

County Uniform Recidivism Measure Project: Results for Tarrant County

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Final
May 25, 2016

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Acknowledgements

The Justice Center assessment team would like to acknowledge the full cooperation of Tarrant County's Criminal Justice Office. They facilitated all aspects of this report including data extraction, drafting contract language, and providing feedback to make the report better. Les Smith, Tarrant County Criminal Justice Coordinator, provided invaluable help in shepherding this project from data request through the final product. Tarrant County Jail, Texas Department of Criminal Justice (TDCJ), Texas Department of Public Safety (TDPS), and Texas Community Justice Assistance Division of TDCJ all provided invaluable access to data resources without which this project could not have been completed. We would also like to thank the members of the Tarrant County Criminal Justice Advisory Committee for the idea and their participation in helping create not only the Tarrant County product, but also a consistent method for counties to approach measuring and comparing recidivism rates throughout Texas. Finally, we want to thank the Criminal Justice Planning Committee, which under the direction of Bob Wessels, helped create and shape the research questions explored in this project.

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I. INTRODUCTION

Background

The *County Uniform Recidivism Measure Project* represents the first time in Texas criminal justice history that county recidivism measures have been developed using a uniform methodology. This approach allows for a more meaningful evaluation of county trends and comparisons across county recidivism rates. With uniform recidivism information, county planners and local stakeholders are better able to identify areas in need of further examination and improve the effectiveness of policies directed at reducing recidivism.

This project started in 2013, based on the interest and initiative of criminal justice planners in Bexar, Dallas, El Paso, Harris, and Tarrant County. Each of these counties contracted with the Justice Center to develop one-, two-, and three-year recidivism reports in which the Justice Center would measure the recidivism of local county populations and state populations (See Figure 1) using a uniform agreed upon methodology.

This is the final Tarrant County report providing one-, two- and three-year recidivism rates for groups released in 2011, 2012, and 2013. This report is graphic and concise. The comparisons over multiple years and across counties are complex, so we try to use visual representations to present the measures.

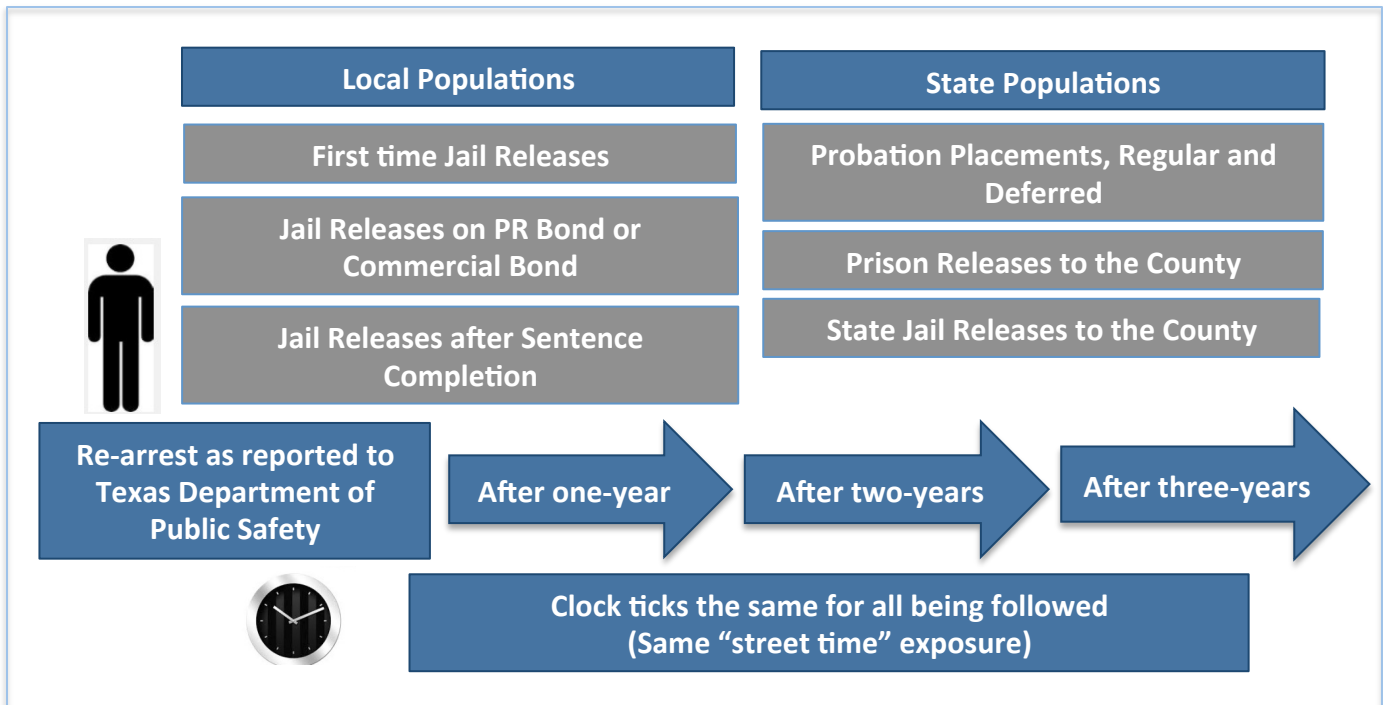
The first two parts of this report provide a graphic overview of the findings for the county and state populations. These sections are meant to guide higher-level discussions for county policy makers. The final section of the report contains detailed statistical tables that provide more in-depth information for those interested.

Other completed reports include the one-year report for Bexar and Harris County, the two-year report for El Paso County, and the three-year report for Dallas County. Development of the three-year report for Bexar County and Harris County are in process. When all contracts are completed it will be possible to have a three-year recidivism measure for all participating counties. At that time, we will have the base of knowledge to follow-up with more in-depth research to determine the main drivers of recidivism in these counties and start focusing on the impact of specific programs on recidivism.

Definition of Recidivism

Figure 1 below depicts the recidivism definition used for this project, which is the same as the one used by the state of Texas since the early 1990's. The measure counts a re-arrest as the "recidivism event." The study populations are persons released from jail, prison, or placed on probation in a particular year. The measure requires that the study population be followed for a uniform period of "street" time that allows everyone to have the same exposure time to recidivate. The uniform tracking period is for one, two, and three-years. The recidivism rate is calculated by dividing the number of people that get re-arrested during the follow up period by the size of the study group tracked. In general, re-arrest is seen as a measure of how the behavior of an offender may have changed after a particular intervention. For this study, re-arrests were calculated by matching the study groups' State Identification numbers (SIDs) with the Computerized Criminal History (CCH) records of the Texas Department of Public Safety (DPS). DPS holds the centralized criminal records for Texas and is the official and most reliable source of information for recidivism analyses.

Figure 1: Depiction of Groups Tracked and Uniform Recidivism Measure



Groups Tracked and Tracking Methodology

Figure 2 shows the groups tracked for analysis. The project includes the development of baseline one, two, and three-year recidivism measures for jail, probation, and prison population groups in 2011 (one, two, and three-year recidivism), 2012 (one and two-year recidivism), and 2013 (one-year recidivism). Due to the time-lag in reporting and the need to wait for “exposure” time on the streets, the project stretches over a three-year period. For example, for the last group tracked in 2013, the one-year recidivism measure cannot be developed until mid-or-late 2015 to allow for accurate reporting and uniform street time.

The jail groups tracked are first releases for the year. A person tracked during the uniform tracking period is counted only once even if the person had multiple bookings for the year. There is a segment of the jail population that is booked multiple times during the year, but they are considered to have “recidivated” after their first booking during the year and not counted twice in the analysis. Additionally, first time releases re-arrested during the one-year tracking period may have been booked during the prior year, but the recidivism measure captures them if they are re-arrested during the recidivism tracking period. For example, an individual with a first time release in January 2011 may have been booked in December 2010. If the individual is rebooked and released again later in 2011, it is counted as a recidivism event in this study.

For comparison purposes, a research-based risk profile was developed for each population. Factors that correlate with risk of re-arrest were identified from the actual data (e.g., age at first arrest, current age, type of offense). Based on these factors, a person was assigned to a low, medium, or high risk recidivating group. The risk proxy developed for this project was used to “normalize” comparisons among counties by controlling for the risk level of each population.

Figure 2: Baseline Groups for One, Two and Three-Year Recidivism Measure

Study Groups	Length of Recidivism Follow-up		
	One Year	Two Year	Three Year
2011			
2012			
2013			

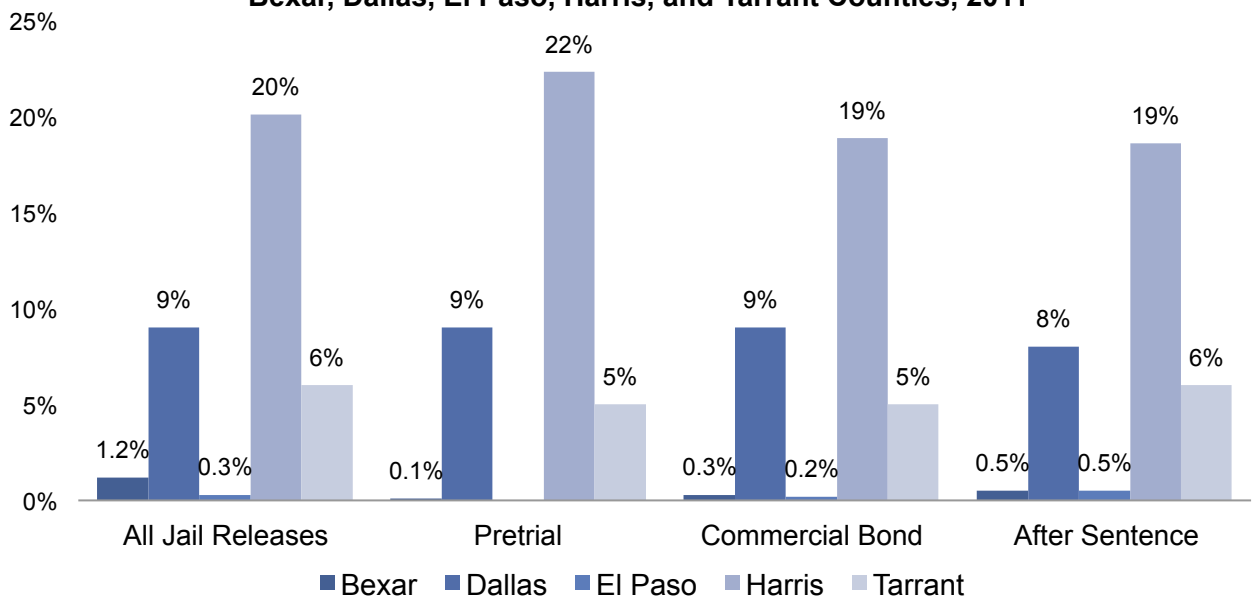
Issue of Misdemeanor C Reporting

In Texas it is mandatory to report the records of persons arrested for Misdemeanor B and higher offenses to the Texas Department of Public Safety (TDPS) Computerized Criminal History system (CCH). However, it is important to note that starting in 2009 local jurisdictions were allowed, but not mandated, to report Misdemeanor C arrests to CCH. Misdemeanor C arrests include assault, threat, theft, stolen vehicle, liquor violations, public order, traffic violations, etc.

Figure 3 shows the overall proportion of Misdemeanor Cs as the only recidivating event in Tarrant County compared to Bexar, Dallas, El Paso, and Harris County in 2011. Reporting of Misdemeanor C arrests to DPS varies greatly by jurisdiction, and DPS is not able to determine the completeness of arrest reporting for this class of offense.

In the first report of this series, Misdemeanor Cs were counted in the overall recidivism measure in Tarrant, Bexar, Dallas, and Harris County. The difference in reporting of Misdemeanor Cs, however, had a substantial impact on the overall comparison of recidivism rates across counties, which was noted in the first round of reports. *Therefore, for years two and three of the project, Misdemeanor Cs are not counted as part of the recidivism measure.*

Figure 3: Probation of Misdemeanors C's as Only Recidivating Event in Bexar, Dallas, El Paso, Harris, and Tarrant Counties, 2011



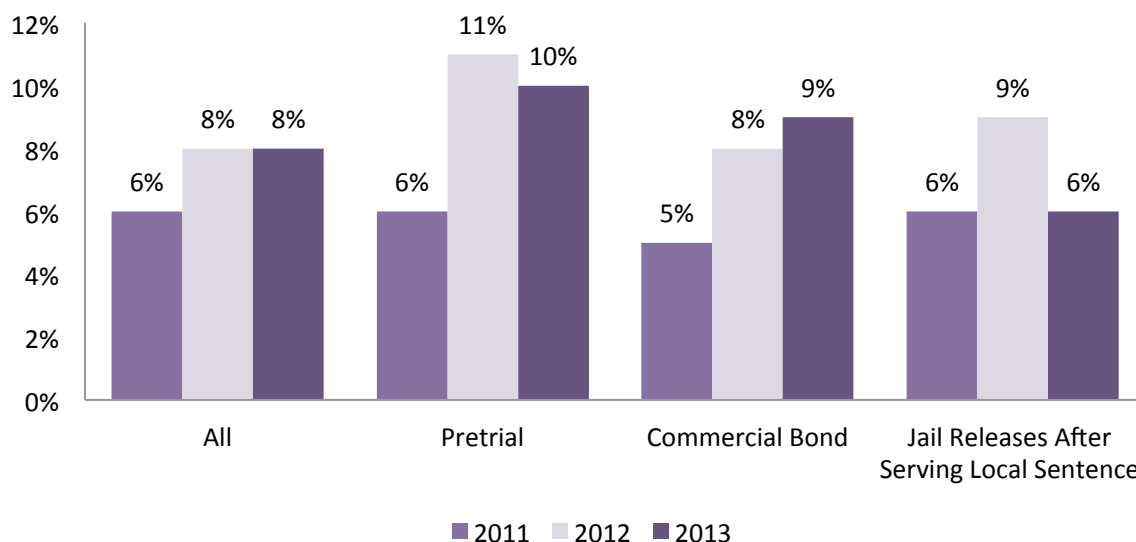
Misdemeanor Cs Are Not Included in the Recidivism Measure in This and Subsequent Reports

In consultation with the planning group it was decided not to include Misdemeanor Cs in the overall recidivism calculations for year two and year three tracking and to adjust the comparisons for year one to follow the same methodology. The different reporting levels of Misdemeanor Cs from the counties to DPS affected the recidivism calculations in ways that reflect more upon the reporting levels than on issues related to recidivism reduction practices.

Figure 4 below shows the percentage of the Tarrant County population followed for one-year after a first jail release in 2011, 2012, and 2013, that were re-arrested for a Misdemeanor C-only offense. This percentage ranged from 5-11 percent due to the reporting of Misdemeanor Cs. However, if Misdemeanor C offenses were counted in the overall recidivism rate, as was done in the first round of reporting for other counties, Tarrant recidivism, for example, would have gone up due primarily to better reporting. Other counties that do not report or have a low level of reporting for Misdemeanor Cs, like El Paso County, may look better because of their lack of reporting.

This report adjusts the 2011 recidivism rates analyzed in the first report by removing Misdemeanor Cs. In order to create equivalent comparison groups, Misdemeanor Cs were also removed from the 2012 cohort. The same adjustments were made for other counties and are reflected in the county comparison section of this report.

Figure 4: Tarrant County 2011 – 2013 Percent of Recidivating Offenders re-arrested for Misdemeanor C-Only Offenses During the One-Year Follow-up Period



Missing State Identification Numbers

Texas Code of Criminal Procedure, Article 60.051, requires that records submitted by the counties to the Texas Department of Public Safety CCH have a unique State Identification Number or SID. This is a critical identifier to link criminal records and essential for conducting recidivism studies. The SID is the most accurate way to identify a person; using name alone or name with date-of-birth may not identify the person correctly due to similar names in the system or the use of aliases. Therefore, those records submitted by the county for this analysis that did not include a SID were excluded from the recidivism calculations.

Every county had some missing SIDs from the records, but El Paso County had a much higher rate of missing SID numbers than the other counties with 25% in 2011 and 21% in 2012. This may be a result of an update in their computer system, county policy on tracking numbers, or other issues not reviewed as part of this project. For the other counties, the missing SID rate ranged from a high of 9% in Dallas to a low of 0% in Tarrant.

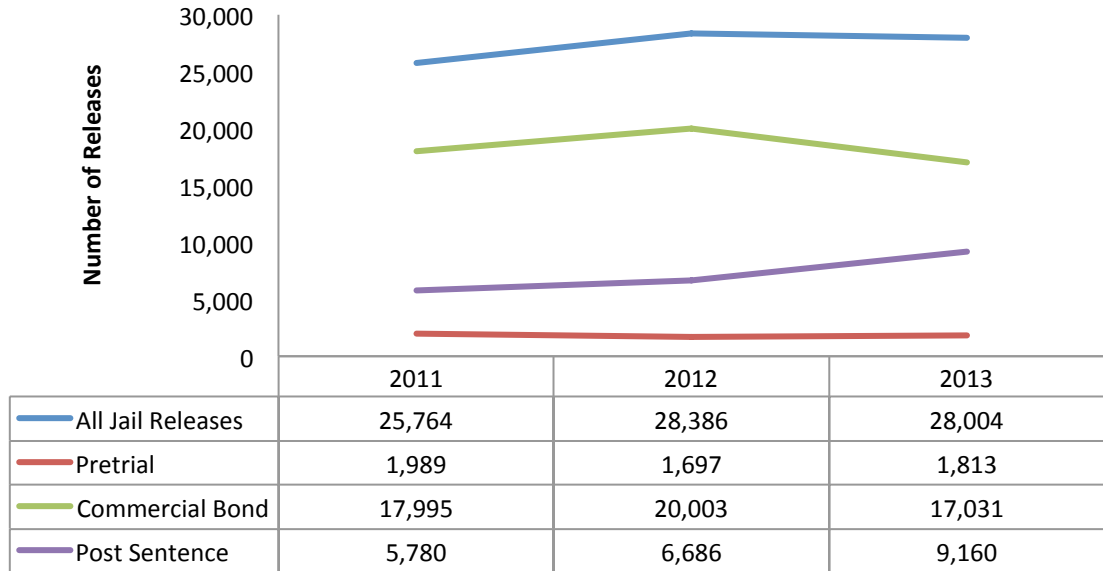
Figure 5: Release Records without SID Numbers

Year	Populations	Bexar	Dallas	El Paso	Harris	Tarrant
2011	Total Jail Records Provided	58,650	91,173	20,504	69,638	30,307
	Jail Record without SID	1,464	7,810	5,080	5,837	266
	% without SID	3%	9%	25%	8%	1%
	% with SID	97%	91%	75%	92%	99%
2012	Total Jail Records Provided	60,711	82,945	24,884		28,572
	Jail Record without SID	3,370	5,410	5,225		106
	% without SID	6%	7%	21%		.3%
	% with SID	94%	93%	79%		99.7%
2013	Total Jail Records Provided	60,570	81,023			28,006
	Jail Record without SID	1,072	4,683			2
	% without SID	2%	6%			0%
	% with SID	98%	94%			100%

II. COUNTY POPULATIONS RECIDIVISM

Definition of Local Populations and three-year Trend of First Time Releases Tracked for This Report

Figure 6: Three-year Distribution of Releases by Release Type, 2011-2013



Release Type	Definition
All Jail Releases	Aggregated total of the four release types outlined below to show the overall re-arrest rate following release from Tarrant County Jail
Pretrial Release	Low risk releases to pretrial services prior to adjudication; population receives phone call reminders of court dates, but does not engage in formal supervision. The bond costs \$20 or 3 percent of the bond, whichever is greater, though the county has the option to waive the fee.
Commercial Bond	Release prior to adjudication on a bond amount set by the judge at magistration. The defendant pays a cash premium (typically 10 percent of the bond amount) to a bail bond company that posts the full bond and is liable for that bond if the defendant fails to appear at court dates. Supervision is not required by the Courts, though conditions of the bond may include requirements such as interlock auto devices and other monitoring.
Post Sentence	Release from jail after serving a sentence. The vast majority of these are misdemeanor sentences or defendants who serve their state jail time in the local jail. Misdemeanor B sentences are from 1 to 180 days and Misdemeanor A sentences are from 1 to 365 days. State Jail carries a maximum penalty of 2 years. There is no supervision following release.

Distribution of Releases Have Changed During the Study Period with Higher Percentage of Post-Sentence Releases

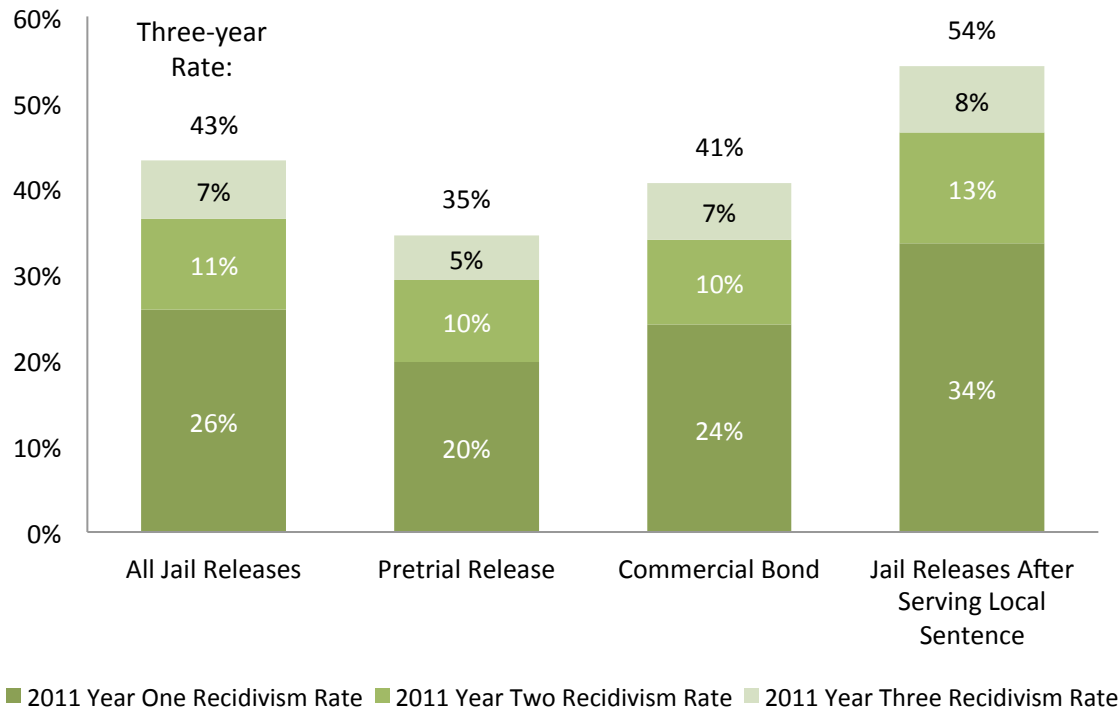
Figure 7: Number of County Jail Releases and Proportion of Releases by Release Type, 2011-2013

	All Jail Releases	Pretrial	Commercial Bond	Post Sentence
2011	25,764	1,989	17,995	5,780
<i>Percent of Total</i>		8%	70%	22%
2012	28,386	1,697	20,003	6,686
<i>Percent of Total</i>		6%	70%	24%
2013	28,004	1,813	17,031	9,160
<i>Percent of Total</i>		6%	61%	33%
2011 to 2013 Change	+9%	-9%	-5%	58%

- The number of total jail releases increased by 9% between 2011 and 2013.
- Post-sentence releases increased by 58%, from 5,780 to 9,160, between 2011 and 2013. No other release type showed a population increase over the study period.
- Post-sentence releases increased as a proportion of releases from 22% of total releases in 2011 to 33% in 2013.
- Pretrial releases decreased by 9% from 2011 to 2013. They also decreased from 8% of total releases in 2011 to 6% in 2013.
- Commercial bond releases decreased by 5% over the study period, and as a proportion of all releases from 70% in 2011 to 61% in 2013.

Over Half of Jail Releases Following a Local Sentence were Re-arrested within Three-years

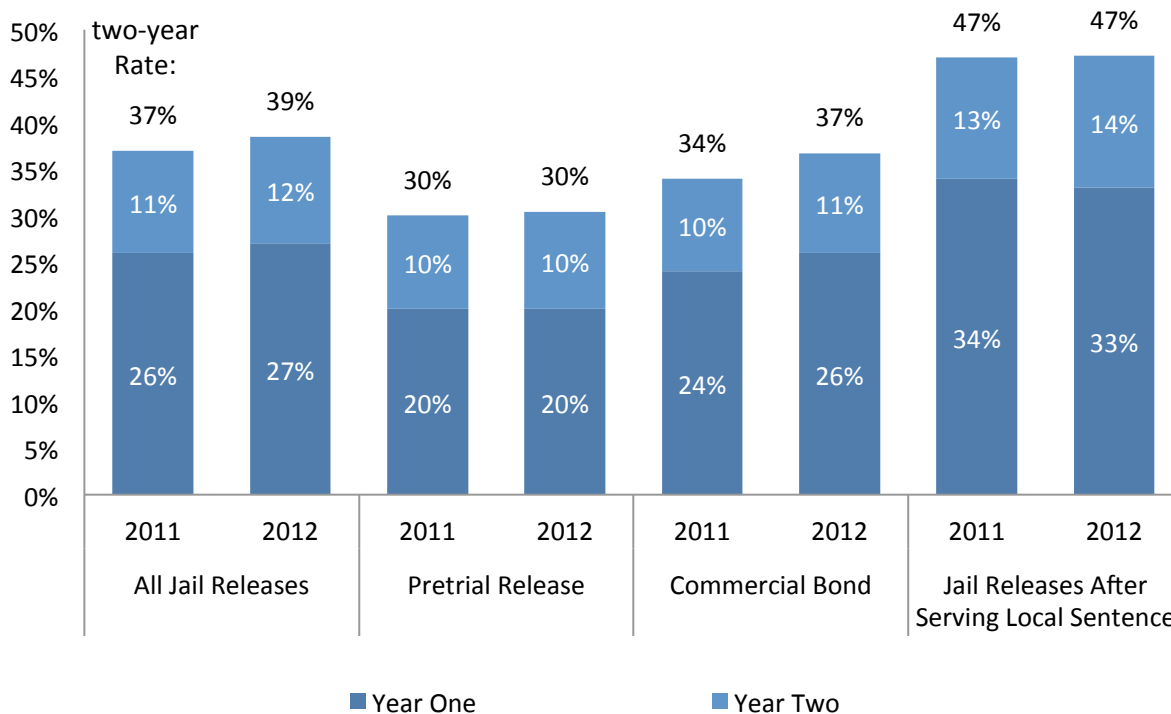
Figure 8: Three-year Recidivism Rate for 2011 Tarrant County Population Study Group



- Offenders released from jail in 2011 were tracked for three-years for this report.
- Overall, 43% of individuals released from jail were re-arrested within three-years, and about half of those arrests occurred within the first year.
- Pretrial releases had the lowest three-year re-arrest rate at 35%.
- Post-sentence releases had the highest rate of re-arrest each year, and had a three-year re-arrest rate of 54%.

Overall Two-Year Recidivism Rates were Slightly Higher in 2012 Due to an Increase in Commercial Bond Re-arrest Rates

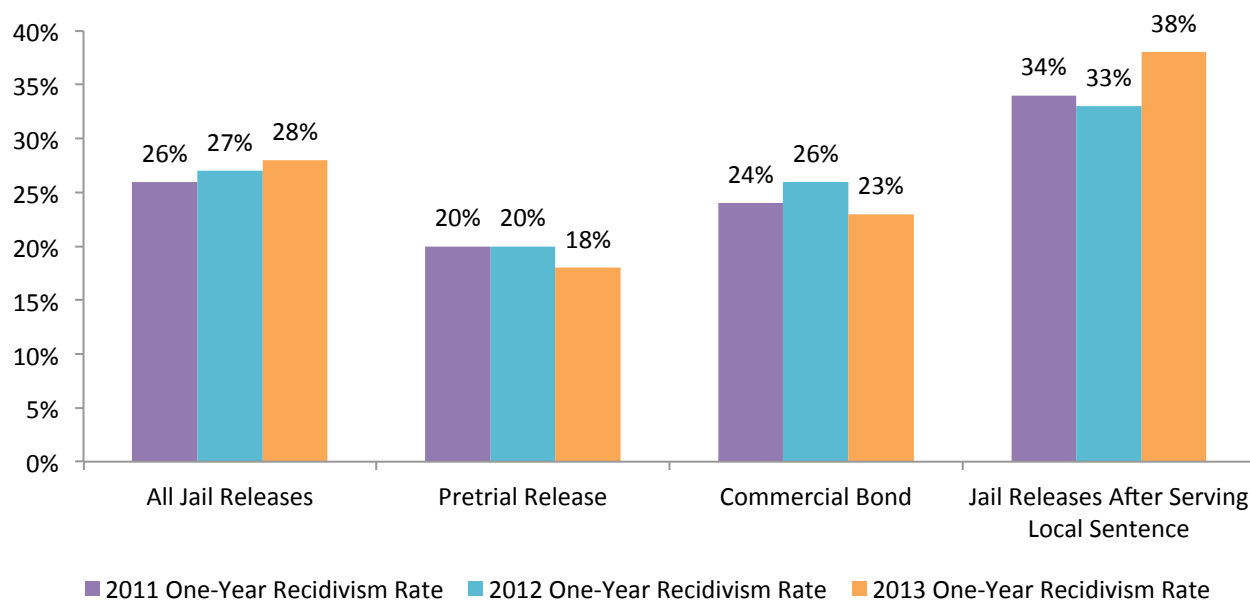
Figure 9: Two-year Recidivism Rate for 2011 and 2012 Tarrant County Population Study Group



- Offenders released from jail in 2012 were tracked for two-years and their recidivism rates are presented in this report and compared to the two-year recidivism rates of the 2011 group.
- The two-year re-arrest rate for all jail releases was higher in 2012 at 39% than 2011 at 37%.
- With equivalent year one and year two re-arrests rates at 20% and 10%, respectively, two-year recidivism rates for pretrial releases remained the same in 2011 and 2012 at 30% .
- In 2012, commercial bond releases saw slight increases in year one and year two re-arrest rates, causing a higher overall two-year rate in 2012 (37%) than 2011 (34%).
- two-year recidivism rates for post-sentence releases stayed the same in 2011 and 2012 at 47%.

Overall One-Year Recidivism Rates Increased Slightly Each Year Driven by Commercial Bond in 2012 and Post-Sentence Releases in 2013

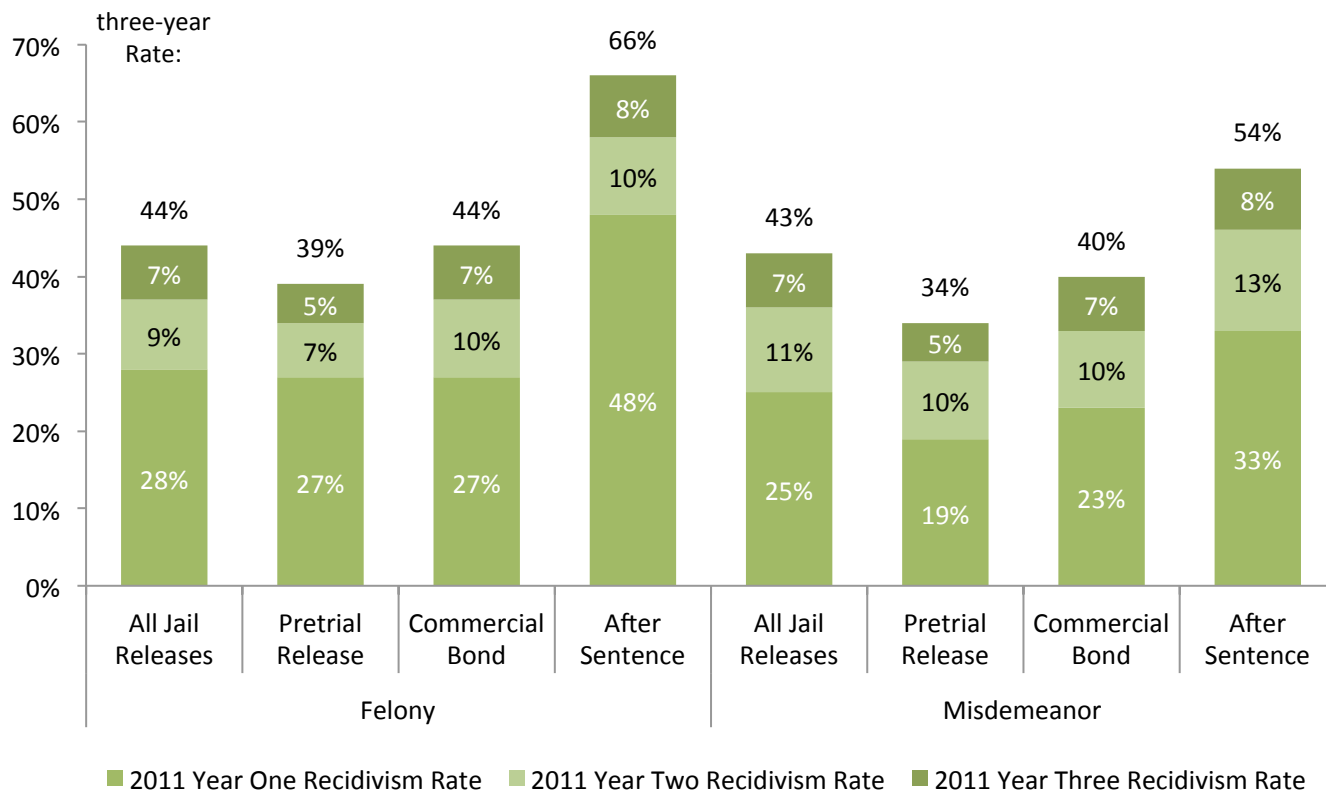
Figure 10: Tarrant County 2011, 2012, 2013 One-Year Recidivism Rates



- Offenders released from jail in 2013 were tracked for one-year and their recidivism rates are presented in this report and compared to the one-year recidivism rates of the 2011 and 2012 groups.
- The one-year re-arrest rate for all jail releases was 26% in 2011 and increased by one percentage point each year of study to 28% in 2013.
- Re-arrest rates for pretrial releases dropped from 20% in 2011 and 2012 to 18% in 2013.
- Re-arrest rates for commercial bond releases increased from 24% to 26% between 2011 and 2012, which drove the increase in 2012's overall recidivism rate.
- Re-arrest rates for commercial bond releases dropped from 26% to 23% between 2012 and 2013.
- Post-sentence release recidivism rates decreased from 34% to 33% between 2011 and 2012 then increased to 38% in 2013, which drove the overall recidivism rate increase for 2013.

Felony Releases had Higher Re-Arrest Rates than Misdemeanor Releases Across All Release Types

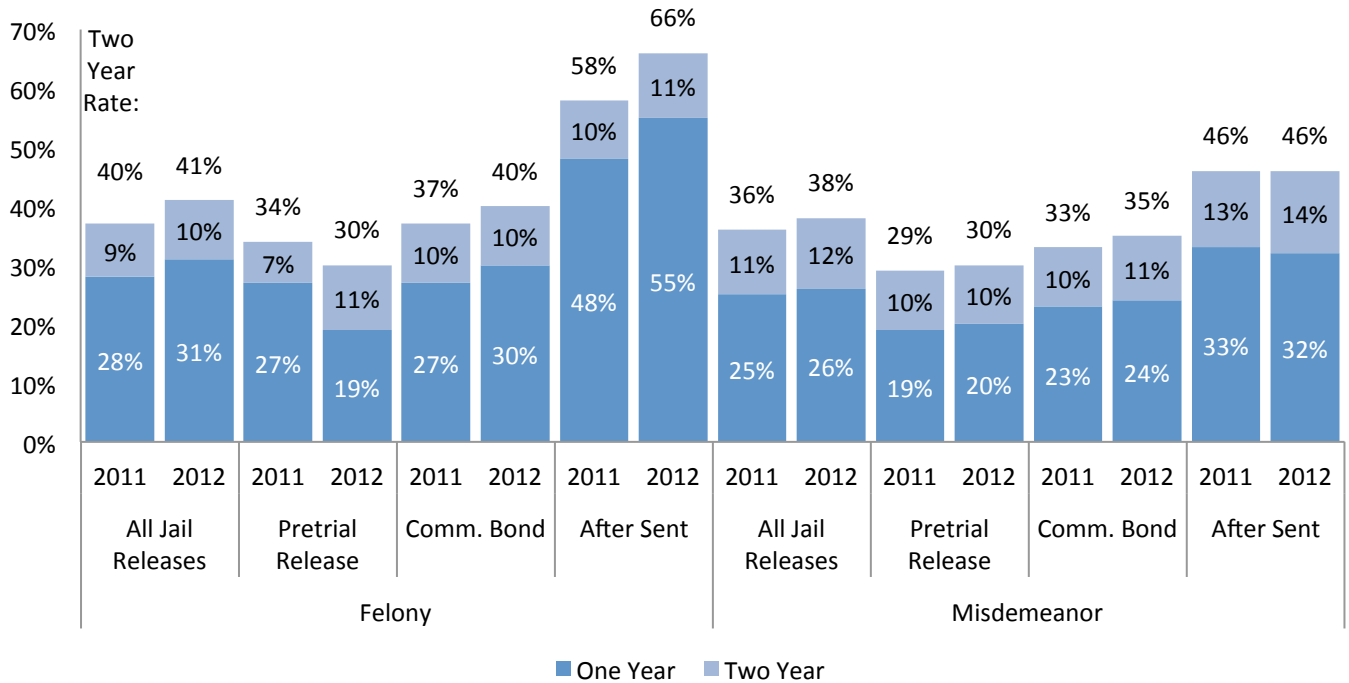
Figure 11: Tarrant County 2011 Cohort - Year One, Year Two, and Year Three Recidivism Rates by Offense Level



- Felony jail releases had a three-year recidivism rate of 44%, which was one percentage point higher than total misdemeanor releases.
- Post-sentence felony releases had the highest three-year re-arrest rate of any release type at 66%, which was 12 percentage points higher than misdemeanor post-sentence releases at 54%.
 - In other words, two of every three felony post-sentence releases were re-arrested within three-years.
 - Although felony post-sentence releases had much higher re-arrest rates than others, they represent less than 5 percent (279 of 5,780) of all post-sentence releases.
- Felony commercial bond releases had a higher three-year re-arrest rate at 44% than misdemeanor commercial bond releases at 40%, but the difference occurred only within the first year following release. Year two and three re-arrest rates were identical at 10% and 7%, respectively.

Felony and Misdemeanor Two-Year Re-Arrest Rates Increased Overall and for Most Release Types between 2011 and 2012

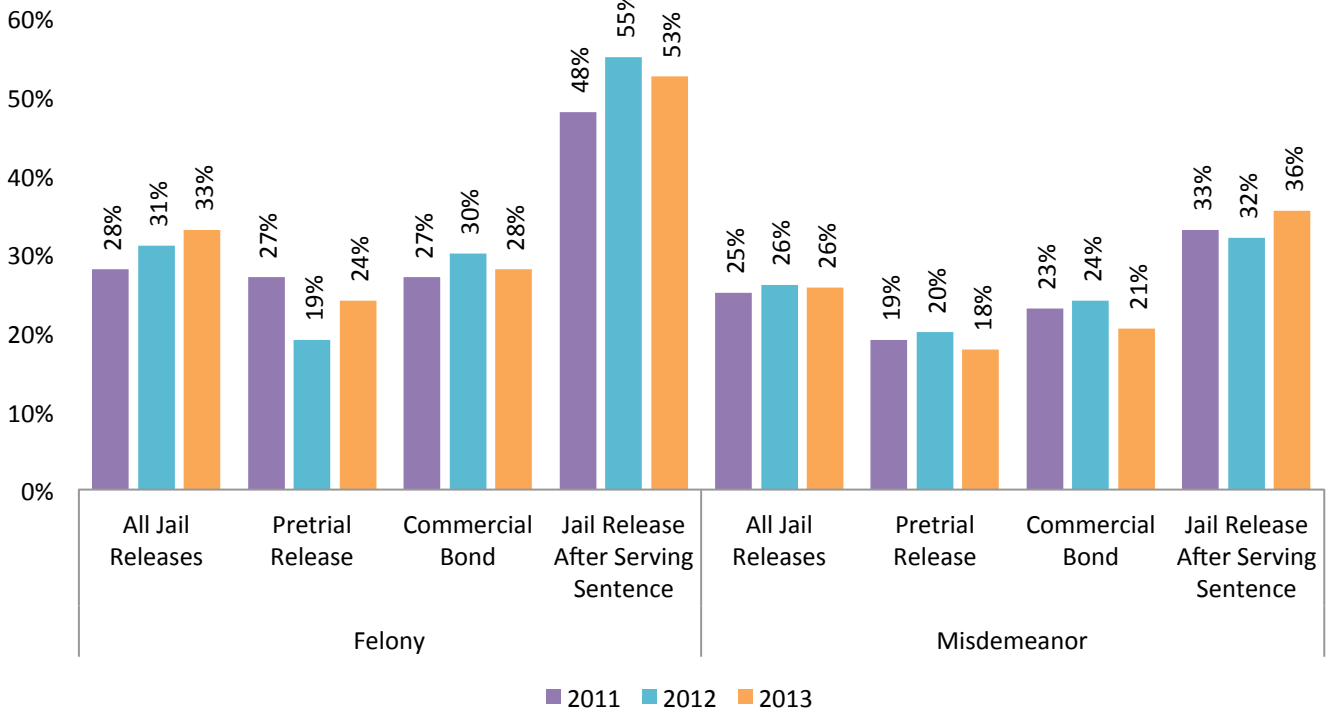
Figure 12: Tarrant County 2011 and 2012 two-year Recidivism Rates by Offense Level



- Overall re-arrest rates increased for felony and misdemeanor releases, from 40% to 41% for felony releases and from 36% to 38% for misdemeanors.
- Felony pretrial releases were the only release type to see a decrease in two-year re-arrest, dropping from 34% in 2011 to 30% in 2012.
- Misdemeanor post-sentence releases were the only release type to remain the same from 2011 to 2012 (46%).

Overall One-Year Re-Arrest Rates for Felony Jail Releases Increased Each Year but Remained Effectively Flat for Misdemeanor Releases

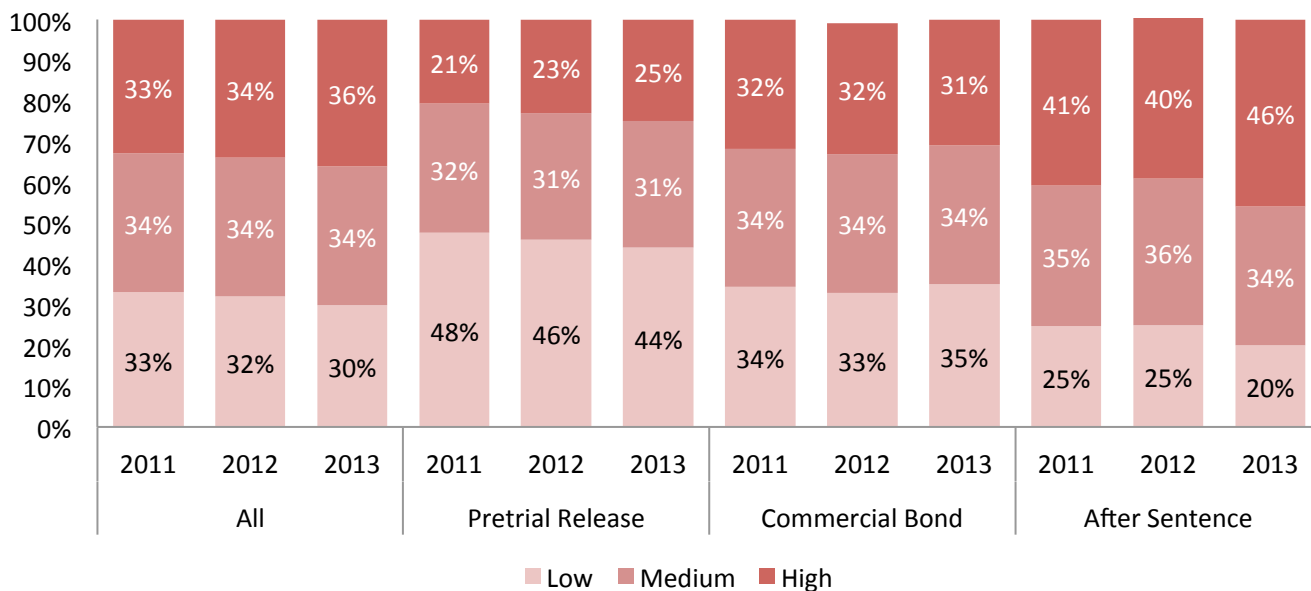
Figure 13: Tarrant County 2011, 2012, 2013 One-Year Recidivism Rates



- One-year felony recidivism rates for all jail releases increased from 28% in 2011 to 31% in 2012 to 33% in 2013.
- One-year misdemeanor recidivism rates for all jail releases increased slightly from 25% to 26% between 2011 and 2012, and remained at 26% in 2013.
- One-year re-arrest rates for felony pretrial releases decreased from 27% in 2011 to 19% in 2012, but increased again in 2013 to 24%. This was the most volatile cohort.
- One-year recidivism rates for felony post-sentence releases were the highest among all release types each year at 48% in 2011, 55% in 2012, and 53% in 2013.
- Misdemeanor pretrial and commercial bond re-arrest rates increased between 2011 and 2012, then decreased below 2011's rate in 2013 (e.g. 23% to 24% and back to 21% for commercial bond releases).

The Proportion of Low Risk Individuals Decreased for Every Release Type Except Commercial Bond between 2011 and 2013

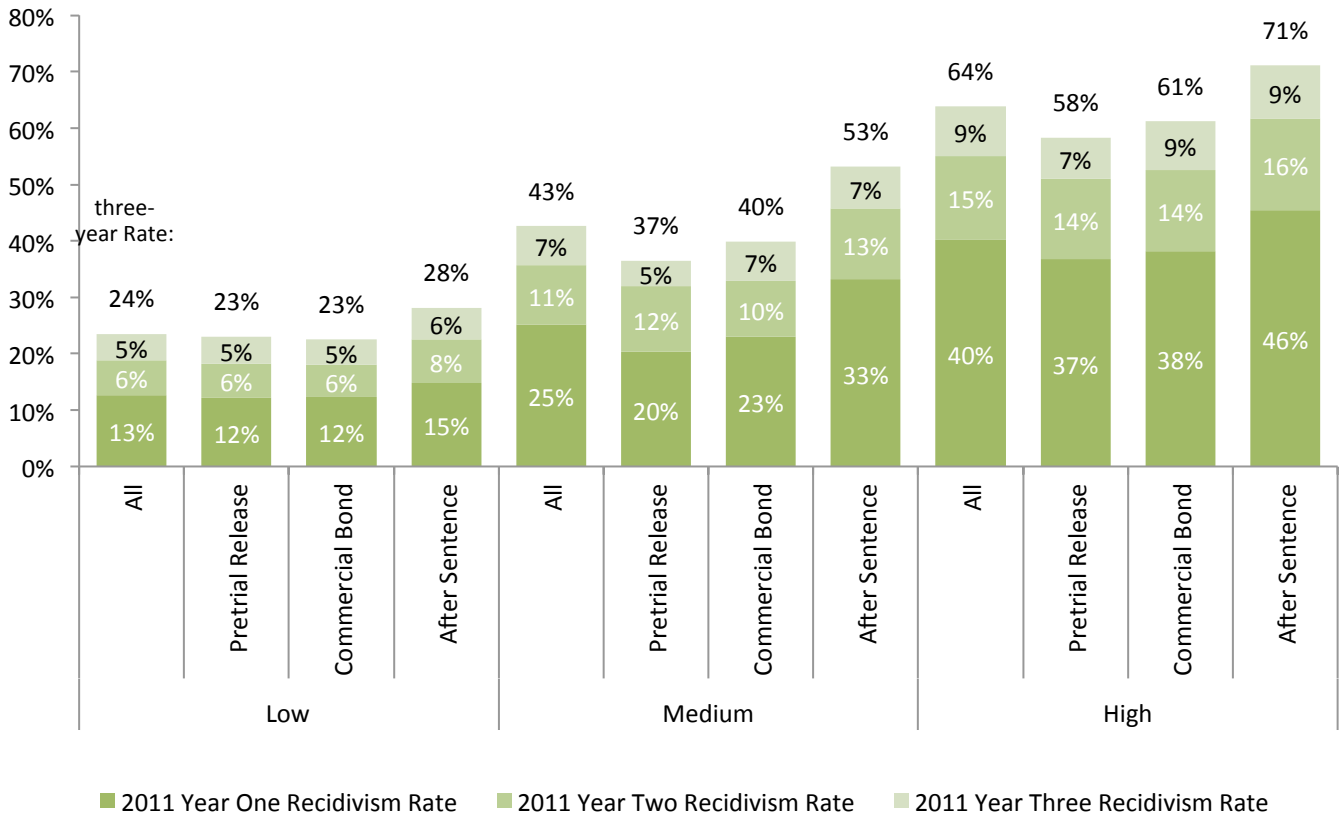
Figure 14: Distribution by Risk Profile for Local Tarrant Populations, 2011 vs. 2012 vs. 2013



- In both 2011 and 2012 all jail releases were evenly distributed across risk levels with approximately one third of releases at each risk level. In 2013, the proportion of low risk releases dropped to 30%, while high risk increased to 36%.
- In both 2011 and 2012 releases after serving a local sentence had the highest risk population with approximately 40% identified as high risk. In 2013, high risk individuals made up 46% of post-sentence releases.
- Pretrial releases had the lowest risk population, but the proportion of low risk releases decreased from 2011 to 2013 - 48% identified as low risk in 2011, 46% in 2012, and 44% in 2013.
- Commercial bond releases were the only group to show an increase the proportion of low risk releases with 34% classified as low risk in 2011 and 35% in 2013.

Three-Year Low Risk Re-Arrest Rates Showed the Least Amount of Variation by Release Type

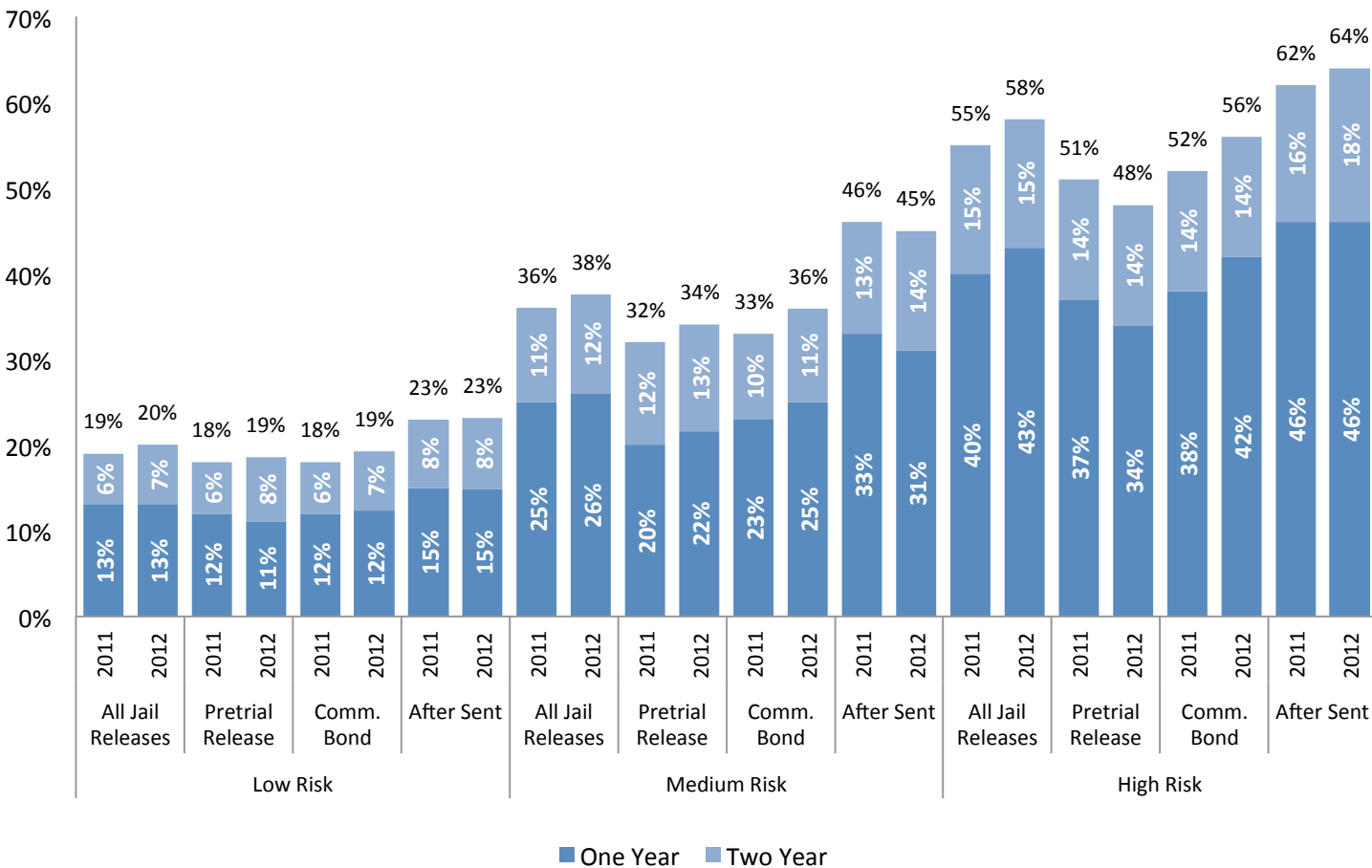
Figure 15: One-Year, Two-Year, and Three-Year Recidivism Rates by Risk Level for 2011 Study Group



- 2011 jail releases identified as high risk had the highest three-year recidivism rates across all release types, whereas, low risk identified releases had the lowest two-year recidivism rates for each release type.
- High risk re-arrest rates ranged from 58% for those released pretrial to 71% for those released following a jail sentence. The variation was driven by the first year re-arrest rates; second and third year rates were comparable.
- Low risk releases had the smallest amount of variation in re-arrest rates with 23% of those released on pretrial or commercial bond re-arrested within three-years and 28% of those released after sentence re-arrested within three-years.

Two-year Re-Arrest Rates Increased for Almost All Release Types at Every Risk Level

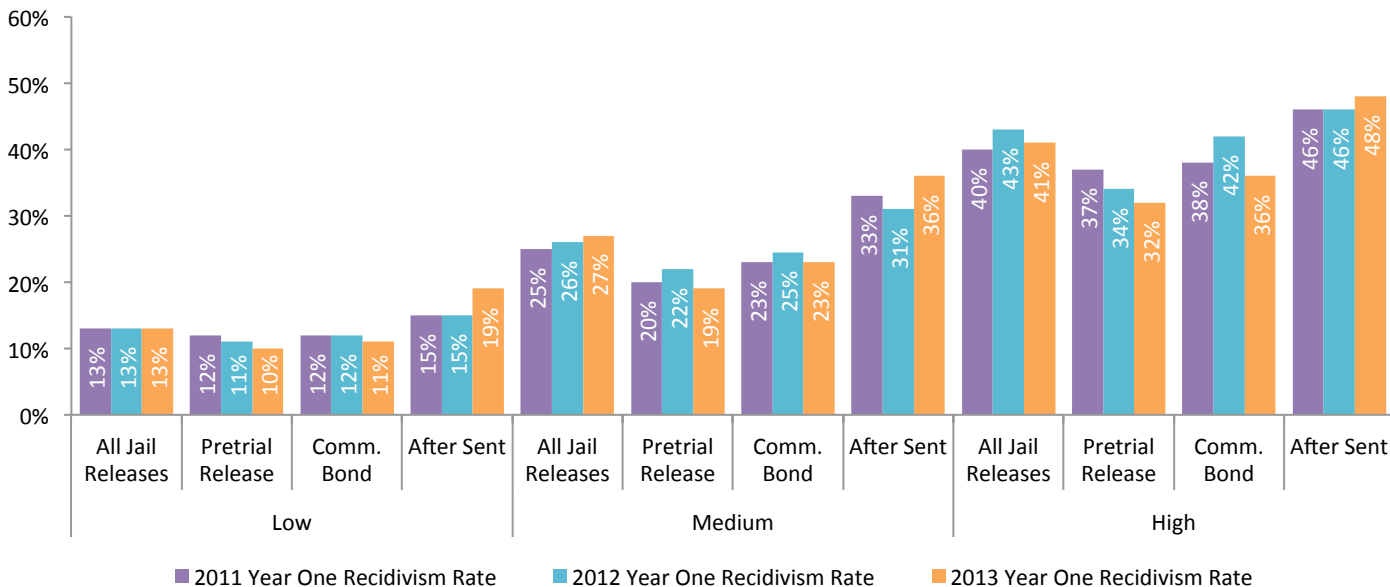
Figure 16: One-Year and Two-Year Recidivism Rates by Risk Level for 2011 and 2012 Study Group



- 2011 jail releases identified as high risk had the highest two-year recidivism rates across all release types, whereas, low risk identified releases had the lowest two-year recidivism rates for each release type.
- Low risk post-sentence releases were the only category to remain steady from 2011 to 2012 with 23% re-arrested within two-years of release.
- Medium risk post-sentence releases and high risk pretrial releases were the only cohorts to show a decrease in two-year recidivism rates between 2011 and 2012 with medium risk post-sentence releases dropping one percentage point from 46% to 45% and high risk pretrial releases decreasing from 51% to 48%.
- High risk commercial bond releases had the largest percentage increase from 2011 to 2012, the re-arrest rate increased by 4 percentage points from 52% to 56% driven by one-year re-arrest rates.

One-Year Re-Arrest Rates for Releases Following a Jail Sentence Increased at Every Risk Level between 2011 and 2013

Figure 17: One -Year Recidivism Rates by Risk Level for 2011 to 2013 Study Groups

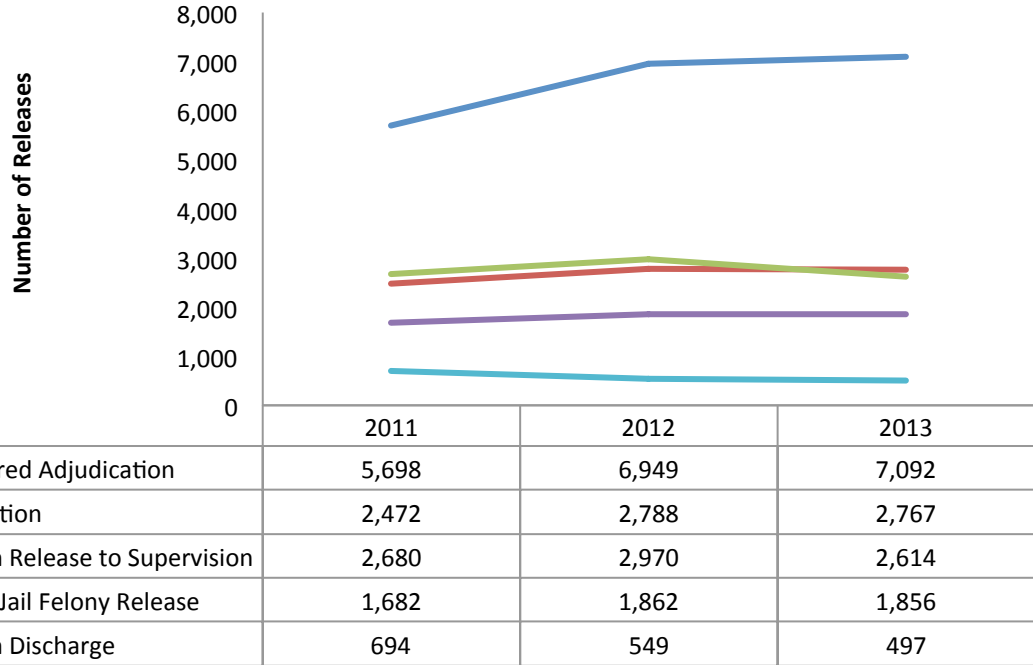


- One-year recidivism rates for low, medium, and high risk releases following a jail sentence increased between 2011 and 2013 – low risk increased from 15% to 19%, medium risk from 33% to 36%, and high risk from 46% to 48%.
- One-year re-arrest rates for pretrial releases dropped at each risk level with the largest decrease occurring for high risk releases, which dropped from 37% in 2011 to 32% in 2013.
- One-year re-arrest rates for all low risk jail releases remained flat at 13% for each year; medium risk re-arrest rates for all jail releases increased by one percentage point each year from 25% in 2011 to 27% in 2013; and, high risk re-arrest rates increased from 40% in 2011 to 43% in 2012 then decreased in 2013 to 41%.

III. STATE POPULATIONS RECIDIVISM

Definition of State Population and Three-Year Trend of Probation Placements and Releases Tracked for This Report

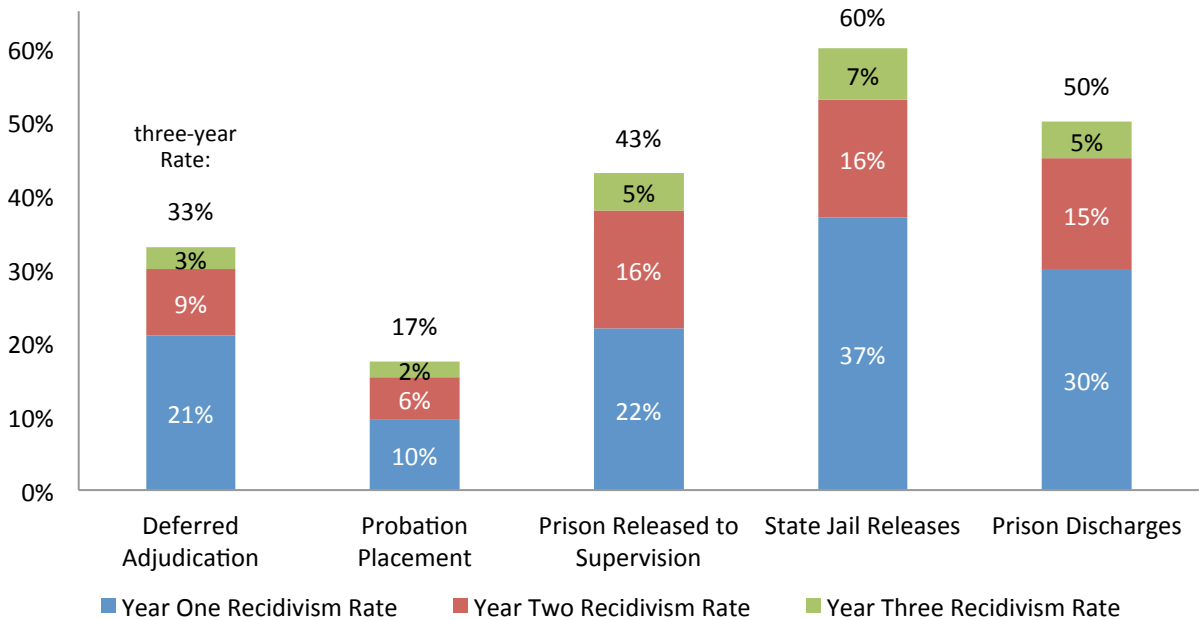
Figure 18: Three-year Distribution of Releases by Release Type, 2011-2013



Release Type	Definition
Deferred Adjudication	Defendant must enter a plea of guilt to the judge. A judge defers a finding of guilty until the person completes the supervision period. Deferred Adjudication is available for Misdemeanor B through Felony 1 with some restrictions and is not an option for a DWI. The sentence is served in the community and supervised by the CSCD office, similar to probation. If revoked, an individual faces the maximum penalty available for the offense level (e.g., 20 years for a Felony 2).
Probation	Placement on community supervision following a guilty adjudication for a Misdemeanor B through Felony offense, excluding 3G offenses. The longest probation sentence possible is 10 years. Person must follow conditions set by the court. Probation is an alternative to prison or jail. If revoked, the person faces a term of incarceration for the sentence balance.
Prison Release to Supervision	Served part of a Felony 1, 2, or 3 sentence in TDCJ facility and released on Parole, Mandatory Supervision, or Discretionary Mandatory Supervision to serve the remainder supervised in the community.
State Jail Felony Release	Released from State Jail facility following a sentence of up to two years for a State Jail Felony. This population receives no supervision.
Prison Discharge	Served entire sentence for Felony 1, 2, or 3 in a TDCJ facility. Released without supervision to the county.

2011 State Jail Releases had the Highest Three-Year Recidivism Rate of all State Populations in Tarrant County at 60 Percent

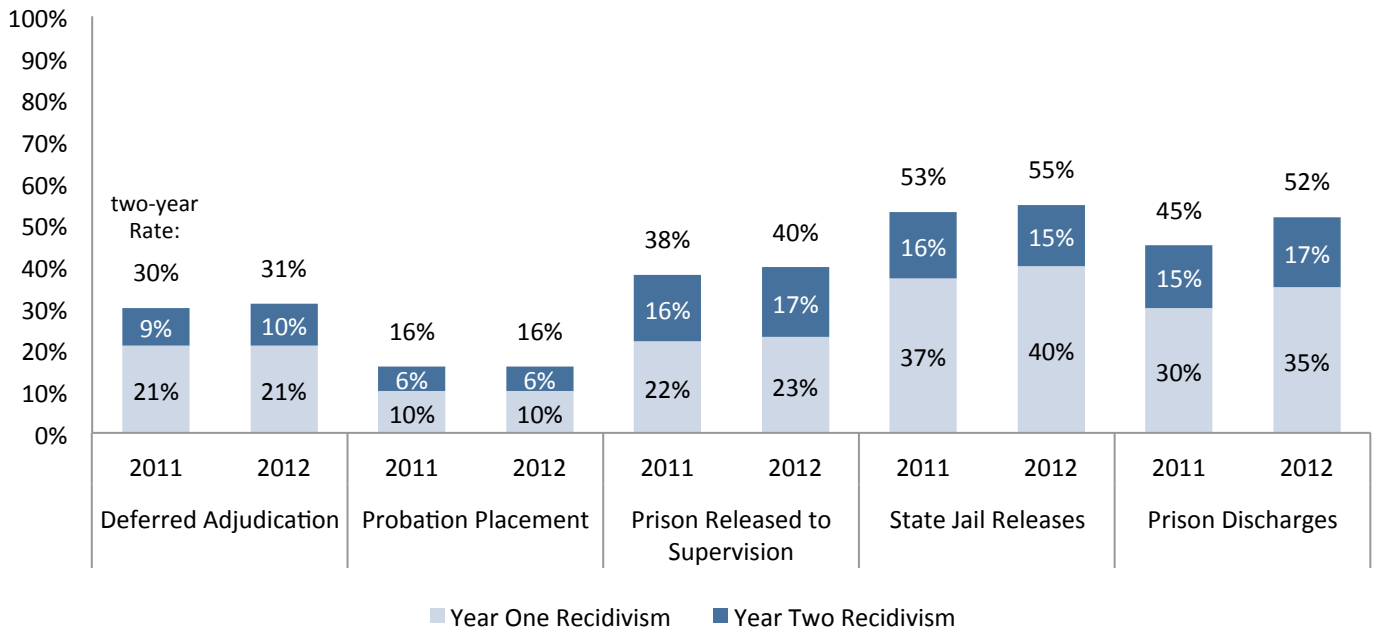
Figure 19: Three-Year Recidivism Rates for 2011 State Populations in Tarrant County



- The three-year re-arrest rate for state jail releases was 60%, with over half of the arrests (37%) occurring during the first year. The high one-year re-arrest rate drove the overall three-year rate.
- Probation had the lowest three-year re-arrest rate at 17%, and the lowest re-arrest rate for each individual year (10% in year one, 6% in year 2, and 2% in year three).
- The three-year re-arrest rate for the deferred adjudication population was almost double that of probation at 33%.
- Prison releases to supervision, state jail releases, and prison discharges had similar year two re-arrest rates at 15-16%.
- One in two prison discharges were re-arrested within three-years of release.

Two-Year Recidivism Rates for All State Populations except Probation Placements Increased in 2012

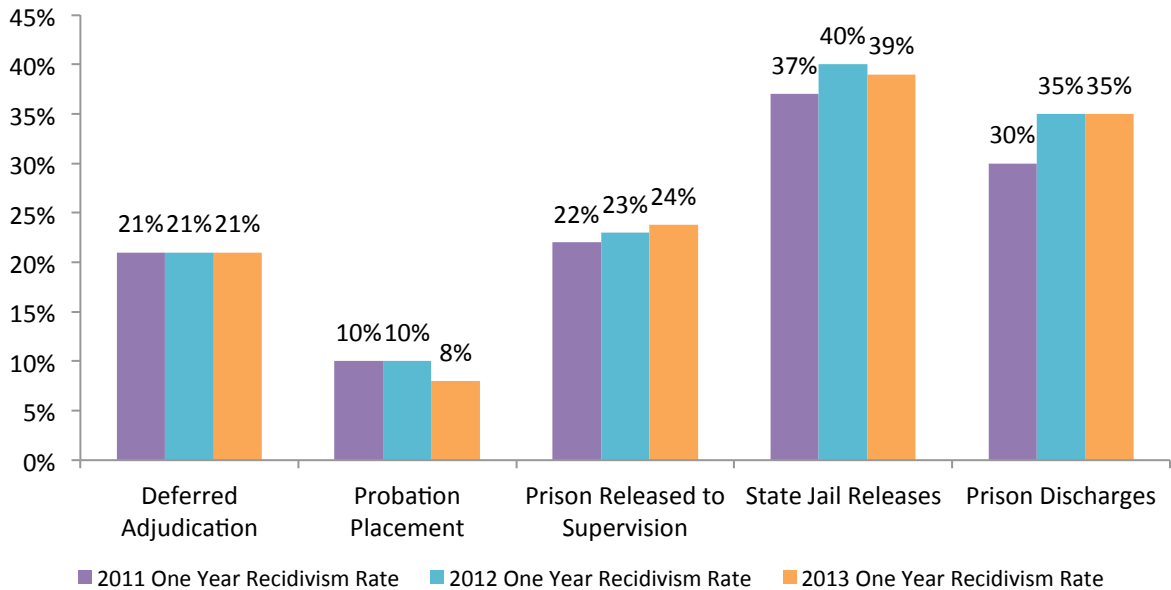
Figure 20: Two-Year Recidivism Rates for 2011 and 2012 State Populations in Tarrant County



- State Jail releases had the highest two-year re-arrest rates for both 2011 and 2012 releases.
- Prison discharges had the largest increase in two-year arrest rates between 2011 and 2012 with 45% of those released in 2011 and 52% of those released in 2012 re-arrested within two years. The increase in year one re-arrest rates drove the overall two-year increase.
- Prison releases to supervision and state jail releases both increased by two percentage points between 2011 and 2012. Over half of 2011 and 2012 state jail releases were re-arrested within two years of release.
- Two-year recidivism rates for probation placements remained the same at 16% for 2011 and 2012 releases.
- Two-year recidivism rates for those on deferred adjudication increased by only one percentage point from 30% for 2011 releases to 31% for 2012 releases.

Probation Placements Showed a Decline in One-Year Re-Arrest Rates Between 2011 and 2013 While All Other Populations Were Flat or Increased

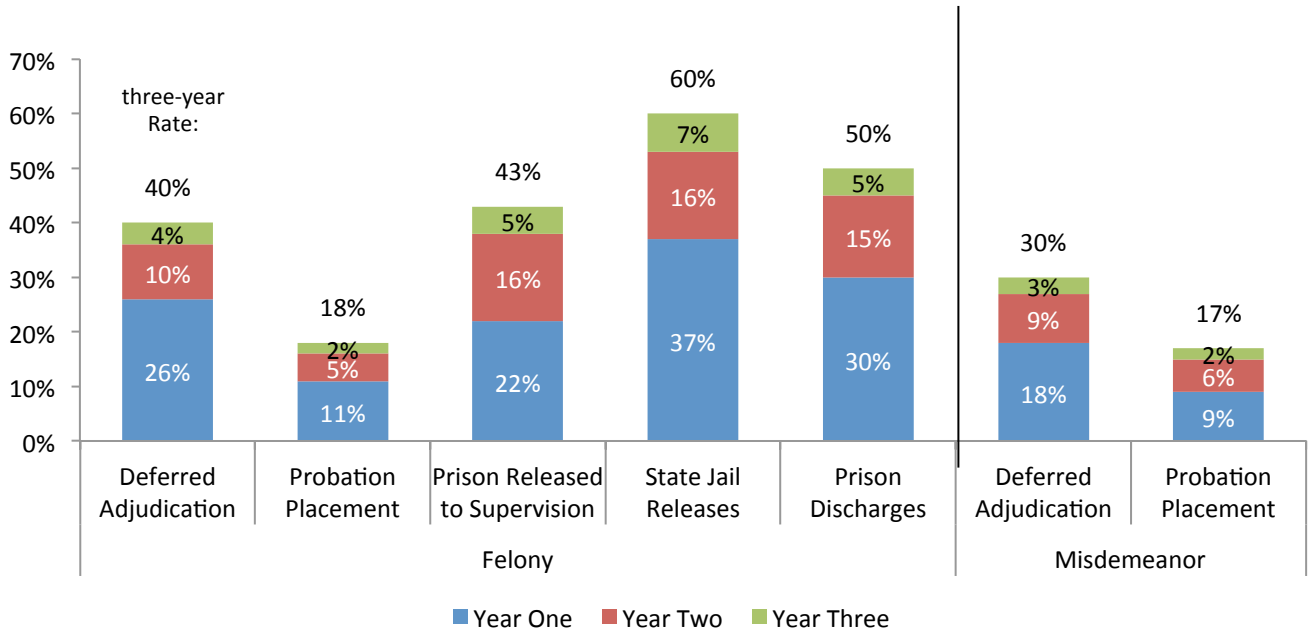
Figure 21: One-Year Recidivism Rate for State Populations in Tarrant County for 2011, 2012, and 2013 Study Groups



- Deferred adjudication re-arrest rates were flat at 21% for releases in 2011-2013.
- Probation re-arrest rates remained steady at 10% for 2011 and 2012 releases, then dropped two percentage points to 8% for 2013 releases.
- One-year re-arrest rates for prison releases to supervision increased steadily from 22% in 2011 to 23% in 2012 to 24% in 2013.
- One-year re-arrest rates for state jail releases increased between 2011 and 2012 (from 37% to 40%), then decreased between 2012 and 2013 (from 40% to 39%).
- The one-year re-arrest rate for prison discharges increased from 30% to 35% between 2011 and 2012 and then remained at 35% for 2013 releases.

The Misdemeanor Deferred Adjudication Population had a Much Lower Three-Year Re-Arrest Rate than its Felony Counterpart

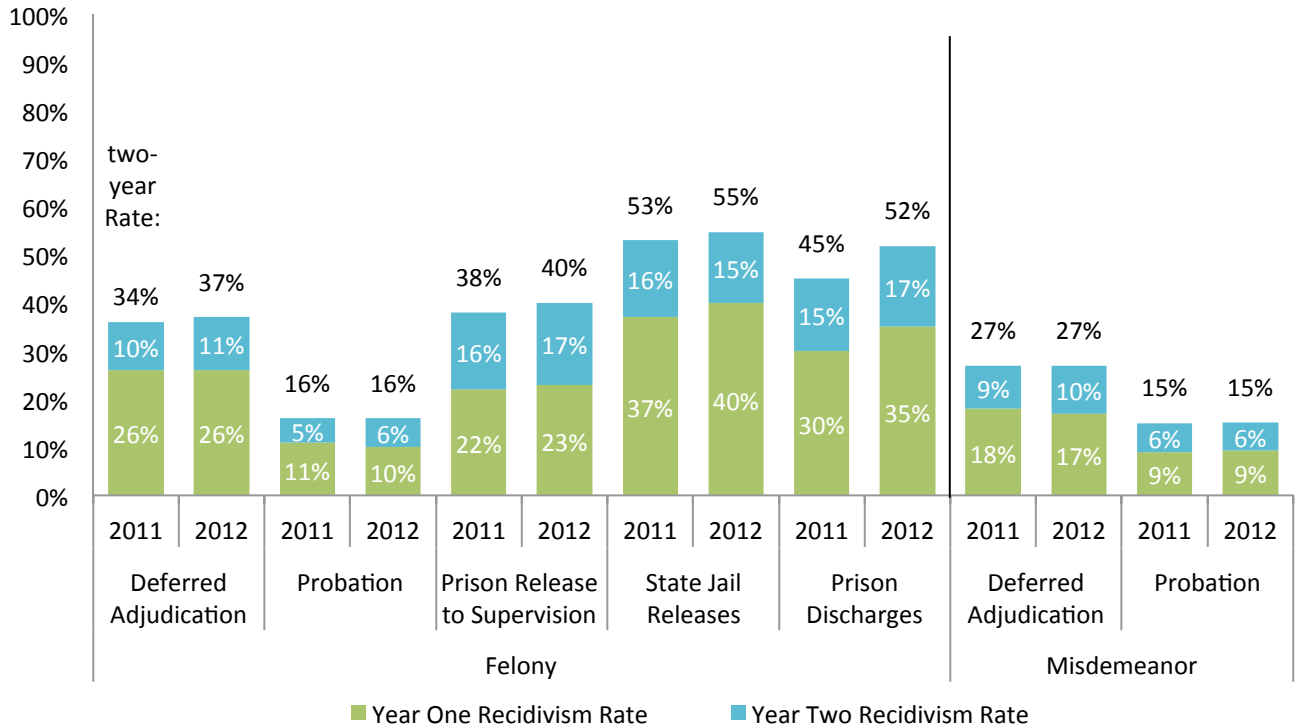
Figure 22: Three-Year Recidivism Rates by Offense Level for 2011 State Populations in Tarrant County



- 2011 felony state jail releases had the highest three-year recidivism rate of all state populations at 60%.
- Deferred adjudication placements had the highest recidivism rate among misdemeanants at 30%.
- Felony probation placements and misdemeanor probation placements had similar three-year rates (18% for felony and 17% for misdemeanor).
- Felony deferred adjudication releases had a much higher three-year re-arrest rate at 40% than misdemeanor deferred adjudication releases at 30%..
- Misdemeanor and felony probation placements had the lowest year three recidivism rate at 2%.

Two-Year Recidivism Rates were Higher for 2012 Releases than 2011 Releases for all Felony Release Types Except Probation

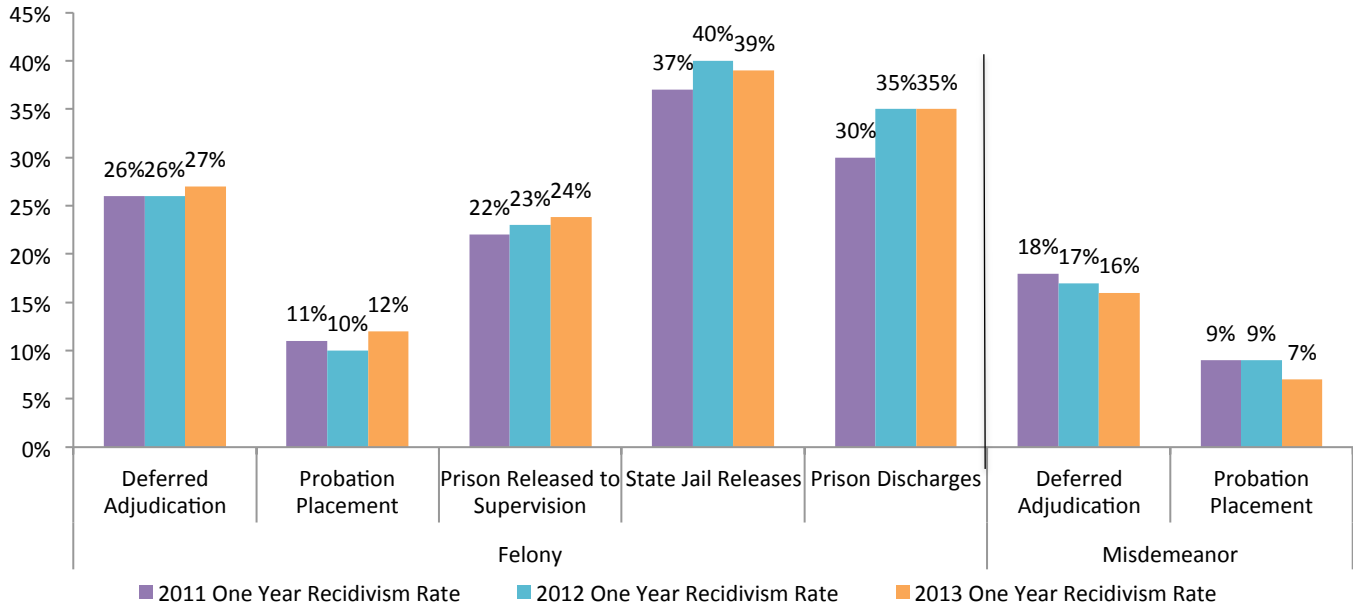
Figure 23: Two-Year Recidivism Rates by Offense Level for 2011 and 2012 Group



- Two-year recidivism rates increased from 2011 to 2012 for felony deferred adjudication releases (from 34% to 37%), but remained steady at 27% for misdemeanor deferred adjudication releases.
- Although the misdemeanor deferred adjudication re-arrest rate remained at 27% for 2011 and 2012 releases, the year one rate dropped by one percentage point in 2012, and the year two re-arrest rate increased by one percentage point from 9% to 10%.
- The two-year re-arrest rate for both felony and misdemeanor releases remained steady for 2011 and 2012 releases (at 16% for felony releases and 15% for misdemeanants).
- Prison discharges showed the greatest increase in two-year recidivism rates between 2011 and 2012 (from 45% for 2011 releases to 52% for 2012 releases).

The One-Year Recidivism Rates for Misdemeanor Deferred Adjudication and Probation Placements Decreased between 2011 and 2013

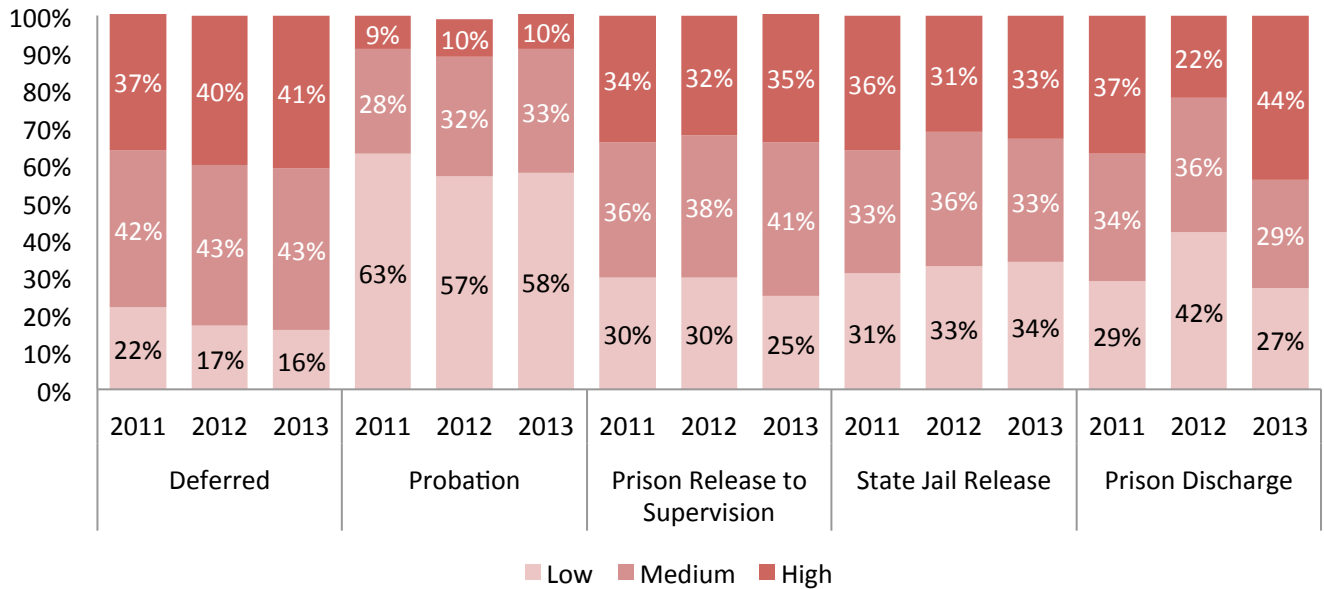
Figure 24: One-Year Recidivism Rates for State Populations in Tarrant County for 2011, 2012, and 2013 Study Groups



- One-year recidivism rates decreased by two percentage points for misdemeanor deferred adjudication and probation placements between 2011 and 2013. These were the only populations to experience a decline.
- Felony deferred adjudication and probation placements each showed a one percentage point increase in one-year recidivism between 2011 and 2013 (from 26% to 27% for deferred adjudication and from 11% to 12% for probation placements).
- One-year recidivism rates for felony deferred adjudication releases stayed flat at 26% for two-years between 2011 and 2012 and then increased to 27%.
- One-year recidivism rates for felony probation placements dropped one percentage point from 11% to 10% between 2011 and 2012, then increased to 12% in 2013.
- One-year recidivism rates for prison discharges increased from 30% to 35% between 2011 and 2012, then remained at 35% for 2013 releases.

The Proportion of Individuals Classified as Low Risk Dropped between 2011 and 2013 for all State Populations Except State Jail Releases

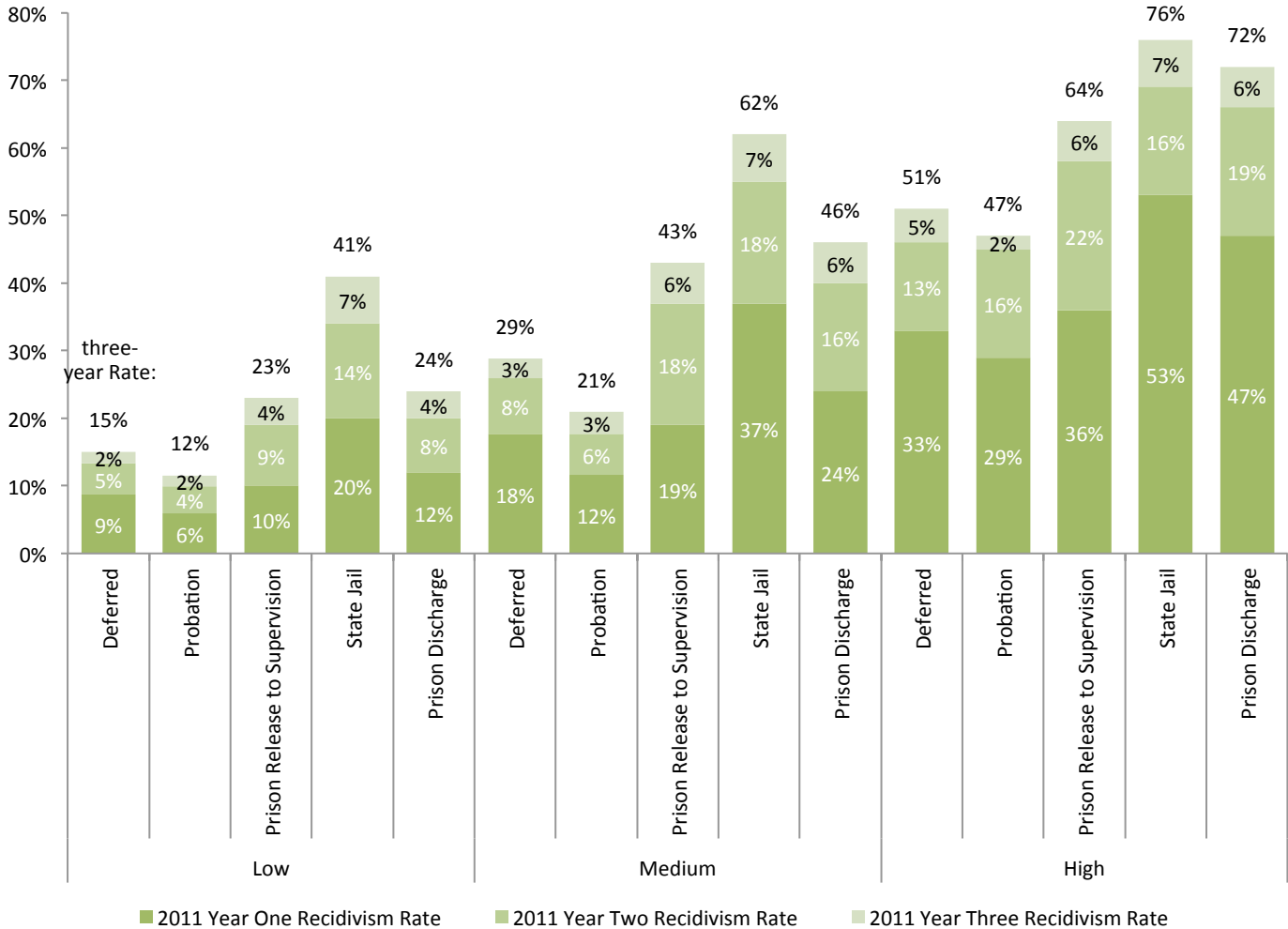
Figure 25: Distribution by Risk Profile for State Populations, 2011 vs. 2012 vs. 2013



- The proportion of deferred adjudication releases classified as low risk decreased from 22% in 2011 to 16% in 2013, and the proportion classified as high risk increased from 37% in 2011 to 41% in 2013.
- The proportion of probation placements classified as low risk decreased from 63% in 2011 to 57% in 2012, then increased to 58% in 2013. Meanwhile, the proportion classified as high risk remained effectively stable at 10% from 2011 through 2013, and the medium risk population increased from 28% in 2011 to 33% in 2013.
- The proportion of releases from prison to supervision classified as low risk remained at 30% in 2011 and 2012, then decreased to 25% in 2013. At the same time the medium risk population grew from 36% in 2011 to 41% in 2013.
- State jail releases were the only population to see an increase in the proportion of individuals classified as low risk between 2011 and 2013 (from 31% in 2011 to 34% in 2013).
- The proportion of prison discharges classified as low risk increased from 29% in 2011 to 42% in 2012, then dropped again to 27% in 2013. Between 2012 and 2013 the proportion of high-risk-classified individuals increased dramatically from 22% to 44%.

State Jail Releases Had the Highest Three-Year Recidivism Rate at Each Risk Level

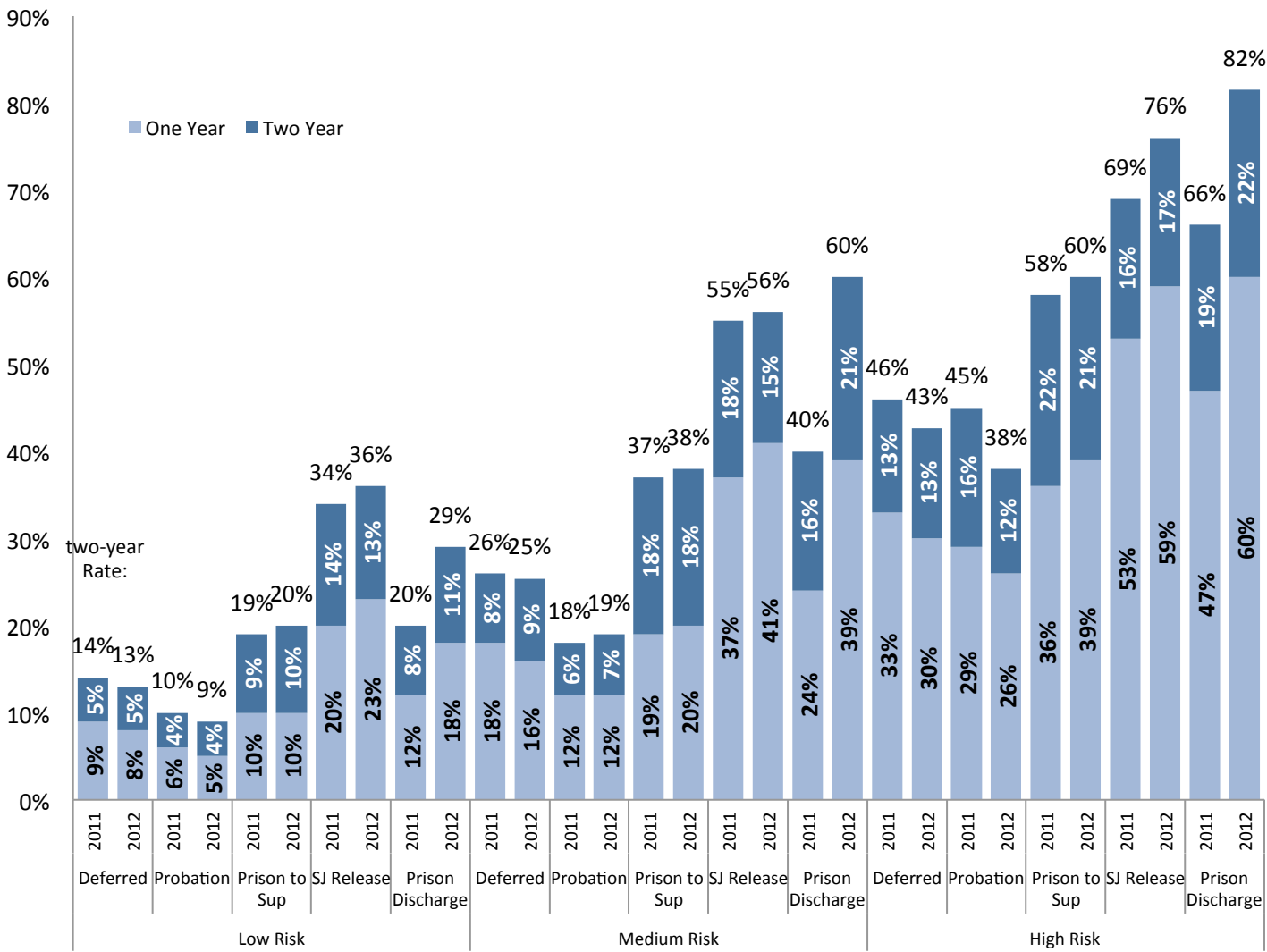
Figure 26: One-Year, Two-Year, and Three-Year Recidivism Rates by Risk Level for 2011 Study Group



- 2011 state populations identified as high risk had the highest three-year recidivism rates across all release types, and low risk identified releases had the lowest.
- High risk state jail releases had a 76% overall three-year re-arrest rate, which was the highest of all populations.
- Year three re-arrest rates showed the least variation across release types and risk levels, ranging from 2% (for low risk deferred and probation placements) to 7% (for low, medium, and high risk state jail releases).

More than 8 out of 10 High Risk Prison Discharges were Re-Arrested within Two Years

Figure 27: Two-Year Recidivism Rates by Risk Level for State Populations in Tarrant County for 2011-2012



- 2012 prison discharges had the highest re-arrest rates for the medium and high risk populations at 60% and 82%, respectively.
- There was a substantial increase between 2011 and 2012 in two-year re-arrest rates for prison discharges at each risk level.
- 2012 low risk probation placements had the lowest two-year re-arrest rate at 9%, which was down one percentage point from 2011.

One-Year Re-Arrest Rates for Prison Discharges Rates Dropped in 2013 Across All Risk Levels Following High Rates in 2012

Figure 28: One-Year Recidivism Rates for 2011, 2012, and 2013 State Population Study Groups in Tarrant County



- Re-arrest rates for prison discharges increased at every risk level between 2011 and 2012, then dropped in 2013, though none returned to their 2011 levels. For example, high risk prison discharges had a one-year re-arrest rate of 47% in 2011, increased to 60% in 2012, then decreased to 53% in 2013.
- One-year re-arrest rates for low risk deferred adjudication releases, probation placements, and prison releases to supervision decreased between 2011 and 2013.
- One-year recidivism rates for high risk probation placements dropped from 29% for 2011 placements to 24% for 2013 placements.
- One-year re-arrest rates for medium and high risk prison releases to supervision increased slightly between 2011 and 2012, then remained constant in 2013.
- One-year re-arrest rates for state jail releases increased between 2011 and 2013 for all risk levels. The medium and high risk populations had a pattern in which the re-arrest rates increased between 2011 to 2012, then decreased between 2012 and 2013.

IV. COUNTY COMPARISON

Note About the County Comparisons

The original idea for this project was for all participating counties to pool resources in one contract, allowing comparisons across county populations to be made at the same time. However, each of the participating counties contracted at different points in time, making such comparisons impossible until the end of the project. For the state populations, comparisons were possible because the information was gathered from a centralized database from the Texas Department of Criminal Justice.

At the time of publication, CSGJC has completed the first year of study (2011 population one year recidivism rates) in Bexar, Tarrant, Dallas, Harris, and El Paso counties; the second year (2012 population one year rates and 2011 two year rates) of study in Dallas, El Paso, Bexar, and Tarrant; and, the third year of study (2013 three year rates, 2012 two year rates, and 2013 one year rates) in Dallas, Bexar, and Tarrant counties.

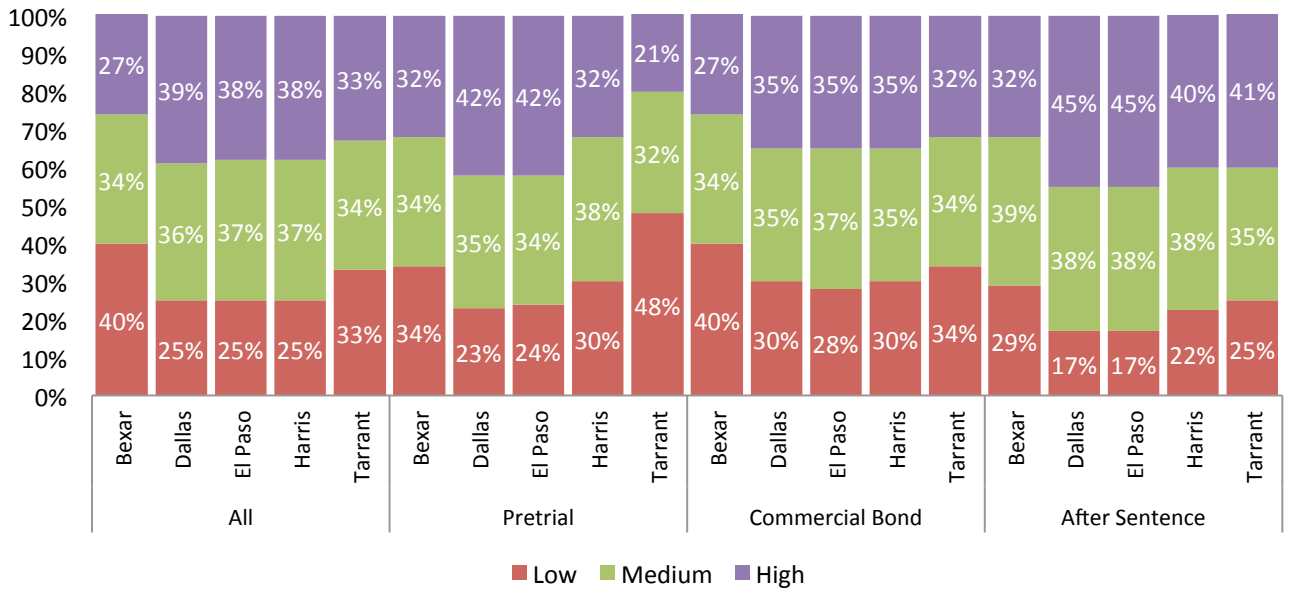
Figure 30 below depicts the comparisons possible with current data and contract availability.

Figure 29: County Comparisons Possible, April 2016

2011			2012		2013
one-year	two-year	three-year	one-year	two-year	one-year
Bexar	Bexar	Bexar	Bexar	Bexar	Bexar
Dallas	Dallas	Dallas	Dallas	Dallas	Dallas
El Paso	El Paso	El Paso	El Paso	El Paso	El Paso
Harris	Harris	Harris	Harris	Harris	Harris
Tarrant	Tarrant	Tarrant	Tarrant	Tarrant	Tarrant

Dallas and El Paso County had Similar Risk Distributions Across Release Types

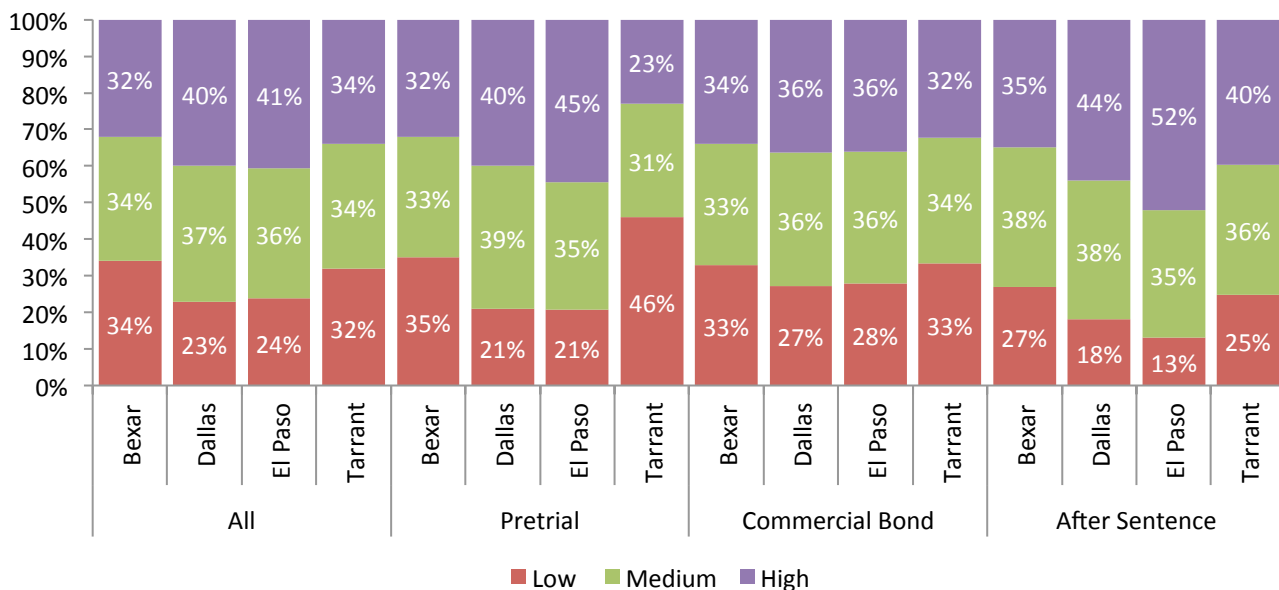
Figure 30: Distribution by Risk of the County Jail Populations Comparing Bexar, Dallas, El Paso, Harris, and Tarrant County, 2011



- Dallas, Harris, and El Paso counties had nearly identical risk distributions for all jail releases.
- Dallas, Harris, and El Paso County had a higher overall proportion of high risk releases than Bexar and Tarrant County with nearly 40% identified as high risk compared to 27% in Bexar County and 33% in Tarrant County.
- Almost half of Tarrant County’s pretrial releases were classified low risk (48%), while less than a quarter of pretrial releases in Dallas (23%) and El Paso County (24%) were classified as low risk.
- Dallas, Harris, and El Paso County had a higher proportion of high risk commercial bond releases at 35% than Bexar (27%) and Tarrant County (32%).
- 2011 post-sentence releases had the highest proportion of high risk releases across counties. Dallas and El Paso County had a higher proportion than the rest at 45% while Harris and Tarrant were slightly lower at 40% and 41%, respectively.
- Bexar County had the lowest proportion of post-sentence releases classified as high risk at 32%.

In 2012 Tarrant County had Highest Proportion of Low Risk Pretrial Bond Releases Across Counties

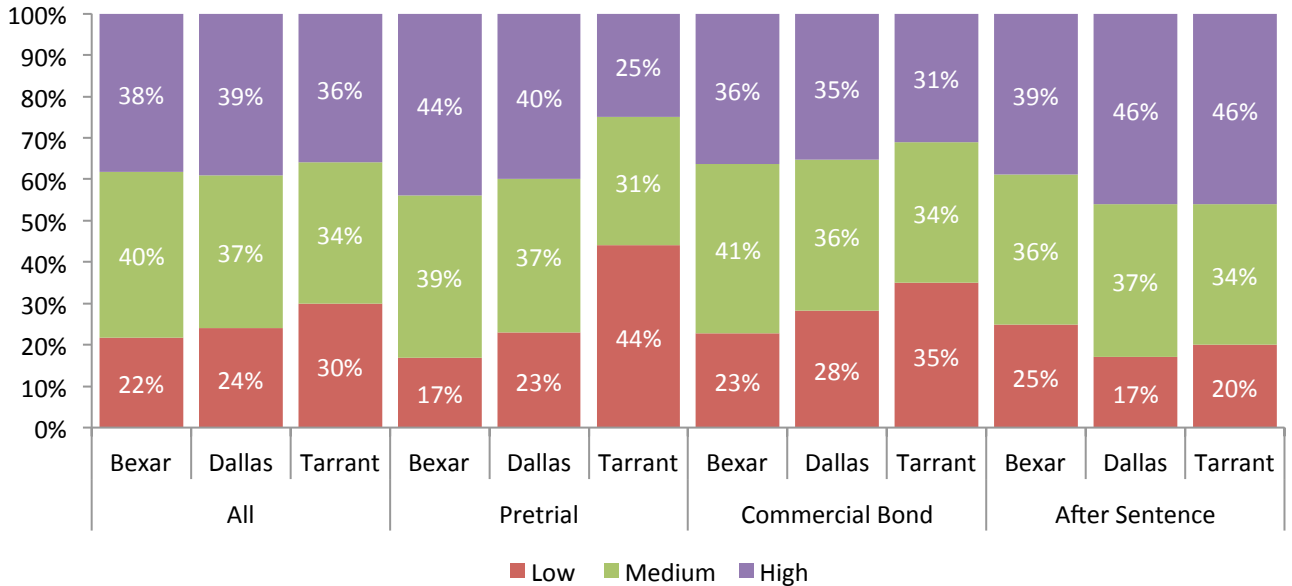
Figure 31: Distribution by Risk of the County Populations Comparing Bexar, Dallas, El Paso, and Tarrant County, 2012



- In 2012 both Bexar and Tarrant County had even distributions of low, medium, and high risk Jail releases, with about a third of releases in each risk category. Dallas and El Paso County each had approximately 40% of releases categorized as high risk.
- Tarrant County had the highest proportion of low risk pretrial releases at 46% and the lowest proportion of high risk releases at 23%.
- Tarrant and Bexar County had nearly even distributions of low, medium, and high risk identified commercial bond releases. Dallas and El Paso County had a slightly higher proportion of medium and high risk releases at 36%, and a lower proportion of low risk releases at around 28%.
- El Paso County had the highest proportion of high risk identified post-sentence releases at 52%, while Bexar County had the lowest at 35%. Tarrant County, in comparison, had 40% of post-sentence releases identified as high risk.

In 2013 Almost Half of Tarrant County Post-Sentence Releases were Classified as High Risk

Figure 32: Distribution by Risk of the County Jail Populations Comparing Dallas and Tarrant County, 2013



- In 2013, Tarrant County had the highest overall proportion of low risk jail releases at 30%, compared to 24% in Dallas County and 22% in Bexar County.
- Pretrial releases in Tarrant County were classified as low risk at a rate almost double that of Dallas County and more than double that of Bexar County (44% in Tarrant versus 23% in Dallas County and 17% in Bexar County).
- Tarrant County had the highest proportion of low risk commercial bond releases across counties with 35% classified as low risk compared to 28% in Dallas County and 23% in Bexar County.
- Dallas County had the lowest percentage of low risk post-sentence releases at 17% compared to 20% in Tarrant County and 25% in Bexar County .
- Tarrant and Dallas counties had equivalent proportions of post-sentence releases classified as high risk at 46%. Bexar County had a much lower proportion of high risk releases at 39%..

Three-Year Recidivism Rates for 2011 County Populations Varied by Risk Level and Release Type

Figure 33a: Year One, Two and Three Recidivism Rate by Risk Level of the County Populations in Bexar, Dallas, El Paso, Harris, and Tarrant County, 2011 Releases

2011		All					Pretrial				
		Bexar	Dallas	El Paso	Harris	Tarrant	Bexar	Dallas	El Paso	Harris	Tarrant
Low Risk	Year One	11%	11%	11%	9%	13%	11%	12%	12%	8%	12%
	Year Two	6%	6%	7%		6%	6%	5%	10%		6%
	Year Three	5%	4%			5%	4%	4%			5%
	Three Year Recid. Rate	22%	21%			24%	21%	21%			23%
Medium Risk	Year One	22%	24%	18%	22%	25%	22%	22%	28%	13%	20%
	Year Two	13%	11%	11%		11%	11%	10%	13%		12%
	Year Three	8%	7%			7%	7%	7%			5%
	Three Year Recid. Rate	43%	42%			44%	40%	39%			37%
High Risk	Year One	36%	41%	30%	38%	40%	37%	39%	40%	25%	37%
	Year Two	16%	15%	14%		15%	16%	14%	13%		14%
	Year Three	9%	8%			9%	8%	8%			7%
	Three Year Recid. Rate	61%	64%			64%	61%	61%			58%

*Squares are blank, because Justice Center has not been able to conduct the analysis as the county has not yet funded those years

- Tarrant County had the highest three-year re-arrest rates among counties for low and medium risk jail releases at 24% and 44%, respectively, driven primarily by high year one re-arrest rates.
- High risk three-year recidivism rates for all jail releases in Tarrant and Dallas County were equivalent at 64% despite slight differences in year one and year three rates. Bexar County had a three-year rate of 61% due to lower year one re-arrest rates.
- Tarrant County had the highest three-year recidivism rate for low risk pretrial releases at 23%, compared to 21% in Dallas and Bexar County.
- Three-year recidivism rates for medium and high risk pretrial releases were slightly lower in Tarrant County than in Dallas and Bexar County.

Three-Year Recidivism Rates for 2011 County Populations varied by Risk Level and Release Type

Figure 33b: Year One, Two and Three Recidivism Rate by Risk Level of the County Populations in Bexar, Dallas, El Paso, Harris, and Tarrant County, 2011 Releases

2011		Commercial Bond					Jail Releases After Serving Local Sentence				
		Bexar	Dallas	El Paso	Harris	Tarrant	Bexar	Dallas	El Paso	Harris	Tarrant
Low Risk	Year One	11%	10%	10%	9%	12%	12%	14%	15%	10%	15%
	Year Two	7%	7%	6%		6%	9%	6%	9%		8%
	Year Three	5%	5%			5%	6%	4%			6%
	Three Year Recid. Rate	23%	22%			23%	27%	24%			29%
Medium Risk	Year One	24%	20%	16%	18%	23%	20%	30%	25%	28%	33%
	Year Two	12%	12%	10%		10%	13%	11%	13%		13%
	Year Three	8%	6%			7%	9%	7%			7%
	Three Year Recid. Rate	44%	38%			40%	42%	48%			53%
High Risk	Year One	37%	38%	27%	33%	38%	32%	45%	37%	45%	46%
	Year Two	16%	16%	12%		14%	20%	15%	18%		16%
	Year Three	9%	8%			9%	10%	8%			9%
	Three Year Recid. Rate	62%	62%			61%	62%	68%			71%

*Squares are blank, because Justice Center has not been able to conduct the analysis as the county has not yet funded those years

- Three-year re-arrest rates for low risk commercial bond releases were similar across counties, ranging from 22% in Dallas County to 23% in Bexar and Tarrant County.
- Medium and high risk commercial bond releases showed variation in year one re-arrest rates, ranging from 16% in El Paso County to 24% in Bexar County for medium risk, and 27% in El Paso County to 38% in Tarrant County for high risk, but little variation in year two or three.
- Tarrant County had a slightly lower three-year re-arrest rate for high risk commercial bond releases at 61% than Bexar and Dallas County at 62%.
- Three-year recidivism rates for post-sentence releases were higher in Tarrant County than in Dallas and Bexar County at every risk level.

Overall, Tarrant County had the Highest Two-Year Recidivism Rates Across Risk Levels and Counties

Figure 34: Year One and Year Two Recidivism Rate by Risk Level of the County Populations Comparing Bexar, Dallas, El Paso, and Tarrant County, 2012 Releases

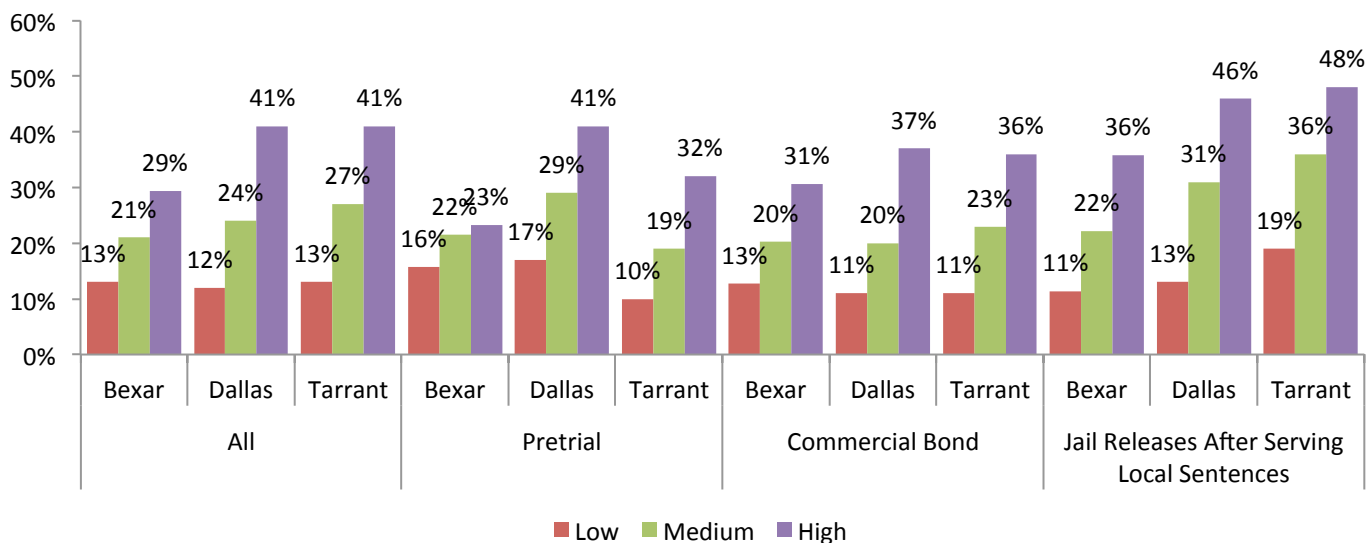
2012		All				Pretrial				Commercial Bond				Jail Releases After Serving Local Sentence			
		Bexar	Dallas	El Paso	Tarrant	Bexar	Dallas	El Paso	Tarrant	Bexar	Dallas	El Paso	Tarrant	Bexar	Dallas	El Paso	Tarrant
Low Risk	Year One	11%	13%	12%	13%	11%	20%	14%	11%	10%	11%	12%	12%	11%	15%	14%	15%
	Year Two	6%	6%		7%	7%	8%		8%	6%	6%		7%	8%	7%		8%
	Two Year Recid. Rate	17%	19%		20%	18%	28%		19%	16%	17%		19%	19%	22%		22%
Medium Risk	Year One	22%	25%	18%	26%	23%	25%	20%	22%	23%	21%	18%	25%	19%	31%	22%	31%
	Year Two	11%	10%		12%	10%	12%		13%	10%	9%		11%	14%	12%		14%
	Two Year Recid. Rate	33%	35%		38%	33%	37%		35%	33%	30%		36%	33%	43%		45%
High Risk	Year One	36%	40%	32%	43%	34%	42%	45%	34%	37%	37%	28%	42%	33%	46%	39%	46%
	Year Two	14%	14%		15%	14%	12%		14%	14%	13%		14%	15%	14%		18%
	Two Year Recid. Rate	50%	54%		58%	48%	54%		48%	51%	50%		56%	48%	60%		64%

*Squares are blank, because Justice Center has not been able to conduct the analysis as the county has not yet funded those years

- Overall, Tarrant County had the highest two-year recidivism rate at each risk level with a 20% re-arrest rate for low risk, 38% for medium risk, and 58% for high risk.
- Dallas County had the highest two-year recidivism rate at each risk level for pretrial releases with a 28% re-arrest rate for low risk, 37% for medium risk, and 54% for high risk.
- Tarrant County had the highest two-year re-arrest rate for commercial bond releases at each risk level.
- The two-year recidivism rate for low risk Tarrant County post-sentence releases was equivalent to Dallas County at 22%, with Bexar slightly lower at 19%.
- Tarrant County had the highest two-year recidivism rates for medium and high risk post-sentence releases at 45% and 60%, respectively. Bexar County had notably lower two-year re-arrest rates than Tarrant and Dallas County at 33% for medium risk and 48% for high risk .
- The year one re-arrest rates for post sentence releases in Dallas and Tarrant County were much higher than those in Bexar and El Paso County. High risk year re-arrest rates for post sentence releases in Dallas and Tarrant County were 46% versus 39% in El Paso and 33% in Bexar County.

Tarrant County Post-Sentence Release Re-arrest Rates were Higher than Bexar and Dallas County at Every Risk Level

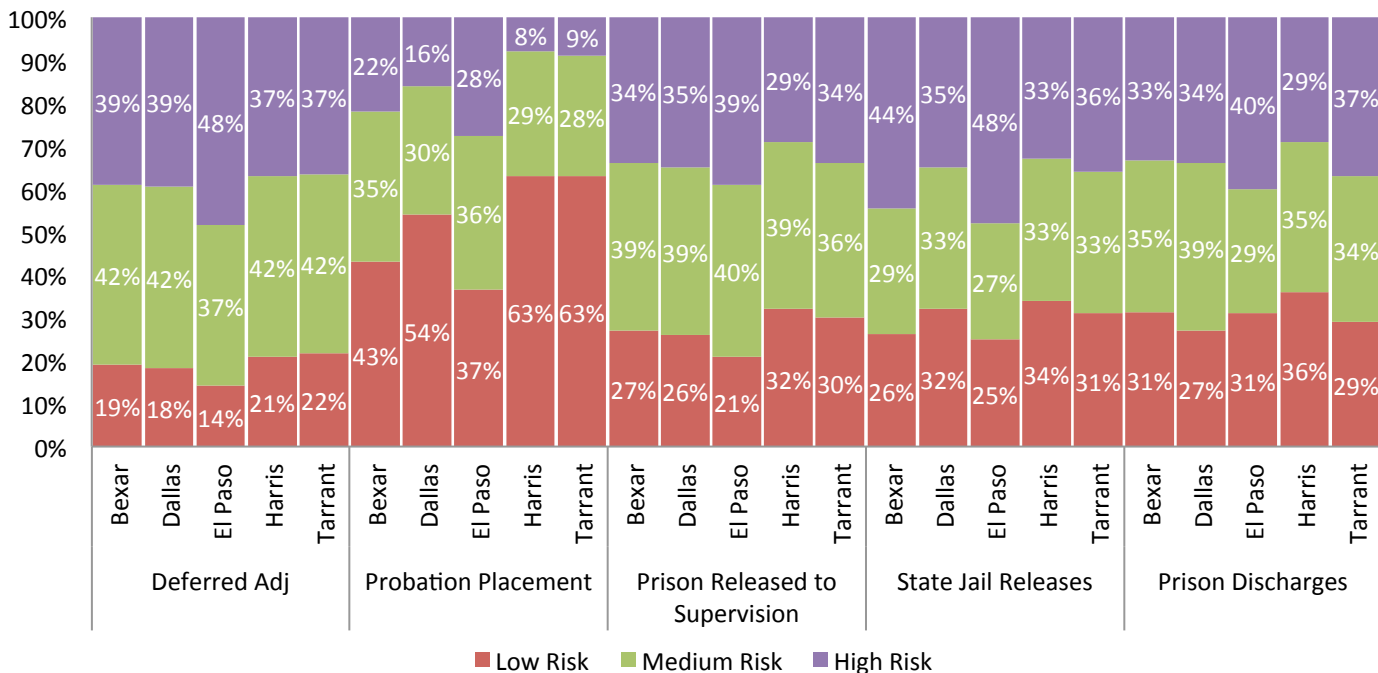
Figure 35: One-Year Recidivism Rate by Risk Level of the County Populations Comparing Dallas and Tarrant County, 2013 Releases



- Tarrant, Dallas, and Bexar County had similar one-year low risk re-arrest rates for all jail releases at 12-13%. Tarrant County had the highest re-arrest rate for medium risk releases at 27%, and Dallas and Tarrant County had equivalent rates for high risk at 41%.
- Pretrial releases in Dallas County had the highest one-year re-arrest rate at each risk level, while releases in Tarrant County had the lowest at the low (10%) and medium (19%) risk levels.
- Commercial bond releases had similar one-year re-arrest rates in Tarrant, Dallas, and Bexar County at the low and medium risk levels. At the high risk level, Tarrant and Dallas County had similar re-arrest rates at 36% and 37%, respectively, compared to Bexar County at 31%.
- Just under half of all high risk post-sentence releases were re-arrested within one-year after being released from Tarrant County (48%), which was similar to Dallas County (46%). Bexar County had a much lower re-arrest rate for high risk post-sentence releases at 36%.

2011 Risk Distributions for State Populations Varied Most for Probation Placements

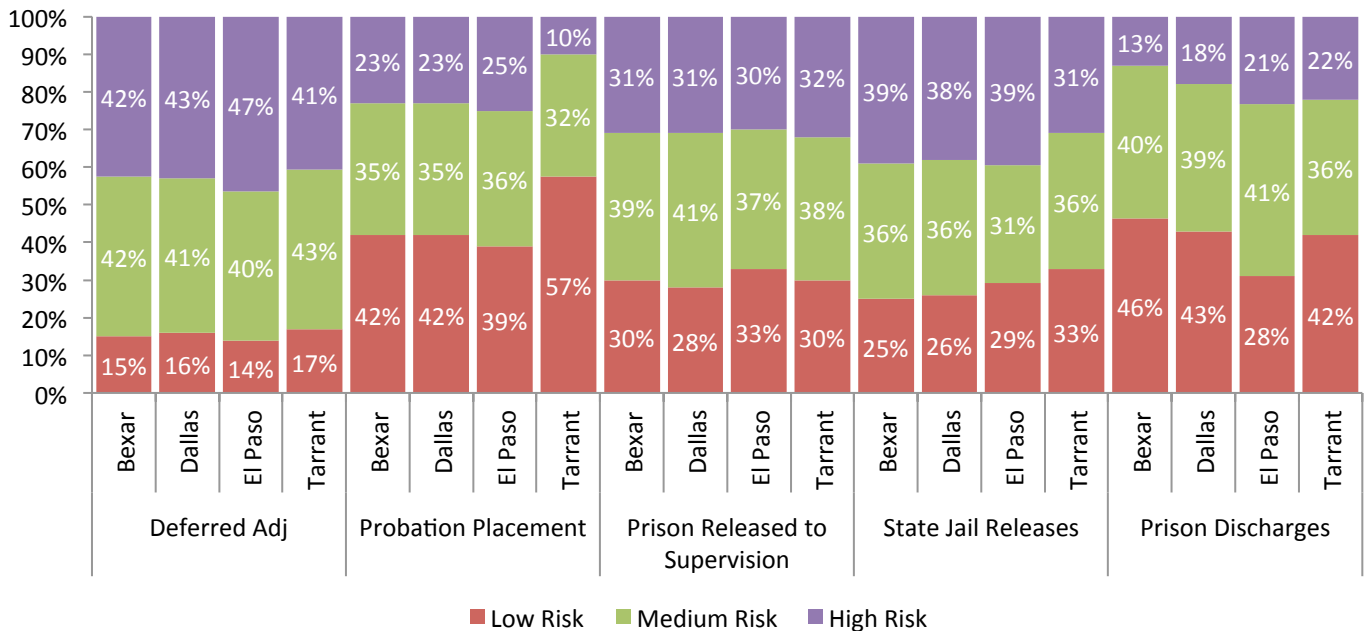
Figure 36: Distribution by Risk of the State Populations Comparing Bexar, Dallas, El Paso, Harris, and Tarrant County, 2011



- In 2011, Tarrant County had the highest proportion of low risk deferred releases (22%) and probation placements (tied with Harris County at 63%).
- Harris County had the highest proportion of low risk releases for prison releases to supervision (32%), state jail releases (34%), and prison discharges (36%).
- Probation placements were the lowest risk population across all counties.
- Tarrant and Dallas County had similar rates of high risk state jail releases at 36% and 35%, respectively. Bexar and El Paso County had much higher rates of high risk state jail releases at 44% and 48%, respectively.
- Tarrant County had the second highest proportion of high risk prison discharges at 37% after El Paso County at 40%.

In 2012 Tarrant County had the Lowest Proportion of High Risk Deferred Adjudication Releases, Probation Placements, and State Jail Releases

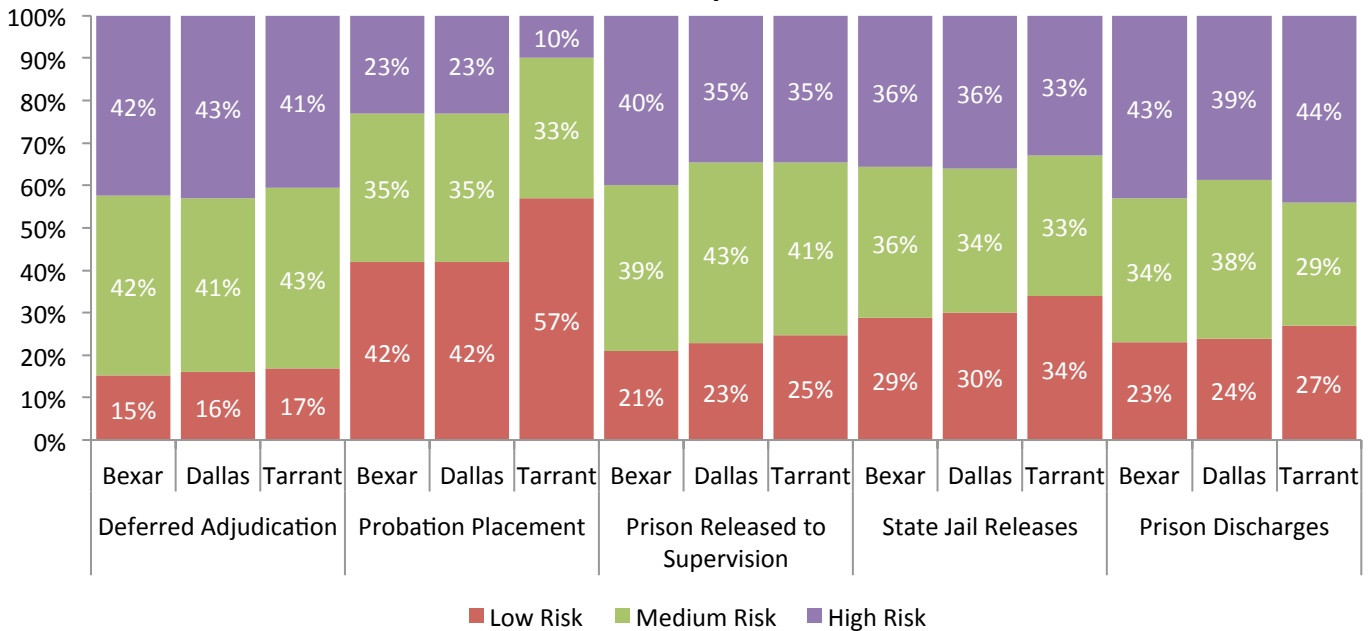
Figure 37: Distribution by Risk of the State Populations Comparing Bexar, Dallas, El Paso, and Tarrant County, 2012



- Deferred adjudication releases were the highest risk state population in Bexar, El Paso, Dallas, and Tarrant County with over 40% of releases in each county classified as high risk.
- Tarrant County had the lowest risk probation placement population among counties with 57% classified as low risk and only 10% classified as high risk.
- Tarrant and Bexar County had nearly identical risk distributions for prison releases to supervision with 30% classified as low risk, 38-39% classified as medium risk, and 31-32% classified as high risk.
- Tarrant County had the highest proportion of low risk identified state jail releases at 33%.
- Tarrant County had the lowest proportion of medium risk prison discharges at 36%.

In 2013 Tarrant County had the Highest Proportion of Low Risk Releases Across State Populations

Figure 38: Distribution by Risk of the State Populations Comparing Bexar, Dallas and Tarrant County, 2013



- Deferred adjudication releases in Tarrant, Dallas, and Bexar County had similar risk distributions.
- Tarrant County had the lowest proportion of high risk probation placements at 10% compared to 23% in Dallas and Bexar County.
- Low risk prison releases to supervision in Tarrant and Dallas County looked similar with 25% classified as low risk in Tarrant County and 23% in Dallas County. High risk proportions in those counties were equivalent at 35%.
- Dallas and Bexar County had the highest proportion of high risk state jail releases at 36% compared to 33% in Tarrant County.
- Tarrant County the highest proportion of both high risk and low risk prison discharges at 44% and 27%, respectively.

Three-Year Recidivism Rates for 2011 State Populations varied by Risk Level and Release Type

Figure 39a: Year One, Two, and Three Year Recidivism Rate for Supervised Populations by Risk Level of the State Populations Comparing Bexar, Dallas, El Paso, Harris, and Tarrant County, 2011 Releases

2011		Deferred Adjudication					Probation Placement					Prison Released to Supervision				
		Bexar	Dallas	El Paso	Harris	Tarrant	Bexar	Dallas	El Paso	Harris	Tarrant	Bexar	Dallas	El Paso	Harris	Tarrant
Low Risk	Year One	8%	7%	5%	6%	9%	5%	6%	6%	5%	6%	9%	11%	9%	9%	10%
	Year Two	5%	5%	2%		9%	5%	4%	5%		4%	9%	9%	8%		9%
	Year Three	2%	2%			2%	2%	2%			2%	4%	3%			4%
	Three Year Recid. Rate	15%	14%			20%	12%	12%			12%	22%	23%			23%
Medium Risk	Year One	14%	17%	13%	13%	18%	16%	14%	13%	12%	12%	20%	20%	17%	21%	19%
	Year Two	10%	9%	10%		8%	10%	7%	11%		6%	16%	16%	15%		18%
	Year Three	3%	3%			3%	4%	3%			3%	7%	6%			6%
	Three Year Recid. Rate	27%	29%			29%	20%	24%			21%	43%	42%			43%
High Risk	Year One	27%	32%	25%	26%	33%	32%	33%	26%	26%	29%	36%	34%	32%	34%	36%
	Year Two	15%	13%	15%		13%	17%	14%	16%		16%	22%	24%	24%		22%
	Year Three	5%	5%			5%	5%	5%			2%	7%	6%			7%
	Three Year Recid. Rate	47%	50%			51%	54%	53%			47%	65%	64%			65%

*Squares are blank, because Justice Center has not been able to conduct the analysis as the county has not yet funded those years

- Three-year recidivism rates for low risk deferred adjudication populations showed more differentiation (Tarrant 20% vs Bexar 15% and Dallas 14%) than medium risk, which were equivalent at 29% in Dallas and Tarrant County, and 27% in Bexar County, or high risk, which was 51% in Tarrant County, 50% in Dallas County, and 47% in Bexar County.
- Three-year recidivism rates for probation placements were equivalent for low risk releases in Bexar, Dallas, and Tarrant County at 12%. Medium risk releases showed a 3 percentage point difference in three-year rates with Dallas County at 24% and Tarrant County at 21%, and high risk probation placements showed a 7 percentage point difference with Bexar County at 54% and Tarrant County at 47% with the lowest rate.
- Prison releases to supervision had nearly equivalent three-year recidivism rates at each risk level - 23% in Tarrant and Dallas and 22% in Bexar for low risk releases, 42% in Dallas and 43% in Tarrant and Bexar for medium risk releases, and 64% in Dallas and 65% in Tarrant and Bexar for high risk releases.

Three-Year Recidivism Rates for 2011 State Populations varied by Risk Level and Release Type

Figure 39b: Year One, Two, and Three Year Recidivism Rate for Unsupervised Populations by Risk Level of the State Populations Comparing Bexar, Dallas, El Paso, Harris, and Tarrant County, 2011 Releases

2011		State Jail Releases					Prison Discharges				
		Bexar	Dallas	El Paso	Harris	Tarrant	Bexar	Dallas	El Paso	Harris	Tarrant
Low Risk	Year One	24%	21%	19%	27%	20%	15%	12%	17%	13%	12%
	Year Two	14%	12%	13%		14%	14%	8%	7%		8%
	Year Three	8%	6%			7%	3%	4%			4%
	Three Year Recid. Rate	46%	39%			41%	32%	24%			24%
Medium Risk	Year One	41%	38%	27%	45%	37%	29%	28%	26%	29%	24%
	Year Two	17%	16%	25%		18%	20%	15%	20%		16%
	Year Three	7%	6%			7%	7%	4%			6%
	Three Year Recid. Rate	65%	60%			63%	56%	47%			46%
High Risk	Year One	54%	56%	52%	59%	53%	58%	48%	45%	52%	47%
	Year Two	19%	17%	18%		16%	22%	18%	18%		19%
	Year Three	7%	5%			7%	3%	5%			6%
	Three Year Recid. Rate	79%	78%			75%	83%	71%			72%

*Squares are blank, because Justice Center has not been able to conduct the analysis as the county has not yet funded those years

- State Jail releases had the highest three-year re-arrest rates for any state population – by the end of three years over half of medium and three quarters of high risk releases had been re-arrested.
- 75% of 2011 high risk state jail releases to Tarrant County were re-arrested after three years compared to 78% in Dallas County and 79% in Bexar County.
- Prison discharges had similar three-year recidivism rates in Tarrant and Dallas County at all risk levels – low risk had a 24% re-rate in both counties, medium risk had a lower rate in Tarrant by 1 percentage point (46% in Tarrant versus 47% in Dallas), and high risk had a higher rate in Tarrant by 1 percentage point (71% in Dallas versus 72% in Tarrant).
- High risk prison discharges to Bexar had the highest three-year re-arrest rate for any high risk population at 83%.

Two-Year Recidivism Rates for 2012 State Populations varied by Risk Level and Release Type

Figure 40: Year One and Two Year Recidivism Rate by Risk Level of the State Populations Comparing Bexar, Dallas, El Paso, and Tarrant County, 2012 Releases

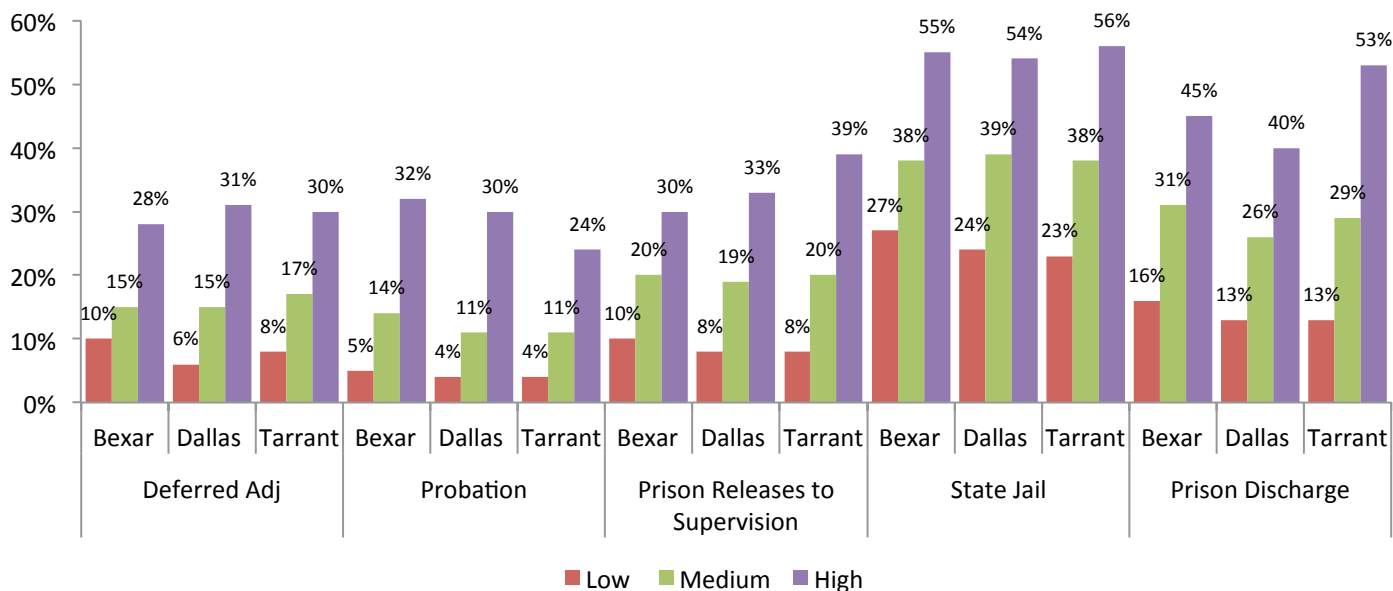
2012		Deferred Adjudication				Probation Placement				Prison Released to Supervision				State Jail Releases				Prison Discharges			
		Bexar	Dallas	El Paso	Tarrant	Bexar	Dallas	El Paso	Tarrant	Bexar	Dallas	El Paso	Tarrant	Bexar	Dallas	El Paso	Tarrant	Bexar	Dallas	El Paso	Tarrant
Low Risk	Year One	9%	6%	7%	8%	5%	5%	6%	5%	11%	10%	9%	10%	27%	21%	24%	23%	17%	7%	6%	13%
	Year Two	6%	4%		5%	5%	4%		4%	11%	11%		10%	13%	11%		13%	8%	8%		11%
	Two Year Recid. Rate	15%	10%		13%	10%	9%		9%	22%	21%		20%	40%	33%		36%	25%	15%		24%
Medium Risk	Year One	16%	16%	11%	16%	15%	13%	14%	12%	19%	20%	22%	20%	40%	43%	31%	41%	28%	26%	29%	33%
	Year Two	9%	10%		9%	10%	8%		7%	20%	18%		18%	19%	16%		15%	13%	17%		16%
	Two Year Recid. Rate	25%	26%		25%	25%	21%		19%	39%	38%		38%	59%	59%		66%	42%	43%		49%
High Risk	Year One	27%	29%	28%	30%	33%	29%	30%	26%	34%	37%	34%	39%	57%	59%	46%	59%	47%	42%	38%	51%
	Year Two	14%	14%		13%	17%	17%		12%	23%	20%		21%	18%	18%		17%	23%	25%		21%
	Two Year Recid. Rate	41%	43%		43%	50%	46%		38%	57%	57%		60%	75%	77%		76%	70%	67%		72%

*Squares are blank, because Justice Center has not been able to conduct the analysis as the county has not yet funded those years

- Tarrant County probation placements had the lowest two-year recidivism rates among counties at each risk level with a 9% rate for low risk (equivalent Dallas County), 19% rate for medium risk, and 38% rate for high risk.
- Tarrant County had the lowest medium risk and the highest high risk re-arrest rates for prison releases to supervision with a 38% rate for medium risk (equivalent to Dallas County) and a 60% rate for high risk releases (three percentage points higher than Bexar and Dallas County).
- Medium risk state jail releases had the highest re-arrest rate in Tarrant at 66%. High risk state jail releases were separated only by one percentage point between each county with 75% rearrested in Bexar County, 76% in Tarrant County, and 77% in Dallas County.
- At least three quarters of high risk state jail releases and two thirds of high risk prison discharges were rearrested in each county after two years .

In 2013 Tarrant County High Risk Releases to Supervision, State Jail Releases, and Prison Discharges had the Highest One-Year Re-Arrest Rates

Figure 41: One-Year Recidivism Rate by Risk Level of the State Populations Comparing Bexar, Dallas and Tarrant County, 2013



- Medium risk deferred adjudication releases to Tarrant County had the highest one-year re-arrest rate among counties at 17% compared to 15% in Bexar and Dallas County.
- High risk probation placements in Tarrant County had the lowest one-year re-arrest rate among counties at 24% compared to 32% in Bexar County and 30% in Dallas County. Medium and low risk re-arrest rates were similar across counties.
- Tarrant County high risk releases to supervision had the highest one-year re-arrest rate among counties at 39% compared to 33% in Dallas County and 30% in Bexar County. Low and medium risk releases had similar re-arrest rates across counties.
- Tarrant County state jail releases had the highest high risk re-arrest among counties at 56% and the lowest low risk rate at 23%.
- High risk prison discharges to Tarrant County the highest one-year recidivism rate at 53% compared to 40% in Dallas County and 45% in Bexar County.

V. DETAILED STATISTICAL TABLES - COUNTY

Table 1: Tarrant County Three-Year Recidivism Rate by Level of Offense, 2011

Offense Type	Populations	All Jail Releases	Pretrial Release	Commercial Bond	Jail Releases After Serving Local Sentence
Violent	Number	3,985	190	3,041	754
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	976	38	703	235
	Year One Recidivism Rate	24%	20%	23%	31%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	395	19	274	102
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	10%	10%	9%	14%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Three of Tracking Period	256	6	190	60
	Year Three Recidivism Rate	6%	3%	6%	8%
Sex Offenses	Number	377	6	218	153
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	115	0	46	69
	Year One Recidivism Rate	31%	0%	21%	45%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	32	0	16	16
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	9%	0%	7%	11%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Three of Tracking Period	22	0	10	12
	Year Three Recidivism Rate	6%	0%	5%	8%
Property	Number	5,803	782	3,676	1,345
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	1,803	164	1,108	531
	Year One Recidivism Rate	31%	21%	30%	39%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	641	65	383	193
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	11%	8%	10%	14%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Three of Tracking Period	361	39	216	106
	Year Three Recidivism Rate	6%	5%	6%	8%

**Table 1: Tarrant County Three-Year Recidivism Rate by Level of Offense, 2011
cont...**

Offense Type	Populations	All Jail Releases	Pretrial Release	Commercial Bond	Jail Releases After Serving Local Sentence
Drugs	Number	5,153	342	3,977	834
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	1,561	89	1,154	318
	Year One Recidivism Rate	30%	26%	29%	38%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	643	47	473	123
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	13%	14%	12%	15%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Three of Tracking Period	439	22	346	71
	Year Three Recidivism Rate	9%	6%	9%	9%
DWI	Number	5,624	440	3,992	1,192
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	772	47	536	189
	Year One Recidivism Rate	14%	11%	13%	16%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	421	33	281	107
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	8%	8%	7%	9%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Three of Tracking Period	326	26	220	80
	Year Three Recidivism Rate	6%	6%	6%	7%
All Others	Number	4,822	229	3,091	1,502
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	1,453	56	796	601
	Year One Recidivism Rate	30%	24%	26%	40%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	579	25	352	202
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	12%	11%	11%	13%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Three of Tracking Period	338	11	208	119
	Year Three Recidivism Rate	7%	5%	7%	8%
Total in Study Group		25,764	1,989	17,995	5,780

Table 2: Tarrant County Two-Year Recidivism Rate by Level of Offense, 2012

Offense Type	Populations	All Jail Releases	Pretrial Release	Commercial Bond	Jail Releases After Serving Local Sentence
Violent	Number	4,365	166	3,352	847
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	1,114	34	818	262
	Year One Recidivism Rate	26%	21%	24%	31%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	462	20	321	121
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	11%	12%	10%	14%
Sex Offenses	Number	311	5	183	123
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	94	3	37	54
	Year One Recidivism Rate	30%	60%	20%	44%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	33	1	14	18
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	11%	20%	8%	15%
Property	Number	6,763	638	4,295	1,830
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	2,417	146	1,432	839
	Year One Recidivism Rate	36%	23%	33%	46%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	800	55	490	255
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	12%	9%	11%	14%
Drugs	Number	5,947	323	4,570	1,054
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	1,807	78	1,371	358
	Year One Recidivism Rate	30%	24%	30%	34%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	826	56	596	174
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	14%	17%	13%	17%
DWI	Number	6,113	366	4,292	1,455
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	776	24	539	213
	Year One Recidivism Rate	13%	7%	13%	15%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	545	21	365	159
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	9%	6%	9%	11%
All Others	Number	4,887	199	3,311	1,377
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	1,551	49	1,012	490
	Year One Recidivism Rate	32%	25%	31%	36%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	591	24	346	221
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	12%	12%	11%	16%
Total in Study Group		28,386	1,697	20,003	6,686

Table 3: Tarrant One-Year Recidivism Rate by Level of Offense, 2013

2013 Offense Type	Populations	All Jail Releases	Pretrial Release	Commercial Bond	Jail Releases After Serving Local Sentence
Violent	Number	4,459	211	2,939	1,309
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	1,309	35	620	504
	One-Year Recidivism Rate	39%	17%	21%	39%
Sex Offenses	Number	186	12	103	71
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	38	0	19	19
	One-Year Recidivism Rate	20%	0%	18%	18%
Property	Number	7,275	645	3,951	2,679
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	2,608	138	1,200	1,270
	One-Year Recidivism Rate	36%	21%	30%	47%
Drugs	Number	5,975	394	3,898	1,683
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	1,797	92	1,035	3,898
	One-Year Recidivism Rate	30%	23%	27%	40%
DWI	Number	5,340	356	3,537	1,447
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	695	32	415	248
	One-Year Recidivism Rate	13%	9%	12%	17%
All Others	Number	4,769	195	2,603	1,971
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	1,399	37	577	785
	One-Year Recidivism Rate	29%	19%	22%	40%
Total in Study Group		28,004	1,813	17,031	9,160

Table 4: Tarrant Number of Arrests for One-Year Recidivists by Population Type, 2013

Number of Arrests	Populations	All Jail Releases	Pretrial Release	Commercial Bond	Jail Releases After Serving Local Sentence
NO Arrest During Tracking Period	Number	20,308	1,479	13,165	5,664
	Percent of Population	73%	82%	77%	62%
One Arrest During Tracking Period	Number	5,212	254	2,739	2,219
	Percent of Population	19%	14%	16%	24%
Two Arrests During Tracking Period	Number	1,684	59	793	832
	Percent of Population	6%	3%	5%	9%
Three or More Arrests During Tracking Period	Number	800	21	334	445
	Percent of Population	3%	1%	2%	5%
Total		28,004	1,813	17,031	9,160

Table 5: Tarrant County Populations Three-Year Recidivism Rate by Gender, 2011

Gender	Populations	All Jail Releases	Pretrial Release	Commercial Bond	Jail Releases After Serving Local Sentence
Male	Number in Study Group	18,684	1,011	13,071	4,602
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	5,132	240	3,332	1,560
	Year One Recidivism Rate	27%	24%	25%	34%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	2090	106	1377	607
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	11%	11%	11%	13%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Three of Tracking Period	1304	51	896	357
	Year Three Recidivism Rate	7%	5%	7%	8%
Female	Number in Study Group	7,080	978	4,924	1,178
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	1,548	154	1,011	383
	Year One Recidivism Rate	22%	16%	21%	33%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	621	83	402	136
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	9%	9%	8%	12%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Three of Tracking Period	438	53	294	91
	Year Three Recidivism Rate	6%	5%	6%	8%

Table 6: Tarrant County Populations Two -Year Recidivism Rate by Gender, 2012

2012 Gender	Populations	All Jail Releases	Pretrial Release	Commercial Bond	Jail Releases After Serving Local Sentence
Male	Number in Study Group	20,750	929	14,527	5,294
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	6,097	203	4,073	1,821
	Year One Recidivism Rate	29%	22%	28%	34%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	2,423	101	1,574	748
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	12%	11%	11%	14%
Female	Number in Study Group	7,636	768	5,476	1,392
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	1,662	131	1,136	395
	Year One Recidivism Rate	22%	17%	21%	28%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	834	76	558	200
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	11%	10%	10%	14%

Table 7: Tarrant County one-year Recidivism Rate by Gender, 2013

Gender	Populations	All Jail Releases	Pretrial Release	Commercial Bond	Jail Releases After Serving Local Sentence
Male	Number in Study Group	20,398	1,023	12,082	7,293
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	5,937	208	2,908	2,821
	One-Year Recidivism Rate	29%	20%	24%	39%
Female	Number in Study Group	7,606	790	4,949	1,867
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	1,759	126	958	675
	One-Year Recidivism Rate	23%	16%	19%	36%

**Table 8: Tarrant County Populations Three-Year Recidivism Rate by Race/
Ethnicity, 2011**

Race/ Ethnicity	Populations	All Jail Releases	Pretrial Release	Commercial Bond	Jail Releases After Serving Local Sentence
White	Number in Study Group	14,333	1,070	10,574	2,689
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	3,384	189	2,296	899
	Year One Recidivism Rate	24%	18%	22%	33%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	1,400	88	969	343
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	10%	8%	9%	13%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Three of Tracking Period	941	57	669	215
	Year Three Recidivism Rate	7%	5%	6%	8%
African- American/ Black	Number in Study Group	7,723	722	5,045	1,956
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	2,367	165	1,426	776
	Year One Recidivism Rate	31%	23%	28%	40%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	922	81	571	270
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	12%	11%	11%	14%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Three of Tracking Period	590	37	383	170
	Year Three Recidivism Rate	8%	5%	8%	9%
Hispanic/ Latino	Number in Study Group	3,559	176	2,264	1,119
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	911	39	605	267
	Year One Recidivism Rate	26%	22%	27%	24%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	381	18	235	128
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	11%	10%	10%	11%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Three of Tracking Period	206	9	135	62
	Year Three Recidivism Rate	6%	5%	6%	6%

**Table 9: Tarrant County Populations Two-Year Recidivism Rate by Race/
Ethnicity, 2012**

Race/ Ethnicity	Populations	All Jail Releases	Pretrial Release	Commercial Bond	Jail Releases After Serving Local Sentence
White	Number in Study Group	15,669	920	11,741	3,008
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	3,962	161	2,793	1,008
	Year One Recidivism Rate	25%	18%	24%	34%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	1,673	94	1,152	427
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	11%	10%	10%	14%
African- American/ Black	Number in Study Group	8,745	595	5,842	2,308
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	2,741	134	1,746	861
	Year One Recidivism Rate	31%	23%	30%	37%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	1,143	66	709	368
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	13%	11%	12%	16%
Hispanic/ Latino	Number in Study Group	3,863	168	2,335	1,360
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	1,044	39	662	343
	Year One Recidivism Rate	27%	23%	28%	25%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	438	17	268	153
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	11%	10%	12%	11%

**Table 10: Tarrant County Populations One-Year Recidivism Rate by Race/
Ethnicity, 2013**

Race/ Ethnicity	Populations	All Jail Releases	Pretrial Release	Commercial Bond	Jail Releases After Serving Local Sentence
White	Number in Study Group	13,615	854	8,690	4,071
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	3,520	123	1,836	1,561
	One-Year Recidivism Rate	26%	14%	21%	38%
African- American/ Black	Number in Study Group	8,829	681	4,999	3,149
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	2,710	148	1,266	1,296
	One-Year Recidivism Rate	31%	22%	25%	41%
Hispanic/ Latino	Number in Study Group	5,233	249	3,123	1,861
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	1,406	58	736	612
	One-Year Recidivism Rate	27%	23%	24%	33%

Table 11: Tarrant County Populations Three-Year Recidivism Rate by Age Category, 2011

Age Groupings	Populations	All Jail Releases	Pretrial Release	Commercial Bond	Jail Releases After Serving Local Sentence
Age 17-25	Number in Study Group	9,168	1,007	6,283	1,878
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	2,694	245	1,755	694
	Year One Recidivism Rate	29%	24%	28%	37%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	1153	126	748	279
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	13%	13%	12%	15%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Three of Tracking Period	704	63	477	164
	Year Three Recidivism Rate	8%	6%	8%	9%
Age 25-35	Number in Study Group	8,111	466	5,816	1,829
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	2,091	86	1,441	564
	Year One Recidivism Rate	26%	18%	25%	31%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	805	32	567	206
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	10%	7%	10%	11%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Three of Tracking Period	588	24	413	151
	Year Three Recidivism Rate	7%	5%	7%	8%
Age 35-45	Number in Study Group	4,631	234	3,280	1,117
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	1,115	30	708	377
	Year One Recidivism Rate	24%	13%	22%	34%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	456	12	296	148
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	10%	5%	9%	13%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Three of Tracking Period	268	12	177	79
	Year Three Recidivism Rate	6%	5%	5%	7%
Age 45+	Number in Study Group	3,854	282	2,616	956
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	780	33	439	308
	Year One Recidivism Rate	20%	12%	17%	32%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	297	19	168	110
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	8%	7%	6%	12%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Three of Tracking Period	182	5	123	54
	Year Three Recidivism Rate	5%	2%	5%	6%

Table 12: Tarrant County Populations Two-Year Recidivism Rate by Age Category, 2012

Age Groupings	Populations	All Jail Releases	Pretrial Release	Commercial Bond	Jail Releases After Serving Local Sentence
Age 17-25	Number in Study Group	9,935	900	6,949	2,086
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	2,999	234	1,996	769
	Year One Recidivism Rate	30%	26%	29%	37%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	1,358	106	913	339
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	14%	12%	13%	16%
Age 25-35	Number in Study Group	9,158	410	6,528	2,220
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	2,614	58	1,862	694
	Year One Recidivism Rate	29%	14%	29%	31%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	1,057	52	685	320
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	12%	13%	11%	14%
Age 35-45	Number in Study Group	5,057	211	3,558	1,288
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	1,261	27	842	392
	Year One Recidivism Rate	25%	13%	24%	30%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	516	11	326	179
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	10%	5%	9%	14%
Age 45+	Number in Study Group	4,236	176	2,968	1,092
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	885	15	509	361
	Year One Recidivism Rate	21%	9%	17%	33%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	326	8	208	110
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	8%	5%	7%	10%

Table 13: Tarrant County Populations One-Year Recidivism Rate by Age Category, 2013

Age Groupings	Populations	All Jail Releases	Pretrial Release	Commercial Bond	Jail Releases After Serving Local Sentence
Age 17-25	Number in Study Group	9,841	997	5,688	3,156
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	2,941	238	1,402	1,301
	One-Year Recidivism Rate	30%	24%	25%	41%
Age 25-35	Number in Study Group	9,187	395	5,681	3,111
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	2,609	62	1,393	1,154
	One-Year Recidivism Rate	28%	16%	25%	37%
Age 35-45	Number in Study Group	4,881	215	3,088	1,578
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	1,258	20	651	587
	One-Year Recidivism Rate	26%	9%	21%	37%
Age 45+	Number in Study Group	4,095	206	2,574	1,315
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	888	14	420	454
	One-Year Recidivism Rate	22%	7%	16%	35%

Table 14: Three-Year Recidivism Rate by Risk Level of the County Populations Comparing Bexar, Dallas, El Paso, and Tarrant County, 2011 Releases

2011 Percent Distribution by Risk Classifications and Recidivism Rate	Jail Releases All					Jail Releases Pretrial				
	Bexar	Dallas	El Paso	Harris	Tarrant	Bexar	Dallas	El Paso	Harris	Tarrant
Low Risk	39%	25%	25%	25%	33%	41%	23%	24%	30%	48%
Number	11,638	6,366	3,826	15,928	8,549	4,108	301	162	1,321	946
Year One Recidivism Rate	11%	12%	11%	9%	13%	11%	12%	12%	8%	12%
Year Two Recidivism Rate	6%	5%	7%		6%	6%	5%	10%		6%
Year Three Recidivism Rate	5%	4%			5%	5%	4%			5%
Medium Risk	34%	36%	37%	37%	34%	32%	35%	34%	38%	32%
Number	10,155	9,258	5,708	23,236	8,738	3,212	462	236	1,675	631
Year One Recidivism Rate	22%	24%	18%	22%	25%	22%	22%	28%	13%	20%
Year Two Recidivism Rate	13%	11%	11%		11%	11%	10%	13%		12%
Year Three Recidivism Rate	8%	7%			7%		7%			5%
High Risk	27%	39%	28%	38%	33%	26%	42%	42%	32%	21%
Number	8,192	10,069	5,890	24,299	8,477	2,607	551	291	1,396	412
Year One Recidivism Rate	36%	41%	30%	38%	40%	37%	39%	40%	25%	37%
Year Two Recidivism Rate	16%	15%	14%		15%	16%	14%	13%		14%
Year Three Recidivism Rate	9%	8%			9%		8%			7%
Total	31,610	25,694	15,424	63,463	25,764	9,927	1,314	689	4,392	1,989

2011 Percent Distribution by Risk Classifications and Recidivism Rate	Jail Releases Commercial Bond					Jail Releases After Serving Local Sentence				
	Bexar	Dallas	El Paso	Harris	Tarrant	Bexar	Dallas	El Paso	Harris	Tarrant
Low Risk	40%	30%	28%	30%	34%	29%	17%	17%	22%	25%
Number	6,395	4,434	2,667	7,959	6,175	1,135	1,437	651	5,515	1,428
Year One Recidivism Rate	11%	10%	10%	9%	12%	12%	14%	15%	10%	15%
Year Two Recidivism Rate	7%	7%	6%		6%	9%	6%	9%		8%
Year Three Recidivism Rate	5%	5%			5%	6%	4%			6%
Medium Risk	34%	35%	37%	35%	34%	39%	38%	38%	38%	35%
Number	5,417	5,049	3,505	9,315	6,107	1,526	3,294	1,487	9,232	2,000
Year One Recidivism Rate	24%	20%	16%	18%	23%	20%	30%	25%	28%	33%
Year Two Recidivism Rate	12%	12%	10%		10%	13%	11%	13%		13%
Year Three Recidivism Rate	8%	6%			7%	9%	7%			7%
High Risk	27%	35%	35%	32%	32%	32%	45%	45%	40%	41%
Number	4,355	5,140	3,341	9,496	5,713	1,230	3,893	1,733	9,898	2,352
Year One Recidivism Rate	37%	38%	27%	33%	38%	32%	45%	37%	45%	45%
Year Two Recidivism Rate	16%	16%	12%		14%	20%	15%	18%		16%
Year Three Recidivism Rate	9%	8%			9%	10%	8%			9%
Total	16,167	14,624	9,513	26,770	17,995	3,891	8,624	3,871	24,645	5,780

*Squares are blank, because Justice Center has not been able to conduct the analysis as the county has not yet funded those years

Table 15: Two-Year Recidivism Rate by Risk Level of the County Populations Comparing Bexar, Dallas, El Paso, and Tarrant County, 2012 Releases

2012 Percent Distribution by Risk Classifications and Recidivism Rate	Jail Releases All				Jail Releases Pretrial			
	Bexar	Dallas	El Paso	Tarrant	Bexar	Dallas	El Paso	Tarrant
Low Risk	33%	23%	24%	32%	35%	21%	21%	46%
Number	9,792	6,111	3,693	9,101	2618	280	111	783
Year One Recidivism Rate	11%	13%	12%	13%	11%	20%	14%	11%
Year Two Recidivism Rate	6%	6%		7%	7%	8%		8%
Medium Risk	34%	37%	36%	34%	33%	39%	35%	31%
Number	9,989	9,812	5,596	9,738	2,424	534	183	522
Year One Recidivism Rate	22%	25%	18%	26%	23%	25%	20%	22%
Year Two Recidivism Rate	11%	10%		12%	10%	12%		13%
High Risk	33%	40%	41%	34%	32%	40%	45%	23%
Number	9,947	10,398	6,438	9,547	2,363	548	236	392
Year One Recidivism Rate	36%	40%	32%	43%	34%	42%	45%	34%
Year Two Recidivism Rate	14%	14%		15%	14%	12%		14%
Total	29,728	26,321	15,727	28,386	7,405	1,362	530	1,697

2012 Percent Distribution by Risk Classifications and Recidivism Rate	Jail Releases Commercial Bond				Jail Releases After Serving Local Sentence			
	Bexar	Dallas	El Paso	Tarrant	Bexar	Dallas	El Paso	Tarrant
Low Risk	33%	27%	28%	33%	27%	18%	13%	25%
Number	5,936	4,111	2,784	6,679	1,238	1,485	496	1,639
Year One Recidivism Rate	10%	11%	12%	12%	11%	15%	14%	15%
Year Two Recidivism Rate	6%	6%		7%	8%	7%		8%
Medium Risk	33%	36%	36%	34%	38%	38%	35%	36%
Number	5,841	5,494	3,544	6,834	1,724	3,206	1,384	2,382
Year One Recidivism Rate	23%	21%	18%	25%	19%	31%	22%	31%
Year Two Recidivism Rate	10%	9%		11%	14%	12%		14%
High Risk	34%	36%	36%	32%	35%	35%	52%	40%
Number	6,025	5,509	3,561	6,490	1,559	3,734	2,051	2,665
Year One Recidivism Rate	37%	37%	28%	42%	33%	46%	39%	46%
Year Two Recidivism Rate	14%	13%		14%	15%	14%		18%
Total	17,802	15,177	9,889	20,003	4,521	8,425	3,931	6,686

*Squares are blank, because Justice Center has not been able to conduct the analysis as the county has not yet funded those years

Table 16: One-Year Recidivism Rate by Risk Level of the County Populations Comparing Dallas and Tarrant County, 2013 Releases

2013 Percent Distribution by Risk Classifications	Jail Releases All			Jail Releases Pretrial Releases			Jail Releases Commercial Bond			Jail Releases After Serving Local Sentence		
	Bexar	Dallas	Tarrant	Bexar	Dallas	Tarrant	Bexar	Dallas	Tarrant	Bexar	Dallas	Tarrant
Low Risk	22%	24%	30%	17%	23%	44%	20%	28%	35%	25%	17%	20%
Number	7,195	6,271	8,521	1,217	374	795	4,047	4,255	5,937	915	1,325	1,789
One-Year Recidivism Rate	13%	12%	13%	16%	17%	10%	13%	11%	11%	11%	13%	19%
Medium Risk	40%	37%	34%	39%	37%	31%	42%	36%	34%	37%	37%	34%
Number	13,220	9,623	9,527	2,843	600	563	8,302	5,440	5,824	1,350	9,623	3,140
One-Year Recidivism Rate	21%	24%	27%	22%	29%	19%	21%	20%	23%	22%	31%	36%
High Risk	38%	39%	36%	44%	40%	25%	38%	35%	31%	39%	39%	46%
Number	12,652	10,236	9,956	3,181	652	455	7,663	5,287	5,270	1,432	10,236	4,231
One-Year Recidivism Rate	29%	41%	41%	23%	41%	32%	31%	37%	36%	26%	46%	48%
Total	33,067	26,130	28,004	7,241	1,626	1,813	20,012	15,069	17,031	3,697	7,903	9,160

VI. DETAILED STATISTICAL TABLES - STATE

Table 1: Tarrant County Three-Year Recidivism Rate by Level of Offense, 2011

Offense Type	Populations	Deferred Adjudication	Probation Placement	Prison Released to Supervision	State Jail Releases	Prison Discharges
Violent	Number	902	63	557	9	391
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	191	18	104	4	100
	Year One Recidivism Rate	21%	29%	19%	44%	26%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	77	5	73	0	60
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	9%	8%	13%	0%	15%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Three of Tracking Period	24	1	24	1	20
	Year Three Recidivism Rate	3%	2%	4%	11%	5%
Sex Offenses	Number	114	15	66	92	61
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	19	3	9	41	13
	Year One Recidivism Rate	17%	20%	14%	45%	21%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	10	0	11	6	6
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	9%	0%	17%	7%	10%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Three of Tracking Period	0	0	3	5	3
	Year Three Recidivism Rate	0%	0%	5%	5%	5%
Property	Number	2,189	104	635	923	96
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	502	25	204	374	41
	Year One Recidivism Rate	23%	24%	32%	41%	43%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	192	12	118	163	16
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	9%	12%	19%	18%	17%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Three of Tracking Period	72	2	41	59	6
	Year Three Recidivism Rate	3%	2%	7%	6%	6%

**Table 1: Tarrant County Three-Year Recidivism Rate by Level of Offense, 2011
cont....**

Offense Type	Populations	Deferred Adjudication	Probation Placement	Prison Released to Supervision	State Jail Releases	Prison Discharges
Drugs	Number	1,512	59	896	528	74
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	340	15	186	171	28
	Year One Recidivism Rate	22%	25%	21%	32%	38%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	163	6	157	83	12
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	11%	10%	18%	16%	16%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Three of Tracking Period	65	3	47	44	5
	Year Three Recidivism Rate	4%	5%	5%	8%	7%
DWI	Number	146	2,052	294	43	6
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	19	161	27	9	2
	Year One Recidivism Rate	13%	8%	9%	21%	33%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	8	113	38	6	1
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	5%	6%	13%	14%	17%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Three of Tracking Period	3	42	12	5	0
	Year Three Recidivism Rate	2%	2%	4%	12%	0%
All Others	Number	835	179	232	87	66
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	143	17	61	29	21
	Year One Recidivism Rate	17%	9%	26%	33%	32%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	65	4	42	14	8
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	8%	2%	18%	16%	12%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Three of Tracking Period	25	4	16	4	4
	Year Three Recidivism Rate	3%	2%	7%	5%	6%
Total in Study Group		5,698	2,472	2,680	1,682	694

Table 2: Tarrant County State Populations Two-Year Recidivism Rates by Level of Offense, 2012

2012 Offense Type	Populations	Deferred Adjudication	Probation Placement	Prison Released to Supervision	State Jail Releases	Prison Discharges
Violent	Number	1,006	72	757	19	300
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	224	17	125	3	101
	Year One Recidivism Rate	22%	24%	17%	16%	34%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	96	6	117	3	40
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	10%	8%	15%	19%	13%
Sex Offenses	Number	99	22	70	88	55
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	12	4	14	30	7
	Year One Recidivism Rate	12%	18%	20%	34%	13%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	4	1	9	17	11
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	4%	5%	13%	19%	20%
Property	Number	2,553	129	740	992	83
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	572	37	247	456	46
	Year One Recidivism Rate	22%	29%	33%	46%	55%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	253	13	146	126	15
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	10%	10%	20%	13%	18%
Drugs	Number	2,076	58	890	618	57
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	426	17	196	202	18
	Year One Recidivism Rate	21%	29%	22%	33%	32%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	232	5	162	109	14
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	11%	9%	18%	18%	25%

Table 2: Tarrant County State Populations Two-Year Recidivism Rate by Level of Offense, 2012, CONT.

2012 Offense Type	Populations	Deferred Adjudication	Probation Placement	Prison Released to Supervision	State Jail Releases	Prison Discharges
DWI	Number	15	2,316	275	34	7
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	2	173	30	7	2
	Year One Recidivism Rate	13%	7%	11%	21%	29%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	1	128	27	5	0
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	7%	6%	10%	6%	0%
All Others	Number	1,200	191	238	114	47
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	203	18	76	53	17
	Year One Recidivism Rate	17%	9%	32%	46%	36%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	114	7	40	17	12
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	10%	4%	17%	5%	26%
Total in Study Group		6,949	2,788	2,970	1,862	549

Table 3: Tarrant County State Populations One-Year Recidivism Rate by Level of Offense, 2013

2013 Offense Type	Populations	Deferred Adjudication	Probation Placement	Prison Released to Supervision	State Jail Releases	Prison Discharges
Violent	Number	1,020	64	605	11	254
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	201	11	104	4	73
	One-Year Recidivism Rate	20%	17%	17%	36%	29%
Sex Offenses	Number	83	16	58	24	52
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	11	3	5	7	4
	One-Year Recidivism Rate	13%	19%	9%	29%	8%
Property	Number	2,587	87	636	1,038	84
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	596	28	211	444	43
	One-Year Recidivism Rate	23%	32%	33%	43%	51%
Drugs	Number	2,297	75	749	657	42
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	491	20	179	219	18
	One-Year Recidivism Rate	21%	27%	24%	33%	43%
DWI	Number	147	2,328	262	30	3
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	20	138	28	2	2
	One-Year Recidivism Rate	14%	6%	24%	7%	67%
All Others	Number	953	197	304	96	62
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	170	23	94	39	35
	One-Year Recidivism Rate	18%	12%	31%	41%	57%
Total in Study Group		7,092	2,767	2,614	1,856	497

Table 4: Tarrant Number of Arrests for One-Year Recidivists by Population Type, 2013

Number of Arrests	Populations	Deferred Adjudication	Probation Placement	Prison Released to Supervision	State Jail Releases	Prison Discharges
NO Arrest During Tracking Period	Number	5,603	2,544	1,993	1,141	322
	Percent of Population	79%	92%	76%	61%	65%
One Arrest During Tracking Period	Number	1081	171	414	484	109
	Percent of Population	15%	6%	16%	26%	22%
Two Arrests During Tracking Period	Number	280	39	140	164	48
	Percent of Population	4%	1%	5%	9%	10%
Three or More Arrests During Tracking Period	Number	128	13	67	67	18
	Percent of Population	2%	0%	3%	4%	4%
Total		7,092	2,767	2,614	1,856	497

Table 5: Tarrant County State Populations Three-Year Recidivism Rate by Gender, 2011

Gender	Populations	Deferred Adjudication	Probation Placement	Prison Released to Supervision	State Jail Releases	Prison Discharges
Male	Number in Study Group	3,685	1,741	2,339	1,200	652
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	891	180	540	484	195
	Year One Recidivism Rate	24%	10%	23%	40%	30%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	366	111	403	204	98
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	10%	6%	17%	17%	15%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Three of Tracking Period	138	36	124	77	35
	Year Three Recidivism Rate	4%	2%	5%	6%	5%
Female	Number in Study Group	2,013	731	341	482	42
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	323	59	51	144	10
	Year One Recidivism Rate	16%	8%	15%	30%	24%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	149	29	36	68	5
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	7%	4%	11%	14%	12%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Three of Tracking Period	51	16	19	41	3
	Year Three Recidivism Rate	3%	2%	6%	9%	7%

Table 6: Tarrant County State Populations Two-Year Recidivism Rate by Gender, 2012

Gender	Populations	Deferred Adjudication	Probation Placement	Prison Released to Supervision	State Jail Releases	Prison Discharges
Male	Number in Study Group	4,607	2,028	2598	1,372	513
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	1,074	193	618	601	182
	Year One Recidivism Rate	23%	10%	24%	44%	35%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	498	119	447	215	88
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	11%	6%	17%	16%	17%
Female	Number in Study Group	2,342	760	372	490	36
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	365	73	70	150	9
	Year One Recidivism Rate	16%	10%	19%	31%	25%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	202	41	48	59	4
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	9%	5%	13%	12%	11%

Table 7: Tarrant County State Populations One-Year Recidivism Rate by Gender, 2013

2013 Gender	Populations	Deferred Adjudication	Probation Placement	Prison Released to Supervision	State Jail Releases	Prison Discharges
Male	Number in Study Group	4,679	1,921	2,285	1,346	465
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	1,088	168	558	561	166
	One-Year Recidivism Rate	23%	9%	24%	42%	36%
Females	Number in Study Group	2,400	839	329	510	32
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	401	55	63	154	9
	One-Year Recidivism Rate	17%	7%	19%	30%	28%

Table 8: Tarrant County State Populations Three-Year Recidivism Rate by Race/ Ethnicity, 2011

Race/ Ethnicity	Populations	Deferred Adjudication	Probation Placement	Prison Released to Supervision	State Jail Releases	Prison Discharges
White	Number in Study Group	2,867	1,730	1,173	716	207
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	548	139	239	269	57
	Year One Recidivism Rate	19%	8%	20%	38%	28%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	242	85	203	116	22
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	8%	5%	17%	16%	11%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Three of Tracking Period	97	36	55	53	15
	Year Three Recidivism Rate	3%	2%	5%	7%	7%
African-American/ Black	Number in Study Group	913	400	508	278	170
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	201	55	103	92	45
	Year One Recidivism Rate	22%	14%	20%	33%	26%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	90	34	94	47	25
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	10%	9%	19%	17%	15%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Three of Tracking Period	66	8	62	47	13
	Year Three Recidivism Rate	4%	3%	6%	7%	4%
Hispanic/ Latino	Number in Study Group	913	400	508	278	170
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	201	55	103	92	45
	Year One Recidivism Rate	22%	14%	20%	33%	26%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	90	34	94	47	25
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	10%	9%	19%	17%	15%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Three of Tracking Period	25	6	25	17	10
	Year Three Recidivism Rate	3%	2%	5%	6%	6%

Table 9: Tarrant County State Populations Two-Year Recidivism Rate by Race/ Ethnicity, 2012

Race/ Ethnicity	Populations	Deferred Adjudication	Probation Placement	Prison Released to Supervision	State Jail Releases	Prison Discharges
White	Number in Study Group	3,449	1871	1,235	799	147
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	652	159	288	329	40
	Year One Recidivism Rate	19%	8%	23%	41%	27%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	336	96	179	109	29
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	10%	5%	15%	14%	20%
African-American/ Black	Number in Study Group	222	376	1,147	692	255
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	512	45	257	268	101
	Year One Recidivism Rate	23%	12%	22%	39%	40%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	222	29	225	109	43
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	10%	8%	20%	16%	17%
Hispanic/ Latino	Number in Study Group	1,173	497	569	352	137
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	261	55	141	148	46
	Year One Recidivism Rate	22%	11%	25%	42%	34%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	133	31	88	51	19
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	11%	6%	16%	15%	14%

Table 10: Tarrant County State Populations One-Year Recidivism Rate by Race/ Ethnicity, 2013

Race/ Ethnicity	Populations	Deferred Adjudication	Probation Placement	Prison Released to Supervision	State Jail Releases	Prison Discharges
White	Number in Study Group	3,567	1,867	1,171	834	163
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	700	122	286	318	36
	One-Year Recidivism Rate	20%	7%	24%	38%	22%
African-American/ Black	Number in Study Group	2,248	376	952	656	211
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	498	54	213	252	98
	One-Year Recidivism Rate	22%	14%	22%	38%	46%
Hispanic/ Latino	Number in Study Group	1,200	477	476	348	116
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	277	43	120	136	41
	One-Year Recidivism Rate	23%	9%	25%	39%	35%

Table 11: Tarrant County State Populations Three-Year Recidivism Rate by Age Category, 2011

Age Groups	Populations	Deferred Adjudication	Probation Placement	Prison Released to Supervision	State Jail Releases	Prison Discharges
Age 17-25	Number in Study Group	2,685	589	355	348	145
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	744	92	129	136	53
	Year One Recidivism Rate	28%	16%	36%	39%	37%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	294	54	66	67	25
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	11%	9%	19%	19%	17%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Three of Tracking Period	105	18	20	29	10
	Year Three Recidivism Rate	4%	3%	6%	8%	7%
Age 25-35	Number in Study Group	1,601	816	885	556	263
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	280	82	235	221	87
	Year One Recidivism Rate	17%	10%	27%	40%	33%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	140	47	180	93	44
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	9%	6%	20%	17%	17%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Three of Tracking Period	54	16	49	43	14
	Year Three Recidivism Rate	3%	2%	6%	8%	5%
Age 35-45	Number in Study Group	807	528	690	421	158
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	122	40	124	166	39
	Year One Recidivism Rate	15%	8%	18%	39%	25%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	61	24	107	55	24
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	8%	5%	16%	13%	15%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Three of Tracking Period	15	8	44	29	9
	Year Three Recidivism Rate	2%	2%	6%	7%	6%
Age 45+	Number in Study Group	605	539	750	357	128
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	68	25	103	105	26
	Year One Recidivism Rate	11%	5%	14%	29%	20%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	20	15	86	57	10
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	3%	3%	11%	16%	8%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Three of Tracking Period	15	10	30	17	5
	Year Three Recidivism Rate	3%	2%	4%	5%	4%

Table 12: Tarrant County State Populations Two-Year Recidivism Rate by Age Category, 2012

Age Groupings	Populations	Deferred Adjudication	Probation Placement	Prison Released to Supervision	State Jail Releases	Prison Discharges
Age 17-25	Number in Study Group	3,356	581	433	334	129
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	854	86	147	141	61
	Year One Recidivism Rate	25%	15%	34%	42%	47%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	367	44	84	56	29
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	11%	8%	19%	17%	23%
Age 25-35	Number in Study Group	1,984	963	956	674	207
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	395	110	265	302	81
	Year One Recidivism Rate	20%	11%	28%	45%	39%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	214	59	175	90	36
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	11%	6%	18%	13%	17%
Age 35-45	Number in Study Group	916	599	761	448	110
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	124	40	167	179	30
	Year One Recidivism Rate	14%	7%	22%	40%	27%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	65	31	129	71	14
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	7%	5%	17%	16%	13%
Age 45+	Number in Study Group	693	645	820	406	103
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	66	30	109	129	19
	Year One Recidivism Rate	10%	5%	13%	32%	18%
	Number Re-Arrested in Year Two of Tracking Period	54	26	107	57	13
	Year Two Recidivism Rate	8%	4%	13%	14%	13%

Table 13: Tarrant County State Populations One-Year Recidivism Rate by Age Category, 2013

Age Groupings	Populations	Deferred Adjudication	Probation Placement	Prison Released to Supervision	State Jail Releases	Prison Discharges
Age 17-25	Number in Study Group	3,405	588	381	353	100
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	868	69	131	160	51
	One-Year Recidivism Rate	25%	12%	34%	45%	51%
Age 25-35	Number in Study Group	2,073	959	897	661	209
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	404	94	259	247	74
	One-Year Recidivism Rate	19%	10%	29%	37%	35%
Age 35-45	Number in Study Group	910	602	663	461	99
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	150	35	145	179	34
	One-Year Recidivism Rate	16%	6%	22%	39%	34%
Age 45+	Number in Study Group	704	618	673	381	89
	Number Re-Arrested in one-year Tracking Period	67	25	86	129	16
	One-Year Recidivism Rate	10%	4%	13%	34%	18%

Table 14a: One, Two, and Three Year Recidivism Rate of Supervised State Populations Comparing Bexar, Dallas, El Paso, Harris, and Tarrant County, 2011 Releases

2011 Distribution by Risk Class & Recid Rate	Deferred Adjudication					Probation Placement				
	Bexar	Dallas	El Paso	Harris	Tarrant	Bexar	Dallas	El Paso	Harris	Tarrant
Low Risk	19%	18%	14%	21%	22%	43%	54%	37%	63%	63%
Number	145	2,023	261	3,074	1,234	140	26,72	890	3,169	1,559
Year 1 Recidivism Rate	8%	7%	5%	6%	9%	5%	6%	6%	5%	6%
Year 2 Recidivism Rate	5%	5%	2%		9%	5%	4%	5%		4%
Year 3 Recidivism Rate	2%	2%			2%	2%	2%			2%
Medium Risk	42%	42%	37%	42%	42%	35%	30%	36%	29%	28%
Number	529	4,654	687	6,105	2,376	360	1,466	857	1,467	688
Year 1 Recidivism Rate	14%	17%	13%	13%	12%	16%	14%	13%	12%	12%
Year 2 Recidivism Rate	10%	9%	10%		6%	10%	7%	11%		6%
Year 3 Recidivism Rate	3%	3%			3%	4%	3%			3%
High Risk	39%	39%	48%	37%	37%	22%	16%	28%	8%	9%
Number	957	4321	887	5,339	2,088	463	798	666	389	225
Year 1 Recidivism Rate	27%	32%	25%	26%	33%	32%	33%	26%	26%	29%
Year 2 Recidivism Rate	15%	13%	15%		13%	17%	14%	16%		16%
Year 3 Recidivism Rate	5%	5%			5%	6%	5%			2%
Total	8,926	10,998	1,835	14,518	5,698	6,368	4,936	2,413	5,025	2,472

2011 Distribution by Risk Class & Recid Rate	Prison Released to Supervision				
	Bexar	Dallas	El Paso	Harris	Tarrant
Low Risk	27%	26%	21%	32%	30%
Number	482	825	314	2,034	817
Year 1 Recidivism Rate	9%	11%	9%	9%	10%
Year 2 Recidivism Rate	9%	9%	8%		9%
Year 3 Recidivism Rate	4%	3%			4%
Medium Risk	39%	39%	40%	39%	36%
Number	712	1,268	602	2,499	957
Year 1 Recidivism Rate	20%	20%	17%	21%	19%
Year 2 Recidivism Rate	16%	16%	15%		18%
Year 3 Recidivism Rate	7%	6%			6%
High Risk	34%	35%	39%	29%	34%
Number	616	1,136	586	1,843	906
Year 1 Recidivism Rate	36%	34%	32%	34%	36%
Year 2 Recidivism Rate	22%	24%	24%		22%
Year 3 Recidivism Rate	7%	6%			6%
Total	1,810	3,229	1,502	6,376	2,680

*Squares are blank, because Justice Center has not been able to conduct the analysis as the county has not yet funded those years

Table 14b : One, Two, and Three Year Recidivism Rate of Unsupervised State Populations Comparing Bexar, Dallas, El Paso, Harris, and Tarrant County, 2011 Releases

2011 Distribution by Risk Class & Recidivism Rate	State Jail Releases					Prison Discharges				
	Bexar	Dallas	El Paso	Harris	Tarrant	Bexar	Dallas	El Paso	Harris	Tarrant
Low Risk	26%	32%	25%	34%	31%	31%	27%	31%	36%	29%
Number	406	852	52	1,769	527	154	291	71	585	198
Year 1 Recidivism Rate	24%	21%	19%	27%	20%	15%	12%	17%	13%	12%
Year 2 Recidivism Rate	14%	12%	13%		14%	14%	8%	7%		8%
Year 3 Recidivism Rate	6%	6%			7%	3%	4%			4%
Medium Risk	29%	33%	27%	33%	33%	35%	39%	29%	35%	34%
Number	458	893	55	1,768	556	176	420	66	575	237
Year 1 Recidivism Rate	41%	38%	27%	44%	37%	29%	28%	26%	29%	24%
Year 2 Recidivism Rate	17%	16%	25%		18%	20%	15%	20%		16%
Year 3 Recidivism Rate	6%	6%			7%	7%	4%			6%
High Risk	44%	35%	48%	33%	36%	33%	34%	40%	29%	37%
Number	689	959	99	1,770	599	166	368	93	480	259
Year 1 Recidivism Rate	54%	56%	52%	59%	53%	58%	48%	45%	52%	47%
Year 2 Recidivism Rate	19%	17%	18%		16%	22%	18%	18%		19%
Year 3 Recidivism Rate	5%	5%			7%	3%	5%			6%
Total	1,553	2,704	206	5,334	1,682	496	1,076	230	1,640	694

*Squares are blank, because Justice Center has not been able to conduct the analysis as the county has not yet funded those years

Table 15: Two-Year Recidivism Rate of State Populations Comparing Bexar, Dallas, El Paso, and Tarrant County, 2012 Releases

2012 Distribution by Risk Class & Recid Rate	Deferred Adjudication				Probation Placement				Prison Released to Supervision			
	Bexar	Dallas	El Paso	Tarrant	Bexar	Dallas	El Paso	Tarrant	Bexar	Dallas	El Paso	Tarrant
Low Risk	15%	16%	14%	17%	42%	49%	39%	57%	30%	28%	33%	30%
Number	1,189	1,720	274	1,161	2,580	2,186	993	1,599	633	1,097	523	885
Year 1 Recidivism Rate	9%	6%	7%	8%	5%	5%	6%	5%	11%	10%	9%	10%
Year 2 Recidivism Rate	6%	4%		5%	5%	4%		4%	11%	11%		10%
Medium Risk	42%	41%	40%	43%	35%	33%	36%	32%	39%	41%	37%	38%
Number	3,293	4,380	788	2,964	2,144	1,481	920	898	822	1,610	597	1,133
Year 1 Recidivism Rate	16%	16%	11%	16%	15%	13%	14%	12%	19%	20%	22%	20%
Year 2 Recidivism Rate	9%	10%		9%	10%	8%		7%	20%	18%		18%
High Risk	42%	43%	47%	41%	23%	19%	25%	10%	31%	31%	30%	32%
Number	3,289	4,656	927	2,824	1,411	834	627	291	647	1,223	482	952
Year 1 Recidivism Rate	27%	29%	28%	30%	33%	29%	30%	26%	34%	37%	34%	39%
Year 2 Recidivism Rate	14%	14%		13%	17%	17%		12%	23%	20%		21%
Total	7,771	10,756	1,989	6,949	6,135	4,501	2,540	2,788	2,102	3,930	1,602	2,970

2012 Distribution by Risk Class & Recid Rate	State Jail Releases				Prison Discharges			
	Bexar	Dallas	El Paso	Tarrant	Bexar	Dallas	El Paso	Tarrant
Low Risk	25%	26%	29%	33%	25%	26%	25%	29%
Number	362	637	63	614	121	255	51	160
Year 1 Recidivism Rate	27%	21%	24%	23%	17%	7%	6%	13%
Year 2 Recidivism Rate	13%	11%		13%	8%	8%		11%
Medium Risk	36%	36%	31%	36%	39%	35%	34%	28%
Number	513	875	68	675	184	349	70	156
Year 1 Recidivism Rate	40%	43%	31%	41%	28%	26%	29%	33%
Year 2 Recidivism Rate	19%	16%		15%	13%	17%		16%
High Risk	39%	38%	39%	31%	36%	39%	41%	42%
Number	562	934	85	573	171	386	84	233
Year 1 Recidivism Rate	57%	59%	46%	59%	47%	42%	38%	51%
Year 2 Recidivism Rate	18%	18%		17%	23%	25%		21%
Total	1,437	2,446	216	1,862	476	990	205	549

*Squares are blank, because Justice Center has not been able to conduct the analysis as the county has not yet funded those years

Table 16: One-Year Recidivism Rate of State Populations Comparing Bexar and Tarrant County, 2013 Releases

2013 Distribution by Risk Class & Recidivism Rate	Deferred Adjudication			Probation Placement			Prison Released to Supervision		
	Bexar	Dallas	Tarrant	Bexar	Dallas	Tarrant	Bexar	Dallas	Tarrant
Low Risk	15%	14%	16%	42%	50%	57%	21%	23%	25%
Number	1,129	1,404	1,110	3,012	1,991	1,587	379	755	644
One-Year Recidivism Rate	10%	6%	8%	5%	4%	4%	10%	8%	8%
Medium Risk	42%	41%	43%	35%	32%	33%	39%	43%	41%
Number	3,122	3,987	3,076	2,286	1,265	914	697	1,416	1,066
One-Year Recidivism Rate	15%	15%	17%	14%	11%	11%	20%	19%	20%
High Risk	42%	45%	41%	23%	18%	10%	35%	35%	35%
Number	3,126	4,411	2,906	1,406	721	266	719	1,156	904
One-Year Recidivism Rate	28%	31%	30%	32%	30%	24%	30%	33%	39%
Total	7,377	9,802	7,092	6,704	3,977	2,767	1,795	3,327	2,614

2013 Distribution by Risk Class & Recidivism Rate	State Jail Releases			Prison Discharges		
	Bexar	Dallas	Tarrant	Bexar	Dallas	Tarrant
Low Risk	29%	30%	34%	23%	24%	27%
Number	430	741	630		199	134
One-Year Recidivism Rate	27%	25%	23%	16%	13%	13%
Medium Risk	36%	34%	33%	34%	38%	29%
Number	535	838	621		315	145
One-Year Recidivism Rate	38%	39%	38%	31%	26%	29%
High Risk	36%	36%	33%	43%	39%	44%
Number	533	877	605		323	218
One-Year Recidivism Rate	55%	54%	56%	45%	40%	53%
Total	1,498	2,456	1,856	472	837	497