dr. W. Neil Franklin, Herman R. Friis, James W. Moore, Miss Grace Quimby, Dr. Morris L. Radoff, Milton Rubincam and Miss Jane F. Smith.

For further information, write to Secretary, Dept. of History, The American University, Washington, D.C., 20016.

(NOTE: The above mentioned Institute is one of the fine groups in the United States having and offering such service to those who are intensely interested in the field of genealogy, which is a great part in the establishment of historical fact in preparing any history or biography. From such courses those who delve into the records find history with cause and fact.)

## QUESTIONS

A1024. WHEELER-HITCHCOCK. Data is wished on the family of Hitchcock and in particular on my grandfather Isaac Allen Hitchcock who married Elizabeth Wheeler. He, Isaac Allen Hitchcock, was of South Carolina. They had children: Joshua, Jessie, Silad, Absolm, Sampson, Isaac, Elizabeth and Ludia. Elizabeth (Wheeler) Hitchcock died in 1843 on Nov. 21st, being about 70 years of age making 1773 about the year of her birth. Her husband, Isaac Allen Hitchcock, died May 15, 1855.

Can anyone give me the names of the brothers, sisters, aunts and uncles of this Isaac Allen Hitchcock. (C.H., Utah).

A1025. LYNCH-MILLER. Am compiling records on the Lynch families of South Carolina, Kentucky and Texas; especially seeking data concerning my great-grandfather, Joseph Penn Lynch. He was born ca. 1810, probably in Ky. or S.C., migrating to Texas about the year 1827 to join his kinsman, James Lynch, one of the original landowners in Washington Co., Texas.

Joseph Penn Lynch married in 1834 Mary Miller, daughter of Andrew Miller and Celia Neal (of Louisiana). Their sons, William Andrew Lynch and Joseph Miller Lynch served in the Confederate Army.

Joseph Penn Lynch served in the battles of Bexar and San Jacinto. He died ca. 1861, Washington Co., Texas; the grave in Ft. Parker Park beside the one marked "Mary Lynch, wife of J. P. Lynch," is probably his.

When and where was Joseph Penn Lynch born? Who were his parents, his brothers and sisters? I am in particular interested in the data concerning his before he went to Texas. (B.McF.H., Fairfield, Conn.).

A1026. COOKE-MANGUM-DEMPSEY-MORRIS. Wish data on the names of the parents and residence in Virginia of William Cooke and his wife Naomi Davis Cooke, who were living from 1742-1751 in the Surry Co. and Sussex Co. vicinity of Virginia. This couple had son William Cooke, Jr.

William Cooke, Jr. married 1st, Agnes Mangum and had son Christopher Cooke; William Cooke, Jr. married 2ndly, Mary Dempsey and had son: Dempsey (married Nov. 1795, Miriam Morris, born 1776).

Dempsey Cooke and Miriam (Morris) Cooke had children: John, Dempsey, Jesse, and Green Cook. (E.W.M., Little Rock, Ark.).

## ANSWERS

A1019. Cook. You will find in the Albemarle Parish Register of Surry and Sussex Cos., Va. on page 52 the names: Hannah Cook, sponsor, Aug. 16, 1741, for christening of James Goodwynne, son of John and Winefred Goodwynne. (Thanks to Mrs. W. W. Martineau of Little Rock, Ark.).

## BLEDSONE FAMILY

BLEDSONE FAMILY OF VIRGINIA. This continues as the 3rd article on this family:

"Colonel Isaac Bledsoe was a few years younger than his brother Anthony Bledsoe. Colonel Isaac Bledsoe was a Long Hunter—he was a pathfinder. He was made a Major when Davidson County was formed, and was a member of its first court. He was with his brother in all his military operations for defense of the country. It was he who, in 1778, in order to save the settlement, volunteered to go through the wilderness and Indians up to the Ohio River to get powder and lead and, with a single Negro slave as his companion, executed his task completely and returned with the powder and lead, and the settlers felt safe. Just to the west of him was the field where Thomas Sharp Spencer planted the first corn ever raised in Sumner County. Colonel Isaac Bledsoe was enlarging this field in April 1793 by additional clearings. Indians were lurking in a ravine

just south of the public highway. They shot and mortally wounded Col. Bledsoe, who was in front. He told his hands to rush to the fort, that he could not live and they could do nothing for him. The Indians scalped him while he lay dying and made off with their ghastly trophy."

"Colonel Isaac Bledsoe's son Anthony and his nephew Anthony were both killed shortly afterwards, in this neighborhood while going to school, and were scalped by the Indians."

"James Clendening, the husband of Betsy Bledsoe, was the son of William Clendening, who moved from Ireland with his family to Orange County, North Carolina, about 1765. The older brother of James was Lt. John Clendening who was born in Ireland ca. 1756 and joined the regiment of Col. Jethro Sumner as Ensign in Dec. 1776 and in 1777 was promoted to Lieutenant and in 1781 he became Quartermaster of the Third N.C. Regiment, Continental Line. He was with Washington at Princeton, Trenton and Brandywine. He was taken prisoner at the surrender of Charleston in May 1780 and exchanged the next year and served until the end of the war. He died in 1790. He was awarded 2560 acres of land in Tennessee for 84 months service as an officer in the N.C. Continental Line in the Revolution. (This information came from his descendant, Kemp Cook Clendening of Greensboro, N.C., who holds membership in the Society of Cincinnati on Lt. John Clendening's service.)"

"There is a will of record in Orange County, N.C., dated June 17, 1790, for William Clendening listing as beneficiaries, Mary, William, John, Joseph, Polly, Rebecca, Ann, Fanny, Jenny, James and Fisher. The executors of this will were John Thompson and Andrew Murdock. From this it can be clearly seen that James Clendening, who married Betsy Bledsoe, was a younger of Lt. John Clendening of Orange Co., N.C."

"James Clendening, who married Betsy Bledsoe June 10, 1789, in Sumner Co., Tenn., wrote the will of Colonel Anthony Bledsoe, as he lay mortally wounded by the Indians, and is mentioned many times in the lawsuit brought in 1846 by Polly Bledsoe Weatherhead, a posthumous daughter of Col. Anthony Bledsoe. The division previously made by the executors of the will was upheld. The children of Betsy (Bledsoe) and James Clendening were: Thomas, killed by the Indians; Anthony; Richard; Patsy (married James Patterson); Rachel (married William Patterson) (see later); and Elizabeth Clendening." (To be continued).

(Reference: The above was taken from—"Historical Southern Families," Vol. 11, pages 123-124, by John Bennett Boddie and published 1959).

## BARHAM FAMILY

BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA. This continues as the 43rd article on this family, so, we shall use entry No. 43:

ENTRY No. 43—1773, Feb. 18. Richard Jelks, wife Mary, of Southampton Co., Va. deed to Benjamin Barham of Southampton Vo., Va. for 30 lbs., the 133 acres of land, part in Southampton Co. and part in Sussex Co., Va. on Hornet Swamp, adjoining Jonas Cornett, Gregory Rawlins, Buckhorn Branch, Rattlesnake Branch. This land had been purchased by Richard Jelks from Jonas Cornett; no witnesses shown (Sussex Co., Va. Deed Bk. 1773-1778, page 35).

1773, May 13. Estate of John Myrick appraised by James Barham, Solomon Deloach and Henry Applewhaite (Southampton Co., Va., Will Book 3, page 49).

Note: for the above this will of John Myrick will connect:

Will of John Myrick, probated Sept. 12, 1771: names,

Son, William, land bought of Joseph Harwood

Son, Owen, Plantation on which his grandfather lived.

Son, John, land purchased of Thomas Barrow, William Lee and William Lee, Jr.

Son, Howell

Daughter, Sarah Jones

Daughter, Elizabeth Barnes

Daughter, Amy

Loving wife

Executors, wife, sons, William and Owen

Dated Sept. 27, 1764: Witnesses, Joshua Nicholson, Jr., Drewry Parker, Howell Edmunds. The will was presented by Ann Myrick and Owen Myrick (Southampton Co., Va. Will Book 2, page 426; also the will of Timothy Thorpe 1750/51).

1773, Aug. 23. Estate of Alexander Boake with William Hay, Administrator: received of Joseph Barham in full 3:13:9-3/4. On Oct. 23, 1773—received of John Barham in part of Bond—2:4:9-1/2 (Account returned June 1783. Surry Co., Va. 1783-1782, page 6).

1773, Dec 2. Born Daniel Barham, son of Charles and Mary Barham; Sponsors, Thomas Barham, Nathan Newsum, Mary Hicks (Reference: Albemarle Parish Register).

1774, April 27. Joseph Barham vs. Elizabeth Barham, infant daughter of Thomas Barham, deceased, who was heir of William Barham. Joseph Barham ordered to remain in possession of land known as "Raylies", which he purchased of William Barham who died before he could give possession and when defendant becomes of age she is to convey title to Joseph Barham. Joseph Barham to pay lb. 21-10 plus interest from Dec. 5, 1771 (Surry Co., Va., Order Book 1763-1774, page 448).

(This Barham data will be continued).



# Climbing The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON JR.

MAYO



MAYO.

**ARMS:** Azure a chevron vair between three ducal coronets or within a bordure of the third; in chief a crescent, charged with a crescent for difference.

**CREST:** A unicorn's head erased, charged on the neck with a chevron vair.

**MOTTO:** Nec Aspera Terrent.

This arms has been used by the Virginia family of the name of Mayo. They descend from William Mayo, who was born in 1684 and died in the year 1744. He was of England and came to America through and to the Barbados where he surveyed that island. In the year 1723 he came on to the Virginia Colony and settled in the Richmond, Virginia area and also went to Goochland Co., Va. where he was of the Colonial Militia and named Colonel of the Goochland Troops in the year of 1740. His was named Frances and was the daughter of Enoch Gold of Barbados. This gentleman married secondly, about the year 1733, Ann Perratt of Barbados. By his 2nd wife he had,

John Mayo, born 1737 and died 1780. He was also a patriot and served his community in the Virginia House of Burgesses. He was a member of the Conventions prior and during the Revolutionary War serving in 1775 and 1776. He married Mary Tabb, who was born in 1732 and died in 1792, a daughter of William Tabb of Gloucester Co., Va.; they had,

Colonel John Mayo, born 1760 and died in 1818. He was a very prominent colonist and served his community well. He was educated at William & Mary College in Williamsburg. He served as member of the Virginia Assembly and Council of State. He built the famous Mayo Bridge in Richmond. He married Abigail DeHart, born 1761 and died 1843, a daughter of John DeHart of Elizabethtown, N. J.

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

Have our readers been looking for data on the Irish and Scotch-Irish families in the mother country? It has been brought to the attention of this editor that such a book has been published recently, which is a guide as to where records on families might be located. This should be great boon for the family history hunter and genealogist.

The name of the book is, "Irish and Scotch-Irish Ancestral Research: A Guide to the Genealogical Records, Methods and Sources in Ireland." Margaret Dickson Falley compiled these works and the work is in two volumes; the first Vol. I, covers "Repositories and Records"; Volume II, covers "Biography and Family Index."

I shall quote from the recent publication of "The Virginia Magazine of History and Biography", April 1964, Vol. 72, No. 2, pages 207-208, which well express the feeling of the work: "Mrs. Falley spent many years investigating personally the materials available for genealogical research in Ireland, and the results of her studies are now accessible to genealogists and historians. The two volumes dispel the fallacious belief that the destruction by bombing on June 30, 1922, of the Public Record Office in the Four Courts of Dublin made it impossible to trace Irish families in Ireland because of the destruction of records."

"The first chapter of Volume I, Preliminary Research, emphasizes the necessity of exhausting the resources in the United States before turning to Ireland. Mrs. Falley explains: 'Much time and expense can be saved during the Irish research, and the probability of ultimate success will be greatly increased, if the work is begun with an effort to learn everything possible about the immigrant and his family from their American records.'"

"Most valuable to the scholar are the twenty-four chapters (523 pages) devoted to detailed descriptions and listings of the various types of records available in Ireland—census returns, church records, court records, tax and land records, wills, newspapers, etc."

"Volume II contains a selected, but comprehensive bibliography of the published and unpublished records of Irish families. The list of microfilm records available in repositories in Ireland, England, and the United States is especially noteworthy."

The credit for this quoted review above is from the pen of Edward M. Riley of Williamsburg, who has covered this work from the eye of a researcher.

Mr. Riley also gave the full name and address of Mrs. Falley, which is as follows: Mrs. Margaret Dickson Falley, 999 Michigan Avenue, Evanston, Ill., at price of \$35.00 per set.

Since our readers have often asked for data on the homeland of the Irish and Scotch, this might be the source from which they may learn how to obtain such records.—Editor.

A1027. GAMWELL-GAMEWELL. Does anyone know anything of the origin of Lawrence Gamwell or Gamewell of Northumberland Co., Va., about 1705-1706?

At that date of 1705-6, he and several others sold their headrights "for entering the Colony." Did he enter Virginia from another colony or from England, North Ireland, Scotland or perhaps the Caribbean area? Who was he and from where did he come? If he did not need land, what was his trade? When and where did he die?

The records of Steven's Parish, Northumberland Co., Va., show he fathered George Gamewell in 1712, Lawrence Gamewell in 1714, Mary Gamewell in 1724, and 'Jno' Gamewell in 1730. The name of wife or wives not known.

These Gamewells and their descendants are quite sure to be the ones listed in the

1790 Census in Currituck Co., North Carolina. They were related to the Gamewells of Princess Anne Co., Va., and evidently came from Princess Anne Co., Va., to North Carolina.

I do not know how these Tidewater Virginia Gamewells were related to the Gamewells of Augusta County, Virginia. They may have been related closely or in some cases they may be the same people who may have moved inland. Any data from the Augusta Co., Va., area must be very carefully sifted. There was a Joseph Gamble and a Joseph Gamewell, with families, living there at the same time. Then from around Chester, Pa., one Joseph Gamble, married to his own first cousin, Ann Gamwell, moved through this area. This Gamble-Gamwell family came, evidently from Ulster and may be related to the Gamewells, but probably not related in America to the Lawrence Gamewell for whom I am searching.

If anyone knows how, when, where or why the name Gamewell or Gamwell originated, I will gladly listen. Neither time nor money spent in America and England has produced anything other than speculation. I think it must be a minor branch of the Gamwell of Chester, England, family, but I am not sure. (Edward W. Gamewell, 2405 Echo Park Avenue, Los Angeles 23, California).

A1023. BALL-FITZGERALD. Would like to know the birth, marriage and death dates of Sophia Ball, wife of John Fitzgerald of Somerset Co., Maryland. He was with Capt. Smith's Flying Camp. John Fitzgerald was born in 1755 and died in 1837. Would like to exchange data with anyone interested in these lines of Maryland. (W.T.W., Hampton, Va.).

A1019. MERRIMAN, WELLS, TALBOT and others, of March 22, 1964 issue. I am interested in these lines. Richard Talbot, born ca. 1635-40 in Arundel Co., Maryland was married to Elizabeth Ewan, I have record of only five (5) children:

1. ———
  2. Elizabeth Talbot, born ca. 1656
  3. Richard Talbot, b. ca. 1657, died 1670
  4. Edward Talbot, born 6 Nov. 1658, married widow Elizabeth (Thomas) Talbot
  5. John Talbot, b. ca. 1660, married Sarah Mears
- The children of Edward and Elizabeth (Thomas) Talbot were:
- Richard Talbot, b. 6 Feb. 1680, d. 26 Nov. 1691
- Edward Talbot, b. 3 Dec. 1682, married 1717, Elizabeth
- John Talbot, b. 1684
- Elizabeth Talbot, b. 1686
- Children of Edward and Elizabeth (——) Talbot were:

1. John Talbot, b. 1703, married Prudence Colgate (Baltimore)
2. Edward Talbot, b. 1710, married Elizabeth ———
3. Richard Talbot, b. 1712, married 1746, Ruth (Dorsey) Todd
4. ———
5. Elizabeth; 6. Sarah; 7. Mary; 8. Infant.

Children of Richard Talbot, b. 1712 and married 1746 Ruth (Dorsey Todd, widow), were:

Richard Talbot, b. 1747/49 (m. 20 Aug. 1778, Achsah Wells, Balti., Md.); John Lawrence Talbot, b. 1750 (m. 1784 Henrietta (Dorsey) Phillips); Sally; Nancy; Providence Talbot (m. Oct. 1782 Nicholas Wells at St. Pauls Church, Baltimore, brother of Achsah above).

Richard and Achsah Wells Talbot had several children and among them a daughter, Ruth Talbot, who married Alexander McGee, Washington Co., Pa., and they had:

Henrietta McGee (m. James Laughhead); Nancy McGee (m. William Poole and after her death he married her sister Martha); Martha McGee (m. William

Poole as his 2nd wife and she was the sister of Nancy McGee); Elizabeth McGee (m. Thomas Jefferson Lucas); Achsah McGee (never married).

Pamelia (McGee) Lucas is my grandmother.

I need lots of information and dates on these persons in this family and will gladly exchange data with anyone. (Olive Irene Lucas, 2651-16th St., N.W., Washington, D.C.). (This letter forwarded to the inquirer F.C.M., of Newport News).

## BARHAM FAMILY

Barham Family data continues as the 44th article on this name. We shall begin with Entry No. 44:

Entry No. 44—1774, Sept. 27—Elizabeth Barham, orphan of Thomas, with Joseph Holt, Guardian; Items: By Joseph Barham's bond for the land decreed to him, which belonged to the orphan Lbs. 39-2-7½ (Surry Co., Va. Orphans Account Book 1762-1783, page 305).

1774, Oct. 29. Polly Barham, dau. of Thomas & Betty Barham, was born; with Sponsors, Elizabeth Moss, Anne Harwood, Lucy Battle (Reference: Albemarle Parish Register of Sussex & Surry Co., Va.).

1774, April 11. Marriage Bond. Sarah Moore, dau. of Thomas Moore, deceased, ward of David Graves, married James Chambliss (Reference: Sussex Co., Va. Marriage Bonds).

1774, Aug. 11. James Barham appointed Overseer for the road at meeting held in room of Joshua Fort (Reference: Southampton Co., Va., Order Book 1772-1778, page 379).

1774, Nov. 8. Marriage Bond. John Barham and Mary Applewhaite; with surety, Henry Applewhaite; witness: Samuel Kello (Reference: Southampton Co., Va., Marriage Bonds).

1774, Dec. 7. Indenture (Deed) from George Marsh of Sussex Co., Va. to Thomas Barham of Sussex Co., 30 lbs.; all of Marsh's interest in 200 acres on North side of Poplar Swamp bound by deed from Frederick Fort & wife Mary, to John Fort, Lucreacy Fort then wife of Holliday Fort, deceased and since married to George Marsh, was deeded to Lucreacy for life and then to Robert Fort, son of said Holliday and Lucreacy; Robert Fort was dead and the title descended to Elias Fort, his brother; witnesses: John Rivers, Thomas Mason, Thomas Stoakes, David Mason (Ref: Sussex Co., Va. Deed Book "E", page 278) (See will of Holliday Fort in Sussex Co., Va. in 1773).

1775, Jan. 9. Sale of horse—Benjamin Barham to John Mason; one horse Barham lately purchased of Nathaniel Newsum; witnesses: Richard Mason, William Mason, Nathaniel Newsum (Ref: Sussex Co., Va. Deed Bk. 1772-1779, page 300).

1776, Jan. 28. Sale of Negro—Thomas Barham to Thomas Barham, Jr.; one Negro girl Alce (sec); witnesses: Daniel Harwood, Charles Barham (Ref: Sussex Co., Va. Deed Book 1772-1779, page 388).

1775, March 9. Estate of Joseph Childs appraised by Robert Jones, James Jones, and Benjamin Barham (Ref: Southampton Co., Va., Will Book 3, page 124).

1775, May 23. Joseph Barham on Grand Jury (Ref: Surry Co., Va., Order Book 1774-1785, page 7).

1775, Oct. 19. Will probated of Mary Moss; naming:

Son, Henry Moss—given Negro boy Bird upon condition that he pay his sister, Elizabeth Barham & his brother, John Moss, each ½ of value of the said Negro boy;

Executors: sons, William, John and Henry Moss and sons-in-law James Battle & Thomas Barham, Jr. (Elizabeth Moss wife of this Thomas Barham, Jr.); will dated 21 April 1775; probated 19 Oct. 1775; witnesses: James Barnes, Richard Mason, David Mason (Reference: Sussex Co., Va. Will Book 1772-1785, page 129).

This Barham data to be continued in next issue.



# Climbing The Family Tree

OLMSTED



MOTTO: Bis vivit qui bene  
(He lives twice who lives well).

This arms has been used by the family of Olmsted of New-England and they descend from James Olmsted, who was born in 1580 and died in 1640. He was English by birth and resided in Leighs, County Essex England. He came to America in the ship named Lyon in the year 1632. He settled in the area which is now Quincy, Mass. He later removed to the place first known as Newton, but now Cambridge; it was he with others who selected the site of the present Hartford, Conn. This group was headed in spirit by the Rev. Thomas Hooker, and early clergy of New England, who took an active part in the affairs of the colony. This James Olmsted married in 1605, Joyce Cornish, who died in England and did not come to America. This couple had,

Nicholas Olmsted, who was born in 1612 and died in 1684. He like his father took an active part in the affairs of the colony and was named to the lieutenantship of militia in the Pequot War of 1637 and then during the King Philip's War was named captain, being also interested in political life he was elected to the deputyship of the General Court from 1672-1673. He married 1st in the year 1640, Sarah Loomis, who was born in 1617 and died in 1667, being of Windsor, Conn.; they had,

Samuel Olmsted, born in 1653 and died in 1726, who was of Hartford, Conn. He married Mary Lord, who was born in 1647 and died 1736, being the daughter of William Lord. This couple had,

Samuel Olmsted, Jr., born in 1676 and died in 1747, who also was from Hartford, Conn. He married in 1697, Mary Rowley, a daughter of Moses and Mary Rowley. This couple had,

Samuel Olmsted, born in 1703 who was in the militia of Millington, Conn., in which he was named Captain in 1737. His wife's name was Sarah.

By HUGH S. WATSON

That shooting 101 years ago in a saloon in California seems to have formed the pattern for which some of our present-day western movies, stories and television shows bring to the public. This, of course, was not the only area in the West according to the story books where such events could have happened; it only shows the life of some of the people of the West, but interesting. The following was taken from the Sacramento, California newspaper, "Daily Bee" of January, 1863, and reads as follows:

"SHOOTING. A fancy-dress ball in full blast in Yreka on Christmas eve, when somebody sprinkled Cayenne pepper upon the floor and thereby forced the company out of the ball-room for a while. Kirby, who kept the saloon where the dance was, was informed that a rival saloon-keeper, named Dean, did the deed, whereupon Kirby —him to Dean's and began to belabor the latter over the head with a pistol. The parties were separated and Kirby left. At midnight Kirby returned to the Challenge Saloon, and, while near the door, received the contents of a six-shooter, fired from the end of the counter, 20 feet distant from him, the bullet striking him just below the ribs, under the heart. It is thought he will die. Who fired the pistol was a matter of doubt, but Dean is suspected."

## QUESTIONS

A1029. SHACKLEFORD-POTTER-CARTER-BALLARD-JETER - BUTLER - MC-LEMORE-MOSELEY-PERRY-TALLEY. I am trying to establish the relationship between my maternal grandfather, Thaddeus Kavanaugh Shackleford, and the Shacklefords of Virginia and those of Alabama. I have the following information:

Thaddeus Kavanaugh Shackleford, born February 7, 1874, Marion, S.C. On the maternal lines were family names of Potter and McMillan.

My father, W. S. Shackleford, son of Thaddeus Kavanaugh Shackleford, had brothers, Joseph K. Shackleford, born 14 Feb. 1869; John A. Shackleford, born 5 April 1879; James William Shackleford, born 9 August 1881; Frederick E. Shackleford, born 30 Jan. 1883; and the sisters were: Mary Cathern Shackleford, born 15 Oct. 1867; Susan Rebecca Shackleford, born 17 Sept. 1871; and Sarah E. Shackleford, born 11 May 1875.

The names of these brothers and sisters were taken from a family Bible. There is another entry showing, Mary Elizabeth Potter Shackleford, born 14 Feb. 1847.

From the Archives in Montgomery, Alabama, I have this miscellaneous data:

Baron Jacques LaForte-Norman; to England 1066 A.D.

First Shackleford to Virginia in 1649 (Halifax Co., Va.; Carteret Precinct, North Carolina, 1713-1714).

Henry, Duke of Beaufort and proprietor of North Carolina, granted 170 acres of land to one John Shackleford, Newport R., 29 March 1714.

Roger Shackleford married Nancy A. Carter, 13 October 1767.

Francis and Sarah Shackleford of Virginia had a son, John, who married Ann (—?). Onslow County; they had a son, Francis, who married Rebecca Ballard of Marion, S.C. The named Francis Shackleford served in the North Carolina forces during the Revolutionary War.

Francis and Rebecca (Ballard) Shackleford had,

George Shackleford (born 1779—died 1852), who removed from South Carolina in 1818. He received land grants from President Monroe. George and Annette Jeter Shackleford were the pioneer settlers of Pintlala County, Alabama.

John Shackleford (1812-1878).

John and Roger Shackleford went to Georgetown, S.C. in the year 1805. From where did this group come before going to Georgetown, S.C.?

John Shackleford in a letter dated 22 June 1820, announced his candidacy from Shelby County (What State?) for the legislature. He had a plantation in S.C.; he died 23 November 1837.

Francis Shackleford died near Latta, S.C. in 1823, and was buried at Britton's Neck. His wife, Rebecca, and daughter, Mary, were buried in Buckswamp Bethea Cemetery. Is this the above-mentioned Francis from North Carolina?

Thaddeus H. Shackleford was a major in the 4th Confederate Infantry and a lieutenant colonel in the 54th Alabama Infantry, Confederate States of America.

Doctor Jack Shackleford was born in Richmond, Va., 1790; went to Winnsboro, S.C., then to Alabama. Is this the one and same Jack Shackleford mentioned above?

There is some reference to the name of Shackleford in Gloucester County, Va.

Other names in this connection are: Butler, McLemore, Moseley, Perry and Talley.

My grandfather mentioned a family plantation, "Red Hill," located possibly in Marion County, S.C.

The chronology of the above may seem confused, but I hesitate to change it without further information as I may make a wrong assumption.

One genealogy has been done by one Shackleford in Alabama, but I do not know the name. Could anyone identify this Shackleford descendant who has done work on the family? (C.C.I., Williamsburg).

## ANSWERS

A1029. SHACKLEFORD - JETER - MC-LEMORE-MOSELEY-PERRY - TALLEY. It might help the inquire to know that the names of Jeter, McLemore, Moseley and Talley are family names of Southside Virginia, which is generally known as the area Dinwiddie Co., Amelia, Nottoway Co., etc., and that each of these are from the named areas. The Jeter and Talley, as well as the McLemore and Moseley names have descendants there today. It may also interest that one Shackleford family was of Prince George County, which adjoins Dinwiddie County. It is suggested that you try to search the census records of the areas in which your people lived because the 1830 Census is considered fine; the 1850 Census gives the name of the head of the house, where he was born, the name of his wife and each of his children. This 1850 year in census is the fine beginning of a fuller data for the searcher.

## BLEDSON FAMILY

BLEDSON FAMILY OF VIRGINIA. This continues as the third article on this family, the last of which was in the May 24 issue of this feature:

"William Patterson, who on March 10, 1812, married Rachel Clendening, was born in 1793 in Sumner Co., and died in Lincoln County, Tenn."

"Children of Rachel Eugenia (Clendening) and William Bledson Patterson:

I. Martha Eugenia Patterson, b. July 4, 1830; m. Joseph L. Sherrell.

II. John Clendening Patterson.

III. James Henderson Patterson, b. July 9, 1832, d. Feb. 16, 1894, unmarried.

IV. William Bledson Patterson, b. Feb. 18, 1821; died Oct. 27, 1841, unmarried.

V. Logan Madison Patterson, b. April 23, 1834, killed April 8, 1862 at Battle of Shiloh, was first lieutenant of Company G, 44 Tenn. Infantry Regiment, C.S.A.

VI. David Shelby Patterson, b. March 6, 1823, d. April 4, 1892.

VII. Maria Henderson Patterson, b. April 22, 1818, d. March 20, 1868.

VIII. Margaretta Violet Patterson, b. 1834, d. Feb. 7, 1894, unmarried.

Ref: "Historical Southern Families," Vol. III, page 124, by John Bennett Boddie in 1959).

This Bledson data will be continued in a future issue.—Editor.

## BARHAM FAMILY

Barham Family of Surry County, Virginia. This continues as the 45th article on this family. We shall begin with Entry No. 45:

ENTRY NO. 45.—1776, Feb. 9. Anny Barham, dau. of Charles and Mary Barham, was christened; sponsors, James Williams, Jr., Agnes Harwood, Ann Glover (From Albemarle Parish Register of Sussex County.)

1776, Sept. 3. Thomas Barham deeded to son-in-law, Daniel Harwood, one Negro girl named Agg; witnesses, William Longbottom, Thomas Barham, Jr.; Recorded in Sussex County, April 17, 1777 (Sussex County Deed Book "E", page 385).

1776, Oct. 22. Ordered Joseph Holt, John Cocks, Ethelred Lane and Jesse Barham appraise the estate of Aaron Savidge (Surry County Order Book, 1774-1785, page 26).

1776, Oct. 22. Accounts current for estate of Elizabeth Edwards, with Joel Thompson, Executor. (1708 Will paid William Hart; could he have married Luly Clerk, widow of said dau. Fanny Clark?); this accounting paid; Lewis Williams; Anne Barham; Ethelred Lane; Mary Edmunds' legacy; Jesse Barham; Lewis Williams, 1 bed and furniture; Benjamin Edwards, 1 bed and furniture; and James Seward given one cow (Surry County Will Book of the date, page 445).

1778, June 11.—Marriage Bond—John Barham and Nancy Moore; with surety, William McEldoe (Edloe); witness, Samuel Kello (Ref: Southampton County Marriage Bonds). (Note: William Edloe estate was inventoried in Northumberland County in 1721). (Note: This name Edloe has proved confusing because the name could have been Edloe; however, this is not to be taken as proof).

1778, Aug. 25. Indenture (Deed) from Joseph Holt and wife Mary, to Robert MacIntosh, of Southampton County; 126 acres whereon Joseph Holt's grandmother now lives; also 34 acres bounded by the said Holt, Nicholas Faulcon and Joseph Barham. Known as the Cabin Point tract (Surry County Deed Book, 1778-1783, page 15). (Note: MacIntosh sold to Nicholas Faulcon Dec. 22, 1778). (Another Note: Joseph Holt was called son in will of Benjamin Holt in the year 1770; Benjamin Holt called son in will of William in the year 1753. William Holt's wife was daughter of William Newsum as shown by will of year 1751; Joseph Holt's grandmother was Mary (Newsum) Holt, wife of Benjamin Holt; Lucy Holt, sister of Joseph Holt, was the wife of Thomas Barham; see will of Benjamin Holt in year 1770).

1779, March 18. Thomas Barham, and wife Sarah, deed to Charles Barham for 100 lbs., land on which Charles Barham lives, adjoining Poplar Swamp, both sides of Cocks's Branch; 200 acres bounded by Wm. Tyler, Mary Knight and Daniel Harwood; witnesses, Nathaniel Newsum, William Grizzard, and William Moore (Sussex County, Va. Deed Book 1772-1779, page 508). (Note: There were two Thomas Barham men of this same period as shown above and within this instrument; one was of Surry County and this one from Sussex County and this is how family lines can become confused.)

Barham data to be continued in next issue.



# Climbing The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON

## PARKMAN



ARMS: He beareth azure, a chevron or between a ducal crown; a helmet and sabre fessways. CREST: A horse hurrant, by the name of Parkman.

This arms has been used by the New England family by name of Parkman. This group descend from the earliest settler of the name, who was Elias Parkman, he had, Elias Parkman, born 1635 and died in 1691, who married Sarah Trask; they had,

William Parkman, who was born in the year 1658 and died in 1730. He married Elizabeth Adams; They had,

Ebenezer Parkman, who was born in 1703 and died in 1782. He was a minister and served as the first minister of Westborough, Mass. His service was long for the record indicates that he served from 1724-1782. He was also a man of letters. As his 2nd wife he married in the year 1737 Hannah Breck, a daughter of Robert Breck. This couple had,

Samuel Parkman, who was born in 1751 and died in 1824. He was a prominent merchant of New England and Boston. He married as his 2nd wife in 1784, Sarah Rogers, who was born in 1755 and died in 1835, the daughter of Daniel and Elizabeth (Ruggles) Rogers. This couple had,

The Rev. Francis Parkman, D.D., who was born in 1788 and died in 1852. He was educated at Harvard from which he received his A.B. Degree in 1807. He was of the Unitarian faith and served in Boston. He married 2ndly in the year 1822, Caroline Hall.

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

It seems that from the beginning of time that the world has been vexed with problems and what one country calls neutrality another will call it "our rights." So we wonder if the French were neutral. The following article was taken from the Harper's Weekly of January 18, 1862:

"FRANCE AND NEUTRALITY. The letter of M. Thouvenel to Mr. Seward is interesting in itself, as showing the French doctrine of neutral rights. It is interesting historically, because throughout our troubles England and France have moved hand in hand. France asserts for herself the unquestionable right of her flag, when neutral, to cover vessels and cargo between neutral ports, even although there be enemy's civil agents on board. The only doubt she raises, and that is but a doubt, is the case of 'military people actually in the service of the enemy'."

"This ground, of course, concedes the right of search to ascertain that the flag is truly neutral, and not falsely borne; and that the vessel is making a neutral voyage but nothing further."

"The United States, according to Mr. Seward's letter, takes the ground, that 'whatever disputes have existed concerning a right of visitation or search in time of peace, it is supposed, has existed in modern times about the right of a belligerent in time of war to capture contraband in neutral and even friendly merchant vessels.' And the Secretary assumes, that, according to British maritime law, the fact of passage of the neutral 'from one neutral point does not modify the right of the belligerent captor'."

"This ground of course, covers the right of our cruisers to stop a French merchantman conveying dispatches or ambassadors, and taking them before a prize court for condemnation. But upon the doctrine advanced by France, if Breckenridge and Hunter should embark from a French port, the case of the Trent, mutatis mutandis, and the ship and passengers be seized for adjudication, we should be brought into direct issue with France."

"It is of the utmost importance to the peace of the world that this vexed question should be settled. The joint action of France and England, however, in the matter of our offer to accede to the Treaty of Paris, pure and simple—and action by which they proposed to impose a condition upon us which they did not accept for themselves—precludes the hope of any present adjustment. We must therefore all the more desire that no direct complication of the kind may arise with France."

## QUESTIONS

A 1030. CLEMENTS - CLEMENTS - WALKER - TABB - ELLYSON - MAJOR - MONTGOMERY. The following transcribed from photostatic copies from the Virginia State Library at Richmond, Land Patent Book No. 17, 1735-1738, pages 114 & 115:

William Clement(s) (Sr.) of King William County, Virginia receives Land Patent grant from King George the Second of Great Britain, France and Ireland for 1225 acres of land lying and being in the County of Amelia, Virginia on the South side of the Appomattox River. His adjoining land bounded by his neighbors were Thomas Franklin, Abraham Echols, Joseph Echols, Jacob Beays and Paul Prigg; signed—William Gooch, Lt. Governor and Commander-in-Chief, of the said Colony and Dominion at Williamsburg, 5 June 1736. (Note: This shows that this William Clement(s) (Sr.) was of King William Co., Va. and that he took up land in Amelia Co., Va.

The Will of William Clement (sr.) transcribed from Amelia Co., Va., Will Book No. 1, 1734-1761, pages 157-159, written of

dated 18 Febr. 1760 and Probated 28 Febr. 1760, naming,

Wife: Ann and following children,  
Sons: Benjamin; William Clement (Jr.) (m.—Ann Walker); John; Francis;  
Daughters: Elizabeth Ford Ellyson; Barshaba Major; Ann Pigg.

The Will of William Clement (Jr.) transcribed from Amelia Co., Va., Will Book 2, 1761-1771, pages 150-152; dated 17 June 1764 and Probated 26 June 1766; names Ann Walker, his wife and children:

Wife: Ann Walker  
Son: Isham  
Dtr: Mary  
Dtr: Martha  
Son: William (3rd)  
Dtr: Rebekah  
Son: Edmund Walker (a Revolutionary War Soldier)  
Son: John Clement (our line—he married Sarah ———)

Dtr: Ann Clement.  
(Note: Edmund Walker was father of Ann Walker; John White was the 2nd husband of Ann (Walker) Clement).

Will of John Clement transcribed from Amelia County, Va., Will Book 4, 1786-1793, pages 203-205; dated 18 February 1790 and Probated 24 June 1791; names: Sarah his wife and children as follows:

Dtr: Jean (m.—Edward Tabb, 12 Dec. 1763)

Son: Edward (born 21 Sept. 1780, died 21 Sept. 1840; married Margaret Montgomery ca. 1800, in the Spartanberry District of South Carolina; she died in Alabama ca. 1855)

Dtr: Nancy Clement.

On the 23 May 1782—Certificate for Administration for estate of John Clement was granted Sarah Clement appraisal of slaves and current moneys. Sarah Clement appointed guardian of Edward Clement and Nancy Clement, minors. (Note: This last Edward Clement is our line; Sarah Clement married as her 2nd husband Edward Flower).

John Clement married Edward Tabb on 12 Dec. 1763 and had the following issue: sons, Thomas, William, Lockley, Edward Mallory, Edmund and Davis Clement.

Our present research records start with our great-grandfather, Edward Clement, born in Amelia Co., Va. on 21 Sept. 1730, who migrated southward through South Carolina to Alabama where he established his home until his death, (near Gainesville, Sumter Co., Ala.) 21 Sept. 1840. The birth of a son, the eleventh child, was my grandfather, James Alexander Clement, a Methodist minister.

From "History of Methodism in Alabama" by Rev. Anson West, published 1893, pages 356 and 717: "There is a well authenticated that Edward Clement with his family moved to Greensborough, Alabama, now is, in 1820, when, at the place, there were but a few persons and a few log houses, and in the course of a year or two he built a well framed and neatly weatherboarded and ceiled (sealed) house, on the lot, where, now in 1891, stands the court house of Hale County, and as he intended it for a hotel, and used for that purpose, he named it the 'Planters Inn'."

"In 1823 the Rev. Ralph Griffin Christopher moved to Greene County, Alabama. Immediately Edward Clement, who was a Methodist in South Carolina before he came to Alabama, invited Dr. Christopher to preach at Greensborough, and furnished to the preacher and his audience as a place for preaching, the reception room of the 'Planters Inn'. In that reception of the Hotel, James A. Clement, in the same year was born, was baptized, by Dr. Christopher; and there, in the same room, and in the same year, 1823, Dr. Christopher organized a Methodist Society, the first ever organized at Greensborough. Edward and Margaret Clement, his wife, and two of their daughters were members of that new society. There is a tradition that there were six members of

that original society, who the other two were, it not certainly known, but indications are that Thomas M. Johnson and Eliza A. his wife were the other two; they were there in the beginning of things, and a long while members of that Society, with their names at the head of the list——"

"Mr. Edward Clement was born in Amelia Count, Va., 21 Sept., 1780. His wife Margaret Clement, nee Montgomery, and related to the poet of that name, was born in the State of Pennsylvania, 7 Nov. 1789. During their minority, Edward Clement and Margaret Montgomery went to Spartanburg District, South Carolina, where they became acquainted, and where, about 1800, they married. Soon after they were married they joined the Methodist Episcopal Church. In 1826 Mr. Clement removed from Greensborough and settled six miles from the place on the road leading to Centerville. He moved again and settled in four miles of Gainesville, Sumter County, Alabama, where he died 21 Sept. 1840."

James Alexander Clement was born in Greensborough, Alabama 7 Nov. 1823 and died at his home in North Rome, Georgia, Sunday 7th July 1895, was 70 years and 4 months old. (This inquiry was submitted by T. E. Clement, 20010 N.W. 3rd Avenue, Miami, Florida, 22169).

## ANSWERS

A 1030. CLEMENT - CLEMENTS - WALKER - TABB. It is suggested that the family of Clement is not to be confused with the Surry Co., Va. family of the same name, unless there might have been a connection before the family of William Clement(s) moved to King William Co., Va. Some persons have thought that the Amelia Co., Va. family of Clement(s) was that of one and the same; however, some of the Surry Co., Va. group did move into the near area. The Surry Co., Va. family has been traced back to 1611 and into some English lines. It is suggested that this data be searched in the "Maryland Heraldic Families."—Editor.

## BARHAM FAMILY

BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY CO., VA. This continues as the 46th article on this and we begin with Entry No. 46:

ENTRY NO. 46.—1779, June. Will of Benjamin Barham, Parish of St. Lukes, Southampton Co., Va.; names,

Wife, Mary—Given plantation where I live for her life; Negroes, Austin, Stephen, Janey, and Cealey,

Son, William Barham—Plantation bought of Joseph Cornet 133 acres, adjacent to said son; negroes, Hannah, Phyllis, Cealey, Jacob,

Son, John Barham, Plantation bought of Nath'l. Newsum, 210 acres; negroes, Lucy, Chery, Tom, and Sam,

Son, Benjamin Barham—given plantation after wife's death; negroes, Austin, Stephen, Cealey, Andrew, Isaac, Silvia,

Daughter, Lucy (21 unmarried); negroes, Judy and London,

Daughter, Fanny (21 unmarried); negroes, Doll, and Esther,

Son, Benjamin, to see after dtr. Elizabeth during her life,

Executors: Son, William, and son John;

Will dated 30 March 1776; Witnesses, Henry Taylor, Ridley and Temperance Taylor (Ref: Southampton Co., Va. Will Book 1772-1783, page 269) (Note: The marriage bonds of Southampton Co., Va. show that in 1781, Fanny Barham married Francis Phillips.—Editor).

1779, June 10. Ordered Arthur Foster, John Fort, Benjamin Lewis and Mark Nicholson, or any three, to appraise the Estate of Benjamin Barham (Ref. Southampton Co., Va. Order Book 1778-1784, page 71).

(Note: There were others named Benjamin Barham in Surry Co., Va., therefore, it is not easy to keep them from being confused.

This Barham data will be continued in the next issue of this feature.



# Climbing The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON

## MICHELET MICKLEY



MICHELET-MICKLEY.

This arms has been used by the family by name of Michley of Penn. and were patriots during the American Revolutionary War.

The family descends from John Jacobz Michley; however, the name had at one time been used as spelling of Michelet. This John J. Michley was born in the year 1737 and died in 1807. He served his country during the Revolutionary War. His service included that of bringing the historic Liberty Bell from Philadelphia, Penn., to Allentown, Penna. together with the chimes. In order for this to be done he had concealed them in his wagons in the year 1777. These treasures of history were hidden under the floor of Zion Reformed Church where they rested until being returned to Philadelphia in the year 1778. He was prominent in his community where he was selected a member of the General Committee during the Revolution for Northampton County, Pa. He married in the year 1765, Susanne Miller, who was born in 1743 and died in 1807, the same year of her husband's death. They had,

Daniel Mickley, whose birth date is not known to this editor, but we have his death as in the year 1822. He married in 1799, Tamar Evens, born in 1779 and died in 1865. They had,

Daniel Mickley, who was born in the year 1810 and died in 1888. He married in 1834, Syble Jordan, born in 1815 and died in the year 1900. They had,

Syble Mickley, who was born in 1843 and died in 1904. She married in 1860 Mr. John Welch, who was born in 1840 and died in the year 1923.

### HISTORICAL RARITIES

What type of standard did the British operate under 102 years ago? It was fine to interfere with our shipping on the high seas, but when their ships were stopped, it was an outrage. The following article was taken from "Harper's Weekly" of Jan 18, 1862, which had an unusual caption:

"A DANIEL COME TO JUDGMENT. This, like Portia, is a Daniel when it comes to judgment. For years, when we had no navy, when we had twelve ships and Great Britain had nine hundred, she want only insulted our flag by stopping our merchantmen and taking out whatever persons the British captains might choose to call British subjects, although without any complaint against them. And this business was openly approved and supported by the British Government."

"A few weeks ago a loyal and brave captain in our navy, upon his own responsibility, takes from a British merchantman two American citizens publicly know as conspirators against the existence of this Government. Great Britain trembles with rage, and roars out: It thus appears that certain individuals have been forcibly taken from on board a British vessel, the ship of a neutral Power, while such vessel was pursuing a lawful and innocent voyage—an act of violence which was an affront to the British flag, and a violation of international law."

"The demand is stern, but not in terms uncourteous. As the United States neither authorized the act nor justified the method, the certain individuals were 'cherrfully liberated'."

"But now mark, Jew, a Daniel, a Daniel come to judgment. If at any time hereafter, in her European or other wars, British cruisers should stop any neutral American ship and undertake to remove, or succeed in revoving, any person claimed under any whimsey of owing allegiance to the British Crown, that Crown would instantly hear from Washington: 'It thus appears that certain individuals have been forcibly taken from on board a United States vessel, the ship of a neutral Power, while such vessel was pursuing a lawful and innocent voyage—an act of violence which was an affront to the United States flag, and a violation of international law'."

### QUESTIONS

A1031 GRIGG-HALL-CARTER-DE JARNETTE—Wish the names of the parents of Ursula Grigg, born probably about 1750-1755. One descendant states that she was the daughter of Al Grigg of Lancaster Co., Va. Another states that her father was M. Grigg, whose wife was Alice Carter. Ursula married John Hall, born 1750 in Halifax County, Virginia and died 1814 in South Carolina; date of marriage was 1779.

John Hall mentioned above had brothers Nathaniel Hall, a Baptist Minister, and Fenton Hall and a sister Sarah (Hall) DeJarnette. Can anyone give me the names of the parents of the Hall children?

What were the names of the brothers and sisters of Ursula? (K.R.D., Falls Church, Virginia)

A1032. BELVIN. Would like any data covering Thomas Belvin, age 28, born York County, resident of York Co., Va., enlisted at Chesterfield County Court House, Virginia after Sept. 1, 1780. Reference: April 1964 issue, Vol. II, No. 2, Virginia Genealogical Society Quarterly Bulletin, page 34, and the Daily Press of this feature, Sunday 10 May, 1964.

I also have some information on this person taken from records of the Library of Congress in Washington, D.C. If you have information concerning any other

Belvin, I will appreciate receiving same. I will be glad to share my information with any of your readers, if you like. (G.T.B., Baltimore, Maryland).

### BLEDSON FAMILY

BLEDSON FAMILY OF VIRGINIA and NORTH CAROLINA AND SOUTH. This continues as the last article on the family of the name:

"Dr. Joseph Lawson Sherrell, son of Mary (Polly) Parr and Uty Sherrell, was born Dec. 3, 1824, in Lincoln Co., Tenn., married Oct. 30, 1850, Martha Eugenia Patterson, and died on Jan. 17, 1894."

"Dr. Sherrell was educated at the Philadelphia School of Medicine and practiced for about 35 years in the neighborhood of Delrose, Tenn. His first wife was the mother of all his children, and after her death on April 24, 1862, when she was 32 years old, he married Naomi McCoy Bruce, the sister of W. E. McCoy and the widow of Capt. Bruce of the Confederate Army. They had no children. His son, Dr. B. A. Sherrell, was educated at Medical School in Nashville, and practiced in this same community for about 40 years, and stated that he had delivered over 300 babies."

"Children of Martha Eugenia (Patterson) and Dr. Joseph Lawson Sherrell, were: (1) DeWitt Clendening Sherrell, married Mary Eliza McCoy; (11) Violet Ann Sherrell (m.—Dr. Benjamin Stone; (III) Emmett Randolph Sherrell, never married; (IV) Matthew Edwin Sherrell (m. 1st, Sallie Ezell, had one child, Daisy Mae, and he m.—2ndly, Sallie Moore); (V) Jenny Sherrell (m.—John Stevenson); (VI) Dr. Benjamin Alexis Sherrell (m.—Annie Smith); (VII) Rachel Eugenia Sherrell, died in infancy."

"DeWitt Clendening Sherrell, the son of Martha Eugenia (Patterson) and Dr. Joseph Lawson Sherrell, was born in Lincoln County, Tenn., Oct. 10, 1851; and died Sept. 2, 1919, and is buried in the Stone graveyard, about three miles from Delrose towards Fayetteville, Tenn. On Jan. 1, 1880, at Bradshaw, Giles Co., Tenn., he married Mary Eliza McCoy, the daughter of Eleanor (Taylor) and William Ephriam McCoy, who was born Jan. 1, 1862, and died June 7, 1935 at Delrose, Tenn. When he was about 20 years of age he opened his own business, a large general store, known as D. C. Sherrell Company. This business is still in operation today at the same site, and is owned by his son Howard McCoy Sherrell. In addition to this store, he was stockholder in three banks, and the President for several years of the Farmers National Bank of Fayetteville. Mrs. Mary Eliza (McCoy) Sherrell was an only child, and her father, along with two of his brothers, served in the Confederate Army. W. E. McCoy was a member of Capt. Worley's Company and was wounded in the Battle of Shiloh and carried a minie ball in his shoulder for the rest of his life. His brother, Sam McCoy, lost his arm at the Battle of Chicamauga, and his other brother, Thomas H. McCoy, served as a Captain in the Confederate Army. W. E. McCoy was a successful farmer and business man in Giles Co. He was born in 1829, the son of Jane (Dickey) and Joe McCoy, and died at Delrose, Tenn., April 25, 1927. His wife, Eleanor Taylor, born July 11, 1843, was the daughter of Lucy Worsham and Henry Taylor. She died Dec. 3, 1917, and she and W. E. are buried in the D. C. Sherrell plot in the Stone graveyard."

"Children of Mary Eliza (McCoy) and DeWitt Clendening Sherrell:

I. Horace Everett Sherrell, b. Jan. 1885; died 1940; married, Mary Cole. No issue.  
II. Howard McCoy Sherrell, born 1890; married Mary Stone."

"Both of the boys were graduates of

Vanderbilt University, and Howard served as a 1st Lieutenant in World War I. Horace was a State Senator in 1936.

(Reference for the above and last article on the Bledson family: "Historical Southern Families", Vol. III, by John Bennett Boddie, published 1959).

### BARHAM FAMILY

BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA. This is the 47th article on the Barham family and we shall use this issue as Entry No. 47:

ENTRY NO. 47—1779, Oct. 26. Account Current for the Estate of William Phillips: "To John Barham ticket 75 lbs. net 0-12-6"; dated Sept. 23, 1783 (Surry Co., Va., Will Book 1783-1792, page II)

(The Will of William Phillips, probated July 28, 1778:

Wife (not named)

Son, Zach, plantation where Thomas Turner formerly lived known by the name of Lane.

Son, William, plantation where I live not interrupting his mother in her 1/3,

Son, Robert,

Daughter, Eliz. Phillips

Daughter, Sally Phillips

The Will was dated Feb. 23, 1778; Witt: Edward Wright, Joseph Bishop, Rebecca Wright, Henry Crafford, Richard Rowell; Reference for the William Phillips will was Surry Co., Va., Will Book 1768-1779, page 492).

1780, Jan. 17. Marriage Bond. Hartwell Barham & Seesela Freeman (above 21); Surety, George Bell; witness, Benjamin Johnson (Ref: Sussex Co., Va. Marriage Bonds).

1780, June 27. Marriage Bond. Benjamin Barham & Frances Phillips; Security, John Pettway; wit. Francis Young (Surry Co., Va. Marriage Bonds).

1780, May 23. Faith Barham, widow of Jesse Barham, granted Administration of his Estate (Surry Co., Va., Order Book 1775-1785, page 107).

1780, Nov. 28. Jesse Barham's estate appraised by Thomas Lane, James Davis, James Seward (Reference: Surry County, Book 1778-1783, page 168).

1780, Nov. 28. Estate of Jesse Barham; Faith Barham, widow and Administ; appraised by Thomas Lane, James Davis, James Seward (John Cockes also ordered as an appraiser).

1780, July 25. Faith Barham appointed Guardian to Mary, Burwell, Rebecca and Benjamin Barham, Orphans of Jesse Barham (Reference: Surry Co., Order Book 1774-1785, page 117).

1782, Oct. 22. Surry County Justices VS Faith Barham, Guardian for Mary, Burwell, Rebecca and Benjamin A. Judkins Barham for not returning her Guardian accounts (Surry Co., Va. Order Book page No. 172).

1781, Mary 7. Thomas Barham, Sr. to Sarah Barham, wife of Benjamin 10 lbs. paid by Sarah for herself and 4 children,

Newsome Barham, John Barham, William Barham & Rebeckah Barham; 70 acres on South side of Cock's Branch Swamp at Stokes Road adjoining to William Knight; witnesses, William Newsum, Archibald Knight, Frederick Fort (Reference: Sussex Co., Va. Deed Book 1779-1786, page 81).

For the proof of the identity of Sarah Barham, wife of Benj. Barham, it can be proved that she was the sister of Jesse Judkins of Surry Co., Va. whose will was probated 26 June 1781 and dated the previous October 1780 and recorded in Surry Co., Will Book 1778-1783, page 201. This will shall be given in the next issue of this feature, since it is too long for this time.

This Barham data to be continued in next issue of this feature.



# Climbing The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON

## SARGENT



SARGENT.

ARMS: Gules, a bend nebulee or between three dolphins embowed sable.

CREST: A dolphin embowed embowed or, guttee azure.

This arms has been used by the prominent family of William Sargent. They were of New England. This William Sargent came to America and settled at Gloucester, Massachusetts about the year of 1678. He married in the year 1678, Mary Duncan, daughter of Peter Duncan and wife Mary Epes, a step-daughter of Samuel Symonds, one time Deputy-Governor of Massachusetts Colony. We may already that the Epes or Eppes family of New England is connected with the early Virginia family of Epes. The wife of Governor was named Martha (Reade) Epes, so this proves that she had been born Martha Reade. It is not known to this editor, if Martha Reade was originally from the Virginia Colony; however, there was a prominent family of that name in Virginia and they descend from Colonel George Reade. This has not been proved to the knowledge of this editor; only a clue. This couple had,

Epes Sargent, who was born in 1690 and died in 1762, who became a very prominent figure in the affairs of the Massachusetts Colony. He was named Justice for the County of Sussex in Mass. He served his colony during the Colonial Wars in which he was raised to the rank of Major for the Essex Co., Mass. Militia. Taking an active part in the political affairs of this community, he was elected as Representative to the General Court of the Mass. Colony. This family including the sons owned much land including much of East Gloucester, Mass. It was there that a museum was set up to house the heirlooms of the family at Gloucester. He married his cousin, Catherine Winthrop, who was born in 1711 and died in 1761. They had,

Winthrop Sargent, born 1727, died 1793 of Gloucester, Mass., who married Judith Saunders.

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

AMONG OTHER ACTIVITIES OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT, THERE WERE 500 GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES CONSIDERED AS DISLOYAL TO GOVERNMENT. The following was taken from the Harper's Weekly of January 1852:

"DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE: CONGRESS—On Monday, Dec. 30 (1862), in the Senate, a number of petitions praying for the emancipation of the slaves under the war power were presented. A communication was received from the Secretary of War, stating that it is incompatible with the public interest to furnish the correspondence which has passed between General Scott and General Patterson relative to the conduct of the war. Senator Davis, of Kentucky, introduced a bill declaring certain persons enemies, and for sacrificing their property for the benefit of loyal citizens.—In the House, Mr. Spaulding introduced a bill authorizing the issue of Treasury Notes, payable on demand. It was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means. A bill was introduced repealing certain laws creating ports of entry. Mr. Potter offered resolutions calling on the Secretary of the Treasury and the Secretary of the Interior to furnish the select committee appointed to inquire into the alleged disloyalty of Government employees with certain information, in order to make their report. He stated that there were five hundred clerks in the public employ who are disloyal to the Government. The resolutions were objected to, and therefore were not acted on."

"On Thursday, Jan. 2, in the Senate, petitions were presented for the emancipation of slaves under the war power, and for the establishment of a line of mail steamers between San Francisco and China. Senator Kennedy presented a resolution from the State of Maryland protesting against interference with slavery in the States by the General Government. Senator Sumner offered a resolution, which was adopted, that the President be requested, if not incompatible with the public interest, to transmit to the Senate all the correspondence which has taken place since the Congress held at Paris in 1856, relating to neutral and belligerent rights on the ocean. A bill providing for the appointment of sutlers for the volunteers, and defining their duties, was introduced by Senator Wilson, and referred. Senator Wilson offered a resolution directing inquiry with reference to an increase of the military force; also a resolution calling for information as to the number of cavalry regiments authorized to be raised, where they are stationed, and if it would not be advisable to convert those not yet mustered into service into regiments of infantry—both adopted. The Secretary of War was requested to furnish copies of the reports of the Surgeon-General and Sanitary Commission of the health of the army.—In the House, a resolution was adopted calling on the Secretary of War for information why certain regiments of New York volunteers now in Washington are not provided with arms, and whether any legislation is necessary to enable the War Department to furnish arms to the troops now in the field. A bill providing for the defence of Philadelphia and the Delaware River was introduced and referred. Mr. Vallandigham offered a resolution calling on the Secretary of the Treasury for information respecting the national debt and revenue, but it was objected to and was not received."

## QUESTIONS

A1033. PUGH. "Please send the information on how I may get the Pugh Family Tree." (Mrs. Malvern F. Pugh, Susan Post Office, Mathews County, Virginia).

A1034. POLLARD. This also asks questions regarding the Query No. A998 on Pollard Family in April 19, 1964 issue of this

feature. Was Elizabeth Pollard the one daughter of Robert Pollard, of Bruington, mentioned in "The Virginia Pollards" and the sister of Joseph Pollard (whose dau., Sarah, married Judge Edmund Pendleton, 1745)? "Edmund Waller, married Oct. 12, 1740, Mary Pendleton (born 1720), dau. of Philip Pendleton and Elizabeth (Pollard) Pendleton. Mrs. Mary (Pendleton) Waller was on the paternal side, a first cousin of Judge Edmund Pendleton (1721-1803) and on the maternal side, a cousin of Judge Pendleton's second wife, Sarah Pollard." (Ref: Waller Family Records).

(B): HOLMAN. Can anyone give me the names of the parents of John Holman, who married 1770, Elizabeth Burton (Ref: "Douglas Register")?

(C): HOLMAN-BURTON. Could any one of the following listed names be children of John Holman and Elizabeth Burton? They are: (1) John Holman, Jr. (m. Ann Wright, dau. of John); (2) Susanna Holman (m. Samuel Sheppard); (3) Mourning Holman (m. Oct. 7, 1811, Joseph DuVal, II); (4) Henry B. (perhaps for Burton?) Holman (m. Oct. 24, 1798, Henrico Co., Va., Elizabeth DuVal); (5) ——— Holman (m. Robert Kay DuVal).

Robert Key, Elizabeth and Joseph DuVal, II, were children of Joseph DuVal and wife, Elizabeth Sheppard. The Henry B. Holman, born 1778, and Elizabeth DuVal had a son named Nathaniel Henry Holman and a dau. Elizabeth Holman, who married one Nathaniel H. Holman. Mourning (Holman) and Joseph DuVal, II, had son named Nathaniel Holman DuVal. It is believed that these named Holmans were descended from Henry Holman, whose will was probated August 19, 1740, Goochland County, Va., naming: wife Mourning; son, Nathaniel and unborn child Sarah. Henry B. Holman died 1833 in Barren Co., Ky. The great-grandfather of my husband was Nathaniel Henry Holman. (Mrs. H. Buford Waller, P.O. Box 776, Lebec, California—93243).

## ANSWERS

A998. PERKINS-COLEMAN. Perhaps answer may be found in book, "Descendants of Nicholas Perkins of Virginia," printed 1957 and compiled by William K. Hall; lithographed by Edwards Brother, Inc., Ann Arbor, Mich. The printer informed me regarding the obtaining of copy of this book to contact: Capt. William K. Hall, U.S. Naval Hospital Staff, Philadelphia 45, Penna.

## PHILLIPS FAMILY

PHILLIPS FAMILY OF SOUTHSIDE VIRGINIA INCLUDING ISLE OF WIGHT AND SURRY COUNTIES, AS WELL AS, EDGEcombe COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA. This editor has had many requests as to how the Phillips family of North Carolina was connected with the Surry and Isle of Wight County Families, so upon locating data on this line with proofs of connection we shall start to give the data.

"The Phillips family of Edgecombe County, North Carolina, descends from one William Phillips whose will was recorded in Surry Co., Va., in 1721. The parentage of this William Phillips is unknown. In 1681 two persons by the name of William Phillips died in Isle of Wight County (Va.), one of whom was styled 'William Phillips of Blackwater'. This is of interest as William Phillips of Surry (Co., Va.), died 1721, owned a plantation on the Blackwater River. David Phillips, John Phillips, Jno. Phillips and William Phillips appear on the Surry Co. Tithable Lists in 1678 (Ref: "Colonial Surry", Va., page 189 by John B. Boddie). Their relationship, if any, is not known. John Phillips appears on the rent roll of Surry in 1704 with 270 acres of land and William Phillips with 300 (Ibid., page 214). The Phillipses in Surry and Isle of Wight probably descend from one Thomas Phillips, born 1599, who came to Virginia in the 'William and Thomas' (ship) in 1618 and who was living at Basse's Choice at the time of the mus-

ter in Feb. 1625. His wife Elizabeth, born 1602, came to the colony in the 'Sea Flower' (ship) in 1621. (Ref: "Seventeenth Century Isle of Wight", by John B. Boddie, page 88). Thomas Phillips was granted 300 acres of land in James City County (Va.), July 9, 1635, on the south side of the Chickahominy River, 150 acres for the personal adventure of himself, Elizabeth his wife and Elizabeth his daughter (Ref: "Cavaliers and Pioneers" by Nell Nugent, page 26). On May 29, 1638 Peleg Buck was granted 500 acres in James City 'near land lately in the tenure of Thos. Phillips' (Ibid., page 83). One Elizabeth Phillips made a deposition in Surry (Co., Va.), in 1672 giving her age as 72 (Ref: "Colonial Surry", by John B. Boddie, page 216). Thus, she could have been the wife of Thomas Phillips, above, who was born in 1602."

"I. William Phillips, first known ancestor, married Mary Swann, dau. of Mathew Swann, a prominent early citizen of Surry (Ref: "Colonial Surry", page 107). The will of William Phillips, dated 2-14-1721, probated 4-19-1721 mentioned wife Mary, sons John, William, Swann, and Mathew Phillips, the last three being under the age of 16 years, and daughters: Anne; Mary; and Elizabeth Phillips. The inventory of William Phillips, signed by Mary Phillips in April 1721, listed personal property on the Blackwater plantation, the Round Hill plantation and the 'Home' plantation. As Mary Phillips, widow of William Phillips, she made her will in Surry (Co., Va.), March 23, 1727. The will mentions daughter Mary, wife of John Edwards, daughter Ann, niece Mary Crafford, daughter of Carter Crafford, daughter Elizabeth, wife of William Hancock, sons William and Swan Phillips and granddaughters Ann Hancock and Mary Edwards. Carter Crafford was appointed executor (Ref: Surry Co., Va. Will, 1715-1730, page 697). (This Phillips family data to be continued in next issue) (Ref: for all above data: "Southside Virginia Families", Vol. II, by John Bennett Boddie, publ. 1936, page 350).

## BARHAM

BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY CO., VIRGINIA. This continues as the 48th article on the Barham family. We shall begin with Entry No. 48:

ENTRY No. 48.—26 June 1781. Will of Jesse Judkins, dated 25 Oct. 1780; to be buried in yard of my father and mother; and names,

Brother, Charles—given land my father, John Judkins, gave me,  
Brother, Samuel,  
Brother, John,  
Sister, Mary Barham,  
Nephews and Nieces, "my sister Sarah Barham's children",  
Hannah Moody  
Becky Lane,  
Sister, Ann Mooring

What was due my wife from estate of Capt. Charles Simmons

John Judkins, son of Nicholas Judkins  
Sally Lane  
Fred Lane's wife, Becky,  
The will was dated 25 Oct. 1780 and probated 26 June 1781,

Witnesses, Carter Seward, and Elizabeth Haley

(Recorded in Surry Co., Va., Will Book 1778-1783, page 201) (NOTE: The above will shows that two of the sisters of Jesse Judkins had married Barhams; the sister Mary and sister Sarah. It also appears that he had no children, since he mentioned none, though his wife may have been a daughter of Capt. Charles Simmons as indicated. Now, what connection were the other persons mentioned in the will, such as Becky Lane, wife of Fred Lane, Hannah Moody, John Judkins and Nicholas Judkins? What were the given names of the children of Sarah Judkins Barham and names of children of Mary Judkins Barham?—Editor).

(This Barham family data will be continued in the next issue).



# Climbing The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON

## Huidekoper



**ARMS:** Party per pale, azure and argent. First, a sword, hilted, or, proper, a mullet of six points in chief of the last. Second, three arbalests all proper.

**CREST:** A helmet regardant dexter, surmounted by a crest coronet.

The Pennsylvania family of the name Huidekoper has used this arms and they descend from the Hollander, Harm Jan Huidekoper, who was born in Holland in the year 1776 and died in Meadville, Penna in 1854. He came from the very ancient family of his native country, where they are prominent to this day. Members of his family served the King of Holland in trusty positions. This Harm Huidekoper arrived in America about the year 1796 and in America became connected with the Holland Land Company at when is now Trenton Falls, New York. However, offices of this company in a few years removed its offices to Philadelphia, Penna. He was one of the prominent citizens of Pennsylvania and gained more holdings of land in his own name. He resided at Meadville, Penna. and there he founded the Meadville Theological School in 1844. He married as his wife, Rebecca Colhoon. They had,

Edgar Huidekoper, who was born in 1812 and died in 1862. He married Frances Shippen of the prominent family of that name, who were originally of Boston, Mass. This couple had,

Capt. Frederic Wolters Huidekoper, who was born in 1840 and died in 1908. He was an educated gentleman having been graduated from Harvard in the year 1862. Soon thereafter he was named captain of the 53th Pennsylvania Militia during the Civil War.

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

The gentleman from Oregon was not allowed to be seated in the Senate during the January session of 1862. The following was taken from the Harper's Weekly of Jan. 18, 1862 under the heading of Domestic Intelligence—Congress.

"INTELLIGENCE—CONGRESS. On Monday, Jan. 6 (1862), in the Senate, the credentials of the new Senator from Oregon, Mr. Stark, were presented by his colleague, but Senator Fessenden moved that the administration of the oath be suspended, and that the credentials and certain papers in his possession impeaching the loyalty of Mr. Stark be referred to the Judiciary Committee. After some discussion the papers were laid on the table for the present. The documents for the State Department relative to the 'Trent' affair were received, and made the special order for Thursday. Senator Fessenden offered a joint resolution authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to allow goods (coffee, tea, and sugar) warehoused before the passage of the recent act, to be withdrawn, with the duty of the former act paid, and the duties collected on such goods under the late act be refunded. The resolution was adopted.

"Senator Collamer offered a resolution that the Committee on the Post Office be instructed to inquire into the expediency of placing a tax on conveying intelligence by telegraph. The resolution was agreed to. Senator Davis introduced a joint resolution that the President procure an exchange of prisoners from the privateer 'Jeff Davis' for prisoners taken from the army of the United States. The joint resolution was adopted."

"In the House, Mr. Roscoe L. Conkling, of New York, called attention to the fact that on the second day of the session a resolution was adopted requesting the Secretary of War to inform the House whether any steps have been taken to ascertain who are responsible for the defeat of the Union forces at the battle of Ball's Bluff. To this resolution the military authorities made answer to the effect that the proposed investigation be incompatible with the public interest. This answer Mr. Conkling, Mr. Lovejoy, and others deemed unsatisfactory, and they animadverted upon the management of the Ball's Bluff affair, and the conduct of the war generally, in severe terms. Finally, Mr. Conkling offered a resolution declaring that the answer of the War Department is neither responsive nor satisfactory to the House, and that the Secretary of War be directed to return a further answer, and after a long discussion it was adopted by a vote of 79 to 64. A joint resolution, authorizing the withdrawal of tea, coffee, and sugar from bonded warehouses on payment of the rate of duty levied under the tariff of August last, and to refund any excess of duties above those imposed by the said act of August, was adopted."

## QUESTIONS

A1034. CLEMENT - CLEMENTS - WALKER-TABB. Susie D. Clement of 20010 N.W. 3rd Avenue, Miami 69, Florida is collecting data on the descendants of this family and has spent much time and effort to compile data on same with T. E. Clement. Anyone having data on the following names, it is suggested that you contact these two persons at the above given address. They have published mimeographed sheets called "Clement Migration Trail," which will be found to be of interest to those bearing the name of Clement. From the data sent to this editor, the following is given:

"Data from Group Family Chart No. 1—Edward — Clement, born 21 Sept. 1780, Amelia Co., Va.; died 21 Sept. 1840; married Margaret Montgomery, born 7 Nov. 1780 in Pittsylvania Co., Penna., died ca. 1855. He was the father of eleven

children, 7 sons and 4 daughters as follows:

Son, Jefferson Clement  
Son, John W. Clement, born ca. 1817 South Carolina; married Martha Jane Walker 3 Jan. 1848  
Son, George W. Clement, born ca. 1819 South Carolina; married (?)  
Son, William M. Clement, b. ca. 1821; married (?)  
Dau., Sarah, b. ca. 1811; married Wilkins J. Sims 27 July 1827  
Dau., Mary Mahala, b. ca. 1832; m.—Stephen Collins 22 Jan. 1825  
Dau., Rosa, b. ca. 1801; m.—Jesse P. Saunders 16 May 1822  
Son, James Alexander Clement, b. 7 Nov. 1823; m.—Frances Davis Shelman 21 Jan. 1846.

We have no record of the other children to this date. Can anyone assist with the other names of these children and marriages? (Trophimus Epenetus Clement, II, 20910 N.W. 3rd Avenue, Miami 69, Florida.

## ANSWERS

A1033. PUGH. (Initials, N.F.P., Susan Post Office, Mathews, Va.). Inasmuch as there is no "Family Tree" compiled to the knowledge of this editor, it is suggested that you go to the nearest library or to The Virginia State Archives Department, Virginia State Library, Richmond, Virginia and there you might find data on the Pugh family. You might ask for books showing how to proceed in the gathering of data to begin a family tree. There are wonderful books there that will assist you with such a search. It is time-consuming and effort well spent, if you wish to pursue the work.

You must first start with yourself and gather all documentary data on yourself, your parents and grandparents and so on back. In order to do the work correctly, it is further suggested that you have proof with each and every generation. Look for old family Bibles, for they are most helpful and generally correct. Have Photostats of the Bible with the family records and the title page to show the date of the printing of the Bible. Talk with all the members of your family and write to those who are not near enough to call or talk about the data. You will find some interesting old documents in the hands of some members of your family, I am sure.—Editor.

## PHILLIPS FAMILY

PHILLIPS FAMILY OF NORTH CAROLINA AND VIRGINIA. This continues as the 2nd in the series on the family from the latest issue in this feature, which was Sunday, June 28, 1964.

"Issue of William Phillips, whose will was dated Feb. 14, 1721, and wife Mary Swann:

I. John Phillips, of whom later-mentioned in will of Mathew Swann.  
II. Mary Phillips (m.—John Edwards—line untraced)  
III. Elizabeth Phillips, m.—William Hancock—line untraced.

IV. Ann Phillips—no record  
V. William Phillips, untraced. On Sept. 19, 1728 he sold to William George land that his father William had bought Nov. 5, 1694. Hence he is not the William Phillips whose will was probated in Surry Co., (Va.) in 1734, as stated in Virginia Historical Genealogies, page 308.

VI. Swann Phillips—no record.  
VII. Mathew Phillips—no record." Now, back to John Phillips. John Phillips, born circa 1698, mentioned in the will of his grandfather Mathew Swann in 1702. In Feb. 19, 1719 he purchased 265 acres on the Main Swamp of Lawnes Creek from Lovelace Savidge (Surry Co., Va. Book, 1715—, page 253). His will was dated Aug. 11, 1758 and probated the following year. He devised his land in Southampton (Co., Va.) and on the 'Bold Robbin' Branch in the county of Surry to son Hartwell who

appears to have been the youngest. Son Hartwell and kinsman Carter Crafford were appointed executors. Only daughter Mary Warren was married when the will was made but the final division of his estate Jan. 19, 1762 among the heirs suggests the names of his other sons-in-law. The estate was divided among the heirs: Arthur Phillips; Joseph Phillips, Hartwell Phillips, Allen Warren, Moses Bennett, Joshua Wood, Joshua Proctor and Micajah Exum. The wife of John Phillips is uncertain. Hannah, daughter of John Fort of Surry (Co., Va.) was married to a John Phillips in 1721 (Southside Virginia families, page 196). Martha, the youngest daughter of Robert Crafford of Surry married a Phillips and a similarity of names suggests that it might have been this particular John Phillips (Virginia Historical Genealogies, page 293)."

"John Phillips, of course may have married twice."

(This Phillips data will be continued in the next issue of this feature. Reference for the above data: "Southside Virginia Families", Vol. II, pages 250-351, by John B. Boddie).

## BARHAM FAMILY

BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA. This continues as the 49th article in the series of the Barham family data. We shall then begin with Entry No. 49:

ENTRY NO. 49—1731, Dec. 27. Marriage Bond. Patsy Barham to Harmon Magee; married by Rev. John Meglamore (McLemore); from the Minister's Returns of Sussex Co., Va.

1782, Census, Surry Co., Virginia; shows Joseph Barham with 7 whites and 4 blacks on his plantation

Faith Barham with 5 white, and 1 black  
John Barham with 6 white and zero blacks

1782 Census, Sussex Co., Va., shows Thomas Barham, 3 whites, 2 blacks  
Charles Barham, 8 white, 6 black  
William Barham, 5 white, 13 black  
John Sands, 6 white, 12 black (listed next to each other).

1782, Census, City of Williamsburg, Va., shows: John Barrom (note the spelling), 3 white, 3 black

(NOTE: John Barham, son of Robert & Frances Barham, born Aug. 21, 1768; Frances Barham, dau. of Robert and Frances Barham, born July 9, 1773. Reference for these statements—"William & Mary College Quarterly (Series 1, Vol. 14, page 156 under 'Kerby Family of York and Elizabeth City County, Virginia. Bennett Kerby, died 1782, son of Robert Kerby 1662-1727, grandson of Thomas Kerby died 1668 Bennett Kerby married Frances Parson and had issue, Bennett Kerby, Frances Kerby, who married Barham; they had issue: Bennett Kerby Barham, Thomas Barham and John Barham).

1782-1787, Virginia Taxpayers by Augusta B. Fothergill (this list was compiled from property for counties in which Census returns were lost or destroyed). (NOTE by Editor: This list is given to show that Barham were in James City Co., Va., Southampton Co., and York Co., Va.):

James City Co., Va.  
Charles Barham, Poll 1, 14 slaves  
Robert Barham, poll 2, 11 slaves  
Southampton Co., Va.  
Charles Barham, poll 1, 32 slaves  
James Barham, poll 1, 10 slaves  
James Barham, poll 1, 7 slaves  
Joel Barham, poll 1, 6 slaves  
John Barham, poll 1, 8 slaves  
Mary Barham, poll 0, 8 slaves (women did not vote)  
Robert Barham, poll 1, 1 slave  
Thomas Barham, poll 1, 4 slaves  
York County, Va.  
Moody Barham, poll 1, 1 slave

(This Barham data to be continued in the next issue of this feature.)



# Climbing The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON

## BOWMAN



ARMS: Or, a tree eradicated, proper.

CREST: Issuing from a wreath of his colors, a knight in armour, proper habited per pale purple and azure, bearing in his hand over the dexter shoulder a tree as in the arms. The shield is surmounted by a helmet of the degree of nobility, and the lambrequin or and vert.

This arms has been used by the family of Bowman of Ireland and then to Maryland in the United States. They descend from James Bowman, who had come from Ireland and was first in the colony of Maryland by 1770.

After a brief stay in Maryland he removed to Venango County, Pennsylvania. He apparently became interested in the American cause of freedom and took the oath of allegiance in July 1770. Subsequently became an active soldier during the American Revolution. He died in 1826. He married in the year 1773, Catherine McCormisk. They had,

Andrew Bowman, who was born in 1783 and died in 1859. He like his father was a patriot to his country and was promoted to the office of ensign and served with Admiral Perry in the Battle of Lake Erie during the War of 1812. He returned home and married Mary Sarah Hale. They had,

Edward Bowman, who was born in the year 1816 and died in 1893. He was promoted to the rank of major and was a surgeon during the Civil War. He was also active with Government affairs and was named after the Civil War to Indian Agent. This agency he served well and suggested reforms for the treatment of the Indians. He married on 1841, Elizabeth Byles, daughter of Ebenezer and Betsey (Macey) Byles.

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE 102 YEARS AGO DURING THE CIVIL WAR PERIOD IN WESTERN VIRGINIA. The Yankees were boasting over their success. The following was taken from Harper's Weekly of January 18, 1862;—

"SKIRMISH IN WESTERN VIRGINIA. —Our troops in Western Virginia had a brisk skirmish with the rebels at Huntersville on Saturday morning, which resulted in a complete success. A body of our men, numbering seven hundred and forty, and consisting of a portion of the Fifth Ohio, Second Virginia, and Brocken's cavalry, made an attack on Huntersville, which was defended by four hundred rebel cavalry and three hundred and fifty infantry, and after an attack of an hour's duration the rebels were defeated with a loss of eighty killed and wounded. No one was killed on the Union side. The enemy retired from the town, leaving eighty thousand dollars worth of army stores and clothing in the hands of our troops."

Then we have another heading under the same articles:

"DEPARTURE OF MASON AND SLIDELL.—Messrs. Mason and Slidell have taken their departure for England in the British war steamer 'Rinaldo', which arrived at Providence on 31st December. They were taken from Fort Warren by the tug-boat 'Starlight' at 11 o'clock on 1st January, and put on board the 'Rinaldo', together with their secretaries, Eustis and McFarland. The 'Rinaldo' sailed for Europe at six o'clock on the evening of New Year's Day, the wind at that time blowing a perfect hurricane."

There was another heading of interest: "Release of Union Prisoners.—Two hundred and forty Union prisoners were brought to Fortress Monroe on Friday, who were released from Richmond (Va.). They were brought down the James River by the rebel steamer 'Northampton', and put on board the steamboat 'George Washington'. They were soon after forwarded to Baltimore."

## QUESTIONS

A1035. HOLMAN-WALLER. This query has been reworded or phrased and I shall quote from the letter. "Since writing you several weeks ago, I have received further records on Holmans of Barren Co., Ky.; have been unable to locate address of where to obtain the book on the "Perkins Family of Virginia."

Wish records and proof of any family of Nathaniel Holman, named in father's will on record in Goochland Co., Va., 1740; names—Henry Holman; wife, Mourning; son Nathaniel (under 21); unborn child; nephew James, son of brother James Holman.

Was the John Holman (married Elizabeth Burton, 1770 according to Douglas Register), the son of above Nathaniel Holman and did John and Elizabeth (Burton) Holman have among other children the following:

1. John Holman, whose will is on record in Barren Co., Ky., 1826; names wife, Frances (was she a second wife?) and younger children; suit on estate later names all heirs, among whom was one son, Nathaniel H. Holman.

2. Henry B. (perhaps for Burton?) Holman, born 1778 (family Bible record); married Elizabeth Duval, Oct. 24, 1798, Henrico Co., Va.; removed to Barren Co., Ky. early 1800's; will on record in Barren Co., Ky., 1833; naming: wife, Elizabeth; and all of his children—one of which was Nathaniel Henry Holman (our line and Bible owned by descendant); one grandson named John Burton Holman.

3. Mourning Holman, married Joseph Duval, 11, Oct. 7, 1801; only son, named Nathaniel Holman DuVal, born 1806; will probated in Chesterfield Co., Va.

4. — Holman; married Robert Kay DuVal, removed to Barren Co., Ky. ca.

1816; head of DuVal Family on record in Barren Co., Ky.

Joseph Robert Kay and Elizabeth DuVal were children of Joseph and Elizabeth (Sheppard) DuVal of Goochland and Henrico Cos., Va.—according to "The Duval Family of Virginia", page 83; and grandchildren of Benjamin DuVal, 1st, and Ann Key. We have no proof that the four Holmans named above were brothers and sisters, but family records named descendants of John and Henry B. Holman as cousins and the Holman families moved to Barren Co., Ky., approximately the same time and the DuVal family a few years later. By the 1850 Census only one son Henry Holman and 2 sons of John Holman were still in Barren Co., Ky. Other sons (older and younger) had married in Barren Co., but apparently moved farther west.

The 1850 Census shows:

1. Nathaniel Henry Holman (son of Henry B. Holman)
2. Joseph H. Holman, son of John Holman.
3. Edgar Holman, son of John Holman.

There was probably a 5th Holman, named Joseph as DuVal Family record of Virginia gives two other marriages in same branch, to Holmans, they are:

1. Miles DuVal married Mourning Holman, Dec. 15, 1829, page 85
2. Joseph DuVal, III, married Martha Allen Holman, dau. of Joseph and Betsy Holman, — page 87.

"Mr. Watson, this may all be 'old hat' to you and you may know of Holman records that would be available to me in the Los Angeles (Calif.) Library or in Virginia, if so, would appreciate references printed in your column. My maiden name was 'Watson', and my greatgrandfather was born in England and settled in Wisconsin. My husband and son are double descendants of Col. John Waller, 1st County Clerk of Spotsylvania Co., Va.; directly through Edmund Waller, his youngest son and directly through daughter of Col. John Waller, Jr., the eldest son. The daughter was Agnes Carr Waller and as far as I know and can find, very little has ever been recorded in available records. Luckily for the family, her Bible records and those of her children have been well kept and recorded in family papers and Bibles and all proven in last two years by recorded marriages, deeds, and will in Virginia, Mississippi and Kentucky."

Agnes Carr Waller, dau. of John Waller, Jr. and Mary Agnes Carr, born July 20, 1736, died March 1831 at home of her daughter, Ann Kay Childress in Amherst or Albemarle Co., Va. She married Henry Johnston, son of Buford and Mary Johnston, Nov. 23, 1758. Henry Johnston was born April 12, 1727 and died May 23, 1802 in Spotsylvania Co., Va. Family tradition written in 1890 record owned by family, states that two brothers, Henry and Stephen Johnston came from Scotland together. Both were carpenters by trade. Wish to contact descendants of Stephen Johnston on record in Spotsylvania Co., Va., Aug. 1, 1763 according to Spotsylvania Co., Va. Records by Crozier, page 229. Henry Johnston's names appears as witness on deed and also Stephen's wife, Phebe. Last record of Stephen Johnston appears in 1793 in Croziers'. Stephen Johnston came from Essex Co., to Spotsylvania Co., Va. in 1762. Henry Johnson (Or Johnston) was first recorded in Spotsylvania Co., Va. in will of Elizabeth Goodloe, as witness on Feb. 25, 1750. We have yet to connect the Goodloe family to the Johnstons, but Henry and Agnes (Waller) Johnston had sons: John Waller Johnston, d.s.p.; William Goodloe Johnston, d.s.p.; Thomas Buford Johnston, went to Kentucky; Stephen Henry Johnston, died young; and Henry Goodloe Johnston, went to Mississippi; and daughters: Mary Johnston; Agnes Carr Johnston; Ann Kay Johnston; Dorothy Pom-

frett Johnston; and Sarah Dabney Johnston.

Of these girls, Mary Johnston, married one Mr. Cason and died in South Carolina; Agnes Carr Johnston married Thomas Wiggles Worth; Ann Key Johnston, married Benjamin Childress; Dorothy Johnston, married a cousin, Thomas Minor, Jr.; Sarah Dabney Johnston married Richard Shackelford.

This above query was submitted by Mrs. H. Buford Waller, P.O. Box 776, Lebec, California 93243).

## ANSWERS

A1029. SHACKELFORD. "The Shackelford Clan" magazine is published monthly by Mr. T. K. Jones of Lubbock Texas and has been for ten years."

"Mrs. B. A. Kendig, 106 Stolp Avenue, Medicine Lodge, Kansas, has a volume, which she and her husband have indexed and I am sure that she will be glad to check the index for any questions, as she is a Shackelford descendant and is lacking some data."

"Mr. T. K. Jones above mentioned died about 5 years ago, but before his death, he had many copies bound and sold them as a volume. I bought some and placed them in the D.A.R. Library in Washington, D. C. and our Kansas State Historic Society Library. I have a bound volume and all of the loose issues. The Kendigs gave me a copy of the Index, but I have not had the time to learn how to use it."

I am a member of the Daughters of Founders and Patriots; Roger Shackelford in the immigrant and Lyne Shackelford, Sr. is the patriot, who married Elizabeth Taliaferro. Lyne Shackelford, Jr. married Elizabeth Price Dabney, daughter of Captain George Dabney—and this takes me back to several fine families as you know."

"My parents were second cousins; my father's mother was a Gary and her mother a Shackelford. My mother's father was a Shackelford-brother and sister."

"I have taken the Daily Press for several years for your column. Many issues have been given to the Mormon Church here for their library." Signed—Virginia Shackelford Bostick McArthur (Mrs. V. E. McArthur), 127 West 11th St., Hutchinson, Kansas.

## BARHAM FAMILY

BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY CO., VIRGINIA. This continues as the 50th article on this line:

ENTRY No. 50.—1782, Jan. 22. Will of William Pyland; names, Brothers, Thomas and John Pyland Mother, Mary Pyland Children of my sisters, Lucy Slade and Mary Judkins

Friend, John Wesson to be executor John Warren, son of Thomas Warren, to be Sub-Executor

Brother-in-law, John Judkins Witnesses: Charles Judkins, John Warren, Jr., Benjamin Barham

Will dated Sept. 18, 1780, probated Jan. 23, 1782 (Surry Co., Virginia, Will Book of 1782, page 207).

Referring back to date of July 22, 1777, we find the will of William Pyland, which names:

Wife, no name given Sons, William, John, and Thomas Pyland

Daughters, Lucy Slade, and Mary Executors: wife, son, William and James Davis

Witnesses: Ethelred Lane, Robert Pyland, James Davis

Will dated 8 Dec. 1776 and probated 22 July 1777 (Reference: Surry Co., Va. Will including the date of July 1777, page 469)

(Note: The above two will show the family connection of father, sons and daughters. Apparently Mary Pyland had not married when William Pyland made his will; however, Mary married John Judkins according to her brother, William Pyland, in his will for he named the husband of Mary as his "brother-in-law."



# Climbing The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON

## LAURENS



This arms has been used by the family of Lawrens or Laurens who came to New York and later settled in South Carolina.

They descend from Andre Laurens, who died after the date of 1715. He was the son of Jean Laurens. Andre Laurens was a Huguenot and was from La Rochelle, France. He with others escaped to England from the persecution of the Catholics against the Protestants with his mother who was a widow in 1682. He then went to Ireland and then removed from Europe to America, where he went in 1695 to New Rochelle, New York, but he apparently was a moving type and later settled in Charleston, South Carolina in the year 1715. He married on Feb. 22, 1688 in England, Marie Lucas; she died in the year 1715. They had,

Jean Samuel Laurens, born 1696 and died 1747. This Mr. Laurens married in the year 1715, Esther or Hester Grasset. They had,

Henry Laurens, born 1724 and died 1792. He was prominent and was a political leader and patriotic American. He was elected to the presidency of the Continental Congress in the year 1777-1778. He later became interested in the diplomatic service and was named Minister to Holland, as well as, to negotiate the peace with England in 1782 and 1783. He married in 1750, Eleanor Ball, daughter of Elias Ball. They had,

Henry Laurens, who was born in the year 1763 and died in 1821. He married Eliza Rutledge, daughter of John Rutledge, in the year 1792. They had,

Keating S i m o n s Laurens, who was born in the year 1817 and died in 1853. This gentleman married Elizabeth Peyre Ashby.

## HISTORICAL RARITIES -

SO THE YORKTOWN, VIRGINIA AREA CAME INTO PLAY DURING THE EARLY PART OF THE CIVIL WAR. The following was taken from the issue of Jan. 18, 1862 of Harper's Weekly, page 35:

"TREPIDATION ON THE YORK RIVER.—It was learned from some contrabands taken in small canoes off Back River in the Chesapeake Bay (Va.), last week that the inhabitants of Yorktown are in a state of great trepidation, fearing that the destination of General Burnside's expedition is the York River, and that a grand attack is to be made on Yorktown. It is said that General Magruder telegraphed to Richmond for permission to destroy Yorktown by fire, and that he was directed not to do so except in case of the greatest emergency."

"The abandonment of Big Bethel by the rebels is confirmed by dispatches from Fortress Monroe, although it has not been found necessary to occupy that place by a garrison of Union troops. Upon the arrival of the scouting party of our army the place was found to be wholly deserted. Breast-works extending for nearly a mile, pierced for twelve guns, were erected there by the rebels."

Another interesting article was that about General Butler, who was one of the Union generals so greatly disliked by the Southerners.

"A LANDING IN MISSISSIPPI. A rumor was published in the Richmond Dispatch of Friday last that General Butler had made advances from Ship Island in the Mississippi Sounds, to Biloxi, a small town on the coast, where they landed from five to several thousand men, and that the Union troops would soon occupy all of the towns and villages in that vicinity, and intend to push on to Jackson."

Then there was an article concerning the potential battle or battles in Kentucky:

"Information from Green County, Kentucky, represents that a battle there is imminent, as the two opposing forces of the Union and Rebel armies are in close juxtaposition—the rebels with five regiments at Cave City, and the Union troops at Munfordsville, these places being only seven miles apart."

## QUESTIONS

A1036. WALKER-AYLETT. Benjamin Walker, born abt. 1698, died Sept. 8, 1738, married Anne Aylett, daughter of Colonel William Aylett. This Anne (Aylett) Walker later married as her 2nd husband, Colonel Rice Curtis. Benjamin Walker was a lawyer in Caroline County, Va., was born about 1732 and was Attorney for the Crown. I am anxious to learn the names of the parents of Benjamin Walker. I will gladly exchange data on the Walker family in my possession.

(B). WALKER-MEADE-TEMPLE-MINOR. Margaret Walker was born 1772, daughter of George and Mary (Meade) Walker and she married a Mr. Temple. Would like given name of this Mr. Temple to whom Margaret Walker was married. The brother of Margaret (Walker) Temple was named Andrew Meade Walker and he married Lucy Minor. Would like names of the children of this family. I have data on the Walker family with wills and will exchange same.

(C). TAYLOR-KEITH-WALKER. Wish the names of the children of George Keith Taylor, son of Walker Taylor, sister of Chief Justice John Marshall on Nov. 10, 1815. (Vera Walker Morel, 801 So. Carrollton Ave., New Orleans 18, La.)

## ANSWERS

A1029. SHACKELFORD. The reference sought is probably George Shackelford and Annette Jeter by E. M. Shackelford, Pres.

Em. of State Teachers' College in Troy, Alabama.

There is also the "Shackelford Family" by Robert B. Shackelford, which says there is "little doubt," but that the immigrant Roger Shackelford came from the family around Alresford, England, "tradesmen and skilled workmen, quite well-to-do and holding a respected position."

Also from Alresford came Edward Palmer who used the headright of Roger Shackelford who supposedly married Mary Palmer.

Roger Shackelford was baptized 23 April 1629, son of John Shackelford, who was born ca. 1600, who was called "nephew, deceased" in the will of John Shackelford, who died 1647, whose will names nephew John's son Roger. Roger Shackelford had brothers and sisters: John Shackelford, born 1627; Charles Shackelford, born 1630; Christopher Shackelford, born 1632; Anne Shackelford, born 1634; Ingram Shackelford, born 1636; and Sarah Shackelford, born —.

Roger Shackelford lived in Gloucester Co., Virginia and was on the Vestry of Petsworth Parish. An old letter written by Joel Walker Shackelford tells of finding the tombstone of Roger Shackelford, "in S.E. corner of King William County not far from Shackelford Village in Gloucester" giving "birth date and place, death date and incidents of his life." When Mr. Shackelford died in 1916 no record of this was found among his papers.

Descendants are found in Essex, Middlesex, King & Queen, Hanover, Gloucester, Spotsylvania, etc., Virginia and in North Carolina.

Franis (2) Shackelford, said to have married "Sarah, sister of Zachary Lewis" lived in Essex Co., Va., and is identified as the found with his son John Shackelford in Carteret County, North Carolina. (This seems to be unproven.)

James (2) Shackelford (son of Roger) married 1687, Christ Church, Middlesex Co., Va., Elizabeth Robins (died 1748); his son James (3) Shackelford, married 1st, Elizabeth Lewis; his son Richard (3) Shackelford married Mary Lewis. Note deed 1756 in Spotsylvania Co., Va., "whereas Zachary Lewis by letter dated 1755 did give to Mary, daughter of James Shackelford and wife Elizabeth who was a sister of said Zachary —", "Zachary Lewis now deeds said Negro to Richard Shackelford and wife Mary for use of Mary daughter of James Shackelford."

John (2) Shackelford, son of Roger, died 1734 Carteret County, North Carolina. His wife was — Livingston, dau. of John Livingston. This couple had children: John (3) Shackelford born 1700 (married Ann Lyne); William; Richard Shackelford; and daughters. John Shackelford (born 1700) and Ann (Lyne) lived in King and Queen Co., Va. See references in Beverley Fleet's Abstracts, Vol. 4, 5, 7 and 8.

John Shackelford (1712-1781) (son of Francis (2) Shackelford) married Ann (perhaps a "Miss Battle or Willoughby." This couple had children: William Shackelford, born 1732; Easter (1734-1761) (married Stephen Williams); Sarah, born 1737 (m.—Lott Williams); Francis Shackelford (1739-1823) (M.—Rebecca —); James; John Shackelford, born 1745; Fanny Shackelford, born 1747; Mary A. Shackelford, born 1749; Stephen Shackelford, born 1756; George Shackelford, born 1759 (m.—Mary Shine). The Family Bible also mentions relatives: Jesse Ballrad, Easter Hilliard. John Shackelford died 1781 in Onslow Co., North Carolina. Descendants are Rev. F. S. Moseley, Bevent Corn, Alabama (from Easter) and Mrs. F. L. Abee, 5303 Branch Avenue, Tampa, Florida (from George).

I have no idea how accurate are these

references quoted from the two books aforesaid.

The only Butler connection I know is the marriage of John Shackelford and Frances Butler of King & Queen Co., Va., born ca. 1736-1740. In 1782, Land Tax records were 2 John Shackelfords and a widow Frances with 508 acres which went 1787 to John Shackelford (of Rowan Co., North Carolina).

The John Shackelford who married Frances Butler was son of Roger Shackelford who in 1735 married Carey Baker. Other children were: William Shackelford, 1738-1777 (m.—Rebecca Cook); Richard Shackelford; Roger Shackelford; Robinson Shackelford; Sarah Shackelford; and Elizabeth Shackelford.

Mrs. Luther Isbell, 107 W. Paces Ferry Road, N.W., Atlanta, 30305, Georgia, is a descendant of William Shackelford and wife Rebecca Cook.

(Thanks to the lady who so kindly offered this additional data for she has no family connection with the name of Shackelford, but did take the time to assist the inquirer. Again thanks to F.C.M., Newport News, Va.)

## PHILLIPS

PHILLIPS FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA. This continues from the issue of July 5, 1964 of this feature.

"John Phillips, of course, may have married twice. Issue:

- I. John Phillips—untraced.
- II. Joseph Phillips, married Sarah Exum. See later.
- III. Arthur Phillips. He moved to Edgecombe County, North Carolina, where he purchased land on Fishing Creek in 1751 (Halifax Co., N. C., Deed Book 4, page 131).
- IV. Hartwell Phillips, m.—1st, Jane Hancock; m.—2nd, Fereby Jones.
- V. Elizabeth Phillips—untraced.
- VI. Lucy Phillips—untraced.
- VII. Ann Phillips—untraced.
- VIII. Sarah Phillips—untraced.
- IX. Mary Phillips, m.—Allen Warren, III, of Surry Co., Va. In Vol. 2, page 3, Surry Co., Va. Deeds, Allen Warren conveyed to his step-father John Little, his lands in 'Philips Pocoson.' Allen Warren, III, was the son of Allen Warren, Jr., and his wife Anne Hart."

(Reference: "Southside Virginia Families," Vol. II, by John B. Boddie, page 351, publ. 1956). To be continued in next issue.

## BARHAM FAMILY

BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY CO., VA. This continues as the 51st article, so we begin with Entry No. 51:

ENTRY No. 51.—1782, Jan. 22. Elizabeth Barham, orphan of Thomas Barham, "her proportion in Mr. Salter's Division 78:10" (Surry Co., Va., Orphan's Account Book, 1766-1782, page 416)

The will of William Salter, names:  
Son, William, 250 acres and negroes  
Greenwick & Betty

Dau., Sarah—20 lbs.  
Dau., Mary and her husband, Joseph Holt—given negro Rose.

Son, John Salter, given negroes Alex and Dinah

Anselm Jones—given clothes  
Will dated 17 Feb. 1777, probated 23 March 1779 (Surry Co., Va., Will Book 1778-1783, page 61). Legacies paid: William Salter; John Salter; Anselm Jones; and Joseph Holt.

1782, Aug. 27. Balance due orphan, 800 lbs. tobacco & Lbs. 26:5:8; signed Joseph Holt, Guardian (Orphan's Accounts, page 422, Surry Co., Va.)

1783, Sept. 2, Bal. due orphan lb. 70:0:0; signed E. E. Pettway, Guardian (Orphan's Accounts, page 448) (Surry Co., Va.)

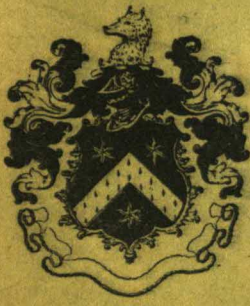
This Barham data to be continued in next issue.



# Climbing The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON

## BREWSTER



BREWSTER.

This Brewster coat-of-arms has been used by the New England family this is the family, which descends from Elder William Brewster, the 4th Signer of the Mayflower Compact on the ship "Mayflower" in the bay off Plymouth and Providence in Massachusetts in 1620.

William Brewster was born in 1566 and died in 1644. He was a very religious man and was named Elder William Brewster for his church affiliations; he was the Ruling Elder for 1620 to 1644, the time of his death. He was also active in the community life of his area and was elected to the Deputyship for the General Court in 1636. He was also the Chaplain of the Militia. His wife was named Mary —, who died in 1627. They had,

Love Brewster, who died at Plymouth in 1650. He was married in 1634 to Sarah Collier. They had, issue,

Wrestling Brewster, who died in the year 1696-7, who was of Duxbury, Mass. His wife Mary —, died in 1742. They had,

Jonathan Brewster, who died in 1753, who was of the Colony of Connecticut and resided in Lebanon. He married in the year 1709 Mary Partridge, born in 1693, the daughter of John Partridge. This couple had,

Peleg Brewster, born 1717 and died in the year 1802, who resided in Canterbury, Conn. He married Sarah Smith, who was born in 1719 and died in 1802, being the daughter of Nehemiah Smith. This couple had,

Jedediah Brewster, who was born in 1754 and died in 1827, who removed to the "West" at that time and now the State of Ohio. He fought during the American Revolution. He married Prudence Robinson, who was born in 1753 and died in 1799.

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

DURING THE CIVIL WAR NEW YEAR'S DAY WAS A GOOD TIME TO ATTACK. THEN ANOTHER ACCOUNT SPEAKS OF THE CHARLESTON BLOCKADE. The following items were taken from Harper's Weekly of Jan. 18, 1862:

"THE FIRE REOPENED AT FORT PICKENS"

"It is reported by dispatches to the Southern papers from Pensacola, that Colonel Harvey Brown opened fire from Fort Pickens on New Year's Day on a rebel steamer while going to the Navy Yard, and that the fire was responded to, and continued all the day, from the batteries of General Bragg. No damage, however, is said to have been done. General Bragg renewed the fire on the 2nd, but the guns from Fort Pickens did not respond, and the fire from Bragg's batteries was consequently suspended."

"THE CHARLESTON BLOCKADE RUN AGAIN"

"It is stated on the authority of the Richmond papers of Friday, and by the assurance of gentlemen who arrived at Baltimore from that city, that the rebel steamer 'Ella Warley' (formerly the 'Isabel'), which arrived at Nassau, New Providence, as recently reported, ran the blockade of Charleston at daylight on Thursday, the 2nd inst., and entered that port with a cargo of small arms, cannon, ammunition, and other stores, principally drugs. How she succeeded in running the blockade remains to be shown. It is also said that the rebel vessel had on board a Mr. Brisbie, bearer of dispatches from Mr. Yancey to the rebel government."

## QUESTIONS

A1037. WILLIS-HAYNE-WOOD. Maud Potter is compiling a book on the Willis family of Virginia and North Carolina, which will consist of data showing the connections and relatives of the Willis family.

Miss Maud Potter advised that the lines are worked out except for two of her female ancestors; my great-grandmother, Mary (Goodwin) Willis, wife of Lewis Willis of Halifax County, North Carolina; and a great-great-grandmother, Charity (Hayne) Wood of South Carolina. The Reuben Wood family lived in Randolph County, North Carolina.

Mary Goodwin married Lewis Willis after 1800. They lived in Halifax Co., N. C., where she died ca. 1825.

I have so well covered the research of Goodwins that I feel sure our Mary is not to be found in any published work unless in some obscure county records.

This is my reason for trying to locate descendants of Lewis and Mary (Goodwin) Willis in the hope that Bible and other family records may have been handed down in some branch of the family.

I would gladly pay for the information leading to the parentage of Mary (Goodwin) Willis and/or Charity (Hayne of S.C.), wife of Reuben Wood of Randolph County, N. C., perhaps married 1775-1778.

If anyone can assist Maud Potter of 2026 W. California St., San Diego 10, California, it will be appreciated.—EDITOR.

## ANSWERS

A1030. CLEMENT-CLEMENTS-WALKER-TABB. Isaac Clement, son of Benjamin and Susannah (Hill) Clement was born in Amelia County, Virginia in 1727 and died in Pendleton District, South Carolina, December 7, 1816. Isaac Clement married Ann Denham, born in Wales, according to family tradition. She died in 1804.

Isaac Clement lived at "Cherry Grove," his plantation home in Pittsylvania County, Virginia and in his old age went to Pendleton District, South Carolina with his two sons, Isaac and Hugh; his will

is recorded in Anderson, South Carolina in which he mentions his sons Hugh, Stephen, Isaac, Benjamin, Adam, Daniel and daughters.

It is possible that this Edward Clement was the son of Isaac or Hugh Clement, if so, he's a direct descendant of Elizabeth Clement, who landed at Jamestown in June 10, 1611.

I will be glad to furnish Mr. T. E. Clement of Miami, Florida any other information I may have and a chart of the Clement family tree. Signed—C. C. Clement, 58 Shenandoah Road, Hampton 23361, Virginia. (Thanks to Mr. Clement for this data and the gracious offer.—Editor).

## PHILLIPS

PHILLIPS FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA AND NORTH CAROLINA. This continues as the 4th article on the Phillips family, and from the last issue of July 19, 1964:

"Issue of Mary Philips and Allen Warren, III (See also "Virginia Historical Genealogies," page 251); they are:

1. William Warren, died 1804
2. Authur Warren
3. John Warren
4. Jesse Warren (this was Lt. Jesse Warren, who married Martha Thompson; he died abt. 1794 and she remarried as her 2nd husband Benjamin Bell-Editor)
5. Martha Warren, married Mr. White
6. Mary Warren, married Mr. Murphy (this should be spelled 'Murfree'.—Editor) (In the will of Martha (Thompson) (Warren) Bell and the settlement of the estate of Lt. Jesse Warren, the name is Murfree.—Editor).

Joseph Phillips, son of John (2) Philips. Joseph Philips married Sarah Exum, Southampton (County, Va.) Marriage Bonds, dated Jan. 19, 1759. She was the daughter of John Exum of Isle of Wight Co. (Va.) He moved to Edgecombe County, North Carolina before his death. The will of John Exum was probated in Edgecombe in 1775 and mentions daughter Sarah Philips. It is erroneously stated in "17th Century Isle of Wight County (Va.)," page 455, that this daughter Sarah married Etheldred Philips. Joseph Philips appears to have moved to North Carolina in 1750. On 11-20-1750 he purchased 162 acres on the south side of Swift Creek from Thomas Exum, Edgecombe, Deed Book 4, page 204. From 1760-1763 purchased a tract from Jesse Nichols. (Book C, page 5). The will of Joseph Philips, dated 11/6/1779 and probated 1783, Edgecombe (Co., N.C.), Will Book 'B', page 147, mentions sons Etheldred, Exum, Mathew, Benjamin, and Joseph, daughters Sarah and Martha and his lands and mill on Swift Creek and his lands on Tar River."

"Joseph Philips and Sarah Exum had issue:

1. Joseph Philips, born 10/31/1763, died 5/22/1822; married 1785 Milberry Horn (1764-1851) of Edgecombe C. Descendants given in The Battle Book, p.341. They removed to Tennessee and settled a plantation called 'Sugar Tree Grove' 6 miles from Nashville.
11. Benjamin Philips—settled near Nashville, Tenn.—untraced
111. Mathew Philips—untraced
- IV. Sarah Philips—untraced
- VI. Exum Philips, died November 1802. His will probated Edgecombe (Co., N.C.), Will Book 'D', p.152, mentions daughter Polly, sons Mathew, James, Joseph, and Thomas Philips and directed that his brothers Joseph and Benjamin Philips, then in Tennessee, settle his sons Mathew and James in that state. Joseph Philips, son of Exum Philips, married Anne Taylor and left a will in Edgecombe in 1822 leaving an only child Mary Phillips.

The above Phillips was requested by many and is taken from "Southside Vir-

ginia Families," Vol. II, by John B. Boddie, pages 351-352. This will be continued in the next issue.

## BARHAM

BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA. This continues as the 52nd article on this family. We therefore shall begin with Entry No. 52:

ENTRY No. 52.—1782, May 9—Zadoc Bell petitions the Court for leave to erect a water grist mill on North Branch of Racoom Swamp (Reference: Southampton Co., Va., Order Book 1778-1787, page 195). Arthur Gilliam voted 25 shillings for acre opposite Zadoc Bell for use in erecting his grist mill. (Same Reference, page 200) Jury composed of Will Hines, James Barham, Howell Harris, Solomon Deloach, James Battle, Richardson Johnson, Benjamin Lewis, Benjamin Butts, Miles Cary, John Harper, Richard Marks, Joseph Marks, Randolph Newsum, set the value of this acre. (NOTE: James Barham, born 1764, died 1865, was substitute for Zadoc Bell during the Revolutionary War; Zadoc was a witness to deed from James Rutherford to William Barham in Wake County, North Carolina in the year 1784).

1782, May 28. The Will of John Cocks; names,

Wife, Mary

Sons, Benjamin, John James

Daughter, Ann Holloway

Executors, Wife, Mary and Friend Thomas Lane

Witnesses, Ethelred Lane, Thomas Lane, Joseph Barham

This will dated 13 Sept. 1773; probated 28 May 1782

The will was proved by Thomas Lane and Joseph Barham

Thomas Lane refused the executorship (page 258 of the Surry Co., Virginia Will Book 1778-1783, page 258)

1782, May 28. Ordered Joseph Barham and Negro James to be added to the Tithe List (Surry Co., Va., Order Book 1774-1785, page 145)

1782, June 13. Frank, Frank & Sue belonging as negroes to Charles Barham and negro Judah belonging to James Barham; exempt from payment of taxes (Reference: Southampton Co., Va., Order Book 1774-1785, page 202).

1782, July 23. Will of Samuel Judkins, names:

Son, William Judkins, given land bought of Richard Rowell, adjoining Price's Mill

Son, Samuel Judkins, given land adjoining George Pyland, Edward Hart and William Adams

Son, Joseph Judkins, given land bought of Robert Pettway at Round Island Swamp

Son, John Judkins, given land bought of Thomas Binns consisting of 100 and 25 acres bought of Benjamin Holt adjoining Robert MacIntosh, Old Mill Swamp, John Paradise and Mich. Faulcon; also given 100 acres bought of John Judkins adjoining Jesse Barham, Thomas Lane and Michael Faulcon.

If son, John, dies, the land bought of Thomas Binns to go to son Samuel Judkins

Daughter, Rebekah Judkins

Granddaughter, Martha Wilkin Judkins

Wife, Martha

Witnesses, Lucy Price, William Adams, and James Adams

Will dated 1 Febr. 1782; probated 23 July 1782 (Reference: Surry Co., Va., Will Book 1778-1783, page 276)

(NOTE: Please notice the name of Jesse Barham mentioned in this will for we shall have more about him later in one of the direct line on which he will appear and this is the link that does prove the connection.)

This Barham data will be continued in the next issue.



# Climbing The Family Tree

Genealogy Questions  
And Answers

By HUGH S. WATSON Jr.



## HISTORICAL RARITIES

The Civil War Activities, one at Port Royal Ferry 102 years ago. The following was taken from Harper's Weekly of January 18, 1862, page 34.

"PORT ROYAL FERRY.—We publish in the preceding page a view of Port Royal Ferry (Va.), where the fight took place between our troops, under General Stevens, and the rebels. The following account from the Herald explains the affair:

"We have received news of a victory over the rebels on the 1st inst., in a brisk fight near Port Royal Ferry, about twenty-five miles from Hilton Head. The expedition which achieved this victory was a combined military and naval one, and was under the joint command of Brigadier General I. I. Stevens and Captain Rogers of the flag-ship 'Wabash'. The troops engaged consisted of the Eighth Michigan regiment, Pennsylvania Round Heads, Fiftieth Pennsylvania, Seventy-ninth New York Militia, Forty-seventh and Forty-eighth New York Volunteers. The naval vessels consisted of the gun-boats 'Ellen', 'Seneco', 'Pembina', and 'Ot-tawa'."

"General Steven's brigade advanced on Port Royal on the 1st instant, and took possession of the rebel batteries after short resistance of the rebels. The brigade was assisted by the gun-boats, which shelled the batteries. General Stevens then followed up the blow until he arrived within six miles of the Charleston Railroad."

"A flag of truce was sent by the rebels, who desired permission to collect and bury their dead, which was granted. One hour was allowed for the purpose, after which the rebels fell back upon the fortifications near the railroad, which was very extensive, leaving behind them one large gun, which they had spiked. The rebel force engaged was estimated at eight thousand men, under Generals Gregg and Pope. The Federal force engaged was four thousand five hundred men. Our loss was nine wounded—one mortally, Major Watson, of the Eighth Michigan Regiment, who has since died. The rebel loss is not positively known, but it is said to be pretty large."

"We learn by telegraph, through rebel sources, that on the following day our troops advanced, drove back the rebels, and took possession of a station on the railroad."

## QUESTIONS

A1038. CARY-WILLS. Would like to ask whether you have any other information or columns about Elizabeth and Emanuel Wills. I have documents so far with proof of the names of the sons of Miles Wills (son of Elizabeth Cary and Emanuel Wills) and Hannah Scarsbrook who were married about 1690. I realize the Warwick (Co., Va.) records were burned by the Yankees and I have all records about the Wills family from the Isle of Wight Co., Va. Court House.

I have recently advertised in the periodical in Utah.

However, if you can direct me to anyone who might have personal information of any editions of your paper refer to this lineage, I would indeed like to purchase them. (Dorothy Cromwell Leber, Mrs. Henry Hoke Leber, 5007 Greenleaf Road, Baltimore 10, Maryland).

A1039. WARREN-TABB-BENNETT. I guess I am search for "Warren" family Bible records to locate the parents of my gr-gr-grandmother, Martha (Patsy) Warren Bennett. She is shown as born in New

England in the 1850 Census and in the 1860 Census, shown as born in Maryland; it appears this way. Both records from the Chickabaw County of Mississippi, where she died after 1868. This Martha Warren married August 1799, John Tabb Bennett who was born 1771, Amelia County, Virginia, son of Dr. Walter Bennett and Jane Wyatt.

My reason for saying 'I guess' is that for years now, I have worked on my Warren line and have not been able to move on one generation. I have not worked alone either. Several other descendants have worked as hard as I have. Here we go into 1964. We believe our only hope now is to find our Martha Warren listed in an old family Bible. Do you know of any person with a copy of Bible records for sale? Warren family research on this line may be helpful.

We know little about our Warren ancestors and all can be told in this letter. Family tradition is that she was niece of General — (Perhaps General Warren of the Revolution.—Editor). Could be the surname of Warren or from her mother's family. In 1790 Dr. Walter Bennett lived in Halifax County, Virginia; then removed to Randolph County, North Carolina; 1808 in Christian County, Kentucky; and it appears John Tabb and Martha (Warren) Bennett were living close by; 1807 to 1814 we think they lived in Williamson County, Tenn. and after the death of his father, Dr. Walter Bennett they lived in Christian County, Ky. Dr. Walter Bennett died in 1812 and his estate was settled in 1814 then Giles Co., Tenn. This couple was in Mississippi in the 1820's.

The children of John Tabb Bennett and wife Martha (Warren) were: Alice Coles Bennett, born 1800; Edward Warren Bennett, born 1802; Walter M. Bennett, b. 1805; (all three children mentioned born perhaps in North Carolina); Henley S. (perhaps Stone) Bennett, b. 1807; John Milton Bennett, b. 1809; John Briscoe Bennett, b. 1811; Sally Allen Bennett, b. 1813; Richard E. Bennett, b. 1815; (all of these last five children were born in Tenn.); do not know where the eighth child was born. From the given names it is possible that the names of the parents of Martha (Warren) Bennett may have been John and Sally or Edward and Sally Warren and that Sally could have been a Miss Briscoe or a Miss Allen, or Miss Milton or a Miss Stone. From an old note, there was a Barton line, one would think she may have named her grandchild for this line as one was named Barton.

The inquirer would like to exchange data on her Warren lines or pay for information. My Martha must be listed in a family group somewhere. (Mrs. Gayden Bennett Petett, Box 213, Greenwood, Miss.).

## PHILLIPS

PHILLIPS FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA. This continues from the previous issue of this feature of 26 July 1964. We had given some of the children of Joseph Phillips and Sarah Exum and we continue: IV. Etheldred Phillips, son of Joseph. The will of Etheldred Phillips, dated 12-15-1791, and probated May 1795, bequeathed his water grist mill on Swift Creek to his sons Exum and Eaton Phillips and mentioned "Other sons and daughters" but not by name. He married Jane Lewis, the daughter of Col. Exum Lewis of Edgecombe County (North Carolina) and his wife Elizabeth Figures. They had issue three children who reached maturity: (1) Charlotte Phillips (m.-1st, Mr. Gray, (m.-2nd) John L. Jackson, m.-3rd, John D. Ward; she left no

living issue); (2) Figures Phillips, married and left descendants who are untraced; (3) Exum Phillips. He married Sally Nicholson, sister of Timothy M. Nicholson whose will, probated Nash County (North Carolina), May 1808, mentions sister Sally Phillips and brother-in-law Exum Phillips. However, Sally is not mentioned in the will of John Nicholson, father of Timothy. Exum Phillips and Sally Nicholson had issue four children:

John Phillips, died Savannah, Ga., 1854; Timothy Miles Phillips, died unmarried, Griffin, Ga.; Penelope Phillips, married Robert H. Halstead of Ga.; and Dr. Etheldred Phillips, born Nash Co. (N.C.), 1801, died Marianna, Florida, June 29, 1870, attended Univ. of N.C. and practiced medicine in Florida where he married Susan Gautier and had issue three sons. His interesting correspondence with his cousin Dr. James J. Phillips of Edgecombe is preserved in the Southern Historical Collection at Chapel Hill, N.C.

## BARHAM FAMILY

BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA. This continues as the 53rd article on the Barham family. So we shall begin with Entry No. 53:

Entry No. 53.—1782, Sept. 24. Nathaniel Adams, Orphan of Thomas, deceased, Frances Phillips, orphan, orphan of Benjamin Phillips, deceased and Benjamin Barham who married Frances, daughter of said Benjamin Phillips, all now 21, acknowledge that they have received full satisfaction of Guardian, John Pettway (Reference: Surry Co., Va., Order Book 1774-1785, page —).

1782, Oct. 20. Elizabeth Barham, orphan of Thomas Barham, chose John Pettway as Guardian (Ref: Surry Co., Va., Order Book 1774-1785, page 171) (NOTE: This would show that John Pettway was either a very good man or was kin of the children.—Editor).

1782, Oct. 23. Commonwealth of Virginia against John Barham for not listing his taxable property (Surry Co., Va., Order Book 1774-1785, page 176).

1783, date —, Benjamin Barham sworn as Constable (Southampton Co., Va., Order Book —, p. —) (NOTE: As we might note there appears to have been two Benjamin Barham men at the same time; one in Surry Co. and the other in Southampton Co., Va.—Editor).

1783, Feb. 13. Indenture (Deed) from Benjamin Barham to Alexander Murry for consideration of 5 lbs. for 10 acres of land on head of Barbycue Swamp adjoining Alexander Murray, Arthur Waller; witnesses, Arthur Doles, Elias Herring, Shadrack Lewis (Southampton Co., Va. Deed Book, No. 6, page 114).

1783, April 7. Indenture from Joel Newsum to Carter Crafford; 98 acres of land N.E. of Chippoakes Road, Estates of William Ruffin, land of Elizabeth Barham, Sunken Marsh Road. This was part of a larger tract of land that descended to Joel Newsum by the death of his father, William Newsum, lately deceased; there were not witnesses (Reference: Surry Co., Va., Deed Book 1783-1792, page 37). (NOTE: This was the same land deeded to Joseph Barham by Elizabeth Barham, Orphan of Thomas Barham in 1793—Editor).

1783, Sept. 23. Estate of Benjamin Phillips with Frances Phillips, administratrix; on Oct. 26, 1779 will recorded; paid to John Barham—ticket 25 lbs. nett 12-6; estate returned 23 Sept. 1783 (Surry Co., Va. Will Book, page 11).

This Barham data to be continued in the next issue of this feature.

## Slaughter



ARMS: Argent, a saltire azure.

CREST: Out of a ducal coronet or, an eagle's head between wings adorsed azure, beaked or.

MOTTO: "Invictae fidelitatis praeium."

This arms has been used by the Virginia family of Slaughter and they descend from John Slaughter, who settled in the Virginia Colony prior to the year 1620. This gentleman had land patented to him on Knight's Creek in the County of Essex in 1635 in Va.; he had son,

Francis Slaughter, who was born in 1630 and died about the year 1657. This slaughter was of the militia of his county of Rappahannock and was named captain. He was also a Gentleman Justice of his county, as well as, being a plantation owner. He married about the year 1652 Elizabeth Underwood, who died in the year 1673 being the daughter of Colonel William Underwood and his wife named Margaret. This couple had,

Francis Slaughter, who was born in the year 1653 and died in 1718. He was a most prosperous plantation owner and resided in Richmond Co., Va. He married in 1679, Margaret Hudson; they had,

Robert Slaughter, who was born in 1680 and died in the year 1726, also a prosperous gentleman of Essex Co., Va. He owned land in several counties; large tracts in Spotsylvania Co. and Essex Co. He married in the year 1700, Frances Ann Jones, a daughter of Lt. Colonel Cadwallader Jones of Stafford Co., Va.; this couple had,

Francis Slaughter, who was born in the year 1701 and died in 1766, being a large plantation owner in the two counties of Culpeper and Orange. He was very prominent. He married Anne Lightfoot in the year 1729.



# Climbing The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON



## SPENCER

**ARMS:** Quarterly, argent, and gules, in two and three a fret or, over all on a bend sable three escallops; of the first.

**CREST:** Out of a ducal coronet or, a griffin's head argent, gorged with a bar gemella gules, between two wings expanded of the second.

This is the arms that has been used by the New England family of which they descend from Gerard or Jared Spencer, who was born in the year 1614 and died in 1685. He was an early settler in the Massachusetts Colony and was at Newton, Mass. in 1633. He later removed to Hartford, Conn. about the year 1637. He served in the militia and was in the Pequot War against the Indians. He was also a leader and was elected to the General Court. He served in the militia of Lynn, Mass. and Haddam. His wife's name is not known to this editor, however, she may have had the given name of Hannah. They had,

Samuel Spencer, who died in the year 1705. He married Hannah Willey Blachford; they had,

Isaac Spencer, who was born in 1678 and died in the year 1751. He was also active in the affairs of the colony and was elected as Deputy to the General Court from East Haddam from 1734-1741. He was also a justice. In the year 1707 he married Mary Selden. They had,

Samuel Spencer, who was born in 1708 and died in 1758. He married in the year 1732, Jerusha Brainard. They had,

Judge Samuel Spencer, who was born in the year 1738 and died in 1794, being a graduate of Princeton in the year 1759. This gentleman removed to from his native colony in the North to North Carolina and was at Wadesboro, N. C. He became and was elected to the Assembly of N. C. from Anson Co., N. C. He m.- Sybil Pegues.

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

AND THE BRITISH DID STOP AMERICAN SHIPPING DURING THE PERIOD OF THE CIVIL WAR. The following was taken from Harper's Weekly of January 18, 1862, page 34. The article covers the Northern idea as to the stopping of ships and contrabands:

"Do The Doctors Disagree.—If we were entirely in the right in the 'Trent' affair as Mr. Everett and other eminent Doctors assured us, why do we consent to give up the two traitors, except because we can't help ourselves? Are Mr. Everett and the other Doctors all wrong? This is a question which a great many people are quietly asking."

"Let us frankly grant, then, to begin with, that very few of us know anything whatever about the legal right or wrong of the question. International and maritime law are definitely settled only upon certain points; and no man, without especial attention to them, can say what those points are."

"Now every thing that Mr. Everett asserts as good and recognized law in this case is confirmed by Mr. Seward. They quote the same authorities often the same words. Mr. Everett's most elaborate consideration of the case is contained in his paper of the 7th December, published in the 'Ledger'. He there recounts the circumstances, and then considers all the points of law that establish the right of a belligerent state ship, like the 'San Jacinto', to stop a neutral contract merchant vessel carrying passengers and mails, like the 'Trent'; and, in the words of Sir William Scott, 'to stop the ambassador of your enemy upon his passage'."

"Mr. Everett establishes the point beyond question. He introduces, indeed, some arguments which Mr. Seward, as Secretary of State, can not admit. Mr. Everett for instance, lays great stress upon the Queen's proclamation of neutrality, forbidding subjects to carry dispatches, officer, etc. at their peril. Obviously the Secretary of State can not allow that mere rebels are belligerents. The English proclamation, in his view, is the declaration of an unfriendly purpose toward the Government; but this Government prefers to disregard the purpose and await the overt act of unfriendliness which is implied by the proclamation.

When Great Britain follows the proclamation to its logical result, and recognizes the rebels as an independent Power, it will be time for this Government to act also. If Mr. Seward argued upon the ground of the proclamation, he would argue against the carrying of his own dispatches to our foreign ministers by English ships. Mr. Everett may use the argument for his purpose, and he uses it ably, but the Secretary of State can not."

"Nevertheless, by perfectly conclusive reasoning they reach the same result—namely, that Captain Wilkes had a right to stop the ship and the ambassadors. There, however, Mr. Everett's argument ends and Mr. Seward's begins. He agrees entirely with Mr. Everett, ends and Mr. Seward's begins. He agrees entirely with Mr. Everett, that the rebels were contraband; that Captain Wilkes might lawfully stop the ship, that he did it properly; that having found the contraband he had a right to capture them; but that he did not exercise the right in conformity to the law of nations."

"Therefore we were right, but not entirely right, and in such cases an incomplete right is not enough. The eminent Doctors justly establish the right of stopping the ship and the ambassadors; but they none of them establish, because none of them but the Secretary discusses, the right of deciding the question as Captain Wilkes decided. Therefore, also, we do not give up the traitors because we should have war if we did not, but because every

part of the law is equally vital, and the act was not altogether lawful."

## QUESTIONS

A1040. BLANKS-FREEMAN. Joseph Blanks, died 1752, Lunenburg Co., Va.; married Amy Freeman, dau of Henry Freeman, Surry Co., Va. Her brother, Arthur Freeman took inventory of her husband's estate.

Joseph and Amy (Freeman) Blanks were married and living in Surry Co., Va. prior to 1740; had daughter Martha Blanks christened 15 April 1740 in Surry Co., Va.

Joseph and Amy (Freeman) Blanks had the following children: Martha, Joseph, John and Nathan, also Mary is evidence as a daughter, but final proof is lacking.

This couple removed to Brunswick Co., Va. and settled, possibly in that part, which in 1746 became Lunenburg Co.; Va., or they moved to Lunenburg Co., as Joseph Blanks sold 100 acres of land in that county to William Saffold, 2 July 1750, at which time Amy relinquished her right of Dower. Joseph Blanks died in 1752, leaving his wife Amy and several small children. Inventory of his estate was taken by his brother-in-law, Arthur Freeman, 7 April 1752.

Amy (Freeman) Blanks then married Henry VanDyke. In court suit wherein she was defendant, had "intermarried since last continuance." (Reference: Lunenburg Co., Va., Order Book 5, page 84, May 1758). They had at least one son, Freeman VanDyke (Joseph Blanks listed with Henry VanDyke in Lunenburg Tithes, 10 June 1764; Freeman VanDyke is listed with him in 1783. Henry Freeman, father of Amy (Freeman) (Blanks) VanDyke, made his will in Surry Co., Va., dated 17 Dec. 1753, the will was probated 4 April 1755, naming his daughter Amy Blanks and her sons John and Nathan. He gives Nathan Blanks land in Lunenburg Co., Va. and to grandson John Blanks he gave a negro "Sall" at the death of Amy (this will was proved in Sussex Co., Va., 4 April 1755).

It is not known when Amy (Freeman) (Blanks) Van Dyke died. She was still in Lunenburg Co., Va., 7 April 1786. On 26 Nov. 1785, "Edward Brodnax and Thomas Garland, gents. to secure dower release of Amy VanDyke, whereas Amy VanDyke cannot conveniently travel to our court—"; this was accomplished however 7 April 1786; recorded and proved 8 June 1786.

There is a David VanDyke found in Lunenburg Co., Va., who sold a "Negro Branch" to James Hazelwood on 4 May 1789. This transaction was witnessed by Martha Gill (thought to be daughter of Amy and Joseph Blanks, and wife of Henry Gill). In June of that year, he purchased land from Richard Jones and Abraham and James Davis. This David VanDyke could have been a son of Amy and Henry VanDyke.

The Martha Blanks, dau. of Joseph and Amy (Freeman) Blanks, christened 15 April 1740, Surry Co., Va., married Henry Gill of Lunenburg Co., Va. Their son, William Gill, married (whom?) and had two known daughters; Betty Ingram Gill and Amy Gill, who married Thrower Freeman.

Wish any additional data on the above families. (William Blanks, 2514—34th Ave., Meridian, Miss. 39301). The remainder of this question will be printed in the next issue of this feature.)

## PHILLIPS FAMILY

PHILLIPS FAMILY OF SURRY CO., VIRGINIA. This continues from the last issue of this feature of Aug. 6, 1964.

3. Hartwell Philips, youngest son of John Philips (2) of Surry (Co., Va.) As Hartwell Philips of Surry Co., Va., he married (1st) Jane Hancock, dau. of John Hancock, Sussex Co., Va. Marriage Bond, dated 2-24-1762 (from "Colonial Surry," page 230 by John B. Boddie). He married (2nd)

in North Carolina, Pheraby Jones. The will of James Jones of Halifax Co., N. C., probated Nov. 1778, Will Book "W", page 86, mentions wife Sarah, sons John, Frederick and Albrittain and daughters Feraby Philips and Ann Hancock. Soon after his first marriage Hartwell Philips moved to Edgecombe Co., N. C. On 10-11-1763 he purchased land on the north side of Swift Creek and Tar River (Edgecombe Co., N. C., Deed Book "C", page 82). On 5-19-1764 Hartwell Philips and Jane his wife of Edgecombe County, N. C., sold 230 acres of land in Surry (Co., Va.) to Anthony Diggs (Surry Co., Va., Deed Book, 1760-1769, page 212). On 3-20-1764 Hartwell Philips sold to John Warren 265 acres originally granted to Robert Savidge in 1832 and transferred to John Philips 2-16-1719, the father of said Hartwell and devised to Hartwell by will. Hartwell Philips acquired large holdings of land in Edgecombe and died in Oct. 1801. His will was probated in Nov. 1801, Edgecombe (Co., N.C.), Will Book "D", page 133. The executors were sons Frederick and two kinsmen Exum Philips and Exum Philips, Jr."

(Reference for the above Phillips data: "Southside Virginia Families", Vol. II, page 353. This Phillips data to be continued in the next issue.—Editor).

## BARHAM FAMILY

BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY CO., VA. This article continues as the 54th article. We therefore continue with Entry No. 54:

ENTRY No. 54.—1783, June. Estate of Alexander Boake, with William Hay, administrator; Aug. 23, 1773, By Cash received of Joseph Barham in full 3-13-9¼; Oct. 23, 1773 By Cash received of John Barham in part of Bond 2-4-9½; the accounting returned June 1783, page 6 of Surry Co., Va.

1783, Dec. 12. Ordered James Barham, Surveyor of Highway with the hands of his District with Benjamin Butts and the hands under him to open a road from the old one to the South and of Cary's Bridge (Southampton Co., Va., Order 1774-1785, page 255). (This was the Southampton Co., Va. family.—Editor).

1783, Dec. Upon petition of Joel Barham vs. Isham Newsum for 2 lbs., 13 shillings (Southampton Co., Va., Order Book 1774-1785, page 255) (This again is the Southampton Co., Va. family).

1783, Dec. 24. William Barham and wife Sarah, of Sussex Co., Va. sell to Barham Newsum of Southampton Co., Va. for 247 lbs., 399 acres of Hornet Swamp, adjoining William Myrick, James Cornet, George Hoguewood, Rattlesnake Branch (part in Sussex Co., part in Southampton Co., Va.); witnesses: William Myrick, Joel Newsum, John Barham, Howel Harris (Sussex Co., Va., Deed Book, 1779-1786, page 265, Book "F"); Proved by Joel Newsum and Howel Harris.

1784 Census of Surry Co., Virginia. This shows the head of household with number therein: Faith Barham—5; Joseph Barham—7; Benjamin Barham—3. (We shall later see that this Faith Barham was the one from whom so many of the Surry Co., Va. family did descend for apparently her husband had died by this date.—Editor).

1784, Jan. 23. Indenture (deed) from Benjamin Bryant, Nash Co., North Carolina to William Barham, of Wake Co., N. Carolina; 150 lbs., for 100 acres on North side of Little River, Julius Branch, to Martha Strickland's, James Rutherford, Sr.; witnesses: William Anderson Fowler, Drewry Dunn (Reference: Wake Co., North Carolina Deed Book "F", page 43) (This will show that one William Barham had moved to Wake Co., N.C. from Virginia.—Editor).



# Climbing The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON



## SHERBURNE

**ARMS:** Argent, a lion rampant vert, charged on the shoulder with a cross potent or.

**CREST:** A unicorn's head argent, cringed and armed or. This Sherburne arms has been used by the New Hampshire family in New England. They descend from John Sherburne, who was born in the year 1615 and died in 1693. He came from England in the year 1632 and settled in Portsmouth, N. H., where he became active in the affairs of his community being named assessor, then selected as member of the Selectmen of his township. He was named Commissioner as well as serving his colony in the militia. He was of the rank of sergeant. In the year 1645 he married Elizabeth Tucke, daughter of Robert Tucke. This couple had,

Captain John Sherburne, who was born in the year 1650 and died 80 years later in the year 1730. He, too, resided in Portsmouth, New Hampshire, where he also took an active part in the community life of his town. He was elected as Selectman of the town. He served in the Militia and attained the rank of Lieut. in the year 1715 and at later date was raised to rank of captain. He possessed land holding in parts of New Hampshire. This Captain John Sherburne married in the year 1671, Mary Jackson, daughter of Thomas and Hannah (Johnson) Jackson. This couple had,

Deacon James Sherburne, who was born 1688 and died in 1760 also being of Portsmouth, N.H. where he was the surveyor for the town for a great number of years. He, too, was a great land owner and was active in the religious affairs of the people. He married Margaret Rowe or Roe in the year 1709. This couple had,

Thomas Sherburne, who was born in 1724 and died about the year 1792 being active in the affairs of other communities of his colony. He married Sarah Johnson in the year 1749.

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

Again we have the proof that during early days of our country people moved about more than we would think. The following was taken from a list of Revolutionary War Soldiers who enlisted at Chesterfield County, Virginia after September 1, 1780. The list was published in "Virginia Genealogical Society Quarterly Bulletin" of July, 1964, Vol. II, No. 3, page 50. This will show that volunteers traveled from their distant homes of that date to Chesterfield, Virginia near Richmond in order to render service to their country. The name will be given, then the enlistee's age, place of birth and his now residence at time of listing; they are:

Benjamin Blake, age 20, Southampton Co. place of birth, Southampton Co. place of residence; John Baker, age 26, Fairfax Co., Alexandria; Daniel Bradley, age 19, Cumberland, of Cumberland; Moody Burte, age 22, York Co., Mecklenburg Co.; John Butler, age 18, Prince George Co., Prince George Co.; Thomas Baker, age 16, Hanover, Hanover; Charles Baker, age 16, Hanover, Hanover Co.; Robert Brown, age 18, Cumberland Co., Cumberland Co.; Lewis Butler, age 17, place of birth France, residence Princess Anne Co.; Caleb Beten, age 20, Princess Anne Co., Princess Anne Co.; William Bates, age 17, Bedford Co., Prince Edward Co.; Thomas Burton, age 27, Amelia Co., Amelia Co.; David Barber, age 18, Halifax Co., Halifax Co.; William Baley, age 40, place of birth Ireland, residence Surry Co.; Zach Bowles, age 23, Louisa Co., Hanover Co.; Jeremiah Bradshaw, age 27, Dinwiddie Co., Amelia Co.; John Bradey, age 28, place of birth Scotland, residence Westmoreland Co.; John Brinstone, age 18, Princess Anne Co., Princess Anne Co.; Gofrey Bartlett, age 15, York Co., York Co.; Turbefeild Bowles, age 20, Gloucester Co., King & Queen Co.; Jeremiah Brand, age 18, Westmoreland Co., Westmoreland Co.; John Buckhannon, age 36, place of birth Scotland, residence Caroline Co.; Daniel Barksdale, age 17, Caroline Co., Caroline Co.; Barrack Bryan, age 23, Maryland, Prince William Co.; Thomas Brown, age 47, place of birth England, residence Prince William Co.; Daniel Butcher, age 21, place of birth England, residence Prince William Co.; John Britt, age 16, Prince William Co., Prince William Co.; William Bagnall, age 26, Isle of Wight Co., Isle of Wight Co.; William Burk, age 21, King & Queen Co., King & Queen Co.; Richard Baker, age 18, New Kent Co., New Kent Co.; Samuel Burton, Amelia Co., Amelia Co.; Benoni Broach, age 20, Essex Co., Essex Co.; Chidester Benson, age 17, Caroline Co., Stafford Co.; Solomon Britt, age 17, Norfolk Co., Norfolk Co.; William Boucher, age 20, Fairfax Co., Fairfax Co.; Daniel Branin, age 16, place of birth Ireland, residence Richmond City; Joseph Burnet, age 21, Bedford Co., Bedford Co.; John Brown, age 35, place of birth England, residence Amherst Co.; Obediah Brumfield, age 27, Charlotte Co., Charlotte Co.; Jacob Boy, age 32, Pennsylvania, residence Loudoun Co.; Aaron Ball, age 21, Essex Co., Essex Co.; William Baughan, age 21, Essex Co., Essex Co.; Bartley Brizendine, age 18, Essex Co., Essex Co.; Henry Brook, age 18, Essex Co., Essex Co.; Armst. Brizendine, age 20, Essex Co., Essex Co. place of residence.

## QUESTIONS

A1041. **BLANKS-FREEMAN.** This continues the question from the last issue on the names listed and given here. The inquirer wishes to contact those who have data on this family and any connection. Does any reader have information:

Joseph Blanks, son of Joseph and Amy (Freeman) Blanks, died 1811, Mecklenburg Co., Va.; married Ann (last name not known). Joseph Blanks, Jr. is listed with Henry VanDyke in Lunenburg Co., Va. Tithes, 10 June 1764. He is still found there June 14, 1770, when he, Henry Gill, (his brother-in-law) among "other good and lawful men," testify at an inquisition (Mecklenburg Co., Va., Deed Book 11, page 374). Also, on 23 Oct. 1774, when

he sells 425 acres of land to Thomas Moody (Deed Book 12, page 425). He possibly moved to Mecklenburg Co. (this county formed from Lunenburg Co., Va. in 1764) as he made his will in that county dated 14 Dec. 1808, which was proved 21 Oct. 1811, naming wife Ann, and sons: Richard, James, Thomas, John and Francis Blanks, also deceased Joseph; daughters, Betsey Easten, Edna Griffin, Nancy Worsham, Dicey Haley, Amy, Milly and Rebecca Blanks; with executor, son John Blanks; the will certified by Stephen Worsham, husband of Nancy.

John Blanks of Lunenburg Co., Va. was found in Wake Co., North Carolina in 1755, son of Joseph and Amy (Freeman) Blanks, married Martha (whom?)

John Blanks is found in Wake Co., North Carolina for on 1 Dec. 1755, he conveys a Negro slave "Sarah" and two Negro children Dick and Agg, which Negro is in the possession of Henry and Amey VanDyke and there to remain during the natural life of the said Amey VanDyke and at the natural death of the said Amey VanDyke, I, John Blanks do acknowledge my right and title to the said Negroes, Sarah, Dick and Egg—"

Nathan Blanks received a gift of land in Lunenburg Co., Va. from his grandfather, Henry Freeman (the will proved 4 April 1755); nothing more known of Nathan.

Mary Blanks (evidently, but not the proven daughter of Joseph and Amy (Freeman) Blanks), died 1823, Mecklenburg Co., Va.; married William Weatherford, who died 1806, Mecklenburg Co., Va. This couple had issue: Freeman Weatherford; Elizabeth B. Weatherford; Lucy Smith Weatherford; Mary Ingram Weatherford; Amy Weatherford (m. 1805, Jess Westbrook); Sarah Weatherford, born abt. 1780, died 1866 (m. 3 Dec. 1799, Bartley Smithson).

Bartley Smithson and Sarah (Weatherford) had issue: John Smithson, b. 1801; William Cox Smithson, 1804; Charles Coleman Smithson, b. 1806; Mary Ann Blanks Smithson, b. 1808; Martha Smithson, b. 1811; Elizabeth Smithson, b. 1813; Allen Freeman Smithson, b. 1816; Susanna Smithson, b. 1818; Permelia Carolina Smithson, b. 1820; Marion Pinckney Smithson, b. 1823; and James Albert Smithson, b. 1825.

Any additional information on the above families is requested. (Address: William Blanks, 2514-34th Avenue, Meridian, Miss. 39301).

## PHILLIPS FAMILY

Phillips family of Surry County, Virginia and North Carolina. This continues from the previous issue of this feature dated Aug. 9, 1964:

Issue of Hartwell Phillips. It is very probable that his daughter Mary was by his first wife:

I. Mary Phillips. She married Benjamin Clary of Sussex County, Va., who was related to the Hancock family. As Mary Clary of Sussex County, Va., she deed her share in her father's estate in 1815 (Ref: Edgecombe Co., North Carolina, Deed Book 15, page 200).

II. Rebecca Philips, married John Hancock and died August 1809. No record of this issue.

III. Frederick Philips—of whom later.  
IV. Olive Philips born 1779, died March 15, 1848. She married a Mr. Weeks of Edgecombe County and died without issue.

V. John Hartwell Phillips, died Feb. 2, 1804 while a student at the University of North Carolina.

VI. Benjamin Philips, died unmarried March 1800.

VII. Jean Philips, died unmarried March 1816.

VIII. Elizabeth Philips, married John Evans. Only issue: Frederick Philips Evans, married February 13, 1834, Arabella, daughter of Gen. Joseph Arrington and moved south.

(Reference for the above Philips family: "Southside Virginia Families," Vol. II, page 353 by John Bennett Boddie, published 1956). (This Phillips data shall be continued in the next issue of this feature).

## BARHAM FAMILY

Barham family of Surry County, Virginia. This continues from the previous issue of this feature. We shall begin with Entry No. 55 as this is the 55th article on this Barham family:

ENTRY No. 55. 1784, March 11. Joel Barham suit vs. Isham Newsum and Richard Blow; Bond (Southampton Co., Va., Order Book 1778-1784, page 392). (This again is the Southampton Co., Va. branch of the family).

1784, March 11. Benjamin Barham & Simon Johnson, sworn in as Constables (Southampton Co., Va., Order Book 1778-1784, page 392). (This also the Southampton Co., Va. branch of the family.—Editor).

1784, June 4. Indenture (deed) from James Rutherford to William Barham; 50 lbs. for ½ acres tract of land on Little River, North Carolina; witnesses, Burrell Bell, Zadock Bell, Drewry Dunn (Wake Co., North Carolina, Deed Book F, page 39). (Note: Burrell Bell and Zadock Bell were originally from the Surry Co., Va. family of the name of Bell and now this shows that they had moved to Wake Co., North Carolina.—Editor).

1784, Sept. 16. Will of Thomas Barham, probated this date, naming:

Wife, Sarah; given cattle, beds, house, etc. and after her death to daughter, Lucy.

Daughter, Lucy.  
Executor (Executrix), wife, Sarah.  
Will dated, 17 Aug. 1782; probated 16 Sept. 1784.

Witnesses: Nathaniel Newsum, Sealey Smith, Susannah Newsum.

Proved by Nathaniel Newsum.  
(Sussex Co., Va., Will Book 1782-1789, page 252).

1784, Oct. 21. (Deed) Charles Barham, wife Mary, of Sussex Co., Va. deed to John Massenburg for 120 lbs. 200 acres of land on the North side of Poplar Swamp, bounded by William Tyler, John Massenburg, Daniel Harwood and the Poplar Swamp and is the land whereon the said Charles Barham now liveth. There were no witnesses. (Reference: Sussex Co., Va. Deed Book F, 1779-1786, page 320).

1785. Joel Barham having obtained an attachment against the estate of James Battle who has absconded (Reference: Southampton County, Virginia, Order Book 1784-1789, page 82).

1785, —. Faith Barham suit vs. Charles Judkins & John Lane (Surry County, Virginia Order Book, —, page —).

1785, —. Petition: Benjamin Barham vs. Howell Edmunds is dismissed (Southampton Co., Va., Order Book —, page —).

1785, —. Dr. the Commonwealth of Virginia to Richard Coker for Revenue and Certificate Tax in Surry for 1785 for Insolvents; John Barham, Revenue 6-3 Certificate 9-3 (Surry Co., Va. Book 15, page 137).

1785, Jan. 13. Will of Sarah Moore probated this date; names:

Daughter, Sarah Jarrell, given Negro, Frank.

Dau., Elizabeth Moore, given Negro, Cheary.

Dau., Rebecca Moore, given Negro, Judy.

Son, John Moore, given Negro, Jacob. Executor—Friend, John Simmons.

Dated 15 May 1784; Witnesses: Mary Nicholson, Mary Nicholson, Jr., Sally Applewhaite.

(Reference: Southampton Co., Va., Will Book —, page —).

This Barham family data will be continued in the next issue of this feature.



# Climbing The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON



Bangs  
BANGS

ARMS: Sable, a cross engrailed ermine, between four flours-de-lis or.

CREST: A Moor's head full faced couped at the shoulders proper, on the head a cap of maintenance gules, turned up ermine, adorned with a crescent issuant therefrom a flour-de-lis.

The New England family of this name has used this arms and they descend from Edward Bangs, who was born 1592 and died in 1678. His mother country was England from which he came in the ship "Ann" to the Plymouth, Mass., Colony in the year 1623. He became prominent in the affairs of the colony and was elected to membership in the Plymouth military company in 1643. After some time he removed to Eastham, Mass., about the year 1644. He became the captain of the guard against the Indians. Edward Bangs and "Governor" "raised each a man and a horse" at his own expense for two years when the military men were required to arm and equip three troop horses as the proportion of Eastham. He was elected to the deputyship for the General Court in the year 1652. He was the first builder of ship in New England. He married 1st, Lydia Hicks and married as his second wife, Rebecca Tracy, however, it has been said that he married Rebecca Hobart. This question of the surname of the 2d wife would like to be proved by this editor; he had by one of the wives, perhaps the 2nd,

Captain Jonathan Bangs, born 1640 and died in 1728, who was also of Eastham, Mass. He became one of the ensign for the company of foot and then captain of the militia. He, too, was community interested and was elected to Selectmanship of Eastham; was town treasurer. Then he was elected to the deputyship of the Old Colony Court and later represented his town to the General Court. He married in the year 1664, Mary Mayo. They had,

Capt. Edward Bangs, born 1665, died 1746 of Eastham, who married Ruth Allen.

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

Statesmen had decisions to make 100 years ago during the Civil War period just as they are made today. The following was taken from Harper's Weekly of Jan. 18, 1862, page 34:

"Mr. Seward's Letter"

"Time enough has now elapsed to perceive that Mr. Seward has performed one of the most difficult and delicate tasks that ever developed upon a statesman with such calmness, dignity, and consummate ability, that there is universal national assent. There are many who think that the surrender must have been made, right or wrong, to avoid a war for which we were not prepared; and they are glad that a humiliating necessity has been met so adroitly. There are others who think that the question was, at best, doubtful; and they are glad that, at this time, it has been decided against ourselves. There are still others, who think that the true American doctrine honorably required the surrender; and they are glad that the nation has maintained its own principle even under the implied threat of war. 'If I decide this case in favor of my Government,' says Mr. Seward, 'I must disavow its most cherished principles, and reverse and forever abandon its essential policy.' He therefore decides as an American statesman ought to decide. The national pride may be wounded, because pride always insists upon sticking to what has been done, right or wrong. But the national honor is entirely unstained. And the business of a statesman is to vindicate the honor of his nation, even at the expense of its pride."

"We are not of those who regard Mr. Seward's letter as making the best of a bad case. On the contrary, if we were at perfect peace, and a similar case should arise, it would be the duty of the United States to take precisely the same ground. Some kind of visitation and search of neutrals be belligerents is universally conceded. That some things are contraband of war is equally recognized. That some persons may be contraband is not disputed. But the decision of what is contraband in property must be referred to prize courts; and if property must be so referred, how much more must persons? The judgment is too momentous to be left to a naval officer. If, therefore, in this case, the "Trent" (ship) had been taken into some prize port and condemned, and Sidel and Mason held to be contraband, we could not have released them without dishonor. If Mr. Seward could have answered his fifth question as easily and finally as he did the first four, his conclusion, by his own reasoning and upon our great principle, would have been, the demand of the British Government can not be granted. If war must follow, we have fought that Government before upon the same question, and not unsuccessfully. We sneer at the claim of Great Britain to make her whim maritime law; but how could we have respected ourselves in fighting against the principle in 1862 that we fought so well for in 1812?"

"That Great Britain had always done what Captain Wilkes did, and with no provocation whatever, is true enough. But Great Britain is not our model, thank God! In politics, in manners, or in morality."

## QUESTIONS

A1042. MORRIS. "A friend who has recently moved to Hampton (Va.) has sent me a copy of your column 'Climbing the Family Tree'. I have been working on my family tree for some time, but have been unable to get enough information concerning their life in Virginia to go further back."

"I wonder if, whenever you have room, you would print a question concerning my family. I am trying to find out the parents of, or anything at all about my

great-great-grandfather, Thomas Morris. He was born in 1768 in Virginia, 1st wife's name was Dilla (maybe short for Deleah or Delila). Some time before 1797 he moved to North Carolina, and from there to Mississippi and later to Arkansas. I would like to know what county in Virginia he came from."

"If you can print this question I will appreciate it, and if you have any suggestions as to how I might find such information I will appreciate that." (G.J.D., Conway, Arkansas).

## ANSWERS

A1042. MORRIS. It might be suggested that you give the names of his brothers and sisters, if at all possible, for this is the way that one might assist you. Your Thomas Morris could have come from one of many places in Virginia, therefore, the names of his connections and those of his sons and daughters might be a lead to one who possibly could help you. Is it possible that he received a military grant and moved South for that reason to take up his grant? When one thinks of one moving to Mississippi or the Southern area of the country, he at once thinks that it was possible that the person in question may have had a military grant for himself or from his father or perhaps a brother.—Editor.

## PHILLIPS FAMILY

Phillips Family of Surry County, Virginia. This continues from the previous issue of this feature:

"4. Frederick Philips, born 5/2/1772, only surviving son of Hartwell Philips. He resided at 'Manor Hill', Edgecombe County (North Carolina). He represented Edgecombe in the General Assembly in 1797 and was at times a school teacher and county surveyor. According to Bishop Cheshire's Book, 'Non Nulla', Frederick Philips suffered financial reverses and had to sell his last remaining slave to educate his son at the University of Pa. Medical School, thinking this the best way to equip him for a career. Frederick Philips married Sally Tart, died January 23, 1816. Her parentage is unknown but she was seemingly the granddaughter of Jonathan Tart whose will was probated Edgecombe County (N.C.) May, 1789. Frederick Philips died Oct. 1, 1837 at 'Mount Moriah', the home of his son, James J. Phillips."

"Issue of Frederick Philips and Sally Tart:

I. James Jones Philips, born March 12, 1798 (See later).

II. Margaret B. Philips, born 1799, died 4/22/1844, married Michael K. Parker of Edgecombe. They moved to Sumpter County, Alabama. No further record.

III. Pheraby Philips, born Jan. 4, 1802, died unmarried Nov. 1880.

IV. Eliza J. Philips, born Jan. 21, 1804, died June 9, 1887, m. Oct. 15, 1857 John Parker of Edgecombe County and Mobile, Alabama. No issue.

V. Pennina Philips, born 1806, m. (1) Henry Horne (1807-1833) and m. (2) June 1837, Dr. John A. Missis, who advertised in the Tarboro (North Carolina) paper as a 'Thompsonian Botanical Physician residing in the Falls of Tar River'. They later moved to Tennessee."

"5. Dr. James Jones Philips, born 1798, died April 10, 1874, M.D. University of Pa., successful physician and planter. About 1828 he purchased a plantation in the northwestern part of Edgecombe County, 7 miles from the original Philips settlement on Swift Creek, which he called 'Mount Moriah'. He married April 23, 1834 Harriet Amanda Burt, born August 4, 1817, died Sept. 28, 1890, the daughter of William Burt and his wife Susan Sims of Hilliardston, Nash County, N.C. Dr. Philips and his wife are buried in the family graveyard at 'Mount Moriah'."

(Reference for the above Philips family: "Southside Virginia Families" by John B. Boddie, Vol. IV, pages 353-354, published 1956). This will be continued in the next issue of this feature.—Editor.

## BARHAM FAMILY

Barham Family of Surry County, Virginia. This continues as the 56th article on this family. So, we begin with Entry No. 56:

ENTRY No. 56—1785, Jan. 13.—We published the will of Sarah Moore, which was probated on this date naming among the legatees her daughter, Sarah, Elizabeth and Rebecca and recorded in Southampton Co., Va. (Note: there were marriage bonds for these daughters as follows: 1774, Sarah Moore married Thomas Jarrell; 1784, Rebecca Moore married John Applewhaite; 1786, Elizabeth Moore married Richard Harrison. These marriages show to whom each of the named daughters was married.—Editor).

1785, Feb. 8. Marriage bond, Elizabeth Barham to John Adams; with security, John Pettway (Surry Co., Va.).

1785, March 5.—Deed from Benjamin Barham to Mary Murray for 113 lbs., 10 shillings covering 113 acres of land on south side of Cabin Branch adjoining Benjamin Barham, Arthur Waller, the estate of Alexander Murray, Peterson Thorpe; witnesses: John Foster, Samuel Smith, Sarah Murray (Southampton Co., Va. Deed Book 6, page 373).

1785, May 12. The last will and testament of Thomas Barham, deceased, presented in Court and proved by the oath of John Simmons. On motion of Elizabeth Barham certificate is granted her for administration with John Simmons her security. Order Mark Nicholsons, Henry Westbrook, John Fort, and Arthur Turner or any three, to appraise the estate (Southampton Co., Va. Order Book, 1784-1789, p. 66). (Note: This will show that the Thomas Barham of Southampton Co., Va. had died by May 12, 1785 and the wife Elizabeth was made the executrix.—Editor).

1785, July 24. Marriage Bond, Robert Barham to Susannah Winney; Minister, Reverend John Maglamore (Sussex Co., Va.).

1785, Sept. 27. Indenture (Deed) from Joseph Holt to James Adams for 150 lbs.; the plantation whereon Joseph Holt now lives, adjoining Joseph Barham, Nicholas Faulson, Cabin Branch, swamp that divides this land from McIntosh, John Judkins and said Adams (Note: the given name of the wife of Joseph Holt is Mary). (Surry Co., Va. Deed Book 783-1792, page 130).

1785, Oct. 20. Marriage Bond, James Barbooth to Frances Harrison, Spinster; security, Moody Barham (York Co., Va. Marriage Records). (Note: This will show that one Moody Barham was apparently located in York Co., Va. in the year 1785.—Editor).

1785, Oct. 20. Marriage Bond, James Barham to Prudence Dunn; with security, George Pace; witness, J. Rice (Marriage Records of Wake Co., North Carolina).

1786, March 9. Date of probate of will of Owen Myrick; names:

Sons, Harry, Owen to divide equally 1000 acres adjacent to Richard Jelks, Hartwell Newsom, John Barham and my mother;

Wife, Fanny; also son, John; and daughters, Sarah, Nancey, Fanny, and Lucy; and son, Henry, not 21 years of age; brothers, William and Howell Myrick to be executors; witnesses, Thos. Peete, Arthur Applewhaite & Wm. Newsom (Southampton Co., Va. Will Book 4, page 725).

This Barham data will be continued.



# Climbing The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON

## DARLINGTON



ARMS: Azure, guttee argent, on a fess between three leopards' heads erased or, three cross crosslets gules.

CREST: (1) A leopard's head erased; (2) a winged pillar surmounted by a globe.

This Darlington family arms was first used by the settler of the name of Peter Darlington who came to New York State. His lineage was a given.

Henry Darlington was of West Riding, Yorkshire, England. This Henry Darlington was descended from an earlier ancestor named William d'Arlington also of West Riding in Yorkshire, England. Henry Darlington married Mary Walker; they had,

William Darlington, who was of Darlington, County Durham, England; however he removed to Broomhouse, Scotland. This William Darlington married in the year 1788, Alice Brown; they had,

Peter Darlington, who was born in the year 1792, October 7 and 21 Jan. 1851. He was the first one of his family to come to America from Scotland and settled in New York at Pleasant Valley. He became a prosperous manufacturer of paper and one of the earliest in this field of manufacture. He married on June 17, 1819 Maria Wilde. This couple had,

Thomas Darlington, who was born 29 Aug. 1826 and died 18 May 1903. This Thomas Darlington was born at Salisbury Mills, New York. He differed from his ancestors for he became a lawyer. He married on Aug. 1, 1850, Hannah Anne Goodliffe, who was born on April 1, 1830 and died Feb. 22, 1900 being a daughter of James Yarrow Goodliffe.

### HISTORICAL RARITIES

England was preparing for war during our Civil War period of 1862 in North America, so the newspaper article reports. The following was taken from Harper's Weekly dated January 18, 1862, page 35:

#### "WAR PREPARATION GOING ON"

"England continues her preparations for war under the pressure of a very intense and general excitement, stimulated and promoted by the daily effusions of the ministerial and aristocratic press. At latest dates troops were still mustering for service in Canada, although the 'Australasian', 'Persia', 'Adriatic', 'Parana', 'Niagara', and other vessels had already been dispatched, filled with the most efficient regiments in the British service, to North America. All the available vessels in the British Mediterranean fleet had been ordered to assemble at Gibraltar to proceed, as was supposed, to the same destination.

#### "FRANCE"

"Continental Reaction against England. The Opinion Nationale—the organ of Prince Napoleon—openly asserts that 'England is the only enemy of France,' while the 'Revue des Deux Mondes' and other French journals show, in articles of great force and spirit that the dearest 'revolutionary traditions of France' are with the United States, and that she can not be so foolish as to go to war with us in behalf of the only power on earth which has reason to 'fear' our maritime extension. The 'Revue' adds that England only wants to 'conquer bread for her manufacturing classes.'

"The Italian press is adverse to England's assumption of supremacy on the ocean, and while it condemns the action of Captain Wilkes, it inclines to a continental adhesion to whatever course France would take in case of war."

### QUESTIONS

A1043. BRADSHAW-GRAY-NORTHAM. The following letter dated July 27, 1964 was received from one of our readers: "Before contracting for the following material, I would like to know how much the following would cost: Family histories of Bradshaw, Gray and Northam; and small copies of coats-of-arms of these families plus Stringfellow (1½x1½ inches). Signed R.N.B., Newport News, Va." (See answer later in this issue of feature.—Editor).

A1044. FAULCON-COCKE-EDWARDS. "I am a regular reader of your Sunday column and look forward to it each week."

"I wonder if you have any information on Capt. Jacob Faulcon who commanded the Surry County, Va. Cavalry (Company 'G', 13th Va. Cavalry, C.S.A.) and was killed by Federal raiders, Nov. 11, 1864. I am especially interested in learning who his mother was, since records show that his father, John Faulcon, Jr., was married three times; to Jane Faulcon in 1802; to Mary Kennaon Coker in 1813; and to Martha Edwards in 1818." (Mrs. J.R.P., Surry County, Virginia).

A1045. TULL. Can you give me information about the Tull family and their coat-of-arms?"

"I have my Carey family history back to 1400, also have the coat-of-arms." (L.T., Hampton, Va.).

### ANSWERS

A1044. FAULCON-COCKE-EDWARDS. In answer to your question in this issue of the feature, I might add that there must be much data on the prominent family of Faulcon in the Surry County, Virginia records, which are intact there close to where you reside. Your Capt. Jacob must have had a birth record due to his service in the Surry County, Virginia Cavalry. Since you already know the marriage dates of the three wives of the fa-

ther of Capt. Jacob Faulcon, you should not have any trouble establishing the correct name of the mother of your Capt. Jacob Faulcon. You must have the record of the marriage of Capt. Jacob Faulcon, which most surely would have his age; this again you establish his date of birth and to which mother he was born. Also, you could search the United States Census records for 1850, which are on microfilm in the Archives Department of the Virginia State Library in Richmond, Virginia. There are so many ways to establish the name of the mother. You could also see if there are any will in the Surry County records that would name your Capt. Jacob Faulcon; a will by the paternal grandfather of Jacob Faulcon might name him; or the will of an uncle may name him; the mother might have had a will and named her son. Do not forget the deed records of Surry you might find a record of the mother having property and leaving it to her son. Then, you might also find that the mother had property and it was left with a guardian until the child would become of age. The guardian court records in Surry County, Virginia, which are quite good; often they give much data.

A1043. BRADSHAW-GRAY-NORTHAM. This editor does not have the coats-of-arms of the families of Bradshaw, Gray or Northam at hand. Some of our readers might have some account of the coats-of-arms. Why not take a trip to the Newport News, Virginia Public Library and ask for Swem's Index and look through this great index and see if there is listed a coat-of-arms for each of the names. You might be surprised as to what you could find there in that library. Ask for the "Virginia Heraldica".

A1045. TULL. You have asked about the name of Tull, but you gave no place of residence. You might also look in the Swem's Index for the name of Tull and look under the alphabet for the coat-of-arms. Also try the book, "Virginia Heraldica". I do not know from state the family of Tull came.

A1039. WARREN-BENNETT-TABB. From the names given on the Warren name, it could be most possible that the named Martha (Warren) Bennett could have been of the Surry County family, but since the birth places are most confusing and showing that she was in one place born in New England and in another place shows that she was born in Maryland, this thought about her being connected with the Surry County, Virginia family might be out. Now, there was a Barton Warren family of Maryland that moved into Tennessee or Kentucky; and again this could be confusing the issue. You will find data on the Maryland family of Warren in the "Rucker Family Genealogy of Virginia" by Sudie Rucker Wood and this volume could be found in most Virginia libraries or libraries throughout the country.

### PHILLIPS FAMILY

Phillips family of Surry County, Virginia. This continues from the previous issue of this feature:

"Issue of James Jones Phillips and his wife Harriet Burt. 1. Sally Tart Phillips, born March 22, 1835, married December 7, 1851, Colonel Francis Marion Parker, C.S.A., son of Theophilus. They had issue:

1. Mary Parker, m. Joseph John Battle (see Battle Book).
2. James Phillips Parker, born 1855.
3. Theophilus Parker, born 1857, died 1920 unmarried.
4. Harriet Burt Parker, born 1860, m. Peter Arrington Spruill. They had issue: (1) Peter Spruill, died France 1918; (2) Mary James Spruill, d.s.p.; (3) William E. Spruill, m. (1) Florence Chalk and m.

(2) Mary Ann Battle; (4) Frank Barker Spruill, married Frances Phillips.

5. Haywood Parker, born 1854 of Asheville, N.C., married Josephine Patton.

6. Francis Marion Parker, born 1867, died unmarried 1913.

7. Sally P. Parker, born 1870.

8. Kate D. Parker, born 1873.

9. Frederick M. Parker, born 1875.

11. Susan Sims Phillips, born March 6, 1836, died in infancy.

This Phillips family data to be continued in the next issue.

(Reference for the above Phillips data: "Southside Virginia Families", Vol. II, by John Bennett Boddie, page 354, published 1956).

### BARHAM

Barham family of Surry County, Virginia. This continues as the 57th article on this family of Barham, so we shall begin with the Entry No. 57:

ENTRY No. 57.—1786, March 9. Will of Owen Myrick was given in the last issue; we now give as reference the will of John Myrick, dated 27 Sept. 1764 and probated 12 Sept. 1771; names:

Son, William, given land bought of Joseph Harwood.

Son, Owen, given land on which his grandfather lived.

Son, John, given land bought of Thomas Barrow.

Son, Howell (Note: In the will of Owen he named his brothers William and Howell as executors of his will of March 9, 1786.—Editor).

Daughters, Sarah Jones, Elizabeth Barnes, Amy (Myrick?).

Will was presented by Ann Myrick and Owen Myrick.

Witnesses, Joshua Nicholson, Jr., Drewry Parker, Howell Edmunds. Will was probated in Southampton Co., Virginia.

To further establish the connections of the family of Myrick we give the following marriage bonds showing to whom some of these Myricks married:

Marriage Bond, 1767, Owen Myrick to Fanny Nicholson, daughter of Sarah (Southampton Co., Va.).

Marriage Bond, 1772, William Myrick of Sussex Co., Va., to Lucy Newsum, orphan of David Newsum.

Marriage Bond, 1773, John Myrick to Martha Edmunds (Note: The family of Edmunds and Howell were of kin.—Editor).

Marriage Bond, 1799, John Myrick to Betsy Turner.

Marriage Bond, 1801, Owen Myrick to Dolly P. Barham, daughter of Benjamin Taylor Barham.

Marriage Bond, date —, John Myrick to Polly Barham; with security, Benjamin Barham.

Then we have a record of the estate of Jacob Pate, deceased dated 1786, Nov. 28. Williamsburg, Virginia Oct. 20, 1786. In obedience to the Surry County, Va. Court we have appraised the Negroes in the estate of Jacob Pate, deceased; they are: Milly, Hannah (with Joseph age 5 son to Hannah) (Lucy age 3 dau. to Hannah). There was a woman named Pheby who went off with the French Army; witnesses, Robert Nicholson, James Salt (or could this be Salter as he was of the Warwick or James City or Surry County, Va. family?—Editor), and Benjamin Bucktrout. (Reference: Surry County, Va. Order Book 1786-1789, page 148).

1786, Nov. 28. Hugh Hopkins (Hopkins), Sarah Barham, and Mary Pate; Complaints against (VS) George Jackson, administrator with the will annexed of Jacob Pate, deceased ordered Robert Nicholson, James Salt, David Morton and James Hony, petition slaves in sd bill among the respective Complots. (Reference: Surry Co., Va., Will Book 1783-1792, page 137).

This Barham data to be continued in the next issue of this column.



# Climbing The Family Tree

PECK



PECK

**ARMS:** Quarterly, first and fourth argent, on a chevron engrailed gules, three crosses formee of the field.

**CREST:** A cubit arms erect habited azure, holding on one stalk enfiled with a scroll three roses gules, leaves vert.

This Peck family arms has been used by the New England family, who descend from one Joseph Peck, who was born about the year 1587 and died between the years 1663 to 1664, who also came from his mother country of England in the ship "Diligent" to Hingham, Mass. in the year 1638. His established himself well in the community and was listed as a freeman a year later being 1639. He took a prominent part in the affairs of his colony and was selected to represent his area in the General Court of that Colony of Mass. from 1639-1642. Then in a few years he removed to Rehoboth, the year being 1645. He was listed as having served during the French and Indian Wars. His office was that of Commissioner for Hingham, Mass. He married in 1617, Rebecca Clark, and they had,

Ensign Nicholas Peck who later became Lieutenant and subsequently captain, who was born 1630 and died 1710. He was of Seekonk, Mass. He also took an active part in the welfare of his community and was named a member of the Council of War and his rank of captain was during the French and Indian War. He married 1st, name unknown to this editor; married 2ndly, Rebecca ———, who died in the year 1704. They had,

Jonathan Peck, born in 1666 and died 1717. He ventured to the Rhode Island Colony not far from Warren, R. I. married Elizabeth Throop, who was born 1687 and died 1729. They had,

Deacon Thomas Peck, who was born in the year 1711 and died in 1770, who was of Swansea, Mass. He married Mary Kingsley, born 1713 and died 1804 of Rehoboth, Rhode Island.

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

Havana, Cuba rejoiced over the downfall of another fellow country 102 years. About what are they rejoicing today? The following was taken from the Harper's Weekly of January 18, 1862, page 35, which read as follows.

"Mexico. Spanish occupation of Vera Cruz."

"The first hostile step of the allied expedition against Mexico was taken on the 17th ultimo, when the Spanish troops from the fleet landed at Vera Cruz, took unopposed possession of that city and the fort of San Juan d'Ulloa, and hoisted the Spanish flag over the city and the fort. The rejoicing in Havana on the receipt of the news were most enthusiastic"

## REVIEW

"Descent From a Hundred Kings." There has been recently published a genealogical book titled as such. This book is separated into different sections for the ease of the family searcher in finding his or her connection, if the line is tied in with the families listed therein.

There is a bibliography section giving numbered references, tying in with those given for each family and/or generation. This is a most helpful manner to assist one with data quickly.

The book was compiled by Brig. Gen. George A. Davis, U.S.A., Retired, who apparently has spent many an untiring hour to compile such detailed data for many families. It has often been the great difficulty of connecting one's family with the European families, therefore, genealogical and family researchers will be assisted with this type of publication.

Part one of the book contains the European ancestors including Royal Houses of Europe from the fifth to the sixteenth centuries, and their alliances with other great families of Europe, such as: Alsace, Angouleme, Anjou, Aquitaine, Aragon, Artois, Aumale, Barcelona, Beaumont, Bigod, Blois, Boulogne, Brabant, Brittany, Burgundy, Castile, Champagne, The Cid, Dammartin, De Briouze, De Clare, D'Eu, D'Evreux, De Ferrars, De Fienes, De Geneville, De Holand, De Lacie, De Lacy, De Longespee, De Lusignan, De Mortimer, De Newburgh, De Quincy, De Stafford, De Verdun, De Vere, De Warenne, Flanders, Galloway, Hainaut, Honestauffen, Huntingdon, Lancaster, La Zouche, Le Despenser, Leon, Lorraine, Louvaine, Louvain, Macon, Malet, Montfort, Namur, Naples, Navarre, Orleans, Pembroke, Ponthieu, Prouvence, Robertins, Salisbury, Savoy, Swabia, Toulouse, Valois, Vermandois, Wales, Woodstock, York and many others.

**PART TWO:** This section of the book covers the paternal branches of the John Whitney family in Colonial America.

**PART THREE:** This section of the book covers the maternal branches of the family together with the descendants, which do include many, many names familiar to those of New England, as well as, the names of the South; they include some, as: Abby, Acorn, Adams, Alden, Allen, Amsden, Austin, Bacon, Bailey, Baker, Baldwin, Ball, Ballard, Bangs, Barnes, Barrett, Barrows, Bartlett, Batchelor, Bates, Battle, Beach, Beal, Bellows, Bemis, Bennett, Bigelow, Bigginton, Biscoe, Blackman, Blake, Blood, Boardman, Bond, Bowker, Bowman, Boyden, Boynton, Bradish, Brewer, Bridge, Bringham, Britton, Brooks, Brown, Buck, Bullard, Burge, Burke, Burnap, Butterworth, Camp, Cane, Casper, Carley, Carsley, Chadwick, Chamberlain, Chandler, Chapin, Chase, Cheney, Child, Clark, Clarke, Clement, Cobb., Cody, Cook, Cooke, Coolidge, Coombs, Cooper, Corbett, Cox, Cozzens, Crisp, Crittenden, Crosby, Curtis, Cutler, Cutting, Dana, Darrow, Davis, Day, De Wolf, Dickerman, Dixon, Drury, Dutton, Eames, Eaton, Edmonds, Edward(s), Elder, Eldridge, Emory, Estabrook, Evans, Farmer, Farnsworth, Farr, Farwell, Faulkner, Fessendon, Fillebrown, Fisher, Fisk, Fiske, Flagg, Fogg, Foote, Forbush, Fowie, Fulham, Fuller, Gamage, Garfield, Gates, Gibson, Gilman, Gleason, Goodale, Goodell, Goodnow, Gould, Graves, Green, Greenlaw, Gregg, Gregory, Grout, Guthrie, Hagar, Hapgood, Harrington, Harris, Hartwell, Haskell, Hastings, Haven, Hawes, Hawley, Hayden, Herron, Heywood, Hicks, Hill, Hinckley, Holden, Hopkins, Horn, Horsely, Houghton, Howard, Howe, Hudson, Humphrey, Hunt, Hutchins, Hyde,



By HUGH S. WATSON

and many others, such as Sawtel, Shepherd, Snow, Soule, Treat, and others, as Warren, Wood, Woodruff, Wright, Wyman.

This gem of results may be obtained by addressing your letter to Brig. Gen. George A. Davis, U.S.A., Ret'd., "Twin Coves," Southport, Maine. The price is only \$10.00 with charges paid by the publisher, if accompanied by check or money order.—Editor.

## QUESTIONS

A1046. **BOWMAN.** Recently the crest of the Bowman family appeared in the Newport News, Daily Press, Sunday issue. I have been trying, with no success, to obtain a copy of this crest and since I saw the picture and write-up in the newspaper I decided to write to you to see if you might know where I could buy a copy (I want an inexpensive copy so I can have it redone to match some others that I own).

Any information you may have will be appreciated. Please help me. (If the crest could be sent to me C.O.D., I will be glad to pay check). (C.R.B., Williamsburg, Va.).

A1047. **BLACK-WILSON.** I am interested in corresponding with anyone who is working on the Black and Wilson family lines.

My oldest Black family name is that of Benjamin Blair Black who was born in Kentucky in 1808. Tradition has it that his father was born in Virginia. I know that Rev. Samuel Black of Albemarle Co., Va. had a son to go to Kentucky and that one Alexander Black who married Hosanna, had a son to go to Kentucky from Virginia.

My oldest Wilson family name was that of James Wilson, born 1747, who served as a private during American Revolutionary War. His son was Benjamin Wilson, born 1773, in Ilse of Wight County, Virginia, commanded a company of Virginia soldiers during the War of 1812. This Benjamin Wilson moved into Alabama, where his daughter, Mary Wilson, married Solomon Robbins in 1822. (G.O., Teague, Texas).

## ANSWERS

A1046. **BOWMAN.** In answer to your query regarding the coat-of-arms of the Bowman family, I wish advise that this editor does not have copies of these arms other than what has appeared in the newspaper and they are taken at random and when available. Since you are located in the vicinity of William & Mary College, which has one of the finest libraries on genealogy in the south, may I suggest that you go to this fine library and ask for information of the coat-of-arms; there are many books on the subject there. From the books there you should have no trouble in locating what you wish. Of course you may not have the arms in color, but you can obtain the blazonary as often given in my feature.—Editor.

## PHILIPS FAMILY

Philips Family of Surry County, Virginia and North Carolina. This continues from the last issue of this feature. In the last issue we ended the feature with part of the names of the children of James Jones Philips and wife Harriet Burt; in that issue the last named child was Susan Sims Philips, born March 6, 1836, died in infancy, so we now begin with the others, who are:

III. Frederick Philips, born June 13, 1838, prominent lawyer and judge, of Tarboro, North Carolina, died June 14, 1905; married 1864 Martha S. Hyman, 1840-1925, daughter of Henry Hyman and Martha E. Porter. They had issue: (1) Anne D. Philips, born May 16, 1866, m. Oct. 22, 1890 Herbert Worth Jackson of Richmond, Va.; (2) Mary Philips, married Hal Wood of

Edenton; (3) James Jones Philips, born 1869; (4) Martha Hyman Philips, married Dr. Woodward; (5) Josephine Philips, born Oct. 26, 1878, married April 27, 1905, Albert Pike of Rockbridge County, Va.; (6) Lela Burt Philips, married James D. Gillam; (7) Frederick Philips; (8) Henry Hyman Philips, married Ethel Skinner.

IV. Susan Sims Philips, second of the name, born Sept. 15, 1842, m. Feb. 19, 1861, Joseph John Battle as his first wife.

V. William Burn Philips, born March 26, 1844, died Jan. 29, 1856.

VI. Joseph Battle Philips, born Jan. 8, 1848, m. (1) Pattie Battle; m. (2ndly) Mary Marriott (See Battle Book for descendants of both marriages). (Reference: "Southside Virginia Families", Vol. II, pages 354-355, by John Bennett Boddie, published 1956).

This Philips data will be continued in the next issue.—Editor.

## BARHAM

Barham Family of Surry County, Virginia. This continues as the 58th article on the family of this name, so we shall begin with the Entry No. 58:

ENTRY NO. 58.—Year 1786 (Reference for this short amount of data: William & Mary College Quarterly, Series I, Vol. 12, page 119, covering the Family Record Book of Robert Anderson of Williamsburg, Va. and the "Pate Family"—Matthew Pate, born Gloucester, Virginia, married Ann Reid, had issue Jacob, Jeremiah, Matthew, Thomas (born 1728, died 1814), Rebecca, Sarah, Rachel.

Rachel Pate, married (1st) one Mr. Graves, married (2ndly) Hugh Hopkins; then there was Nancy Pate who married George Jackson.

1786, Benjamin Barham, and wife Frances, enter suit vs. Lewis Edwards and Anne, his wife (Surry County Order Book 1785-1789, page —).

1786, Jan. 12. Thomas Barham, his estate inventory. Inventory of Thomas Barham by Elizabeth Barham; no signers (Southampton Co., Va. Book No. 4, page 162). This inventory shows 5 Negroes, but their names are not given; recorded 12 Jan. 1786, but the inventory taken July 1784.

1786, Jan. 13. Marriage Bond of Polly Barham to Jacob Newsum; married to Rev. Jno. Maglmore (Sussex Co., Va. Minister's Return (Albemarle Parish Register).

1786, Jan. 24. Account current for estate of Capt. William Seward with William Drew and William Hart, Executors (begins in the year 1772); Item paid Robert Hunnicutt 21-7-0; Paid John Barham's Executors 0-5-0; Received of William Holt, John Holt; signed William Hart; audited by Robert Hunnicutt, Samuel Pretlow (recorded on page 93 of the Surry Co., Va. Will Book).

(Note: Will shall give the will of Capt. William Seward here in abstract; Will dated 1 June 1769, probated 20 Aug. 1771, names:

Sister, Ann Thomas (husband was Jordan Thomas, named in will of William Seward of 1760).

Nephew, William Canfield Seward. Joseph Mays, sons of Phillip Mays. Brother-in-law, William Drew.

Friend, William Hart. Nephews, William Canfield Seward, John Seward, Edwin Seward, Thomas Seward.

Nephew, John Thomas. Niece, Mary Seward.

Executors: William Drew, Richard Baker, William Hart.

Witnesses, John Salter, Harwood Coman, Samuel Shacklet (This will of Capt. William Seward was probated in Surry Co., Va., Will Book, page 157).

1787, Aug. 28. Hugh Hopkins, Sarah Barham by William Barham her next friend and Mary Pate, compts. agst. George Jackson, Administrator of Jacob Pate, deceased, final decree:

Lucy given the property of Sarah Barham by William Barham her father and cash 18:15.

Joseph to Mary Pate and cash 8:15.

Milly to Hugh Hopkins to 1-5.

Hannah & Phoby to George Jackson to pay 26-5.

(Ref: Surry Co., Va., Order Book 1786-1789, page 257).

This Barham family data shall be continued in the next issue of this feature.



# Climbing The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON

## SACKETT



SACKETT

**ARMS:** Argent, a chevron between three mullets of six points sable.

**CREST:** An eagle's head and neck erased or.

**MOTTO:** Aut nunquam tentes, aut perfice.

This Sackett arms has been used by the New England family of this name. They descend from Simon Sackett, who was born in the 1602 and died in 1653. He was from his mother country of England and came to the then named Newton, Mass., now named Cambridge, Mass. His given name was Isabel, however, the surname is not known to this editor. This couple had.

John Sackett, who was born in the year 1632 and died in 1719. He, too, was of Newton, Mass. and married there in the year 1659, Abigail Hannum, who was born in 1640 and died in 1690. This couple had.

William Sackett, Born was born in the year 1662 and died in 1700. He married as his 2nd wife, Hannah Graves, who was born in 1666 and died after the year 1696; they had,

Jonathan Sackett, born 1696 and died in 1773, who was of the new family place at Westfield, Mass. He married as his Second wife in the year 1725, Ann Filer, who died after the year 1743. They had,

Reuben Sackett, who was born in 1732 and died in 1803. He moved to Febron and then to East Greenwich, Conn. He married in the year 1752, Mercy Finney, who died in 1771 being the daughter of John Finney. This couple had,

Dr. Samuel Sackett, who was born 1754 and died 1833. He married 1777, Sarah Manning, who was born about the year 1753 and died in 1813. Dr. Sackett was Surgeon's mate and physician from Greenwich for the Connecticut Militia during the Revolutionary War.

### HISTORICAL RARITIES

SOMETHING ABOUT RICHMOND, VIRGINIA DURING THE CIVIL WAR YEAR 1862. The following was taken from Harper's Weekly of Jan. 18, 1862, page 38:

"Richmond (Va.), is situated on the James River, 23 miles north of Petersburg, 113 south by west of Washington, and about 150 miles from the mouth of the river. Its population in 1854 was 30,000; its exports about \$3,000,000, chiefly wheat and tobacco.

"A gentleman who visited Richmond last Summer gave the 'Herald' an account of what he saw, and we subjoin the following extracts from his narrative: The principal feature that strikes every one who sees Richmond for the first time is its curious topography. From the James River, which, tumbling over its rocky bed, makes a wide bend here, with its convex face to the city, rise, without any regard to uniformity of direction, some half dozen hills, of gravel formation and of pretty considerable elevation. There has never been any attempt to grade them into level streets, but the city is scattered promiscuously up and over them, just as fashion, taste, or business may have happened to dictate.

"The principal part of the city, however, occupies actually one one of those elevations, and the garden spot of that one is the Capitol Square, where stands the building of which Jefferson procured the design in France, but which, however magnificent it may have been deemed in the simple, unostentatious days in which it was built, is certainly not to be lauded now either for its beauty or for its adaptation to the wants of a State Legislature, much less to those of Congress of Confederate States. In the center of the Square is the beautiful equestrian statue of Washington, looking as calm and serene and commanding as if the city which he overlooks was not the center and hot-bed of the foulest treason that ever showed itself in the light of day. The pedestal is designed for eight other statues of distinguished Virginians, but three of which have yet been put in their places. These are Jefferson, Henry, and Mason—not the arrogant, self-conceited blockhead who recently represented the State in the Senate at Washington, and has now gone seeking recognition at London as the diplomatic representative of secessionism, but a far purer, wiser, and more patriotic namesake of his. Here also is a statue of Henry Clay.

"Richmond has really but one business thoroughfare. That is Main St. Most of the hotels, banks, newspaper offices, and stores are located on it. It extends northward into the open country, and south-eastward to a suburb called Rocketts. In this latter section of it are situated some of the tobacco warehouses where our Union prisoners are now confined. These are large old brick edifices, of mouldy, dilapidated appearance. They stand three together on one side of the street—which here is of a most dingy character—and two nearly opposite. Those on the north side are overlooked by the bluffs in which Church Hill here terminates, and which supply gravel for the city, while those on the south side of the street have the James River and Kanawha Canal, and the river itself immediately in their rear."

(This is such a fascinating article on the city of Richmond, the remaining part of the article shall be given in the next issue of this feature. It also mentions the "Odd Fellows Hall" on Broad street and other particular points of historic interest to readers of Virginia history.)

### REVIEW

"Descent from a Hundred Kings." Since so many names were given in the last portion of this review many southern families are connected with northern an-

cestry, in particular the Lee family and the Hancock family, as well as, others, this editor has decided to include many of the other names that were listed in the index of this well compiled book. The unusual handling of the compiled data will interest other compilers of genealogical works. They are:

Jackson, Jennison, Johnson, Jones, Joslin, Kendall, Kennan, Kilbourn, Kimball, King, Knapp, Knight, Lakin, Lane, Langdon, Lawrence, Lawton, Leland, Libby, Livermore, Longley, Lyon, Mann, Marshall, Mason, Maverick, Meacham, Mead, Mellen, Merriam, Miles, Miller, Mitchell, Moore, Mores, Morris, Morse, McCune, McIntyre, Neal, Nelson, Newman, Newton, Norcross, Olds, Parker, Parkhurst, Parks, Parmenter, Parrott, Patterson, Peirce, Perham, Perry, Phiney, Phoenix, Pierce, Pitman, Pollard, Pratt, Prince, Putnam, Rand, Read, Redman, Reed, Rice, Richards, Richardson, Rider, Ripley, Robbitts, Robeson, Rogers, Ross, Rowe, Russell, Rutter, Sadler, Saunders, Sawtel, Sawyer, Scammel, Scott, Seaverance, Shattuck, Shaw, Shed, Shepherd, Sherman, Shumway, Simpson, Smith, Snow, Soule, Stowell, Stratton, Sumner, Swett, Sylvester, Tainter, Taske, Tatman, Taylor, Tenney, Timkins, Treat, Tucker, Tufts, Underwood, Upham, Usher, Wales, Walker, Ward, Ware, Warren, Waterman, Watkins, Weeks, Wellington, Weston, Wetherbee, Wetherby, Wheeler, Wheelock, Whitcomb, White, Whitney, Whittmore, Whitten, Wilder, Willard, Williams, Wilson, Winchester, Winn, Wiswall, Walcott, Wood, Woodruff, Woods, Woodward, Wright, Wyman and many others.

As was stated in the previous issue, this book may be obtained by addressing your inquiry to Brig. Gen. George A. Davis, U.S.A., Retired, "Twin Coves", Southport, Maine. The price is \$10.00 per copy.

### QUESTIONS

A1048. PHILLIPS COAT-OF-ARMS. I have been following your column, "Climbing the Family Tree" with a good deal of interest. It has prompted the following questions. Is there a Phillips Coat-of-arms and, if so, how could I get a copy of it; and is your reference book, "Southside Virginia Families" a source readily available at any library? (L. O. P., Williamsburg).

A1049. GENEALOGICAL RESEARCH QUERY AND ANSWER SECTIONS. "The members of our genealogical research classes are interested in receiving copies of your newspaper with the genealogy and query sections, subscription prices, and any other genealogical services or information that may be available," signed—Ruth Hart, 219 So. Barrington St., Los Angeles 49, Calif. The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints. (Note: This interesting letter was received and we trust that we can assist with our feature to your classes on genealogy. Many of your fellow churchmen throughout the United States have been reading this feature for a number of years).

### PHILLIPS FAMILY

PHILLIPS FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA AND NORTH CAROLINA. This continues from the last issue of this feature in which we gave the children of James Jones Phillips and wife Harriet Burt. We shall begin with the seventh child for there were twelve:

VII. John Ward Phillips, born Jan. 31 1850, of whom later.

VIII. Harriet Amanda Phillips, born Oct. 18, 1851, m.—Nov. 7, 1870, Hon. Benjamin Hichman Bunn, Member of Congress and prominent in local civic affairs. He was the son of Redmond Bunn of "Benvenue," Nash County, North Carolina, and his wife Mary Bryan. Harriet Phillips and Benjamin H. Bunn had issue: (1) Mary Bryan Bunn, m.—George Lewis of Wimberly,

M.D. and had issue; (2) Harriet Amanda Bunn, d.s.p.; (3) James Philips Bunn, Atty. in Rocky Mount, North Carolina, m.—Ella Lee Moorman and had issue; (4) Elizabeth Bunn—unmarried; (5) Redmond Bunn, d.s.p.; (6) Benjamin H. Bunn, m.—Mavis Lindsey and had issue; (7) Laura Maud Bunn, m.—Kemp Davis Battle; (8) Katherine Bunn, m.—William Coleman Woodward of Rocky Mount and had 5 children.

IX. Laura Maud Philips, born July 1, 1853, m.—1873, John Peter Arrington.

X. Elizabeth Jane Philips, born May 4, 1855, m.—George Cullen Battle on Nov. 10, 1875. See Battle Book for descendants.

XI. Martha Parker Philips, born, Jan. 18, 1857, died in infancy.

XII. Walter Everett Philips, born July 17, 1860, died unmarried on May 2, 1939.

(Reference for the above: "Southside Virginia Families" by John Bennett Boddie, page 355, published 1956).

This Philips family data shall be continued in the next issue of this feature.

### BARHAM FAMILY

BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA. This continues as the 59th article on the Barham family. We shall begin with Entry No. 59:

ENTRY No. 59.—1786, Aug. 19.—Marriage Bond, Benjamin Barham and Sarah Nicholson; with surety, Jesse Cooper; witness, Samuel Kello (Married Aug. 24, 1786 by Rev. Jno. Meglamore, Minister's Returns—Southampton Co., Va.).

1786, Sept. 27. Marriage Bond: Elizabeth Barham and Walter Gilliam; Samson & Mary Cooper consent for Walter Gilliam; with surety, Jonathan Harrup; wit., Drury Cooper (Married Oct. 5th, 1786 by Rev. John Meglamore—Sussex Co., Va.).

1787, Land Tax Book for Surry Co., Va.; the Barhams listed were:

Faithy Barham, taxed with 300 acres

John Barham taxed with 75 acres

Joseph Barham taxed with 100 acres

1787, Land Book of Surry Co., Va.; Land Book Transfer, but there is no deed recorded for this transfer; John Barham transferred 75 acres of land to William Phillips (Note: There have been known to be deeds, as well as, wills not recorded, so this is not the only deed that was not recorded.—Editor).

1787, Jan. 3.—Marriage Bond, Fanny Barham and Francis Phillips; married Jan. 30th, 1787 by Rev. John Meglamore—Southampton Co., Va.

1787, March Court of Sussex Co., Va., Order Book 1786-1791, pages 186, 264 and 383: Suit Hartwell Barham VS Nathaniel Newsum, continued from Aug. Court; Arbitrators report—Do not think Hartwell Barham ought to sustain any loss from Thomas Poythress bond that Nathaniel Newsum pay the said Bond; signed, Isham Gilliam.

1787, April. Marriage Bond, Mily Barham and Balaam Hutchings; married April 17th, 1787 by Rev. John Meglamore; with surety, Henry Sosberry; witness, Walter Gilliam (From Sussex Co., Va. Marriage Bonds).

1787, Oct. 23: Will of John Barham of Surry Co., Va., names:

Wife, Sarah—given all property to raise my children and school them

Executors—Wife, Sarah and Benjamin Waller

Will dated Dec. 20, 1785 and recorded Oct. 23, 1787 (Surry Co., Va. Will Book 1783-1792, page—)

(Inventory of the Estate of John Barham by Thomas Pyland, Robert Pyland and Nathaniel Berriman, Feb. 26, 1788) (During 1787-1790 Sarah Barham, Executor for John Barham paid rent to John Judkins). (1790—Estate of John Barham with accounts audited by John Southall, John Lucas, and Nathan Jones).

This Barham data will be continued in the next issue.



# Climbing The Family Tree

Genealogy Questions  
And Answers

By HUGH S. WATSON Jr.

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

**SOMETHING MORE ABOUT RICHMOND 102 YEARS AGO. RICHMOND, VIRGINIA WAS THE LARGEST CITY IN VIRGINIA AT THE TIME.** The following was taken from Harper's Weekly of January 18, 1862, pages 38 and 39. This continues from the last issue of this feature:

"Near the summit of the elevation known as Church Hill is a large, old-fashioned brick building known as the almshouse. It has been converted from its original purpose, and serves as a hospital for our sick and wounded. Sisters of Charity come and go, untiring angels of consolation, and the house is kept in constant requisition, so great is the mortality that prevails here. Many of the private houses in the vicinity are also converted into temporary hospitals. As a general thing, the former residents of this part of the city have gone elsewhere since the location of the hospitals here; and now on every tenth house or more you see waving a little dirty, whitish-yellow flag denoting a lazaretto. The Odd Fellows Hall, on Broad Street, is also used as a general hospital. On the most commanding part of Church Hill still stands, in good preservation too, the church in which Patrick Henry made the famous speech at the commencement of the Revolutionary struggle, where he used that memorable and oft-quoted phrase, 'Give me liberty, or give me death!' Around the church are the graves of the last generation of the people of Richmond, and I was no little disgusted to observe that few of the head-stones has escaped the profane vandalism of some scoundrels, who, as proof of their wit, cut the figure 'I' before the figures recording the ages of the deceased, making it appear that those who rested here from their labors had enjoyed incredibly patriarchal length of years."

"Between the hill and the rickety suburb known as Rocketts there is a large encampment, and I believe there are also batteries here, for the defense of the river. I know that there certainly are batteries on the bluff, above and beyond Rocketts. Near here the few steamers and sailing craft that used to trade to Richmond had their mooring-places, and here also the James River and Kanawha Canal has its southern outlet into the river. This is a great work of internal improvement, so far as the design is concerned; but, unfortunately for Virginia, her execution does not keep pace with her plans, and the canal, though open for many years, does not come within a long distance of the Kanawha River, which it was intended to tap. If it ever will do so, it must be after secession is crushed and the Union restored."

"Richmond is not, as seems erroneously to be considered, garrisoned by a large army. There are only camps of instruction maintained here. The recruits are sent for drill and equipment, and when they are considered tolerable in those respects they are forwarded to other points."

## UNPRINTED RECORDS

**WILL OF ASA CABANISS OF LUNENBURG COUNTY, VIRGINIA.** The following record of the will was recorded in Lunenburg County, Virginia, Will Book No. 10, pages 47-49 as reads as follows:

"In the name of God amen, I Asa Cabaness of the County of Lunenburg (Virginia) being in my perfect mind, and memory, do make, obtain and constitute this my last will and testament, in manner and form as follows, viz: I give and bequeath to my sons William Cabaness,

John Cabaness, and Asa B. Cabanessa the advancements I have made to them (viz). To each of them I have advanced in property to the value of one hundred and forty nine dollars.

Item, I give to my daughter Sarah Cabaness, and my son George W. Cabaness, each of them one hundred and forty nine dollars or its value in property. Item, I lend to my dear wife Sarah Cabaness all my lands during her natural life—I also lend her all my stock of every description, plantation tools and utensils used in and about the Plantation, household and kitchen furniture, but my apparatus for manufacturing I wish to be sold, and I lend to my wife one equal third part of my Negroes in value, she having the liberty of choosing such as she prefers, to be held also by her during her natural life and at her death all the Negroes and lands and other property loaned to my wife, to be equally divided among all my children having regard to the advancements already made, but as my lands will be inconvenient to divide, I desire that they should be sold, and the money then divided as aforesaid, taking my grandson William Traylor into the division instead of his mother, Rebecca Traylor, deceased, my grandson William Traylor to account for sixty dollars the value of the advancements made to his mother. The other two thirds of my Negroes I desire should remain in possession of my wife till my son George W. Cabaness comes to lawful age or marriage, then to be equally divided among all my children or their heirs including my grandson William Traylor instead of his mother.

Item, I give to my daughter Nancy Crow sixty four dollars being the value of the advancements I have made to her—and I desire that the portion of my estate which at any time falls to her share should be held in trust for the benefit of her and such of her children as remains with her during her life unless her present husband Thomas Crow, dies before she does, in that event, I wish her share to be delivered to her on loan for life, and at her death to be equally divided among all the heirs of her body. It wish it further understood that my executors should act as trustees in this case but in case of the death or removal of my executors I wish the court to appoint fit and proper trustees to execute this part of my will.

Item, if my grandson William Traylor should die before he arrives at age or marriage, I desire that all and every part of his legacy shall revert to my estate. Item, I wish it distinctly understood that if my son Asa B. Cabaniss fails to make to me or to my heirs a good and lawful title to one hundred and fourteen and one half acres of land, which he bought of the estate of Samuel Rudder, deceased, who was son of old Alexander Rudder, deceased, which land I paid for, he the said Asa B. Cabaness shall account for five hundred dollars for the said land before he comes in for any other portion of my estate.

Lastly, I leave my friends Joseph Marshall and William Wilkinson, Executors of this my last will and testament hereby revoking all other Wills by me heretofore made. In Witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal this 26th day of July, 1826. Signed—Asa Cabaniss (Seal); witnesses: Thomas Adams, and John Blackwell.

Added—My desire is that whatever crop is on the plantation at the time of my death, should remain on it for the use of my wife and family.—26th July, 1826. Signed—Asa Cabaniss (Seal); witnesses: Thomas Adams, John Blackwell.

The following Codicil was added: (Will of Asa Cabaniss)

This further codicil to my will is made for the purpose of expressing my intention with more certainty in relation to that portion of my estate designated for the benefit of my daughter Nancy Crow—That portion as designated I devise to my executors in trust for the exclusive use and maintenance of my aforesaid daughter and her children whilst they live with, and at her death to be equally divided between the children which she now has and may hereafter have, and the descendants of any such as may happen to die before her, giving to such descendants the portion which their parent would have been entitled to, if each parent had survived my aforesaid daughter, but if my daughter shall survive her husband William Crow that the trust estate is to be determined and she is to hold and possess the same as tenant for life, with remainder over in fee to her children to be equally divided between them as aforementioned. Given under my hand this 9th day of August, 1826.—Signed Asa Cabaniss (Seal); witnesses:—Thomas Adams, John Blackwell.

In Lunenburg County, Va. Court, 12th April 1830:—

The within last will and testament of Asa Cabaness, deceased, was presented in court, and was proved by the oaths of ordered to be recorded. And Joseph Marshall and William Wilkinson the executors named in the said will, came into court and refused to take upon themselves the burden of the execution thereof. Teste: William H. Taylor, CLC (Clerk of Lunenburg Court (Va.).

## PHILLIPS

**PHILLIPS FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA AND NORTH CAROLINA.** This continues from the last issue of this feature:

6. John Ward Phillips, son of Dr. James Jones Phillips, born 1850, died October 30, 1902, Rocky Mount, North Carolina; married; Feb. 28, 1877, Katherine Hart Wimberly, born 1859, daughter of George L. Wimbrely, (1836-1924) and his wife Francis Jane Whitfield.

John Ward Phillips and Katherin Wimberly had issue: I. John Ward Phillips, born 1878, died unmarried. II. Frances Phillips, born 1880, m.—(1st) Augustus M. Shaw, m.—2ndly, Frank Parker Spruill, see above, grandson of Sally Tart Phillips. Issue of 1st marriage:

I. William Shaw, President Peoples Bank, Rocky Mount, N. C., m.—Burt Perry, dau. of Elijah Boddie Perry.

Issue of 2nd marriage:

2. Frank Parker Spruill, born 1910, attorney in Rocky Mount, N.C., m.—Polly Irby Easley and has issue: Anna Easley Spruill, b. 1940; Harriet Burt Spruill, b. 1943; and Frank Parker Spruill, b. 1952.

3. Edward Muse Spruill, b. 1912, an Episcopal Clergyman and rector of Grace Church, Plymouth, N.C., m.—Florence Estelle Eagles and has issue: Florence Estelle Spruill.

4. Katherine Wimberly Spruill, born 1916, m.—William B. Harrison of Rocky Mount, N.C. and has issue: Frances Wimberly Harrison, b. 1942; William B. Harrison, b. 1943; Frank Spruill Harrison, b. 1946; and Katherine Curtis Harrison, b. 1950.

(Reference: "Southside Virginia Families," Vol. II, by John B. Boddie, pages 355-356, published 1956).

This Phillips data to be continued in the next issue.



CHURCHILL

## CHURCHILL

**ARMS:** Sable, a lion rampant argent, debruised with a bendlet gules.

**CREST:** Out of a ducal coronet or, a demi-lion rampant argent.

**MOTTO:** "Dieu defend le droit."

This Churchill arms has been used by the Virginia family of the name and they descend from William Churchill, who was born in the year 1649 and died in 1710 coming from his native country of England in 1669, he settled in the Virginia Colony at his plantation named "Bushy Park" in one of Virginia's oldest counties of Middlesex on the Rappahannock River. He immediately became prominent in the affairs of the Colony and was elected to the House of Burgesses in the year 1691 and again for 1692. He was also a member of the Assembly for 1704. He also became a Member of the Governor's Council in 1705. Not only was he active in the political affairs of his community, he was selected as vestryman and warden of Christ Church of Middlesex County. He married Elizabeth (Armistead) Wormeley, daughter of Colonel John Armistead, who was also a member of the Governor's Council. Elizabeth had been a widow. This couple had,

Armistead Churchill, who was born in 1704 and died in 1763. He, also, became active in his community and was named Justice of the Peace, an honored appointed position of his day. Also he was customs collector for Rappahannock River, a very lucrative position. He was named Colonel of the Militia of his area, as well as, Episcopal Church Warden and Vestryman. He married Hannah Harrison, daughter of Colonel Nathaniel Harrison of Wakefield in Surry County, Virginia. This couple had,

William Churchill, who was born in 1726 and died in 1790. He became the Clerk of Middlesex Co., Va. Court. His other county activities were that of Church Warden and Vestryman for Christ Church. He also was named to the Governor's Council. He married Elizabeth Carter.



# Climbing The Family Tree

By HUGH S. WATSON

## HENDERSON



**ARMS:** Gules, three piles issuing out of the sinister side argent, on a chief of the last crescent azure, between two ermine spots.

**CREST:** A cubit arm proper, the hand holding a star or, ensigned with a crescent azure.

**MOTT:** Sola virtus nobilitat.

This arms has been used by the Virginia family of Henderson and they descend from Thomas Henderson, who came from Dumfries, Scotland to Jamestown, in the year 1607. His land was later noted to have been at Blue or Yellow Springs near Jamestown Island, Virginia. This Thomas Henderson was descended from Sir James Henderson of Fordell. The name of his wife is not known to this editor. He had,

Richard Henderson, who moved to the area of Hanover Co., Va., however, he married Margaret Washer, a daughter of Ensign Washer. This Ensign Washer was a Member of the First House of Burgesses held in 1619 and he represented the plantation of Captain Lawne, which was on the Isle of Wight County, Va. side of the James River. Richard Henderson and Margaret Washer had,

Samuel Henderson, who was born in 1700 and died 1783, the 1st of his family to move to North Carolina and settled in Granville Co., N.C., where he was High Sheriff of this named county. He later removed to Edgecombe County, N. C. prior to the Revolutionary War. He married in the year 1732, Elizabeth Williams, who was born in the year 1714, being the daughter of Judge John H. Williams and wife Mary Kelynge, daughter of Lord George Kelynge. The named Judge Williams was from Wales.

From this Henderson family many distinguished gentlemen descend, who were prominent in the affairs of North Carolina.

## HISTORICAL RARITIES

More and more family reunions are gathering themselves together all over the country. The flare must result from the fact of pride and not to lose their identity in this modern world. Among the many family reunions there is one, which is named The Willis, Gordon, Garnett and Allied Families Association.

This named family group held its first reunion in August 1935 with 70 members of the clan there. They were gathered at the old homeplace of many named Locust Grove one mile east of Rapidan, Virginia.

Since this old place is of interest to many Virginians, I shall quote from an article in The Virginia Star by Grace Goodwin Priest and Mrs. Calfee, it reads:

"Locust Grove, located 1 mile east of Rapidan, is believed to be more than 200 years old, as the 2 rooms which comprise the central section of the present house were built by the grandfather of Capt. Isaac Willis. Capt. Isaac and his father William—known to have been born here, where both died."

"The date 1735, found inscribed on the north side of the massive brick chimney which is the dominant feature of the original structure, is believed to be the date when 2 additional rooms were added, and the chimney was divided into 2 parts to provide a fireplace for the new parlor. The original house was built of hewn logs, now covered with weatherboarding. The wainscoting which is still in good condition, is of heart pine, 20 in. wide, capped by a 5-in. chair rail. The hand beaded beamed ceiling, the pine mantels and wide paneling of the box stairway, all show the care and skill which was devoted to this small, but substantial structure."

"It seems possible that Locust Grove was the only example of European house-craft in this part of Virginia at that time and that the founders of it might be considered as being among the pioneers of Piedmont Virginia."

"Mrs. Willis (Grace Goodwin) Priest, daughter of James Goodwin, direct descendant of Capt. Isaac Willis, and his wife Anne Garnett of "Quiet Shade," owned and lived at Locust Grove for a number of years. At her death, she left it to a nephew, James Goodwin of Mississippi, and his wife Barbara, who moved to Virginia about 1960 to make this quaint old house their home."

The above article was taken from the "Reunion Journal", a publication of the Willis, Gordon, Garnett and Allied Families' Association of August 1964.

Within this publication will be found the births of new arrivals of the families named and marriages, as well as, death notices.

Those who are interested in this family group are requested to contact Mrs. Marion Gordon (Elizabeth Valentine) Garnett, Sr., 325 Catalpa Avenue, Hampton, Virginia for they are asking for records of confederate soldiers on the families, present armed forces records of all members of the clan. There have been lineages published on the families and many persons already belong to historic patriotic societies.

## QUESTIONS

A1050. WATTS-SHERRILL. Who were the parents of Archibald Watts, who married Sarah Sherrill on Dec. 16, 1799 in Greene County, Ga.? Were Pleasant, Jacobus, Harrison and Littleberry Watts the brothers of Archibald Watts? (R.B.J., Shreveport, La.)

A1051 TYNER-PREVATTE. Wish the names of parents of Benjamin Tyner. Also wish the names of brothers and sisters, if any of the mentioned Benjamin Tyner. Also wish the name of the county from which the Tyner family came before locating in North Carolina.

The Family Bible records show that my great-grandfather, Benjamin Tyner married Mary Ann Prevatte on Jan. 31, 1850, and they had the following listed children: Benjamin Tyner, Jr., Elias Warren Tyner, Thomas Tyner, Arrie Etta Tyner, Nora Tyner, Carolina Tyner, and Dovie Jane Tyner.

Benjamin Tyner, Jr., my grandfather, was born on Dec. 5, 1861 in Robeson County, North Carolina. In the United States Census of North Carolina for 1790, there are no Tyners listed in Robeson County, but some are listed in Northampton County, North Carolina.

I have obtained my great-grandfather's Civil War record from Washington, D. C., which states that he enlisted in the Confederate Army on May 14, 1862 at Wilmington, North Carolina as a Private in Company F, 3rd Regiment, North Carolina Infantry. At the time of his enlistment, he was living in Robeson County, North Carolina near the town of Lumberton. His war record states that he died of typhoid fever on August 20, 1862 at a camp below Richmond.

Any information on this family will be appreciated. (R. W. R., Newport News.)

## UNPUBLISHED RECORDS

**WILL OF SARAH CABANISS.** April 16, 1852. I, Sarah Cabaniss, make this my last will and testament. I desire my whole estate, that which I now have, and that which I may hereafter come in possession of to be divided between my two sons John Cabaniss and Asa B. Cabaniss, and my daughter, Sarah Rash, but in making the division I wish my son Asa B. Cabaniss to have two hundred dollars more in money or property than either John or Sarah Rash. I wish the two last mentioned to share equally. I leave the rest of my children nothing at all.

I appoint my son Asa B. Cabaniss my Executor to this my will.

Witness my hand and seal date above. Sarah (her mark) Cabaniss.

Acknowledged in our presence both being present at this same time. Signed, William Raney, John A. Harris. Lunenburg County, Virginia Circuit Court, 7th Sept. 1855.

In the case of James S. Cabaniss, &c against William Cabaniss, &c the Court having maturity considered the examination of the witnesses, whose evidence was taken down in writing in court, a written statement of Roger B. Atkinson filed and read by consent, and arguments of counsel, being of opinion that the within writing was the true last will and testament of Sarah Cabaniss, deceased, ordered that the same be recorded as such. Teste: T. H. Winn, CC (Clerk of the court). (Recorded in Lunenburg Co., Va. Deed and Will Book, 1811-1888, at page 55).

## PHILLIPS FAMILY

**PHILLIPS FAMILY OF SURRY CO., VA. AND NORTH CAROLINA.** This continues from the previous issue of this feature and concludes the data for which I had had many requests.—Editor. We shall continue with the children of John Ward Phillips and wife Katherine Wimberly, some of whom had been given in the previous issue:

III. Maude Phillips, born 1882.

IV. Harriet Phillips, born 1884.

V. George Wimberly Phillips, born 1886, m.-Mattie Grimes.

VI. Robert Diggs Phillips, born 1889, m.-Mrs. Lilliam Atkinson.

VII. Walter Everett Phillips, born 1891.

VIII. Katherine Wimberly Phillips, of whom later.

7. Katherine Wimberly Phillips, daughter of John Ward Phillips, born August 12, 1898, m.-October 6, 1923, in the Church of the Good Shepherd, Rocky Mount, N. C., Hassell Howard Weeks, born October 11, 1894, died Dec. 29, 1953, the son of George Weeks and Elizabeth Legett of Edge-

combe County, North Carolina. They had issue:

I. Hassell Howard Weeks, Jr., born June 26, 1925, Rocky Mount North Carolina; attended the University of North Carolina; m.-1953 at Nashville, Nash County, N. C., Helen Williams Bachelor of Nashville.

II. John Philips Weeks, born June 20, 1931, Rocky Mount, North Carolina."

(This ends the Philips family data which was taken from the book, "Southside Virginia Families," Vol. II, pages 350-356, by John Bennett Boddie; published 1956. Our readers may wonder why the spelling of the name was "Philips", but I may state that it was given just as printed.)

## BARHAM FAMILY

**BARHAM FAMILY OF SURRY COUNTY, VIRGINIA.** This continues as the 61st article on the Barham family. So, we shall begin with Entry No. 61:

**ENTRY No. 61—1789, June 19.** Indenture (Deed) from Theodorick B. Ruffin, wife, Susannah, to William Salter; 180 lbs.; covering 350 acres of land on South side of Pocatink Swamp, land William Ruffin, deceased, devised Theodorick Ruffin. Bounded by Henry Crafford, John Pitts, William Boyce, Willis Wright, James Alexander, and William Phillips; witnesses, Joseph Barham, Henry Crafford, James Jones (Surry County, Va., Deed Book 1788-1792, page 98).

1788, Aug. Court. Joel Barham a witness for Bell at the suit of Parsons is allowed 3 days attendance and traveling 15 miles and returning. (Elizabeth Parsons plaintiff VS George Bell continued) (Sussex County, Va., Order 1786-1791).

1789, May Court, Sussex Co., Va.: Joel Barham a witness-Parsons VS Bell is allowed 1 days attendance and traveling 15 miles (Sussex Co., Va. Order Book 1786-1791, page 485).

1789, Oct. Sussex Co., Va. Court: John Barham, William Barham and Rebecca Barham, orphans of Benjamin Barham, deceased, appeared in Court and chose William Brown their Guardian (Sussex Co., Va., Order Book 1786-1791, page 573) (The Will of William Brown, died 19 Aug. 1775, and his will was probated 9 September 1776, naming: sons, Henry, William, Benjamin, John, and Samuel, given the plantation I live on; daughters, Mery, Sarah, Elizabeth, Selah, Ann, Silviah Bworn;

Wife, Sarah  
Seven (7) children now living with me  
Daughter, Sarah, given feather bed, furniture, etc.

Executor, Son, Samuel (he also receives plantation)

Witnesses: Thomas Presson, James Brock, Lydda Smith.

This will of William Brown, recorded in Sussex Co., Va. Will Book "C", page 213)

(Then in 1788, April 1. Henry Brown deeded to Brother William Brown, for love and affection, 40 acres of land bounded by Howell Jones, William Stokes and Nathaniel Holt. No witnesses. Recorded in Sussex Co., Va. Deed Book "J", page 347)

(Then to tie-in with the above on 1805, Dec. 18, William Brown, wife Lucy, deed to John Green, 468½ acres adjacent to Nathaniel Holt, Mary Knight, Howell Jones; witnesses, Balaam Freeman, John Brown. This recorded in Sussex Co., Va. Deed Book, "J", page 437).

(Marriage Bond 1781, William Brown, Jr., of Sussex Co., Va. to Elizabeth Taylor, daughter of Henry Taylor—recorded in Southampton Co., Va.)

In the next issue of this feature some census records will be given showing that the members of the Barham family moved from Virginia south as so many Virginia families did at the time following the Revolutionary War.



# Climbing The Family Tree

Genealogy Questions  
And Answers

By HUGH S. WATSON Jr.



By HUGH S. WATSON

## BOYNTON



**ARMS:** Or, a fess between three crescents gules.

**CREST:** On a wreath, a goat passant sable, guttee d'argent beard, horns, and hoofs, or.

**MOTTO:** *If tempo passa.*

This arms has been used by the New England family of Boynton. They descend from one John Boynton, who was born in 1614 and died in 1670 being the son of William Boynton of East Riding of Yorkshire, England at Kingston, Winttingham. This line descends from Bartholomew de Boynton, who was siezed of the manor of Boynton as early as the year 1067. This estate passed down in succession to his son Walter Boynton. The first mentioned John Boynton in this article with his brother William came to America and settled in New England at the time and with Rev. Ezekiel Rogers in the year 1638. These brothers settled at Rowley, Massachusetts. John Boynton married Ellen (some say Eleanor) Pell of Boston, Mass., who died in the year 1694. This couple had,

Sergeant Caleb Boynton, who was born in 1649 and died in 1708. He served his colony of Mass. against the Indians during King Philip's war. He married in the year 1674, Hannah Harriman, who was born in 1655 and died 1708 being the daughter of Leonard Harriman of Rowley, Mass. This couple had,

Ebenezer Boynton, who was born in 1688 and died in 1761. This gentleman removed and settled in the Parish of Byfield at Rowley, then later removed to Weston, Middlesex County, Mass., which was in the year 1726. He married 1st, Sarah Groat, who died about 1728 being the daughter of Caleb Groat. This couple had

Caleb Boynton, born 1724 and died 1797. He married twice; 1st, Rachel and 2nd Lydia Bullard.

### HISTORICAL RARITIES

One hundred and two years ago, so much for so little. Where could one receive his keep and instructions for this nominal fee and above all, an education? This advertisement appeared in Jan. 18, 1862 issue which read as follows of the Harper's Weekly:

"One hundred acceptances wanted or one hundred offers of free education."

"Persons wishing to obtain an education, can have one term (one third of a year) in the Judson River Institute, Claverack, Columbia C., N.Y., without cost to themselves, by obtaining subscribers to The Methodist."

"The price of board, washing, fuel, incidentals, furnished room, tuition in higher English, penmanship, French, military drill, Latin and Greek, is sixty-six dollars for one term (one third of a year).

"Thirty-three subscriptions to The Methodist for one year sixty-six dollars. Anyone can obtain thirty-three subscribers by working for them and to any one not now a patron of the Hudson River Institute, who does forward the names of thirty-three subscribers for one year, with the money, we will give a certified on the principal for the one term as above."

"Specimen copies of The Methodist, with full list of premiums, sent free on application."

"Catalogues of the Institute sent free on application."

"Address, The Publishers of The Methodist, 7 Beekman Street, New York."

### ANNOUNCEMENT

Third annual Oklahoma conference on genealogy. Sponsored by The College of Continuing Education, University of Oklahoma, Oct. 16-17, 1964.

The conference will have as its theme: "Bridge The Gap—Determine the Place of Origin—Find the Records—Write the Genealogy."

Very eminent students in the field of genealogical research will lecture during these classes. This is a type of seminar.

Among the speakers, who will hold a question and answer after his lecture, will be Dr. Conrad Swan. His subject will be, "Genealogical Sources in England, Scotland, and Some Observations on Northern Ireland."

Dr. Swan is an authority on genealogical research and heraldry and the records of England. As a staff member of the College of Arms, he holds the title of Rouge Dragon Pursuivant of Arms and is the first Canadian to be so directly appointed.

Some of the outstanding staff members of the seminar are: Dr. James H. Ford, Ph.D., University of Oklahoma; Dr. Donnell MacClure Owings, Ph.D., Harvard University; Mrs. Dorothy DeWitt Wilkinson, M.A., University of Michigan, and Graduate Schools, Tulane and University of Oklahoma; Mrs. John Witherspoon Ervin, B.A., Tulane University, and Graduate School, Vanderbilt University.

Those who would be interested in such classes and seminar should contact Mrs. John W. Ervin, 2605 N.W. 30, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73116.

This is considered one of the best among researchers.—Editor.

### QUESTIONS

A1052 (A). KEACH. Who were parents of the Keach brothers; Rev. John R. Keach, born March 1795; died May 2, 1826, Mt. Sterling, Ky.; married Hannah Mead, July 1, 1818, Floyd Co.,

Kentucky. Hiram Keach, born 1802 Abingdon, Virginia; married Cary Ann Mayo on Jan. 8, 1829, Scottsville, Va., she being from Charlottesville, Virginia.

(B). PRICE. Who were the parents of the price brothers? Aquilla, born March 6, 1806. William Price, born March 22, 1811. Zachariah Price, born in Kentucky, Virginia or Maryland.

(C). BRAY. Who were the parents of Moses Bray, born 1795 in North Carolina. He married Lucy Walker on Jan. 4, 1822. Moses purchased land on Fish River, Surry County, North Carolina from Amy Bray. In the year 1828 Moses Bray sold his land to Davis Bray of Surry Co., North Carolina. (H.J.B., Crawfordsville, Indiana).

### CABANISS

Unpublished records on this family. At a court continued and held for Lueneburg County (Va.) at the Courthouse thereof on Saturday the 11th day of October, 1856. Present: The same Judge as yesterday—Althea Ann Cabaness, James S. Cabaness and Mary R. Cabaness—Plaintiffs against (vs.) Paschal Y. Cabaness and Jno. R. Harriess, Defendants.

"On the motion of the plaintiffs by counsel, Thos. W. Winn is assigned guardian ad litem to the infant defendant to defend his interest in this suit. And thereupon the said Thos. W. Winn filed his answer to the bill of the plaintiffs and this cause coming on by the consent of parties to be heard on the bill, answers and examination of witnesses, and exhibit and was argued by counsel. On consideration whereof the court doth adjudge and order and decree that David R. Stokes who is hereby appointed commissioner for that purpose do after giving at least two weeks notice of the time and place of sale by posting an advertisement at the front door of the courthouse of Lunenburg County (Va.), and at one or more convenient places in the neighborhood sell to the highest bidder on a credit of twelve months the trace of parcel of land in the bill mentioned taking from the purchaser bond with good security executed to him David R. Stokes as Commissioner, payable at the expiration of twelve months but bearing interest from date and return the same together with a report of sale under this decree to this Court" (Recorded in Chancery Court Book of Lueneburg Co., Va., Book "B", pages 79-80).

### BARHAM

Barham family of Surry County, Virginia. This is the 62nd article on this Barham family and its connections. In the previous issue this editor stated that he would give United States Census records showing that some members moved from the state of Virginia and where they located. This shall be entry No. 62:

ENTRY. No. 62—Year 1790 Census, Guilford County, North Carolina; Charles Barham, 2 males over 16 years, 3 males under 16 years of age, 3 females, 4 slaves.

Hartwell Barham, 1 male over 16 years of age, 7 males under 16 years of age, 3 females and no slaves.

James Barham, 1 male over 16 years of age, 4 males under 16 years of age. Newsom and John Barrow, 2 males over 16 years of age.

Thomas Barron, 2 males under 16 years of age, 2 males over 16 years of age.

1790, United States Census, Wake County, North Carolina:

William Barham, 1 male over 16 years of age, 3 males under 16 years of age, 5 females, and 13 slaves.

Since the Newsom family was so closely connected with the family of Barham we shall give those who had moved from Virginia into North Carolina; the county in North Carolina will be given and the district therein and the surnames shown on the Census list:

Northampton County, N.C., Halifax Distr.—Amos Newsom, Booth Newsom, James Newsom, James Newsom, Moses Newsom, Nathaniel Newsom, Nelson Newsom;

Hertford County, North Carolina, Edenton District:

Charles Newsom, Heosia Newsom, Joel Newsom, John Newsom;

Robeson County, North Carolina—shows Ethelred Newsom;

Edgecomb County, North Carolina—shows Joseph Newsom and Thomas Newsom;

Cumberland County, North Carolina—shows Hartwell Newsom. (Note: We notice the similarity of names of the Barham family and the Newsom family; note Hartwell Newsom and Hartwell Barham.—Editor).

1790. Marriage Bond, Susannah Barham and John Mecom (could this not have been Meacham?—Editor); married by Jno. Meglamore. (Southampton County, Va. (Note: A legacy was paid John Mecom by the estate of James Barham on May 21, 1798). (The will of Mathia Mecom, 1774, with father John Mecom; wife Mary, Executrix and William Simmins).

1790, Aug. 11.—Marriage Bond. Burwell Barham and Silviah Pyland; with security, Thomas Pyland (Surry Co., Va., Marriage Bonds).

1790, Oct. 1.—Marriage Bond. Benjamin Barham and Hannah Brittle; married by Rev. Robert Murrell (Southampton Co., Va. Marriage Bonds).

1790, Oct. 26.—The estate of John Barham with accounts current with Sarah Barham; beginning Feb. 1787, Item: "paid, balance of Bond to John Judkins for rest of 1786" (year 1786); accounting returned Oct. 26, 1790, audited by John Lucas and Nathan Jones (Reference: Surry Co., Va., Will Book 1783-1792, page 284).

1791. Indenture (Deed) from John Judkins, the elder, to William Judkins, son of the late Benjamin Judkins and grandson of said John Judkins; this covered 150 acres of a tract, whereon William Judkins now lives; bounded by James Seward and Thomas Cockes on East and North; by John Judkins and Green Swamp on West (Reference: Surry Co., Va., Deed Book 5, page 283). (Note: This appears to be a part of the same land John Judkins, Sr. bought in 1717-1718 from Thomas Binns. At that time it was near Robert Barham).

1791, May 12.—Marriage Bond—Benjamin Barham and Elizabeth Smith; with security, Edward Fisher; witness, Jno. D. Hausman. Married by Rev. Jno. Meglamore, Baptist. (Southampton Co., Va., Marriage Bond records).

1791. The following Barhams owned land in Surry Co., Va.

Faithy Barham—100 acres.

Joseph Barham—100 acres.

Burwell Barham—200 acres (Reference for this land record is: Surry Co., Va., Land Book).

This will and other data on Barhams to be continued, next issue.



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